#### TOWN OF YORKTOWN PLANNING BOARD

Albert. A. Capellini Community and Cultural Center, 1974 Commerce Street, Yorktown Heights, New York 10598, Phone: (914) 962-6565, Fax: (914) 962-3986

#### PUBLIC MEETING AGENDA YORKTOWN TOWN HALL BOARD ROOM

363 Underhill Avenue, Yorktown Heights, NY 10598

## November 8, 2021 7:00 PM

- 1. Correspondence
- 2. Meeting Minutes October 18, 2021

#### **REGULAR SESSION**

#### 1. Fusco Minor Subdivision

#### Request for First 90 Day Time Extension

Location: 16.14-1-10; 3477 Stony Street Contact: Laura DiGiovanni, property owner

Description: Approved 2-lot subdivision on 2.72 acres in the R1-20 zone, by Planning Board Resolution #19-11 dated May 20, 2019, #20-03 dated May 11, 2020, and #21-07 dated May 10, 2021.

#### 2. Strawberry Road Solar (Ciuffetelli) CDG Solar Project

#### **Public Informational Hearing**

Location: 15.12-1-12, 14, & 30; 1696-1700 Route 6 and 1645 Strawberry Road

Contact: Green Street Power Partners

Description: Proposed 2.4 MW-DC ground mounted solar panels disturbing 9.10 acres on 21 acres in the R1-20 zone.

#### 3. Arcadia Farm Solar Farm

#### Adjourned Public Hearing

Location: 47.11-1-4; 1300 Baptist Church Road

Contact: Croton Energy Group

Description: Proposed 800 kW ground mounted large-scale solar energy system disturbing approximately 6 acres of a 28.85 acre horse farm in the R1-80 zone.

### 4. Kitchawan Farm Solar Farm

#### Adjourned Public Hearing

Location: 70.06-1-2 & 3; 716 Kitchawan Road

Contact: Ecogy Kitchawan Community Solar Farm, LLC

Description: Proposed 2 MW ground mounted large-scale solar energy system disturbing approximately 8 acres of a 23.13 acre farm in the R1-200 zone.

#### 5. Fiore Minor Subdivision

#### Request for First 90 Day Time Extension

Location: 26.15-1-69; 2797 Carr Court Contact: Site Design Consultants

Description: Approved 2-lot subdivision on 1.14 acres in the R1-20 zone, by Planning Board

Resolutions #19-10 dated May 20, 2019, #20-04 dated May 11, 2020, and #21-11 dated May 24, 2021.

#### 6. Ricciardella Estates LLC

#### Request for First One-Year Time Extension

Location: 59.14-1-18; 702 Saw Mill River Road

Contact: Site Design Consultants

Description: Site Plan approved by Planning Board Resolution #19-09 dated May 20, 2019 and #20-22 dated October 26, 2020.

#### **WORK SESSION**

#### 7. C3 Holdings LLC fka Generations Building

#### Discussion Approved Site Plan

Location: 48.11-1-51; 1500 Front Street

Contact: Site Design Consultants

Description: Proposed two-story 3,600 SF building to be used as a 3-bay parking garage on the first floor, material storage on the second floor for one of the existing businesses within the building. This site plan was previously approved by Planning Board Resolution #09-08 on March 9, 2009.

## 8. Yorktown Rehabilitation and Nursing Center Solar Projects Discussion Site Plan & Special Use Permit

Location: 35.12-1-3; 2300 Catherine Street

Contact: Ecogy New York

Description: Proposed installation of a 698 kW DC/467 kW AC solar canopy system over existing parking with a 548 kWh Tier 1 Battery Energy Storage System and installation of a a 284 kW DC/260 kW AC ground mounted solar array on a 12.84 acre parcel in the RSP-3 zone with existing skilled nursing facility.

#### 9. Old Hill Farm Solar Farm

#### **Discussion Solar Project**

Location: 16.08-1-4 & 17; 571 East Main Street, Jefferson Valley

Contact: Hillside Solar LLC

Description: Proposed 3.75 MW ground mounted solar panels disturbing 15 acres on a 19.4 acres in the R1-20 zone.

### 10. Maryel School of New York at St. Andrew's Lutheran Church

#### **Discussion Proposed Use**

Location: 37.09-1-24; 2405 Crompond Road

Contact: Celi Cacho & Pastor Dave Dockweiler

*Description:* Proposed reuse of the former Montessori School classrooms within the church for a private bilingual elementary school on 5 acres in the R1-40 zone.

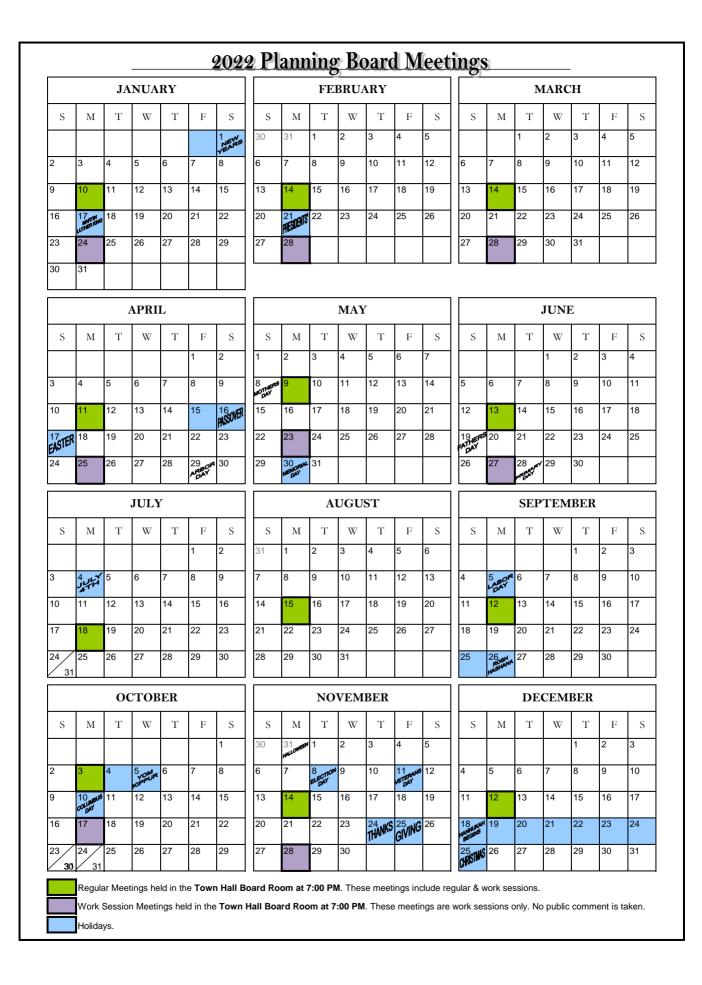
## 11. Town Board Referral #FSWPPP-T-005-21

Location: 27.14-1-17; 2678 Gregory Street

Contact: Jon Farrell

*Description:* An application for a Full Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan and Tree Permit to construct a single-family house on 0.479 acres in the R1-20 zone.

# Correspondence



SQUARE FEET

#### As Demand for Green Energy Grows, Solar Farms Face Local Resistance

Developers say industrial-scale farms are needed to meet the nation's climate goals, but locals are fighting back against what they see as an encroachment on their pastoral settings.



Helefte 발발한 한 대한 Helefte energy developer, had hoped to install a 500-acre solar farm in Copake, N.Y., a quiet town nestled between the Catskill and Berkshire Mountains. The setting was ideal because of its proximity to an electrical substation, critical to the power transmission.

But after facing an outcry from some in the community who feared the installation would mar the bucolic setting, Hecate scaled back its plans.

"We heard loud and clear," said Diane Sullivan, Hecate's senior vice president for environmental and permitting. "People felt that the project was too large and they wanted us to shrink it down."

Hecate cut the size of the planned development to 245 acres, which it says will still produce the 60 megawatts of electricity in the original design.

The Copake fight mirrors similar battles raging across the country in rural areas like Lake County, Ore.; Clinton County, Ohio; and Troy, Texas. Developers say industrialscale solar farms are needed to meet the nation's goals to mitigate the rise of climate change, but locals are fighting back against what they see as an encroachment on their pastoral settings, the loss of agricultural land and a decline in property values.



"This is not a black-and-white situation," said Jeanne E. Mettler, the town supervisor in

Until recently, most farms were built in the West, where abundant sunshine powers industrial-scale solar arrays and installations were farther away from sight lines. But now, with federal and state governments committing to a reduction in fossil fuels, joined by corporate giants like Amazon and Microsoft, the industry is seeking solar installations in areas where the calculus is more complicated.

In the first half of this year alone, developers installed 5.7 gigawatts of solar capacity, for a total of 108.7 gigawatts of capacity, sufficient to reach 18.9 million U.S. homes, according to the Solar Energy Industries Association. That number is only expected to grow, said Sean Gallagher, the group's vice president for state and regulatory affairs.

"Utilities are increasingly interested, corporations want to go green, and consumers want them all to be cleaner," he said.

The proposals often involve hundreds of acres of solar panels. "Typically, five to seven acres are needed to create one megawatt of power," said Matt Birchby, co-founder and president of Swift Current Energy, a solar developer that is working on a proposal for Clark County, Ky.

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Improvements in the capabilities of the panels — including the development of so-called bifacial panels that capture the sun on both sides of a panel — allow for greater electricity generation in fewer panels, meaning a smaller footprint.

Nonetheless, finding appropriate sites with sufficient sunlight, proximity to the grid and up-to-date infrastructure is challenging.

Approximately 0.5 percent of U.S. land would need to be covered with solar panels to achieve the decarbonization goals proposed by the Biden administration in April, according to a study by the Energy Department. Urban settings usually lack enough space for significant projects; as a result, 90 percent of the suitable land sits in rural areas.



A solar farm developed by Hecate Energy in Millen, Ga. Many farms are built where abundant sunshine powers industrial-scale solar arrays and installations are farther away from sight lines. Hectate Energy

But even rural land is not entirely suitable. It needs to be in proximity to the electricity infrastructure that can add more power. The grade of land matters: Steeper slopes can be less efficient in the energy captured than flatter land. And wetlands are usually protected by federal or state law.

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More important, development depends on owners willing to lease their property often for decades over the objection of neighbors. (Proponents say leases can be more lucrative and more reliable than traditional farming.)

Even those dedicated to protecting farmland say that the issue can be complicated. "Answering the question of how and where to put renewable energy installations on our food-producing farmland is not easy; but we know that it's necessary," said Samantha Levy, the climate policy manager of the American Farmland Trust, an organization founded to protect farmland from development.

Residents say they want more studies and a voice in the process. "We are not saying not in our backyard, we're saying the developer can do a lot better in our backyard," said Darin Johnson, a member of Sensible Solar for Rural New York, which is opposing the Copake project.

Not all in the community are opposed, however. Some residents created a group called Friends of Columbia Solar to promote their view that more solar power is necessary to combat climate change.



Juan-Pablo Velez, a co-founder of Friends of Columbia Solar, which was formed in upstate New York to promote solar power. Bryan Anselm for The New York Times

Nonetheless, the Town of Copake, along with several other New York communities and Audubon groups, sued New York State, challenging a new law aimed at making solar projects easier to build in the state as part of an ambitious plan to reduce fossil fuels by 2030.

A state court judge in September rejected the suit, and the plaintiffs intend to appeal, said Jeanne E. Mettler, the town supervisor. "This is not a black-and-white situation," she said.

A similar fight has emerged in the Bluegrass region of Kentucky, where community members began organizing last year once word got out that developers were talking to property owners about leasing land for two projects in Clark County.

"Ours is a small town and we all know one another and our efforts are not against our neighbors," said Will Mayer, the executive director of the Clark Coalition, the opposition group. He added that the project could eclipse agricultural use of the region, which has already lost acreage because of other types of development.

One of the projects is backed by Swift Current, which is proposing a 1,200-acre solar farm there. The company has been working with residents to address their concerns, said Mr. Birchby, who added that the project would have "minimal" impact on their view.

"We want to make sure that any project that we're developing can be a good long-term neighbor and member of the community," he said.

The other project in Clark County is being developed by Geenex Solar and EDF Renewables. Both companies declined to disclose details, but Kara W. Price, the senior vice president for permitting and development at Geenex, said in an email that when the two companies "are ready to present our potential project to Clark County officials and the community, it will be done in a very public manner and will provide multiple opportunities for discussion and input."

Because of public concerns, the local government in late summer denied permits for both projects until a comprehensive plan can be made, said Robert Jeffries, the planning and community development director for Winchester, Ky., the largest municipality in Clark County, which has jurisdiction over land use.

To address residents' concerns, some developers are adding screens to avoid obstructing views and are contributing to community causes to be good neighbors. Others are trying to create pollinator habitats in and around the panels, and some are creating suitable spaces for grazing.

Another solution for developers is agrivoltaics, a technology that allows land to be used for both farming and solar power. Already in limited use in Europe, including in some French vineyards, agrivoltaics are being tested in the United States by developers like BlueWave Solar, a start-up in Boston that has put its raised panels to use in Grafton, Mass., and is about to start a pilot program in Maine to enhance blueberry production, said John DeVillars, co-founder and chairman of BlueWave.

While the turf fights continue, supporters of the solar farms acknowledge that the discussions with their neighbors and local leaders are a balancing act. "We have been trying to tell local officials that there is support for solar and that it's not a simple story," said Juan-Pablo Velez, a co-founder of Friends of Columbia Solar.

## § 300-81.4. Solar power generation systems and facilities. [Added 9-15-2020 by L.L. No. 11-2020 revised 10-19-2021]

#### A. Statutory authority and jurisdiction.

- (1) This section is hereby enacted pursuant to the provision of § 10 of the Municipal Home Rule Law and §§ 261 and 263 of the Town Law of the State of New York, which authorize the Town of Yorktown to adopt zoning provisions that advance and protect the health, safety, and welfare of the community, and "to make provision for, so far as conditions may permit, the accommodation of solar energy systems and equipment and access to sunlight necessary therefor."
- (2) The authority to issue special use permits pursuant to this section is hereby delegated to the Planning Board.
- (3) References herein to zoning districts in the Town of Yorktown are references to such districts as described in this Chapter 300 of the Code of the Town of Yorktown.

#### B. Statement of purpose and intent.

- (1) Solar energy is an abundant and nonpolluting energy resource that reduces fossil fuel emissions, reduces dependence on the electrical power grid that generates power from nonrenewable and nuclear sources of fuel, reduces impacts to residential and commercial property resulting from power interruptions resulting from man-made or natural events, and reduces the Town's energy load.
- (2) The use of solar energy to provide electrical power for the needs of the Town's residents and businesses is consistent with the Town of Yorktown's commitment to green infrastructure and practices, and consistent with its goal of promoting long-term sustainability.
- (3) This section is intended to permit and regulate solar energy systems and the requisite provision of, and access to, adequate sunlight; to mitigate the potential impacts to neighboring properties, while promoting the use of solar energy systems in residential, commercial, and industrial districts, in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.
- (4) This section is adopted to advance and protect the public health, safety, and welfare of the Town of Yorktown, including:
  - (a) Taking advantage of a safe, abundant, and nonpolluting energy resource;
  - (b) Decreasing the cost of energy to the owners of commercial and residential properties, including single-family houses; and
  - (c) Increasing employment and business development in the region by furthering the installation of solar energy systems;

§ 300-81.4

(d) Decreasing the use of fossil fuels, which reduces the carbon footprint of the Town, aids in energy independence of the Town and nation, and reduces polluting greenhouse gas emissions;

- (e) Increasing resiliency of the energy grid during storm events and times of peak energy demand.
- (5) The Town values its open space, naturalized areas, and rural character. Maintaining high environmental quality and values are a mainstay of the Town's efforts in its guidance and regulation of development in the Town. As such, the Town, in guiding the development of solar installations, will prioritize their placement first on agricultural or greenfield properties in areas that are presently cleared, second on commercial properties over roofs and parking areas, and third, on vacant parcels that are currently in a naturalized state.
- C. Definitions. As used in this section, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated:

ABACA — An acronym that refers to the Advisory Board on Architecture and Community Appearance.

ACCESSORY USE — A use which is customarily incidental and subordinate to the principal use of a lot, water area or a building and located on the same lot or water area therewith.

ALTERNATING CURRENT (AC) — An electric current that reverses direction at regular intervals, having a magnitude that varies continuously in sinusoidal manner.

BUILDING INTEGRATED PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEM — A combination of photovoltaic building components integrated into any building envelope system, such as vertical facades, including glass and other facade material, semitransparent skylight systems, roofing materials, and shading over windows.

DIRECT CURRENT (DC) — An electric current of constant direction, having a magnitude that does not vary or varies only slightly.

GROUND-MOUNTED SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM — A solar energy system that is anchored to the ground or supported on a foundation, and attached to a pole, column, or other mounting system, and detached from any other structure for the primary purpose of producing electricity for on-site or off-site consumption.

KILOWATT (kW) — A unit of electrical power equal to 1,000 watts, which constitutes the basic unit of electrical demand. A watt is a metric measurement of power (not energy) and is the rate (not the duration) at which electricity is used. One thousand kW is equal to one megawatt (MW).

KILOWATT-HOUR (kWh) — A unit of energy equivalent to one kilowatt (kW) of power expended for one hour of time.

LARGE-SCALE SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM — A solar energy system that exceeds 25 kilowatts (kW) DC as rated by its nameplate capacity. The maximum system capacity and the maximum area of land upon which the system shall be

§ 300-81.4

erected are as follows:

(1) Up to one megawatt AC on an area of land no larger than 10 acres, excluding any easement for accessing the parcel; or over one but not to exceed five megawatt AC on an area of land no larger than 20 acres, excluding any easement for accessing the parcel.

LOT COVERAGE — That percentage of the lot area covered by the combined area of all buildings or structures on the lot.

MAIN USE — A term used for purposes of this Chapter 300, Zoning, as denoting a set of specific uses of land for which each zone has as its intended primary permitted uses.

MEGAWATT (MW) — Equal to 1,000 kilowatts; a measure of the use of electrical power.

MEGAWATT-HOUR (MWh) — A unit of energy equivalent to one megawatt (MW) of power expended for one hour of time.

PRINCIPAL USE — The main use conducted on a lot, dominant in area, extent or purpose to other uses which may also be on the lot.

ROOF-MOUNTED SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM — A solar panel system located on the roof of any legally permitted building or structure for the purpose of producing electricity for on-site or off-site consumption.

SMALL-SCALE SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM — A solar energy system that does not exceed more than 25 kW DC as rated by its nameplate capacity, and serves only the buildings or structures on the lot upon which the system is located. Nothing contained in this provision shall be construed to prohibit the sale of excess power through a net billing or net metering arrangement made in accordance with New York Public Service Law (§ 66-j) or similar state or federal statute.

SOLAR ACCESS — Space open to the sun and substantially clear of overhangs or shade, including the orientation of streets and lots to the sun so as to permit the use of a solar energy system on individual properties.

SOLAR ENERGY EQUIPMENT — Electrical energy storage devices, material, hardware, inverters, or other electrical equipment and conduit of photovoltaic devices associated with the production of electrical energy.

SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM — An electrical generating system composed of a combination of both solar panels and solar energy equipment.

SOLAR PANEL — A photovoltaic device capable of collecting and converting solar energy into electrical energy and is normally attached to a building by mechanical means and is readily removable and replaceable or ground-mounted utilizing structural components.

SOLAR POWER GENERATION SYSTEMS — See "solar energy system" definition.

#### D. Applicability.

§ 300-81.4 § 300-81.4

(1) The requirements of this section shall apply to all solar energy systems and equipment installed or modified after the effective date of this section, excluding general maintenance and repair and building-integrated photovoltaic systems.

(2) Roof-mounted small-scale solar energy systems installed on single- and two-family residential properties are subject to compliance with this chapter under authority of the Building Inspector, and do not require review and approval from the Planning Board. Roof-mounted solar energy systems mounted facing front yards or any yard facing the street must be referred to the ABACA for review and recommendation. The Building Inspector may refer the application and associated materials to the Planning Board for review and recommendation.

#### E. Solar as an accessory use or structure.

- (1) Small-scale solar energy systems are permitted through the issuance of a special use permit within all zoning districts, subject to the requirements set forth in this section, including site plan approval. Applications for the installation of a small-scale solar energy system shall be reviewed by the Planning Department and referred, with comments, to the Planning Board for its review and action, which can include approval, approval with conditions, and denial, unless otherwise cited by Subsection D(2) of this section. Where a solar energy system will require a tree removal permit, the application shall be referred to the Tree Conservation Advisory Commission.
- (2) Roof-mounted solar energy systems.
  - (a) Roof-mounted solar energy systems that use the electricity on site or off site are permitted as an accessory use in all zoning districts when attached to any lawfully permitted building or structure.
  - (b) Height. Solar energy systems shall not exceed the maximum height restrictions of the zoning district within which they are located and are provided the same height exemptions granted to building-mounted mechanical devices or equipment.
  - (c) Aesthetics. Roof-mounted solar energy system installations shall incorporate, when feasible, the following design requirements:
    - [1] Panels installed on pitched roofs and facing the front yard must be mounted at the same angle as the roof's surface with a maximum distance of 18 inches between the roof and highest edge of the system. Panels installed on flat roofs must be installed so that they are not visible or suitably screened.
- (3) Ground-mounted solar energy systems.
  - (a) Ground-mounted solar energy systems that use the electricity primarily on site are permitted as accessory structures in all zoning districts.

§ 300-81.4 § 300-81.4

(b) Setback and height. Ground-mounted solar energy systems shall adhere to the setback requirements of the underlying zoning district and shall not exceed 15 feet in height in residential zones and 20 feet in height in all other zones.

- (c) The surface area covered by ground-mounted solar panels shall be included in total lot coverage and shall not exceed 50% of the area of the lot, inclusive of all principal and accessory structures on the lot, as required by the underlying zone. The Planning Board, in its discretion, may increase the allowable lot coverage, if the applicant can demonstrate that there are no adverse impacts to the surrounding neighbors and community character.
- (d) All such systems in residential districts shall be installed on properties that are a minimum of one acre in size or more and shall be installed in the side or rear yards.
- (e) Landscape screening and buffering shall be required. A ground-mounted solar energy system shall be fully screened from adjacent residential properties, streets or roads on which it fronts or is visible from, and any other views which the Planning Board determines is necessary.
- F. Approval standards for large-scale solar systems as a main use permitted by special permit.
  - (1) Large-scale solar energy systems are permitted through the issuance of a special use permit within all zoning districts, subject to the requirements set forth in this section, including site plan approval. Large-scale solar energy systems are not permitted as a sole, principal use on properties within nonresidential zones. Applications for the installation of a large-scale solar energy system shall be submitted to the Planning Board for its review and action, which can include approval, approval with conditions, and denial. Where a solar energy system will require a tree removal permit, the application shall be referred to the Tree Conservation Advisory Commission.
  - (2) Special use permit application requirements. For a special permit application, the requirements of § 195-40 shall be met unless otherwise waived by the Planning Board, and as supplemented by the following provisions.
    - (a) If the property of the proposed project is to be leased, legal consent between all parties, specifying the use(s) of the land for the duration of the project, including easements and other agreements, shall be submitted.
    - (b) Site plans, survey and other documentation required by the Planning Board showing the layout of the solar energy system signed by a professional engineer or registered architect shall be required.
    - (c) The equipment specification sheets shall be documented and submitted for all photovoltaic panels, significant components, mounting systems,

§ 300-81.4

and inverters that are to be installed.

(d) Property operation and maintenance plan. Such plan shall describe continuing photovoltaic maintenance and property upkeep, such as mowing and trimming.

(e) A statement detailing the loss of trees and other vegetation to be removed and the quantity of carbon sequestered by said trees and vegetation using the "Method for Calculating Carbon Sequestration by Trees in Urban and Suburban Settings" of the U.S. Department of Energy, or other recognized methodology and a comparison of this data to the reduction of carbon emissions representative of the electrical output of the proposed facility that would have been produced from a traditional fossil fuel electrical generation plant.

#### (3) Special use permit standards.

- (a) Height and setback. Large-scale solar energy systems shall adhere to the setback requirements of the underlying zoning district, except that the Planning Board may impose greater setbacks if it determines that the minimum setbacks do not provide adequate protection against identified negative impacts. In residential districts the minimum setbacks shall be complied with except that no setback shall be less than 50 feet from any property boundary. The height of ground-mounted systems shall be limited to 15 feet in residential zones and 20 feet in all other zones. Roof-mounted systems shall be limited to the height requirements of the underlying zone except that panels installed on flat roofs must be installed so that they are not visible or suitably screened.
- (b) Lot size. Large-scale energy systems shall be located on lots with a minimum lot size of two acres in residential zones. Lot size in nonresidential zones shall comply with the requirement in the underlying zone.
- (c) Lot coverage. A large-scale solar energy system that is ground-mounted shall not exceed 80% of the lot on which it is installed. The surface area covered by solar panels shall be included in total lot coverage. Where a solar energy system is not the principal use of the site, the lot coverage may exceed that of the underlying zone, but in no case shall exceed 50%, including all principal and accessory structures on the lot as required by the underlying zone.
- (d) All ground-mounted large-scale energy systems shall be enclosed by fencing to prevent unauthorized access. Warning signs with the owner's contact information shall be placed on the entrance and perimeter of the fencing. The type of fencing shall be determined by the Planning Board. The fencing and the system may be further screened by any landscaping needed to avoid adverse aesthetic impacts. Fencing for ground-mounted systems that function as canopies or carports above parking areas may not

§ 300-81.4

be required, provided that the Planning Board determines the visual and aesthetic impacts to the surrounding area is not significantly adversely affected.

- (e) Any application under this section shall meet any substantive provisions contained in site plan requirements in the Chapter 195 of the Town Code entitled "Land Development" and Chapter 300 of the Town Code entitled "Zoning" that, in the judgment of the Planning Board, are applicable to the system being proposed. The Planning Board may waive one or more of the requirements therein.
- (f) The Planning Board may impose conditions on its approval of any special use permit under this section in order to enforce the standards referred to in this section or in order to discharge its obligations under the State Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQRA).
- (g) Landscape screening and buffering shall be required. A landscape plan shall be submitted and approved by the Planning Board. Large-scale solar energy systems shall be fully screened from adjacent residential properties, streets or roads on which it fronts or is visible from, and any other views, which the Planning Board determines is necessary. Views from adjacent commercial properties shall be minimized to the extent reasonably practicable and screened from streets or roads on which it fronts. Screening of systems that function as canopies or carports above parking areas may not be required, provided that the Planning Board determines the visual and aesthetic impacts to the surrounding area is not significantly adversely affected. Screening and buffering may be accomplished using architectural features, earth berms, landscaping, or other screening methods that will harmonize with the character of the property and surrounding area. Native pollinator (birds, bats, bees, and multiple species of insects) habitats may be required to be established on a solar energy system where appropriate. Such habitats may consist of short-growing, low-maintenance, native seed mix underneath and around panels, diverse pollinator seed mix in between panels, buffers of vegetation that attract and benefit pollinators, and native flowering plants and grasses.
- (h) Mitigation for tree loss under Chapter 270, when required, will be developed to mitigate for the carbon sequestration ability of the removed trees to the greatest extent practicable.

#### G. Abandonment and decommissioning.

(1) All applications for a solar farm shall be accompanied by a decommissioning plan to be implemented upon abandonment, or cessation of activity, or in conjunction with removal of the facility, prior to issuance of a building permit. The Planning Board in its sole discretion may require the applicant to file a decommissioning bond prior to the issuance of any permits.

§ 300-81.4 § 300-81.4

(2) If the applicant begins but does not complete construction of the project within 18 months after receiving final site plan approval, this may be deemed abandonment of the project and require implementation of the decommissioning plan to the extent applicable.

- (3) The decommissioning plan must ensure that the site will be restored to a useful, nonhazardous condition without delay, including, but not limited to, the following:
  - (a) A cost estimate detailing the projected cost of executing the decommissioning plan shall be prepared by a professional engineer or contractor. Cost estimations shall take into account inflation.
  - (b) Removal of aboveground and below-ground equipment, structures and foundations.
  - (c) Restoration of the surface grade and soil after removal of equipment.
  - (d) Revegetation of restored soil areas with native seed mixes, excluding any invasive species. The Planning Board may require restoration of former forested areas using native species formerly on the site, and at a rate that will ensure the survival and maturation of the forest.
  - (e) The plan shall include a timeframe for the completion of site restoration work.
- (4) Solar energy systems are deemed abandoned after one year without electrical energy generation and must be removed from the property. Applications for extensions are reviewed by the Planning Board and may be extended for a period of one year. The maximum number of extensions is five. At the expiration of the system, it must be decommissioned.
- (5) If the large scale solar energy system is not decommissioned after being considered abandoned, the municipality may remove the system and restore the property and impose a lien on the property to cover the costs to the municipality.
- H. Enforcement. Any violation of this Solar Energy Law shall be subject to the same civil and criminal penalties provided for in Chapter 300, Zoning, of the Code of Town of Yorktown.

## **Draft Minutes**

## **Fusco Subdivision**

#### **Robyn Steinberg**

From: Laura DiGiovanni <catwoman3477@hotmail.com>
Sent: Wednesday, November 03, 2021 12:25 PM

**To:** Robyn Steinberg; John Tegeder

**Subject:** Fusco - DiGiovanni Subdivision time extension

**CAUTION:** This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

November 3,2021

Mr. John Tegeder, RA
Director of Planning
Yorktown Planning Department
!974 Commerce Street
Yorktown Heights , New York 10598

Re: Fusco – DiGiovanni Subdivision Subdivision Application

Dear John,

The Planning Board, at its May 10,2021 meeting adopted a resolution (19-11) reapproving the Fusco Subdivision. As the conditions set forth in the approving resolution have not been satisfied, I respectfully request a 90 day time extension. The existing residence on the property is still being utilized as a single family home and no changes have been made to the site property. There should be no additional analysis pursuant to SEQRA required at this time.

Should you have any questions or require additional information, please call

Sincerely,
Laura DiGiovanni
Sent from Mail for Windows

# Strawberry Solar

#### **Nancy Calicchia**

From: Sent: John Martin < john.l.martin.100@gmail.com>

Wednesday, November 3, 2021 11:24 AM

To: Subject: Planning Department preliminary site plan Ciuffetelli-Strawberry

RECEIVED
PLANNING DEPARTMENT

NOV 8 2021

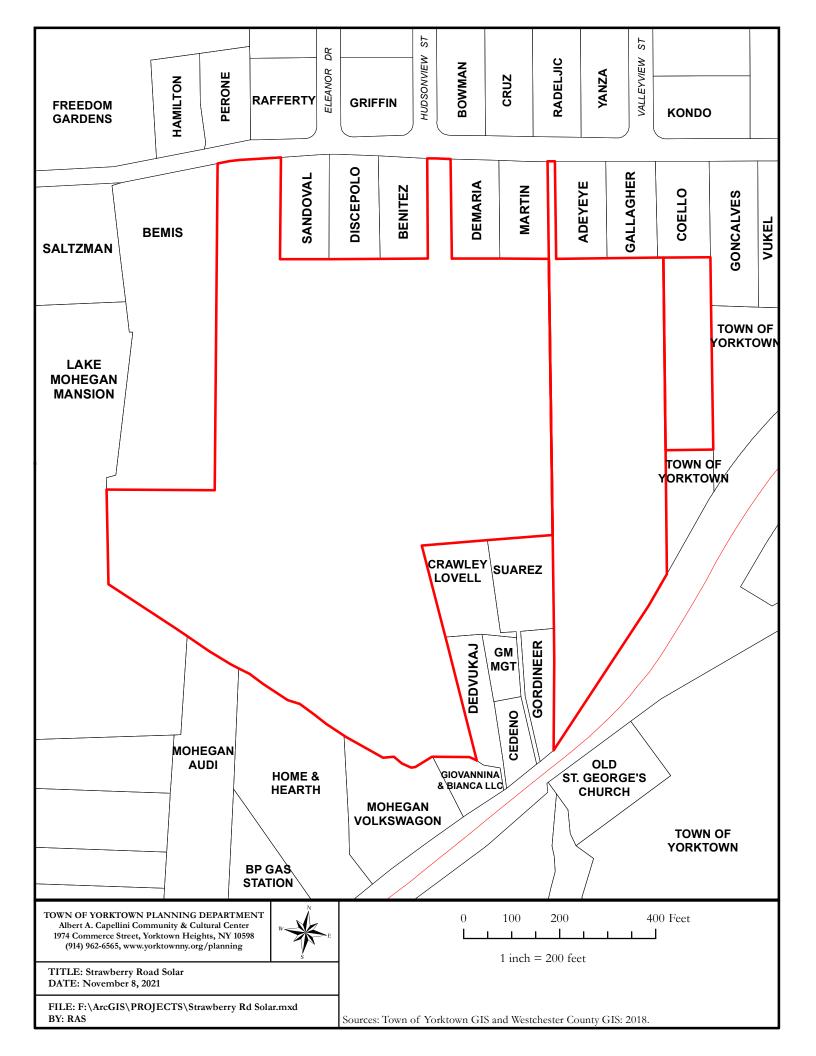
TOWN OF YORKTOWN

**CAUTION:** This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

I live at 1595 Strawberry Rd and my back yard abuts on the property for the proposed solar farm. I have several questions:

- 1) How far from the property line will the fence and the berm be?
- 2) Will the existing stone wall be removed?
- 3) How tall will the berm be?
- 4) How tall will the trees on the berm be at planting and how tall are they expected to be?
- 5) Will there be any other access other than off rte 6, including during construction and any emergency entrances once completed?
- 6) If approved, when would the project be complete?
- 7) Is there any limit on how loud the construction work will be allowed?
- 8) Are there any limits to the hours they will be permitted to work?
- 9) Is the electricity produced going directly into the con ed electric grid?
- 10) Is there any reduction in our electric cost or property tax due to the closeness of the solar farm?
- 11) Does a solar farm produce any hum (audible to either humans or pets)?
- 12) Is there any electro magnetic or other emissions from a solar farm?
- 13) Are there any hazardous wastes produced by a solar farm?
- 14) Will the emergency plan be published?

Thank you John Martin





DCN 7530\_02\_000\_0008

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PS Form **3877**, January 2017 (*Page 1 of 2*) PSN 7530-02-000-9098 /Complete in Ink

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PS Form **3877**, January 2017 (*Page 1 of 2*) PSN 7530-02-000-9098

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Privacy Notice: For more information on USPS privacy policies, visit usps.com/privacypolicy.



PSN 7530-02-000-9098

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#### Sign Notification Certification

Per Section §205-7 of the Town of Yorktown Town Code, every applicant that submits an application to an approval authority empowered to approve or deny said application must post one or more notification signs on the property which is the subject of said application.

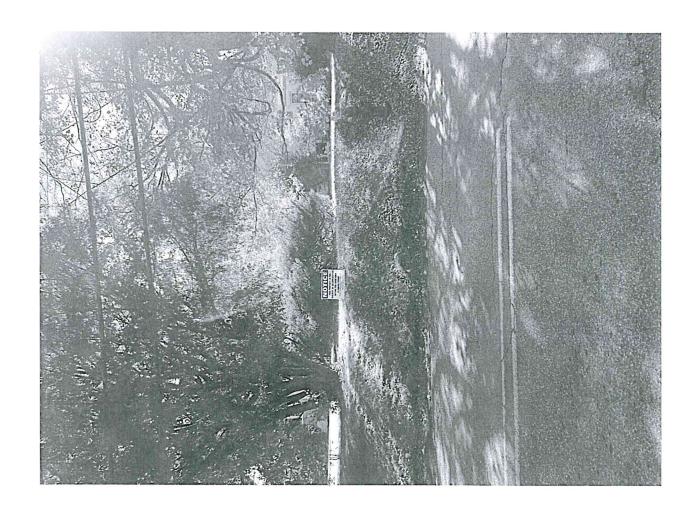
Section 15.12 Block 1 Lot 30 & Section 15.12 Block 1 Lot 12
Project Name: Strawberry Rd Solar project
Address: 1645 strawberry Rd. & 1700 US-6 Mohegan lake, NY
Applicant's Name: GSPP 1654 Strawberry Rd. LLC  Address: 1 Landmark Sq. Suite 320 Stamford CT 06901  Phone: (914) 365-9338
No. Signs Posted: 4
Sign #1 Location: Souther entrance to 1700 US-6 along road
Sign #2 Location: On Strawberry rd. at entrance to 1700 Rt. 6 property
Sign #3 Location: on Strawberry Rd. at Eastern entrance to 1645 Strawberry Rd
<ul> <li>Sign #4 Location: Western entrance to 1645 Strawberry Rd. along Strawberry Rd.</li> <li>Please Attach and Label Photos on Additional Sheets -</li> </ul>
Applicant's Signature:
Land Owner's Signature:

#### <u>Strawberry Road Solar Proposal – Sign Posting Certification</u> PIH – November 8, 2021











November 1, 2021

RECEIVED
PLANNING DEPARTMENT

NOV 2 2021

TOWN OF YORKTOWN

Mr. John Tegeder
Director of Planning
Town of Yorktown
Albert A. Capellini Community and Cultural Center
1974 Commerce Street
Yorktown Heights, New York 10598

Re:

Ciuffetelli CDG Solar Project

1645 Strawberry Road & 1700 Route 6

Yorktown, New York

Subj:

Environmental Review for Strawberry Road Solar Farm

File:

2478.001.001

Dear Mr. Tegeder and Members of the Planning Board:

Barton & Loguidice, D.P.C. (B&L) has completed our initial Environmental Review for the above referenced community solar project. To date B&L has received the following documents for review and comment:

- Application for Site Plan Approval, dated July 22, 2021
- Special Use Permit Application, dated July 22, 2021
- Special Permit Application Addendum
- Short Environmental Assessment Form, signed July 21, 2021
- Strawberry Road Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Report, dated July 16, 2021
- Route 6 Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Report, dated July 16, 2021
- Arborist Report, dated May 25, 2021
- Site Plan, revised July 22, 2021
- Greenhouse Gas Equivalencies form, dated July 12, 2021
- Conservation Board Memo, dated September 2, 2021

#### **Project Description**

Green Street Power Partners (GSPP) (Applicant) is proposing the construction of a solar facility and associated electrical appurtenances on two parcels located at 1645 Strawberry Road and 1700 Route 6, Mohegan Lake in the Town of Yorktown. The solar photovoltaic (PV) system is proposed for installation within approximately 9.10 acres of the ±21 acres of the site, with the rest remaining undeveloped.



Mr. John Tegeder, Director of Planning Town of Yorktown November 1, 2021 Page 2



The development will result in one 1.75-megawatts AC solar project. The PV systems will be comprised of 5,330 Heliene 144HC panels. An existing 13.2kv circuit feeder exists within the right-of-way (ROW) on the south side of East Main Street.

This project is considered a large-scale ground mounted solar energy system by the Town Code and is allowed within the Residential Zoning District (R1-20) by a Special Use Permit subject to Planning Board review. B&L offers the following comments to the Planning Board for consideration in its review and recommendation to the Town Board.

#### Part 1 of the Short Form EAF

B&L has reviewed Part 1 of the Short Form EAF prepared by GSPP and we offer the following comments and questions:

#### **Environmental Specific Comments:**

- 1. Item 15 States that the site does not contain any species of animal or associated habitats listed as threatened or endangered. In the attachments, the IPaC resource list shows that the Indiana Bat (endangered) and the Bog Turtle (threatened) are present on the site. There is also a high probability that the Black-caped Chickadee is present on the site as well for a large portion of the year. Please clarify whether endangered or threatened species are present on site or not.
- 2. Item 17 States that non-point source storm water discharge will not be created. Non-point source storm water discharge will be created. Forested areas are being replaced with grasslands and an impervious gravel access road. It will also flow adjacent to properties, contrary to what is written on the plan, and likely end up in existing wetlands. Please ensure plans are accounting for change in surface type and therefore stormwater discharge runoff.
- 3. Item 18 States that water is not being impounded. While that is true for what is on the plans now, water should be impounded in a stormwater detention pond or something similar to account for the change in runoff.
- 4. Attachments (Soils) Soils located on property are prime farmland (ChB (0.2%), PnB (0.1%), SuB (1.9%)). Soils on property are of statewide importance (ChC (28.6%), Sh (29.4%)). Avoid installation of solar rays on the most valuable productive farmland (provided in order of importance of current use: active rotational farmland, permanent hayland, improved pasture, unimproved pasture, other support lands, fallow/inactive farmland), especially when containing prime farmland soils or soils of statewide importance.

#### **General Comments:**

- 5. Item 3a Total acreage of the site of the proposed action was stated in site plan and special permit applications as 21 acres. Item 3c should be the same as item 3a for this project and should be 21 acres. Item 3b should be 9.10 acres as stated on the special permit addendum.
- 6. Attachments (Concept Plan) Concept plan does not match the site plan. Assuming site plan is final. Is electrical information on the concept plan correct (i.e., tie in location and sizing?), if so, show on site plan. Show inverters, transformer locations, etc. on the site plan.

Mr. John Tegeder, Director of Planning Town of Yorktown November 1, 2021 Page 3



#### **Visual Analysis**

A visual analysis has not yet been conducted on this site. In order to properly evaluate the site for a visual analysis, the following information is required:

- 1. Elevations and locations of both existing and proposed grades.
- 2. Elevations and locations of surrounding structures.
- 3. Elevations and locations of both existing and proposed vegetation and landscaping.
- 4. Details of proposed fencing surrounding the property.

#### **Arborist Report & Greenhouse Gas Equivalencies Form**

B&L has reviewed the Arborist Report and the Greenhouse Gas Equivalencies Form. B&L has also evaluated the site for the presence of core forests.

It has been determined that there are no core forests present on the site. While the amount of trees removed is always to be minimized as much as possible, the current amount of tree removal at the property has been deemed acceptable, especially when considering the greenhouse gas equivalencies of the project long term.

#### **Glare Analysis**

A glare study has not yet been completed for this site. It is recommended that a glare analysis be performed on the site in order to assess the potential effects of glare on motorists travelling near the location. The location should also be evaluated as to whether it is within proximity of an airport (< 5 miles) or on a flight path (< 18 miles) of an airport. The FAA solar guidance states that is the responsibility of local governments and solar developers in the vicinity of an airport to check with the airport sponsor and the FAA to ensure there are no potential safety or navigational problems with a proposed solar facility. The FAA should be notified and provided an opportunity to participate in review of the proposed activity and findings of the Glare Analysis. In order to provide a glare analysis, the applicant will need the following:

- 1. Locations and elevations of existing and proposed contours
- 2. Locations and elevations of existing and proposed trees and other landscaping
- 3. Locations and elevations of existing roads
- 4. Location of existing airports and flight paths

#### **Noise Analysis**

A noise study has not yet been conducted for this property. In order to properly evaluate the likely operational noise levels at this site, the applicant must provide the following:

- 1. Proposed location of inverters on the site.
- 2. Proposed location of the battery energy storage systems on the site.
- 3. Proposed location of the transformer on the site.
- 4. Elevations and locations of both existing and proposed grades.
- 5. Elevations and locations of surrounding structures.

Mr. John Tegeder, Director of Planning Town of Yorktown November 1, 2021 Page 4



#### **Permitting Site Plans**

At this point in time, there does not appear to be a full plan set. The following general comments should be addressed on the final set of plans in accordance with local zoning and best management practices for solar facilities:

#### **Environmental Specific Comments:**

- Where the slope exceeds 10% additional BMPs such as infiltration trenches or infiltration berms may be installed downgradient between each row. Refer to PA Stormwater BMP Manual, BMP 6.4.4: Infiltration Trench and BMP 6.4.10: Infiltration Berm and Retentive Grading for additional guidance.
- 2. Please provide notes on plans regarding construction timeframes related to endangered species protection.
- 3. Plans must show some sort of stormwater detention system.
- 4. Plans must indicate areas where slopes are 15%-25% and indicate proper stabilization techniques.
- If project is within proximity of an airport (< 5 miles) or on flight path (< 18 miles) of airport, submit Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration web-based notification to confirm no impact.
- 6. Depict the location and extent of prime soils, prime soils if drained, soils of statewide importance, and indicate whether the parcel is receiving an agricultural valuation. Avoid installation of solar rays on the most valuable productive farmland (provided in order of importance of current use: active rotational farmland, permanent hayland, improved pasture, unimproved pasture, other support lands, fallow/inactive farmland), especially when containing prime farmland soils or soils of statewide importance.

#### **General Comments:**

- 7. Static mounted solar panels shall not be placed on slopes steeper than 25%. Ensure that no racks are being placed on 25% or greater slopes.
- 8. Tax map information should be included on the plans, and tax map parcel boundaries (including ownership information for properties adjacent to the subject property).
- 9. Site plan should indicate set-backs and other applicable zoning provisions.
- 10. Plans must show information regarding existing utility connection/proposed electrical equipment sizing and capacity/UGC connection etc.
- 11. Plans must show locations of inverters.
- 12. Plans must show concrete pad for batteries/transformers and any other required electrical equipment.
- 13. Existing contours are to be labeled.
- 14. Site Plan should include zoning table.
- 15. Plans must show proposed grading, erosion controls and more landscaping details (callouts, table with number of plants and sizing, seeding specs)
- 16. Plans must provide details of proposed panels, racks, inverters, fencing, gravel access road, slope stabilization.
- 17. Add site distance at the access driveway.



- 18. Include a note on the Plans indicating maximum panel height (Yorktown zoning regulations state max height is 15 feet in residential zones and 20 feet in other zones).
- 19. Dimension access driveway length and turning radius. Verify sufficient access and turning movements for emergency vehicles.
- 20. Plans must be signed by a Professional Engineer or a Registered Architect.

#### Additional Information and Anticipated Permits/Coordination

In addition to the items noted in the comments above, B&L anticipates the following information and/or documents be submitted in support of the application:

- 1. PILOT Agreement, if applicable.
- 2. Confirm whether NYSERDA funding is being used for this project. For NYSERDA projects, the Applicant must submit the NOI to NYSERDA for referral to Ag & Markets. Provide determination of impact from NYSDAM, including acceptable mitigation options as appropriate.
- 3. An Operations and Maintenance Manual must be submitted, including a map indicating the limits of maintenance for the site Operator/Owner. The Plan should indicate what the future land use plans are for remaining portions of the property situated outside of the fenced solar array and responsibility for the maintenance of the various portions of the site (i.e. mowing, trimming, etc.). The O&M Plan should address the post-construction monitoring requirements per the NYSDAM Guidelines, dated 10/18/2019.
- 4. Submit correspondence from SHPO indicating that they have conducted their review of the subject property and reached a conclusion of "No Effect".
- 5. Provide a letter from the Mohegan Volunteer fire department acknowledging receipt of the Plans and verifying approval of proposed access for fire and emergency vehicles.
- 6. Provide equipment specification sheets and photos for all significant components of the proposed solar facility, including the mounting/tracking systems.
- 7. Local and State Permits, as required, including for work performed within the highway or right-of-way. Please note that utility poles, signage, parking, etc. should be located on private property and not within the ROW.

B&L is ready to provide an additional round of review once the above requested information is addressed and subsequent materials are submitted. An itemized response to the comments provided herein would be most efficient.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

BARTON & LOGUIDICE, D.P.C.

Leigh G. Jones, PLA Project Manager

NN/LGJ/jms



#### **NEW PROJECT TASK ORDER SUMMARY**

TO: Town of Yorktown Planning Board

FROM: Barton & Loguidice - ECRS

Project Name: Ciuffetelli CDG Solar Project

Address of Property: 1645 Strawberry Road, Yorktown, New York

B&L Project No: 2478.001.001 Phase 04

Application Type: Environmental Review for Strawberry Road Solar Array Facility

#### **Project Description**

Proposed "Ciuffetelli CDG Solar Array Facility" project ("Application") located at 1645 Strawberry Road, and as proposed by Green Street Power Partners ("Applicant"). The Applicant has submitted an initial package to the Planning Board containing a number of documents that have since been transmitted from the Town to B&L via Dropbox. It is our understanding that the Applicant has applied to the Planning Board for site plan and special permit approval. The documents provided to B&L include:

- Site Plan Application 07-22-2021
- Special Use Permit 07-22-2021
- Special Permit Addendum 07-22-2021
- EAF with Plans, Soil Resource Report and Fish-Wildlife Report
- 1700 Route 6 Phase I ESA 07-16-2021
- Arborist Report 05-25-2021
- Site Plan 07-22-2021
- Carbon Offsets
- CB Memo 09-02-2021

The scope of our project will be focused on the environmental review of the submitted application, and, as specifically requested by the Town, will provide comments and recommendations related to streams, habitat impacts, and woodlands that have the potential to result from the proposed Strawberry Road Solar Array Facility.

#### **Scope of Services**

B&L proposes to provide the following general Scope of Services for the above referenced application:

 Provide an environmental review, written comment letters, and follow-up on the documents submitted by the Applicant in support of their application for the proposed solar project. One "major" review and one "minor" follow-up review of the documents are anticipated in this proposal. A final review/support, as needed, will be provided by B&L after the Town's Planning





- Board Approval Review. A final letter would be issued by B&L to provide any concluding project thoughts.
- Documents will be reviewed for the following potential environmental impacts, as requested: existing streams, woodlands, and habitat, and associated species, impacts with respect to the construction phase, as well as, possible long term impacts.
- Communicate with the Town regarding environmental concerns related to the project. Also, communicate with the Applicant's Engineer, if requested by the Town, to discuss any comments and to expedite addressing review comments. Attendance for one (1) B&L representative at one (1) virtual/phone meeting is assumed.
- Conduct one (1) site visit to the project site, accompanied by a Town representative(s) (if desired), to review the site's existing conditions and targeted areas of interest. Additional visit(s) to confirm stream and possible associated wetland boundaries, species habitat, etc. would be completed under supplemental fee, if requested to be completed by the Town.
- Attend one (1) Planning Board meeting to present our review comments/recommendations, if required.

#### **Additional Services**

B&L proposes to provide the following Additional Services for the above referenced application as requested, and at an additional fee:

Review of a Visual Impact Assessment

 Review and comment on documents provided for visual and lighting impacts with respect to the surrounding community and neighborhood character.

## **Fee for Services**

- Our estimated time and expense fee for the above listed Scope of Services is \$5,500.
- Our estimated time and expense fee for the above listed Additional Services is \$2,000.

As is standard on any review project, the number and quality of submissions that will be received by the Planning Board from the Applicant in support of the Application is unknown at this time and dependent upon issues that arise as the project moves forward. Therefore, it is not feasible for B&L to provide a total estimate of the amount of effort that will be required by our staff in order to complete a thorough environmental review of the project.



OCT 2 9 2021



Town of Yorktown www.yorktownny.org

#### TOWN OF YORKTOWN

## BUREAU OF FIRE PREVENTION

Town Hall, 363 Underhill Avenue, Yorktown Heights, NY 10598 Tel. (914) 962-5722 ext.254

## MEMORANDUM

Edward Kolisz, Fire Inspector

Fax (914) 962-1731

Email: ekolisz@yorktownny.org

Office hours: Weekdays 8:00-10:00 a.m., 3:00-4:00 p.m.

TO: Planning Board, Town of Yorktown

From: Edward Kolisz, Fire Inspector

Strawberry Rd. - Ciuffetelli Solar Farm

Date: October 29, 2021

The Bureau of Fire Prevention met on October 25th to discuss the proposed solar farm on Strawberry Rd. and had the following comments:

- Vehicle access to the remote areas of the site needs to be improved. The fire department wants emergency vehicle access to extend to within 300 feet of all panels.
- Proper training will need to be provided to the fire department.
- A lock box for fire department access and document cabinet will need to be provided.

Please contact me with any questions.

OCT 27 2021

From: Keith Schepart < keith@taconictreecare.com>

Sent: Wednesday, October 27, 2021 6:59 AM

TOWN OF YORKTOWN

To: John Tegeder < itegeder@yorktownny.org >; Nancy Calicchia < ncalicchia@yorktownny.org >; Robyn

Steinberg <<u>rsteinberg@yorktownny.org</u>>; Lawrence Klein <<u>lwkleinpe@gmail.com</u>>; tom500sf

<tom500sf@aol.com>; phyllisabock@gmail.com

Subject: Strawberry Road Solar

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

To:

Yorktown Planning Board

From: Yorktown Tree Conservation Advisory Commission (TCAC)

Date:

October 26, 2021

RE:

Strawberry Road Solar Farm

Chairman Fon and members of the Planning Board:

The arborist report has a list of 638 trees by common name and amount per species. There are 34 Norway Maples and 32 Trees of Heaven in this tree inventory composition. These are invasive species and not protected by chapter 270.

The tree size distribution states that the trees were measured and assigned a DBH range. The TCAC requests the DBH of each protected tree in order to calculate the appropriate mitigation ratio.

There is no mitigation plan to review.

MITIGATION RATIO - The replacement rate shall be calculated by dividing the dbh of each lost tree by the average dbh of replacement trees. The result shall be the number of replacement trees required to be planted in compensation for each lost tree.

Sincerely, Lawrence W. Klein, PE, Member Tom Schmitt, Member Keith Schepart ISA, Member

RECEIVED
PLANNING DEPARTMENT

OCT 25 2021

TOWN OF YORKTOWN

## TOWN OF YORKTOWN CONSERVATION BOARD

Town of Yorktown Town Hall, 363 Underhill Avenue, Yorktown Heights, New York 10598, Phone (914) 962-5722

## **MEMORANDUM**

To:

**Planning Board** 

From:

**Conservation Board** 

Date:

10/25/2021

Re:

1645 Strawberry Road Solar Farm (Ciuffetelli)

1043 Strawberry Road Solar Farm (Cluffetein)

The Conservation Board at its October 20, 2021 meeting discussed Strawberry Road Farm (Ciuffetelli): 1645 Strawberry Road Solar Proposal with Brian Matthews of Green Street Power. The Conservation Board has the following comments:

The Board's review of the documents recommends this development be classified as a Type 1 action and requires a full environmental impact review according to the State Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQRA).

The documents presented state evidence of possible endangered species, breeding habitat for migratory birds and well-established mature forest. The documents show the land has never been developed except for a small section in the northeast corner. The site supports a diverse ecosystem that supports plants, fauna and organisms.

The current plan will disturb 10 acres of mature woodland, altering habitats, stormwater and residential character of the area.

The plans presented show no mitigation for tree removal, stormwater measures and function of the woodland. The Plans are incomplete and not in compliance with town ordinances.

The Conservation Board is not in support of this development and respectfully requests that the Planning Board take a closer look at the potential adverse impacts by having the Applicant prepare an Environmental Impact Statement to address these issues.

Respectfully submitted:

Diane Dreier

For the Conservation Board

CC.

Town Board Planning Board Supervisors Office Engineering Dept. Applicant

# TOWN OF YORKTOWN PLANNING BOARD

Albert A Capellini Community and Cultural Center, 1974 Commerce Street, Yorktown Heights, New York 10598, Phone (914) 962-6565, Fax (914) 962-3986

## APPLICATION FOR SITE PLAN APPROVAL

				Date	7/22/202	21
1.	Name of Pr	oject: Ciuffe	telli CDG Solar pr	0ject		
				15.12-1-30 &		
	- m	'ax Map Designation (Section, Block, Lot)		15.12-1-12	V-	
3.	Zone: R1-2	20	_ Total Acreage:	Aprox. 21 Acres		
4.	Is a stateme	ent of easeme	ents relating to prop	erty attached?	Yes	None exist
5.	Project nam	cative (brief d	escription of propos	sed development):		
	The Proposed Project is	is located at 1645 Strawber	ny Road & 1700 Routo 6, Monegan Loke	in the Town of Yorktown. Westchester (	County. NYand is kno	wn and designated by Westchester County as
	Tax Map Numbors 15.1	2-1-12 and 15.12-1-30 (ap)	proximately 21 acres). Groon Street Powo	or Partners is proposing to construct a sol	ar array facility, with o	scociated equipment, access roads and utilities.
6. ¢	Applicant Applicant Name Firm Address	GSPP 1654	SE ONLY ONE:  Owner Engineer  Strawberry Rd. LL  Sq. Suite 320, Stan	Sel up		Wetland Scientist Landscape Architect
	Phone	(914) 303-93	-	_		
	Fax Email	Commercial	opperations@gspp.o	com		
8.	Owner of I	Record Quin Ciuff	etelli			
	Firm	1645 Strav	wberry Rd., LLC 16	45 & RBC Industrie	es, INC.	
	Address	30 Soundvi	ew Dr., Huntington,	NY 11743		
	Phone	(914)552-4	617	_		
	Fax			_		
	Email	qciuffete !	l li@gmai 1.com			

	Attorney	David Steinmetz
	Name	Zarin & Steinmetz
	Firm	<del></del>
	Address	81 Main St. Suite 415 White Plains, NY 10601
	Phone	(914) 682-7800
	Fax	(914) 683-5490
	Email	David@zarin-steinmetz.com
ιο.	Engineer	
	Name	
	Firm	
	Address	
	Phone	
	Fax	
	Email	<del></del>
	Lic. No.	
4	C	
	Surveyor	Theodore Haines
	Name	Tectonic – Manger of Surveying Services
	Firm	70 Pleasant Hill Road Mountainville, NY 10953
	Address	845-534-5959
	Phone	040 004 0000
	Fax	TJHaines@Tectonicengineering.com
	Email	Lic: 050440-1
	Lic. No.	
2.	Architect	
	Name	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Firm	7
	Address	
	Phone	
	Fax	
	Email	·
	Lic. No.	(

1.	Wetland So	cientist/Specialist		
350000	Name	Christopher Camacho		1992
	Firm	Tectonic Engineering		3
	Address	70 Pleasant Hill Rd, Mountainville, NY	2.3.42	
	Phone	(845)534-5959 (office)		
	Fax	N/A		
	Email	ccamacho@tectonicengineering.com		
14.	Landscape	Architect		
	Name			
	Firm			
	Address			
	Phone			
	Fax			
	Email			
	Lic. No.			
17.	Is this pro The rig The bo state of The bo institu	ject within 500 feet of the Putnam County line? ject within the Sustainable Development Study Area? ject within 500 feet of: ht-of-way of any existing or proposed state or county road? undary of an existing or proposed state or county park or any or county recreation area? undary of state or county-owned land on which a public building/ ution is located? uting or proposed county drainage line? undary of a farm located in an agricultural district?	☐ Yes	□ No
		ntire development plan for this project propose the disturbance: If project is phased, include all phases in determination.		
20.	This projec	r requires the following permits or approvals from the Town o	fYorktowr	ı:
	Wetlan	d Permit		
	Stormy	vater Permit .		
	Tree P			
	Planning	ng Board special permit: large scale solar		
		Board variance or approval:	# B	

	-		
21. This project requires the Westchester County NYC DEP NYS DEC Other:	ne following permits or ap Board of Health	provals from other	outside agencies:
22. This parcel is in the fo	ollowing districts:		V-1/
School District	Lakeland	_ Water District	Yorktown
Fire District	Mohegan Volunteer	_ Sewer District	Yorktown
A Short or Full EAF with application when submitt	the <u>original signature</u> of t red.	he applicant must l	be attached to this
The applicant agrees to confidence of Regulations, Zoning Order amendments thereto.	omply with the requireme inance, Tree Removal and	nts of the Road Spe I Excavation ordina	cifications, the Land Use ince, and any additions or
easements at the time of title of said property in the	pace/drainage control, roathe public hearing. Such	ads and road widen execution and deliv I such dedication is	ery shall not operate to vest accepted in the form of a
the terms of the deeds to	the roads in the proposed	subdivision as pro	subdivision as provided for by vided for by the terms of the Town of Yorktown until such rd at regular meeting of said
Applic	ant	Own	ner of Record
Scott Kerner, Authoriz	ed Rep. of Applicant		1 Cluin Cidretelli
NAME (PLEA	es prant)	NAME	TPLEASE PRINT)
			4
SIGNA	TURE	S	ICHATURE
		7/	22/
7/26/21		<del></del>	DATE
DAT			
Note: If the property own	er is <u>not</u> the applicant for th	is application, in add	ition to the signature above, the

Note: If the property owner is <u>not</u> the applicant for this application, in addition to the signature above, the owner of the property must also complete and have notarized one of the owner affidavits on the following page.

Note: By signing this document the owner of the subject property grants permission for Town Officials to enter the property for the purpose of reviewing this application.

REFER TO AFFIDAVITS ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES

# ONE OF THE FOLLOWING AFFIDAVITS MUST BE COMPLETED AFFIDAVIT TO BE COMPLETED BY OWNER, OTHER THAN CORPORATION STATE OF NEW YORK; COUNTY OF WESTCHESTER SS.: , being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the owner in fee of the property described in the foregoing application for consideration of preliminary plat, and that the statements contained therein are true to the best of his knowledge and belief. Sworn before me this \_\_\_\_\_ date of \_\_\_\_\_, 20 \_\_\_ Notary Public AFFIDAVIT TO BE COMPLETED BY CORPORATION OWNER STATE OF NEW YORK; COUNTY OF WESTCHESTER SS.: being duly sworn, deposes and says that he resides at 30 Sambian V in the Country of Suff-old and State of MY . That he is the Owner of 1645 Stranbourt UC & Conductive corporation which is owner in fee of the property described in the and that the statements contained therein foregoing application for are true to the best of his knowledge and Sworn before me this v d date of Thomas P Crescenzo Notary Public, State of New York NO. 01CR6397182 Qualified in Sulfolk County Commission Expires September 03, 20 Notary Public

************	**************************************
AFFIDAVIT TO BE COMPLETEI	D BY AGENT OF OWNER
TATE OF NEW YORK; COUNTY	OF WESTCHESTER SS.:
	, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the agent named in
he foregoing application for owner in fee to make such application a and belief.	, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the agent named in and that he has been duly authorized by the and that foregoing statements are true to the best of his knowledge
iworn before me this date of	_, 20
Notary Public	<del></del>
	F:\Office\WordPerfect\APPLICATION FORMS\APPSITEPLAN.wp Last updated: December 20
	~
	Page 6 of 6

# TOWN OF YORKTOWN PLANNING BOARD

Yotktown Community and Cultural Center, 1974 Commette Street, Yorktown Heights, New York 10598, Phone (914) 962-6565, Fax (914) 962-3986

## SPECIAL USE PERMIT APPLICATION

If this application is not being made in conjunction with a request for site plan approval from the Planning Board, a site plan/plot plan and Short EAF must also be submitted with this application. The required fee is \$625.00 for new applications and \$312.00 for requests to renew an existing permit.

D	ate 7/22/2021	
1.	Tax Map Designation	on (Section, Block, Lot) 15.12-1-30; 15.12-1-12
		645 Strawberry Rd. & 1700 RT. 6, Mohegan Lake, NY 10547
3.	Zone: R1-20	Total Acreage: Aprox. 21 Acres
4.	Indicate requested s	pecial use permit:
	\$300-21(8)(a)[1] \$300-40 \$300-54  \$300-55 \$300-69 \$300-71 \$300-71 \$300-75 \$300-75 \$300-79 \$300-80 \$300-81.1 \$300-81.2 \$300-81.4 \$300-81.5 \$300-238.1	Outdoor service in commercial districts. Bus passenger shelters. Religious institutions, social, cultural, charitable and recreational nonprofit uses. Parochial, private elementary and high schools, colleges and seminaries. Valet parking at banquet halls. New and/or used car automobile sales. Permanent seasonal outdoor sales in commercial districts. Warehouse or storage in retail shopping centers. Cemeteries. Self-storage centers. Sidewalk cafes. (outdoor dining for more than 12 seats) Helistops. Accessory recycling facilities. Large-Scale Solar Power Generation Systems and Facilities Tier 2 Battery Energy Storage Systems Multifamily dwelling units in the Country Commercial Zone.
	Description of propo ca square footage and	osed use (if applying for outdoor dining, indicate proposed dining
La by (a	ake in the Town of Y Westchester Coun pproximately 21 acr	t is located at 1645 Strawberry Road & 1700 Route 6, Mohegan Yorktown, Westchester County, NY and is known and designated ty as Tax Map Numbers 15.12-1-12 and 15.12-1-30 res). GSPP 1654 Strawberry Rd., LLC is proposing to construct a th associated equipment, access roads and utilities.

6.	Applicant	CCDD 4654 Circuit are D1 11 C
	Name	GSPP 1654 Strawberry Rd., LLC
	Firm	4.1 - 1 - 4.0 - 0 % 200 Olarsford OT 00004
	Address	1 Landmark Sq. Suite 320 Stamford, CT 06901
	Phone	(914) 365-9338
	Email	commercialoperations@gspp.com
7.	Owner of	Dosoud.
1.	1.45	Quin Ciuffetelli
	Name	1645 Strawberry Rd., LLC & RBC Industries, INC.
	Firm	
	Address	30 Soundview Dr., Huntington, NY 11743
	Phone	(914) 552-4617
	Email	qciuffetelli@gmail.com
Co Fee	de of the To deral, State o	e permit is issued, the undersigned applicant will comply with all provisions of the own of Yorktown and all other applicable laws, codes, rules and regulations of any or County Government, bureau or department thereof, having jurisdiction over said ne use to be conducted thereat.
		Owner of Record SIGNATURE SIGNATURE
S	Scott Kerner	PRINT NAME PRINT NAME PRINT NAME
	7/26/21	DATE 7/23/21

Note: By signing this document the owner of the subject property grants permission for Town Officials to enter the property for the purpose of reviewing this application.

F:\Office\WordPerfect\Application Forms\APP-SpecialPermit.wpd
This form last updated: September 2020

## TOWN OF YORKTOWN PLANNING BOARD

# Large Scale Solar Power Generation Systems & Facilities Special Permit Application Addendum

GE	ENERAL PROJECT INFO	RMATION		
	Project Name: Section, Block, Lot:			
	Existing Site Use:	☐ Residential	☐ Commercial	Zone:
	Is Applicant?	☐ Property Owner	☐ Lessee	
	Proposed Lot Coverage	ge:		
ÞF	ROVIDE THE TOTAL SYS	STEM CAPACITY RATING		
	capacity. The maximum as follows:	m system capacity and the	maximum area of lan	eds 20 kW DC as rated by its nameplate and upon which the system shall be erected are acres, excluding any easement for accessing
		1 but not to exceed 5 Meg accessing the parcel.	gawatt AC on an area	of land no larger than 20 acres, excluding
	Total System Capacity	Rating: kWh l	Power Rating	kW (Select One) □ AC or □ DC
SE	ELECT INSTALLATION T	YPE		
	☐ Ground ☐	Rooftop		
PF	ROPOSED SOLAR ENER	RGY SYSTEM INSTALLATION	ON INFORMATION	
	Sponsor Company			
	Contact Name			
	Business Name —			
	Address			
	Phone —			
	Email _C	Commercialopperatio	ons@GSPP.com	

Contractor/ mistanat	tion Company	
Contact Name		
Business Name	GSPP 1654 Strawberry Rd Land, LLC	
Address		
Phone		
Email	Bmatthews@GSPP.com	
PROPOSED OWNER	R AND/OR OPERATOR (IF DIFFERENT FROM ABOVE)	
Name		
Name Firm		
Firm		
Firm Address		

## SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

In order to submit a complete permit application for a new large-scale solar power generation system, the applicant must include:

- a) Completed Planning Board Special Use Permit Application with this Large Scale Solar Power Generation System Addendum.
- b) A special permit application fee of \$625.00 paid by check made payable to the Town of Yorktown.
- c) Required documents as listed in Section 300-84.1(F):
  - Equipment specification sheets shall be submitted for all photovoltaic panels, significant components, mounting systems, and inverters that are to be installed.
  - A property Operation and Maintenance Plan shall be submitted.
  - A carbon sequestration for tree loss calculation.
  - Proposed tree loss mitigation, if applicable.
  - A Decommissioning Plan
- d) All site plan application requirements pursuant to Section 300-85/1(I) of the Town of Yorktown Town Code.

## Short Environmental Assessment Form Part 1 - Project Information

## **Instructions for Completing**

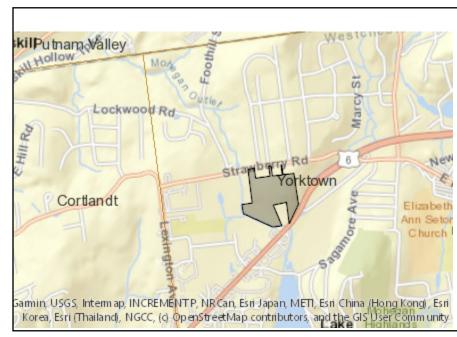
Part 1 – Project Information. The applicant or project sponsor is responsible for the completion of Part 1. Responses become part of the application for approval or funding, are subject to public review, and may be subject to further verification. Complete Part 1 based on information currently available. If additional research or investigation would be needed to fully respond to any item, please answer as thoroughly as possible based on current information.

Complete all items in Part 1. You may also provide any additional information which you believe will be needed by or useful to the lead agency; attach additional pages as necessary to supplement any item.

Part 1 – Project and Sponsor Information							
Name of Action or Project:							
Project Location (describe, and attach a location map	):						
Brief Description of Proposed Action:							
Name of Applicant or Sponsor:			Telep	hone:			
			E-Ma	il:			
Address:							
City/PO:			State:		Zip C	ode:	
1. Does the proposed action only involve the legisla administrative rule, or regulation?	ative adoption o	f a plan, local	l law, c	ordinance,	,	NO	YES
If Yes, attach a narrative description of the intent of t may be affected in the municipality and proceed to Pe				mental resources th	at		
2. Does the proposed action require a permit, approval or funding from any other government Agency? If Yes, list agency(s) name and permit or approval:						NO	YES
3. a. Total acreage of the site of the proposed action? acres b. Total acreage to be physically disturbed? acres c. Total acreage (project site and any contiguous properties) owned or controlled by the applicant or project sponsor? acres							
4. Check all land uses that occur on, are adjoining o	r near the propo	sed action:					
5. Urban Rural (non-agriculture)	Industrial	Commercia	ıl	Residential (subur	ban)		
☐ Forest Agriculture ☐ Parkland	Aquatic	Other(Spec	eify):				

5.	Is the proposed action,	NO	YES	N/A
	a. A permitted use under the zoning regulations?			
	b. Consistent with the adopted comprehensive plan?			
6	Is the proposed action consistent with the predominant character of the existing built or natural landscape?		NO	YES
6.	is the proposed action consistent with the predominant character of the existing built of natural fandscape?			
7.	Is the site of the proposed action located in, or does it adjoin, a state listed Critical Environmental Area?		NO	YES
If Y	Yes, identify:			
			NO	VEC
8.	a. Will the proposed action result in a substantial increase in traffic above present levels?		NO	YES
	b. Are public transportation services available at or near the site of the proposed action?			
	c. Are any pedestrian accommodations or bicycle routes available on or near the site of the proposed action?			
9.	Does the proposed action meet or exceed the state energy code requirements?		NO	YES
If th	he proposed action will exceed requirements, describe design features and technologies:			
10.	Will the proposed action connect to an existing public/private water supply?		NO	YES
	If No, describe method for providing potable water:			
11.	Will the proposed action connect to existing wastewater utilities?		NO	YES
	If No, describe method for providing wastewater treatment:			
	a. Does the project site contain, or is it substantially contiguous to, a building, archaeological site, or district	t	NO	YES
Cor	ich is listed on the National or State Register of Historic Places, or that has been determined by the mmissioner of the NYS Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation to be eligible for listing on the te Register of Historic Places?			
arcl	b. Is the project site, or any portion of it, located in or adjacent to an area designated as sensitive for haeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological site inventory?			
13.	a. Does any portion of the site of the proposed action, or lands adjoining the proposed action, contain wetlands or other waterbodies regulated by a federal, state or local agency?		NO	YES
	b. Would the proposed action physically alter, or encroach into, any existing wetland or waterbody?			
If Y	Yes, identify the wetland or waterbody and extent of alterations in square feet or acres:			

14. Identify the typical habitat types that occur on, or are likely to be found on the project site. Check all that apply:		
□Shoreline □ Forest Agricultural/grasslands Early mid-successional		
Wetland   Urban Suburban		
15. Does the site of the proposed action contain any species of animal, or associated habitats, listed by the State or	NO	YES
Federal government as threatened or endangered?		
16. Is the project site located in the 100-year flood plan?	NO	YES
The proposed development is not located in a 100-year flood plain.		
17. Will the proposed action create storm water discharge, either from point or non-point sources? If Yes,	NO	YES
II Tes,		
a. Will storm water discharges flow to adjacent properties?		
b. Will storm water discharges be directed to established conveyance systems (runoff and storm drains)? If Yes, briefly describe:		
18. Does the proposed action include construction or other activities that would result in the impoundment of water	NO	YES
or other liquids (e.g., retention pond, waste lagoon, dam)?  If Yes, explain the purpose and size of the impoundment:		
49. Has the site of the proposed action or an adjoining property been the location of an active or closed solid waste	NO	YES
management facility?	NO	TES
If Yes, describe:		
20. Has the site of the proposed action or an adjoining property been the subject of remediation (ongoing or completed) for hazardous waste?	NO	YES
If Yes, describe:		
I CERTIFY THAT THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ABOVE IS TRUE AND ACCURATE TO THE BE	ST OF	
MY KNOWLEDGE		
Applicant/sponsor/name: GSPP 1654 Strawberry Rd, LLC, By GSPP Holdco, LLC, Manager, By: Scott Kerner  Date: 7/21/21		
Signature:Title: Manager		



**Disclaimer:** The EAF Mapper is a screening tool intended to assist project sponsors and reviewing agencies in preparing an environmental assessment form (EAF). Not all questions asked in the EAF are answered by the EAF Mapper. Additional information on any EAF question can be obtained by consulting the EAF Workbooks. Although the EAF Mapper provides the most up-to-date digital data available to DEC, you may also need to contact local or other data sources in order to obtain data not provided by the Mapper. Digital data is not a substitute for agency determinations.



Part 1 / Question 7 [Critical Environmental Area]	No
Part 1 / Question 12a [National or State Register of Historic Places or State Eligible Sites]	No
Part 1 / Question 12b [Archeological Sites]	Yes
Part 1 / Question 13a [Wetlands or Other Regulated Waterbodies]	Yes - Digital mapping information on local and federal wetlands and waterbodies is known to be incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
Part 1 / Question 15 [Threatened or Endangered Animal]	No
Part 1 / Question 16 [100 Year Flood Plain]	Yes
Part 1 / Question 20 [Remediation Site]	No II

## DECOMMISSIONING PLAN FOR GSPP 1645 STRAWBERRY RD. SOLAR FARM SITE PLAN & SPECIAL USE PERMIT (SOLAR FARM)

## LOCATED AT 1645 STRAWBERRY RD & 1700 RT.6 YORKTOWN, NY

Use of the Solar Farm will be discontinued at the end of its effective life, expected to be approximately 20-25 years after installation. At that time the Owners, GSPP Strawberry Rd. Land, LLC will physically remove the Solar Farm from the site.

## Scope:

"Physically remove" will include, but not be limited to the following scope:

- Removal of the solar array:
  - Solar Collection of Panels
  - o Racking and support structures (rails, purlins, beams, etc.)
  - o Foundations (I-beam piles).
- Removal of the electrical equipment:
  - Inverters
  - Transformers
  - Switchgear
  - AC Collection Equipment
  - DAS Equipment
  - Electric Poles and Associated supporting Equipment
  - Electrical equipment concrete pads
  - o Electrical conductors, conduits and all misc, connections
  - o Electrical vaults, as applicable.
- Removal of other equipment, as applicable:
  - Equipment shelters
  - o Security barriers and all appurtenant structures.
- Proper disposal of all solid or hazardous materials and wastes from the site in accordance with local and state solid waste disposal regulations.
- Restoration of the location of the Solar Farm site to its natural conditions, except that any landscaping consistent with the character of the site and neighborhood may remain.

## Schedule:

The estimated timeframe of the decommissioning work will be 3-5 weeks to complete. The electrical equipment will be sold back to the manufacturers or to a recycling facility. The project contains copper, aluminum, and other metals that will be recycled. Racking materials and fencing will be pulled from the ground and folded for transport.

#### **Cost and Permitting:**

The Owner will be responsible for all decommissioning costs and will obtain all permits or approvals required by the Town prior to commencing decommissioning work.

If additional information is needed, contact Green Street Power Partners at (347) 491-4560 or CommercialOperations@gspp.com.

1654 STRAWBERRY ROAD MOHEGAN LAKE, NY 10547

LANDOWNER: 1654 STRAWBERRY ROAD LLC 1654 STRAWBERY ROAD

MOHEGAN LAKE, NY 10547

APPLICANT: GREEN STREET POWER PARTNERS 1 LANDMARK SQUARE, SUITE 320

STAMFORD, CT 06901

## PV SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

**INVERTER**: (16) 125kW CHINT POWER CPS 125KTL

**SOLAR MODULE:** (6,221) 435W LONGI SOLAR MODULE (LR4-72HBD 435M)

(232) 26-MODULE STRING STRING SIZE: (7) 27-MODULE STRING

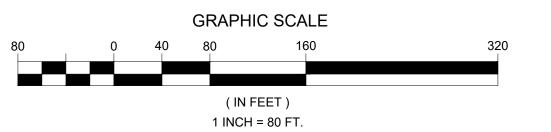
20° TILT 180° AZIMUTH GROUND MOUNTED RACKING **RACKING:** 

## NOTES:

- 1. THIS CONCEPTUAL PLAN AND ELECTRICAL SINGLE LINE DIAGRAM ARE NOT FOR
- 2. THIS CONCEPTUAL PLAN IS BASED SOLELY ON AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHS AND PROVIDED PLANS. NO SITE VISITS WERE CONDUCTED.
- 3. GROUND MOUNTED ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT NOT SHOWN ON THIS PLAN, MAY INCLUDE, INVERTERS, SWITCHGEAR, AND/OR TRANSFORMERS.
- 4. NO VERIFICATION OF SOIL CAPACITY WAS CONDUCTED. A FULL GEOTECHNICAL ANALYSIS IS SUGGESTED.









Environmental • Geotechnical • Civil Structural • Mechanical • Electrical

> 7 PLEASANT HILL ROAD CRANBURY, NJ 08512 TEL: (732) 390-5858 FAX: (732) 390-9496



MICHAEL W. WELLET JR., P.E. NEW YORK PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

DRAWING NOTES:

. IF THIS DRAWING DOES NOT CONTAIN THE ORIGINAL SEAL OF THE PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER, IT IS NOT A VALID DOCUMENT AND NO LIABILITY IS ASSUMED FOR THE INFORMATION SHOWN.

2. THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN PREPARED AS A 'D' SIZE DOCUMENT. DO NOT SCALE THIS DRAWING IF IT IS PLOTTED AS ANY OTHER



GREEN STREET POWER PARTNERS 1 LANDMARK SQUARE, SUITE 320 STAMFORD, CT 06901 (203) 496-8950

NO.	DATE:	REVISION DESCRIPTION
0	08/06/20	PRELIMINARY SUBMISSION
1	08/18/20	REVISED MODULE
2	08/26/20	COMMENTS INCORPORATED
PROJECT:		

±2.7 MW (DC), 2 MW (AC) GROUND MOUNTED PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEM

1654 STRAWBERRY ROAD MOHEGAN LAKE, NY 10547 WESTCHESTER COUNTY

	TAX ID:	XX	LOT:	
	SCALE:	AS SHOWN	PROJECT NO:	20-07-30
	PLOT DATE:	8/26/20	CLIENT:	GREEN
i	DRAWN BY:	M.E.D/K.K.	REVIEWED BY:	J.T.

DRAWING TITLE:

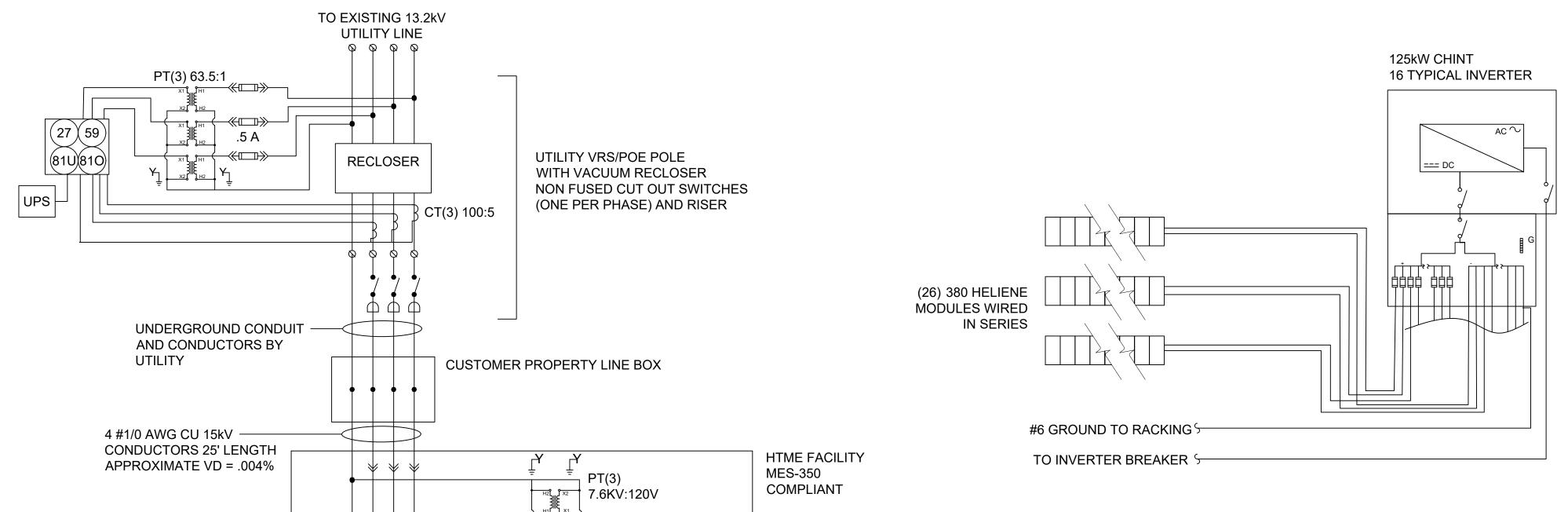
CONCEPTUAL PLAN

DRAWING NO.:

CP-1

SHEET NO.:

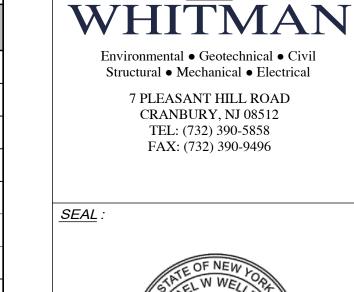
1 OF 2



RELAY FUNCTIONS				
ELEMENT	PICKUP RANGE	CLEARING TIME	DESCRIPTION	
27-1	50% OF NOMINAL (60V)	1.1s	UNDERVOLTAGE RELAY	
27-2	88% OF NOMINAL (105.6V)	2s	UNDERVOLTAGE RELAY	
59-1	110% OF NOMINAL (132V)	2s	OVERVOLTAGE RELAY	
59-2	120% OF NOMINAL (144V)	0.16s	OVERVOLTAGE RELAY	
81U-1	56.5HZ	0.16s	UNDERFREQUENCY RELAY	
81U-2	58.5Hz	300s	UNDERFREQUENCY RELAY	
810-1	61.2Hz	300s	OVERFREQUENCY RELAY	
810-2	62.0Hz	0.16s	OVERFREQUENCY RELAY	

SETTING INCLUDED 3 CYCLE ESTIMATE CONTACTOR OPENING TIME.

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MICHAEL W. WELLET JR., P.E. NEW YORK PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

DRAWING NOTES:

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GREEN STREET POWER PARTNERS 1 LANDMARK SQUARE, SUITE 320 STAMFORD, CT 06901 (203) 496-8950

NO.	DATE:	REVISION DESCRIPTION
0	08/06/20	PRELIMINARY SUBMISSION
1	08/18/20	REVISED MODULE
2	08/26/20	COMMENTS INCORPORATED

PROJECT:

±2.7 MW (DC), 2 MW (AC) GROUND MOUNTED PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEM

1654 STRAWBERRY ROAD MOHEGAN LAKE, NY 10547 WESTCHESTER COUNTY

TAX ID:	XX	LOT:	
SCALE:	AS SHOWN	PROJECT NO:	20-07-30
PLOT DATE:	8/26/20	CLIENT:	GREEN
DRAWN BY:	M.E.D/K.K.	REVIEWED BY:	J.T.
		-	

**DRAWING TITLE:** 

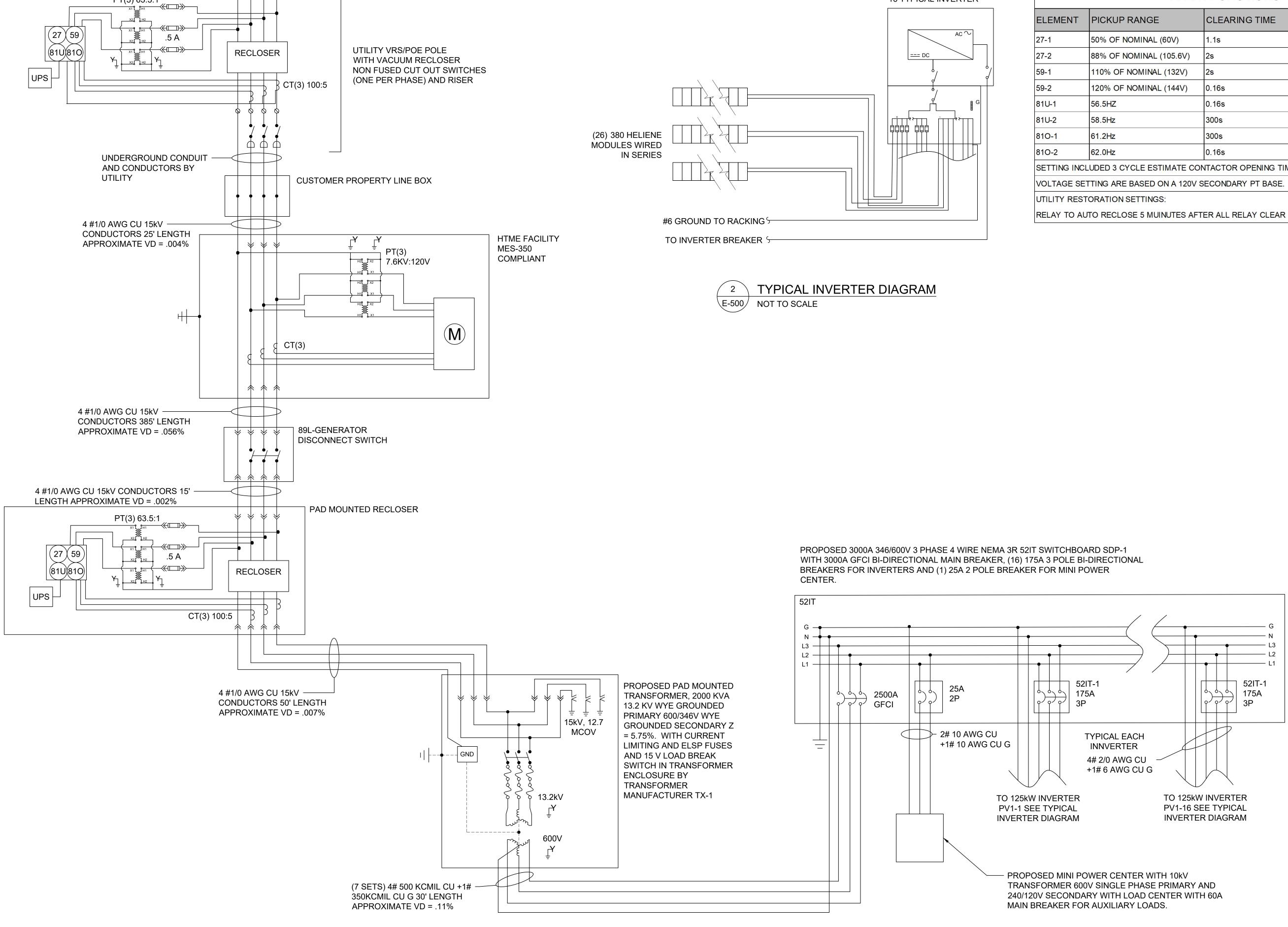
ELECTRICAL THREE LINE DIAGRAM

DRAWING NO.:

E-500

SHEET NO.:

2 OF 2

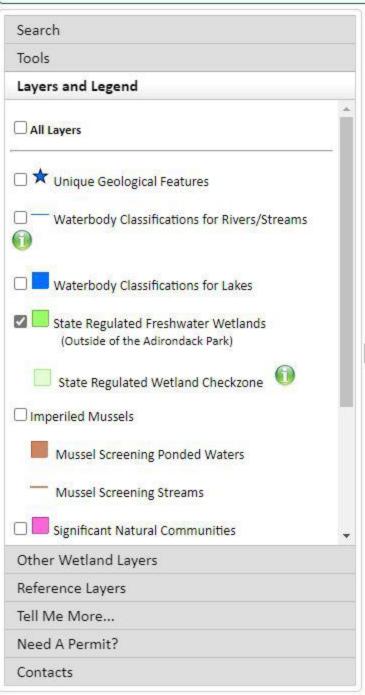


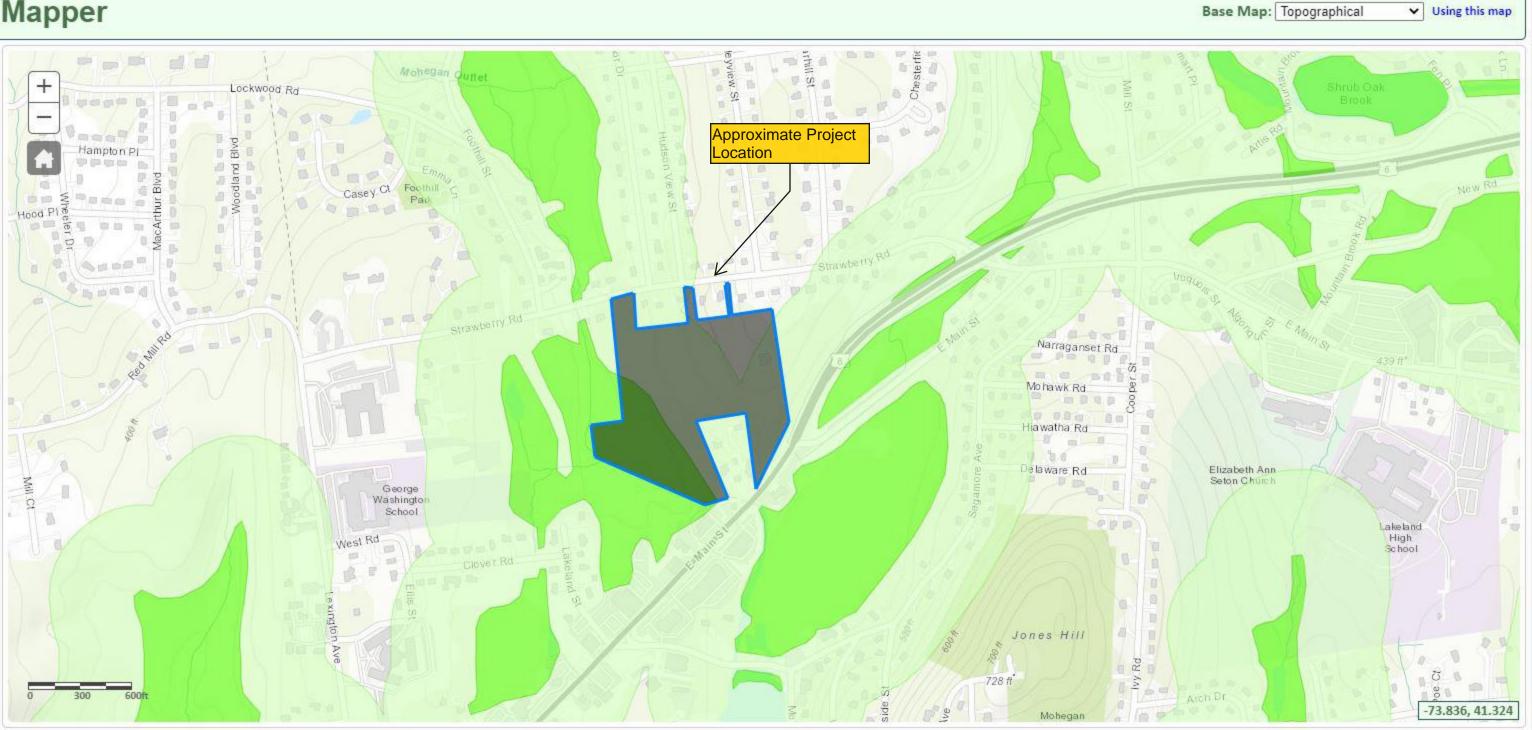
**ELECTRICAL THREE LINE DIAGRAM** 

E-500 NOT TO SCALE



## **Environmental Resource Mapper**





## National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette

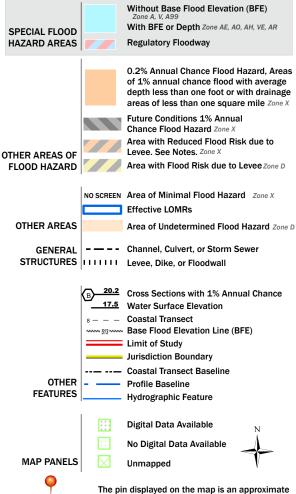


Basemap: USGS National Map: Orthoimagery: Data refreshed October, 2020



## Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT



This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

point selected by the user and does not represent

an authoritative property location.

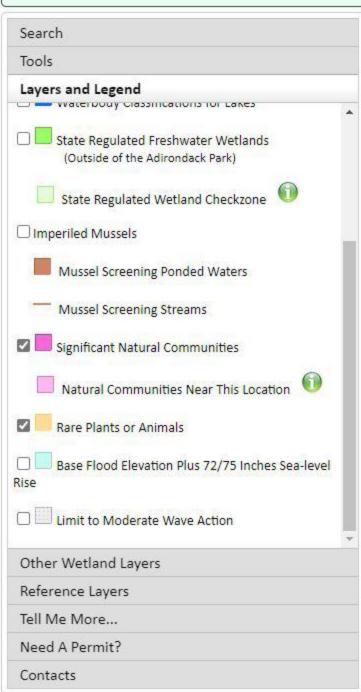
The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 7/9/2021 at 2:26 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

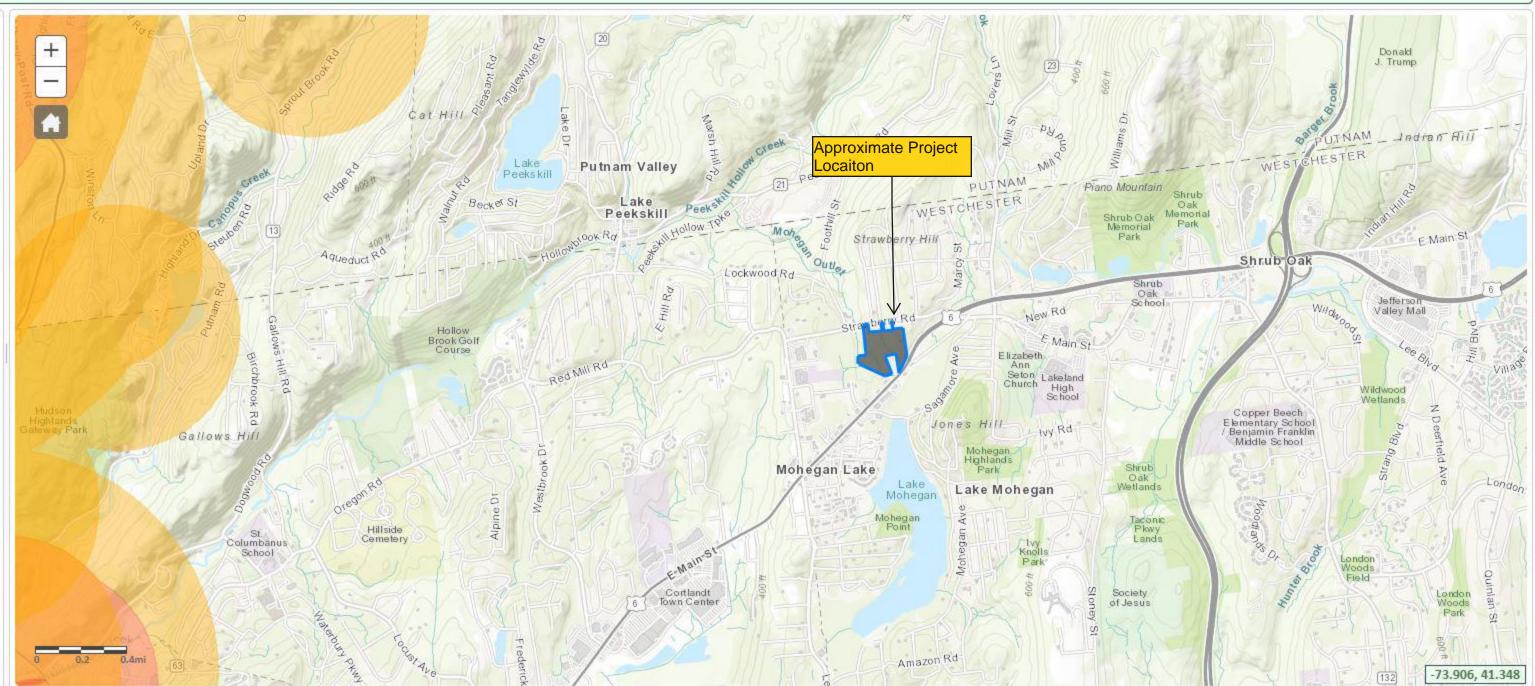
This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.

# **Environmental Resource Mapper**



✓ Using this map







Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

# Custom Soil Resource Report for Westchester County, New York



## **Preface**

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2 053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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## **Contents**

Preface	2
How Soil Surveys Are Made	
Soil Map	
Soil Map	
Legend	
Map Unit Legend	11
Map Unit Descriptions	11
Westchester County, New York	13
ChB—Charlton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	13
ChC—Charlton fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	14
ChD—Charlton fine sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes	16
LcB—Leicester loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, stony	18
NcA—Natchaug muck, 0 to 2 percent slopes	20
PnB—Paxton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	21
Sh—Sun loam	23
SuB—Sutton loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	24
Uc—Udorthents, wet substratum	
Soil Information for All Uses	
Suitabilities and Limitations for Use	28
Building Site Development	28
Shallow Excavations	28
Land Classifications	36
Farmland Classification	36
Hydric Rating by Map Unit	41
References	46

## **How Soil Surveys Are Made**

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

#### Custom Soil Resource Report

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

## Custom Soil Resource Report

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

## Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



#### MAP LEGEND

## Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

#### Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons

Soil Map Unit Lines

Soil Map Unit Points

#### **Special Point Features**

(o)

Blowout

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

**Closed Depression** 

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot



Spoil Area



Stony Spot Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot Other

Δ

Special Line Features

## Water Features

Streams and Canals

#### Transportation

---

Rails

Interstate Highways

**US Routes** 

Major Roads

00

Local Roads

#### Background

Aerial Photography

#### MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:12.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Westchester County, New York Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 11, 2020

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Oct 7, 2013—Feb 26, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

## **Map Unit Legend**

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI	
ChB	Charlton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	0.0	0.2%	
ChC	Charlton fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	6.0	28.6%	
ChD	Charlton fine sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes	5.2	24.9%	
LcB	Leicester loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, stony	1.2	5.7%	
NcA	Natchaug muck, 0 to 2 percent slopes	1.8	8.5%	
PnB	Paxton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	0.0	0.1%	
Sh	Sun Ioam	6.2	29.4%	
SuB	Sutton loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	0.4	1.9%	
Uc	Udorthents, wet substratum	0.2	0.7%	
Totals for Area of Interest		21.0	100.0%	

## **Map Unit Descriptions**

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas

#### Custom Soil Resource Report

are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An association is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

### **Westchester County, New York**

#### ChB—Charlton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

#### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 2wh0n

Elevation: 0 to 1,440 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 240 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Charlton and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Charlton**

#### Setting

Landform: Hills, ground moraines, ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, shoulder, summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, side slope, nose slope

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Coarse-loamy melt-out till derived from granite, gneiss, and/or

schist

#### Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 7 inches: fine sandy loam

Bw - 7 to 22 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam C - 22 to 65 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high

(0.14 to 14.17 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm) Available water capacity: Moderate (about 6.9 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Minor Components**

#### Sutton

Percent of map unit: 8 percent Landform: Ground moraines, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Paxton**

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Drumlins, hills, ground moraines

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, summit, shoulder

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

#### Leicester

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Landform: Drainageways, depressions

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### Chatfield

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Landform: Hills, ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, shoulder, summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, side slope, nose slope

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Linear, convex

Hydric soil rating: No

### ChC—Charlton fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes

#### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 2wh0q

Elevation: 0 to 1,440 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Charlton and similar soils: 85 percent *Minor components*: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Charlton**

#### Setting

Landform: Ground moraines, ridges, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Coarse-loamy melt-out till derived from granite, gneiss, and/or

schist

#### **Typical profile**

Ap - 0 to 7 inches: fine sandy loam

Bw - 7 to 22 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam C - 22 to 65 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 8 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high

(0.14 to 14.17 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm) Available water capacity: Moderate (about 6.9 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Minor Components**

#### Paxton

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Drumlins, hills, ground moraines
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Hydric soil rating: No

#### Sutton, fine sandy loam

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Hills, ridges, ground moraines
Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

#### Chatfield

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Hills, ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, shoulder, summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, side slope, nose slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex, linear

Hydric soil rating: No

#### Canton

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Landform: Hills, ground moraines, ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, backslope, summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, nose slope, crest

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Hydric soil rating: No

### ChD—Charlton fine sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes

#### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 2wh0t

Elevation: 0 to 1.290 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Charlton and similar soils: 85 percent *Minor components*: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Charlton**

#### Setting

Landform: Hills, ground moraines, ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Coarse-loamy melt-out till derived from granite, gneiss and/or

schist

#### Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 7 inches: fine sandy loam

Bw - 7 to 22 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam C - 22 to 65 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 15 to 25 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high

(0.14 to 14.17 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)

Available water capacity: Moderate (about 6.9 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Minor Components**

#### Sutton, fine sandy loam

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Ridges, ground moraines, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Paxton**

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Drumlins, hills, ground moraines
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

#### Chatfield

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Hills, ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, backslope, shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, side slope, nose slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

#### Canton

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Landform: Ridges, hills, moraines

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Hydric soil rating: No

#### LcB—Leicester loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, stony

#### Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: bd8w

Elevation: 0 to 1,120 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 46 to 50 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 52 degrees F

Frost-free period: 115 to 215 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Leicester, somewhat poorly drained, and similar soils: 50 percent

Leicester, poorly drained, and similar soils: 35 percent

Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Leicester, Somewhat Poorly Drained**

#### Setting

Landform: Hills, ridges, till plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loamy acid till derived mostly from schist and gneiss

#### Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 8 inches: loam

H2 - 8 to 26 inches: sandy loam C - 26 to 60 inches: sandy loam

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 0.1 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.57 to 5.95 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 6 to 18 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water capacity: Moderate (about 7.7 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

Hydrologic Soil Group: A/D

Ecological site: F144AY009CT - Wet Till Depressions

Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Description of Leicester, Poorly Drained**

#### Setting

Landform: Ridges, till plains, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loamy acid till derived mostly from schist and gneiss

#### **Typical profile**

H1 - 0 to 8 inches: loam H2 - 8 to 26 inches: sandy loam C - 26 to 60 inches: sandy loam

#### Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 0.1 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.57 to 5.95 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 to 12 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water capacity: Moderate (about 7.7 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

Hydrologic Soil Group: A/D

Ecological site: F144AY009CT - Wet Till Depressions

Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### **Minor Components**

#### Sun

Percent of map unit: 7 percent Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### Sutton

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

#### Leicester, very stony

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

#### NcA—Natchaug muck, 0 to 2 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2w68z

Elevation: 0 to 1,550 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 145 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Natchaug and similar soils: 80 percent

Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Natchaug**

#### Setting

Landform: Depressions, depressions, depressions

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Parent material: Highly decomposed organic material over loamy glaciofluvial

deposits and/or loamy glaciolacustrine deposits and/or loamy till

#### **Typical profile**

Oa1 - 0 to 12 inches: muck
Oa2 - 12 to 31 inches: muck
2Cg1 - 31 to 39 inches: silt loam

2Cg2 - 39 to 79 inches: fine sandy loam

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Very poorly drained

Runoff class: Negligible

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high

(0.01 to 14.17 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 to 6 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: Frequent

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 25 percent Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)
Available water capacity: Very high (about 17.9 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 5w

Hydrologic Soil Group: B/D

Ecological site: F144AY042NY - Semi-Rich Organic Wetlands

Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### **Minor Components**

#### Catden

Percent of map unit: 8 percent

Landform: Depressions, depressions, depressions

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### Limerick

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Flood plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### Sun

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Landform: Depressions, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope, head slope

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### Halsey

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Terraces

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Hydric soil rating: Yes

### PnB—Paxton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

#### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 2t2qp

Elevation: 0 to 1,570 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 240 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Paxton and similar soils: 80 percent Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Paxton**

#### Setting

Landform: Drumlins, ground moraines, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, summit, shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest, nose slope

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Coarse-loamy lodgment till derived from gneiss, granite, and/or

schist

#### **Typical profile**

Ap - 0 to 8 inches: fine sandy loam
Bw1 - 8 to 15 inches: fine sandy loam
Bw2 - 15 to 26 inches: fine sandy loam
Cd - 26 to 65 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 18 to 39 inches to densic material

Drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately

low (0.00 to 0.14 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 18 to 37 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm) Available water capacity: Low (about 3.1 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2s

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: F144AY007CT - Well Drained Dense Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Minor Components**

#### Woodbridge

Percent of map unit: 9 percent

Landform: Hills, drumlins, ground moraines

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope, summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

#### Ridgebury

Percent of map unit: 6 percent

Landform: Drainageways, hills, ground moraines, depressions
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope, toeslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Head slope, base slope, dip

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### Charlton

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

#### Sh—Sun loam

#### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: bd9q Elevation: 600 to 1,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 46 to 50 inches

Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 52 degrees F

Frost-free period: 115 to 215 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Sun and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Sun**

#### Setting

Landform: Depressions

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Parent material: Loamy till derived primarily from limestone and sandstone, with a

component of schist, shale, or granitic rocks in some areas

#### Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 9 inches: loam H2 - 9 to 27 inches: loam

H3 - 27 to 60 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

#### Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Very poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to

moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr) Depth to water table: About 0 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: Frequent

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 15 percent Available water capacity: Moderate (about 6.7 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4w

Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D

Ecological site: F144AY039NY - Semi-Rich Wet Till Depressions

Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### **Minor Components**

#### Leicester

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### Ridgebury

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### **Palms**

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Landform: Swamps, marshes Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### Sun, stony

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### SuB—Sutton loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

#### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 2xffp Elevation: 10 to 1,250 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 145 to 240 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Sutton, loam, and similar soils: 80 percent

Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Sutton, Loam**

#### Setting

Landform: Hills, ridges, ground moraines
Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Concave

Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Coarse-loamy melt-out till derived from gneiss, granite, and/or

schist

#### **Typical profile**

Ap - 0 to 9 inches: loam

Bw1 - 9 to 17 inches: fine sandy loam Bw2 - 17 to 30 inches: sandy loam C1 - 30 to 39 inches: sandy loam C2 - 39 to 60 inches: sandy loam

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Runoff class: Very high

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high

(0.14 to 14.17 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 12 to 27 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water capacity: High (about 9.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2w

Hydrologic Soil Group: B/D

Ecological site: F144AY008CT - Moist Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Minor Components**

#### Charlton

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Ridges, ground moraines, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, shoulder, summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

#### Leicester, loam

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Depressions, drainageways, hills, ground moraines Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope, footslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Linear, concave Across-slope shape: Concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### Woodbridge, loam

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Drumlins, hills, ground moraines

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, summit, backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

#### Uc-Udorthents, wet substratum

#### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: bd7g Elevation: 50 to 2,400 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 46 to 50 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 52 degrees F

Frost-free period: 115 to 215 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Udorthents, wet substratum, and similar soils: 80 percent

Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Udorthents, Wet Substratum**

#### **Typical profile**

H1 - 0 to 4 inches: gravelly loam H2 - 4 to 72 inches: very gravelly loam

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 0 to 5 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high

(0.06 to 5.95 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 6 to 24 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 15 percent Available water capacity: Low (about 4.6 inches)

#### **Minor Components**

#### **Udorthents**

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Urban land**

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: Unranked

#### Raynham

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### Fredon

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### **Paxton**

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Ipswich**

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Landform: Tidal marshes Hydric soil rating: Yes

### Hinckley

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Hydric soil rating: No

# Soil Information for All Uses

### Suitabilities and Limitations for Use

The Suitabilities and Limitations for Use section includes various soil interpretations displayed as thematic maps with a summary table for the soil map units in the selected area of interest. A single value or rating for each map unit is generated by aggregating the interpretive ratings of individual map unit components. This aggregation process is defined for each interpretation.

### **Building Site Development**

Building site development interpretations are designed to be used as tools for evaluating soil suitability and identifying soil limitations for various construction purposes. As part of the interpretation process, the rating applies to each soil in its described condition and does not consider present land use. Example interpretations can include corrosion of concrete and steel, shallow excavations, dwellings with and without basements, small commercial buildings, local roads and streets, and lawns and landscaping.

#### Shallow Excavations

Shallow excavations are trenches or holes dug to a maximum depth of 5 or 6 feet for graves, utility lines, open ditches, or other purposes. The ratings are based on the soil properties that influence the ease of digging and the resistance to sloughing. Depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, hardness of bedrock or a cemented pan, the amount of large stones, and dense layers influence the ease of digging, filling, and compacting. Depth to the seasonal high water table, flooding, and ponding may restrict the period when excavations can be made. Slope influences the ease of using machinery. Soil texture, depth to the water table, and linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential) influence the resistance to sloughing.

The ratings are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect the specified use. "Not limited" indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. "Somewhat limited" indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate

maintenance can be expected. "Very limited" indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings indicate the severity of individual limitations. The ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.01 to 1.00. They indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use (1.00) and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation (0.00).

The map unit components listed for each map unit in the accompanying Summary by Map Unit table in Web Soil Survey or the Aggregation Report in Soil Data Viewer are determined by the aggregation method chosen. An aggregated rating class is shown for each map unit. The components listed for each map unit are only those that have the same rating class as listed for the map unit. The percent composition of each component in a particular map unit is presented to help the user better understand the percentage of each map unit that has the rating presented.

Other components with different ratings may be present in each map unit. The ratings for all components, regardless of the map unit aggregated rating, can be viewed by generating the equivalent report from the Soil Reports tab in Web Soil Survey or from the Soil Data Mart site. Onsite investigation may be needed to validate these interpretations and to confirm the identity of the soil on a given site.



#### MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION Area of Interest (AOI) The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at Background 1:12.000. Area of Interest (AOI) Aerial Photography Soils Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Soil Rating Polygons Very limited Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause Somewhat limited misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of Not limited contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed Not rated or not available scale. Soil Rating Lines Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map Very limited measurements. Somewhat limited Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Not limited Web Soil Survey URL: Not rated or not available Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Soil Rating Points Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator Very limited projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Somewhat limited distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more Not limited accurate calculations of distance or area are required. Not rated or not available This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as **Water Features** of the version date(s) listed below. Streams and Canals Transportation Soil Survey Area: Westchester County, New York Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 11, 2020 Rails Interstate Highways Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger. **US Routes** Major Roads Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Oct 7, 2013—Feb 26, Local Roads 2017 The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background

imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor

shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

### **Tables—Shallow Excavations**

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Component name (percent)	Rating reasons (numeric values)	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
ChB	Charlton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent	Somewhat limited	Charlton (85%)	Unstable excavation walls (0.01)	0.0	0.2%
	slopes			Dusty (0.00)		
ChC	Charlton fine	Somewhat	Charlton (85%)	Slope (0.63)	6.0	28.6%
	sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	limited		Unstable excavation walls (0.01)		
				Dusty (0.00)		
			Canton (2%)	Slope (0.63)		
				Unstable excavation walls (0.10)		
				Dusty (0.00)		
ChD	Charlton fine	sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent	charlton (85%)	Slope (1.00)	5.2	24.9%
	sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes			Unstable excavation walls (0.01)		
				Dusty (0.00)		
				Slope (1.00)		
				Depth to saturated zone (1.00)		
				Dense layer (0.50)		
				Unstable excavation walls (0.01)		
				Dusty (0.00)		
				Slope (1.00)		
			sandy loam (5%)	Depth to saturated zone (1.00)		
				Unstable excavation walls (0.01)		
				Dusty (0.00)		
			Chatfield (3%)	Depth to hard bedrock (1.00)		
				Slope (1.00)		
				Unstable excavation walls (0.01)		

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Component name (percent)	Rating reasons (numeric values)	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
				Dusty (0.00)		
			Canton (2%)	Slope (1.00)		
				Unstable excavation walls (0.10)		
				Dusty (0.00)		
LcB	Leicester loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, stony	Very limited	Leicester, somewhat poorly drained	Depth to saturated zone (1.00)	1.2	5.7%
			(50%)	Unstable excavation walls (0.01)		
				Dusty (0.00)		
		L		Depth to saturated zone (1.00)		
				Unstable excavation walls (0.01)		
				Dusty (0.00)		
NcA	Natchaug muck,	Very limited	Natchaug (80%)	Ponding (1.00)	1.8	8.5%
	0 to 2 percent slopes			Depth to saturated zone (1.00)		
				Unstable excavation walls (0.01)		
				Dusty (0.01)		
			Catden (8%)	Ponding (1.00)		
				Depth to saturated zone (1.00)		
				Organic matter content (1.00)		
				Unstable excavation walls (0.01)		
				Dusty (0.01)		
			Limerick (5%)	Depth to saturated zone (1.00)		
				Flooding (0.80)		
				Unstable excavation walls (0.01)		
				Dusty (0.01)		

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Component name (percent)	Rating reasons (numeric values)	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
			Sun (4%)	Depth to saturated zone (1.00)		
				Unstable excavation walls (0.01)		
				Dusty (0.01)		
			Halsey (3%)	Ponding (1.00)		
				Depth to saturated zone (1.00)		
				Unstable excavation walls (0.75)		
				Dusty (0.00)		
PnB	Paxton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent	Very limited	Paxton (80%)	Depth to saturated zone (1.00)	0.0	0.1%
	slopes	siopes		Dense layer (0.50)		
				Unstable excavation walls (0.01)		
				Dusty (0.00)		
			Woodbridge (9%)	Depth to saturated zone (1.00)		
				Dense layer (0.50)		
				Unstable excavation walls (0.01)		
				Dusty (0.00)		
			Ridgebury (6%)	Depth to saturated zone (1.00)		
				Dense layer (0.50)		
				Unstable excavation walls (0.01)		
				Dusty (0.00)		
Sh	Sun Ioam	Very limited	Sun (85%)	Ponding (1.00)	6.2	29.4%
				Depth to saturated zone (1.00)		
				Unstable excavation walls (0.01)		

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Component name (percent)	Rating reasons (numeric values)	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
				Dusty (0.01)		
SuB	Sutton loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Very limited	Sutton, loam (80%)	Depth to saturated zone (1.00)	0.4	1.9%
				Unstable excavation walls (0.01)		
				Dusty (0.00)		
			Leicester, loam (5%)	Depth to saturated zone (1.00)		
				Unstable excavation walls (0.01)		
				Dusty (0.00)		
			Woodbridge, loam (5%)	Depth to saturated zone (1.00)		
				Dense layer (0.50)		
				Unstable excavation walls (0.01)		
				Dusty (0.00)		
Uc	Udorthents, wet substratum	Very limited	Udorthents, wet substratum (80%)	Depth to saturated zone (1.00)	0.2	0.7%
				Depth to hard bedrock (0.42)		
				Unstable excavation walls (0.01)		
				Dusty (0.01)		
Totals for Area	of Interest				21.0	100.0%

Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
Very limited	14.9	71.3%
Somewhat limited	6.0	28.7%
Totals for Area of Interest	21.0	100.0%

### **Rating Options—Shallow Excavations**

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition
Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

### **Land Classifications**

Land Classifications are specified land use and management groupings that are assigned to soil areas because combinations of soil have similar behavior for specified practices. Most are based on soil properties and other factors that directly influence the specific use of the soil. Example classifications include ecological site classification, farmland classification, irrigated and nonirrigated land capability classification, and hydric rating.

#### **Farmland Classification**

Farmland classification identifies map units as prime farmland, farmland of statewide importance, farmland of local importance, or unique farmland. It identifies the location and extent of the soils that are best suited to food, feed, fiber, forage, and oilseed crops. NRCS policy and procedures on prime and unique farmlands are published in the "Federal Register," Vol. 43, No. 21, January 31, 1978.



		MAP LEGEND		
Area of Interest (AOI)  Area of Interest (AOI)  Soils  Soil Rating Polygons  Not prime farmland  All areas are prime farmland  Prime farmland if drained  Prime farmland if protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season  Prime farmland if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season  Prime farmland if irrigated and drained  Prime farmland if irrigated and drained  Prime farmland if irrigated and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season	Prime farmland if subsoiled, completely removing the root inhibiting soil layer  Prime farmland if irrigated and the product of I (soil erodibility) x C (climate factor) does not exceed 60  Prime farmland if irrigated and reclaimed of excess salts and sodium  Farmland of statewide importance  Farmland of statewide importance, if drained  Farmland of statewide importance, if protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season  Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated	Farmland of statewide importance, if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season  Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and drained  Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season  Farmland of statewide importance, if subsoiled, completely removing the root inhibiting soil layer  Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and the product of I (soil erodibility) x C (climate factor) does not exceed 60	Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and reclaimed of excess salts and sodium  Farmland of statewide importance, if drained or either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season  Farmland of statewide importance, if warm enough, and either drained or either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season  Farmland of statewide importance, if warm enough Farmland of statewide importance, if warm enough  Farmland of statewide importance, if thawed  Farmland of local importance, if irrigated	Farmland of unique importance  Not rated or not available  Soil Rating Lines  Not prime farmland  All areas are prime farmland  Prime farmland if drained  Prime farmland if protected from flooding or not frequently floode during the growing season  Prime farmland if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently floode during the growing season  Prime farmland if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently floode during the growing season  Prime farmland if irrigated and drained  Prime farmland if irrigated and either protected from flooding or not frequently floode during the growing season

, and	Prime farmland if subsoiled, completely removing the root inhibiting soil layer	~~	Farmland of statewide importance, if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently	***	Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and reclaimed of excess salts and sodium	***	Farmland of unique importance Not rated or not available	Prime farmland if subsoiled, completely removing the root inhibiting soil layer
~	Prime farmland if irrigated and the product of I (soil erodibility) x C (climate factor) does not exceed 60	~	flooded during the growing season Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and drained	***	Farmland of statewide importance, if drained or either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the	Soil Rat	ing Points  Not prime farmland  All areas are prime farmland	Prime farmland if irrigated and the product of I (soil erodibility) x C (climate factor) does not exceed 60
***	Prime farmland if irrigated and reclaimed of excess salts and sodium	~	Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and either protected from flooding or not frequently	~	growing season Farmland of statewide importance, if warm enough, and either		Prime farmland if drained  Prime farmland if protected from flooding or	Prime farmland if irrigated and reclaimed of excess salts and sodium
	Farmland of statewide importance Farmland of statewide		flooded during the growing season		drained or either protected from flooding or		not frequently flooded during the growing season	Farmland of statewide importance
~	importance, if drained Farmland of statewide	,41,4	Farmland of statewide importance, if subsoiled, completely removing the		not frequently flooded during the growing season		Prime farmland if irrigated	Farmland of statewide importance, if drained
	importance, if protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season	~	root inhibiting soil layer Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and the product of I (soil	~	Farmland of statewide importance, if warm enough		Prime farmland if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the	Farmland of statewide importance, if protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
,***	Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated		erodibility) x C (climate factor) does not exceed 60	~	importance, if thawed Farmland of local importance		growing season Prime farmland if irrigated and drained	Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated
				~	Farmland of local importance, if irrigated		Prime farmland if irrigated and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season	

- Farmland of statewide importance, if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
  - Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and drained
  - Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
  - Farmland of statewide importance, if subsoiled, completely removing the root inhibiting soil layer
  - Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and the product of I (soil erodibility) x C (climate factor) does not exceed 60

- Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and reclaimed of excess salts and sodium
- Farmland of statewide importance, if drained or either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
- Farmland of statewide importance, if warm enough, and either drained or either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
- Farmland of statewide importance, if warm enough
- Farmland of statewide importance, if thawed
- Farmland of local importance
- Farmland of local importance, if irrigated

- Farmland of unique importance
- Not rated or not available

#### **Water Features**

Streams and Canals

#### Transportation

++ Rails

Interstate Highways

US Routes

Major Roads

Local Roads

#### **Background**

~

Aerial Photography

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:12.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Westchester County, New York Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 11, 2020

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Oct 7, 2013—Feb 26, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

#### Table—Farmland Classification

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI				
ChB	Charlton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland	0.0	0.2%				
ChC	Charlton fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Farmland of statewide importance	6.0	28.6%				
ChD	Charlton fine sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes	Not prime farmland	5.2	24.9%				
LcB	Leicester loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, stony	Not prime farmland	1.2	5.7%				
NcA	Natchaug muck, 0 to 2 percent slopes	Not prime farmland	1.8	8.5%				
PnB	Paxton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland	0.0	0.1%				
Sh	Sun loam	Farmland of statewide importance	6.2	29.4%				
SuB	Sutton loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland	0.4	1.9%				
Uc	Udorthents, wet substratum	Not prime farmland	0.2	0.7%				
Totals for Area of Inter	est		21.0	100.0%				

#### Rating Options—Farmland Classification

Aggregation Method: No Aggregation Necessary

Tie-break Rule: Lower

### **Hydric Rating by Map Unit**

This rating indicates the percentage of map units that meets the criteria for hydric soils. Map units are composed of one or more map unit components or soil types, each of which is rated as hydric soil or not hydric. Map units that are made up dominantly of hydric soils may have small areas of minor nonhydric components in the higher positions on the landform, and map units that are made up dominantly of nonhydric soils may have small areas of minor hydric components in the lower positions on the landform. Each map unit is rated based on its respective components and the percentage of each component within the map unit.

The thematic map is color coded based on the composition of hydric components. The five color classes are separated as 100 percent hydric components, 66 to 99 percent hydric components, 33 to 65 percent hydric components, 1 to 32 percent hydric components, and less than one percent hydric components.

In Web Soil Survey, the Summary by Map Unit table that is displayed below the map pane contains a column named 'Rating'. In this column the percentage of each map unit that is classified as hydric is displayed.

Hydric soils are defined by the National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils (NTCHS) as soils that formed under conditions of saturation, flooding, or ponding long enough during the growing season to develop anaerobic conditions in the upper part (Federal Register, 1994). Under natural conditions, these soils are either saturated or inundated long enough during the growing season to support the growth and reproduction of hydrophytic vegetation.

The NTCHS definition identifies general soil properties that are associated with wetness. In order to determine whether a specific soil is a hydric soil or nonhydric soil, however, more specific information, such as information about the depth and duration of the water table, is needed. Thus, criteria that identify those estimated soil properties unique to hydric soils have been established (Federal Register, 2002). These criteria are used to identify map unit components that normally are associated with wetlands. The criteria used are selected estimated soil properties that are described in "Soil Taxonomy" (Soil Survey Staff, 1999) and "Keys to Soil Taxonomy" (Soil Survey Staff, 2006) and in the "Soil Survey Manual" (Soil Survey Division Staff, 1993).

If soils are wet enough for a long enough period of time to be considered hydric, they should exhibit certain properties that can be easily observed in the field. These visible properties are indicators of hydric soils. The indicators used to make onsite determinations of hydric soils are specified in "Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States" (Hurt and Vasilas, 2006).

#### References:

Federal Register. July 13, 1994. Changes in hydric soils of the United States.

Federal Register. September 18, 2002. Hydric soils of the United States.

Hurt, G.W., and L.M. Vasilas, editors. Version 6.0, 2006. Field indicators of hydric soils in the United States.

Soil Survey Division Staff. 1993. Soil survey manual. Soil Conservation Service. U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 18.

Soil Survey Staff. 1999. Soil taxonomy: A basic system of soil classification for making and interpreting soil surveys. 2nd edition. Natural Resources Conservation Service. U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 436.

Soil Survey Staff. 2006. Keys to soil taxonomy. 10th edition. U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service.



### MAP LEGEND

Transportation

 $\sim$ 

Background

Rails

**US Routes** 

Major Roads

Local Roads

Interstate Highways

Aerial Photography

# Area of Interest (AOI) Area of Interest (AOI) Soils

#### Soil Rating Polygons

Hydric (100%)

Hydric (66 to 99%)
Hydric (33 to 65%)

Hydric (1 to 32%)

Not Hydric (0%)

Not rated or not available

#### Soil Rating Lines

Hydric (100%)

Hydric (66 to 99%)

Hydric (33 to 65%)

Hydric (1 to 32%)

Not Hydric (0%)

Not rated or not available

#### **Soil Rating Points**

Hydric (100%)

Hydric (66 to 99%)

Hydric (33 to 65%)

Hydric (1 to 32%)

Not Hydric (0%)

Not rated or not available

#### **Water Features**

Streams and Canals

#### MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:12.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Westchester County, New York Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 11, 2020

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Oct 7, 2013—Feb 26, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

### **Table—Hydric Rating by Map Unit**

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI					
ChB	Charlton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	1	0.0	0.2%					
ChC	Charlton fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	0	6.0	28.6%					
ChD	Charlton fine sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes	0	5.2	24.9%					
LcB	Leicester loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, stony	42	1.2	5.7%					
NcA	Natchaug muck, 0 to 2 percent slopes	100	1.8	8.5%					
PnB	Paxton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	6	0.0	0.1%					
Sh	Sun loam	100	6.2	29.4%					
SuB	Sutton loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	5	0.4	1.9%					
Uc	Udorthents, wet substratum	6	0.2	0.7%					
Totals for Area of Inter	est		21.0	100.0%					

### Rating Options—Hydric Rating by Map Unit

Aggregation Method: Percent Present

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Lower

## References

American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO). 2004. Standard specifications for transportation materials and methods of sampling and testing. 24th edition.

American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM). 2005. Standard classification of soils for engineering purposes. ASTM Standard D2487-00.

Cowardin, L.M., V. Carter, F.C. Golet, and E.T. LaRoe. 1979. Classification of wetlands and deep-water habitats of the United States. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service FWS/OBS-79/31.

Federal Register. July 13, 1994. Changes in hydric soils of the United States.

Federal Register. September 18, 2002. Hydric soils of the United States.

Hurt, G.W., and L.M. Vasilas, editors. Version 6.0, 2006. Field indicators of hydric soils in the United States.

National Research Council. 1995. Wetlands: Characteristics and boundaries.

Soil Survey Division Staff. 1993. Soil survey manual. Soil Conservation Service. U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 18. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/national/soils/?cid=nrcs142p2 054262

Soil Survey Staff. 1999. Soil taxonomy: A basic system of soil classification for making and interpreting soil surveys. 2nd edition. Natural Resources Conservation Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 436. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/national/soils/?cid=nrcs142p2 053577

Soil Survey Staff. 2010. Keys to soil taxonomy. 11th edition. U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/national/soils/?cid=nrcs142p2 053580

Tiner, R.W., Jr. 1985. Wetlands of Delaware. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control, Wetlands Section.

United States Army Corps of Engineers, Environmental Laboratory. 1987. Corps of Engineers wetlands delineation manual. Waterways Experiment Station Technical Report Y-87-1.

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. National forestry manual. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/home/?cid=nrcs142p2 053374

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. National range and pasture handbook. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/national/landuse/rangepasture/?cid=stelprdb1043084

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. National soil survey handbook, title 430-VI. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/scientists/?cid=nrcs142p2\_054242

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2006. Land resource regions and major land resource areas of the United States, the Caribbean, and the Pacific Basin. U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 296. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/national/soils/?cid=nrcs142p2\_053624

United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service. 1961. Land capability classification. U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 210. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/Internet/FSE\_DOCUMENTS/nrcs142p2\_052290.pdf

# IPaC resource list

This report is an automatically generated list of species and other resources such as critical habitat (collectively referred to as *trust resources*) under the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's (USFWS) jurisdiction that are known or expected to be on or near the project area referenced below. The list may also include trust resources that occur outside of the project area, but that could potentially be directly or indirectly affected by activities in the project area. However, determining the likelihood and extent of effects a project may have on trust resources typically requires gathering additional site-specific (e.g., vegetation/species surveys) and project-specific (e.g., magnitude and timing of proposed activities) information.

Below is a summary of the project information you provided and contact information for the USFWS office(s) with jurisdiction in the defined project area. Please read the introduction to each section that follows (Endangered Species, Migratory Birds, USFWS Facilities, and NWI Wetlands) for additional information applicable to the trust resources addressed in that section.

# **Project information**

NAME

Ciuffetelli Solar Project

LOCATION

Westchester County, New York



#### **DESCRIPTION**

Some(The Proposed Project is located at 1645 Strawberry Road & 1700 Route 6, Mohegan Lake in the Town of Yorktown, Westchester County, NY and is known and designated by Westchester County as Tax Map Numbers 15.12-1-12 and 15.12-1-30 (approximately 21 acres). Green Street Power Partners is proposing to construct a solar array facility, with associated equipment, access roads and utilities.)

### Local offices

# Long Island Ecological Services Field Office

**\( (631) 286-0485** 

**(631)** 286-4003

340 Smith Road Shirley, NY 11967-2258

New York Ecological Services Field Office

**4** (607) 753-9334

**(607)** 753-9699

3817 Luker Road Cortland, NY 13045-9385

http://www.fws.gov/northeast/nyfo/es/section7.htm

# Endangered species

This resource list is for informational purposes only and does not constitute an analysis of project level impacts.

The primary information used to generate this list is the known or expected range of each species. Additional areas of influence (AOI) for species are also considered. An AOI includes areas outside of the species range if the species could be indirectly affected by activities in that area (e.g., placing a dam upstream of a fish population even if that fish does not occur at the dam site, may indirectly impact the species by reducing or eliminating water flow downstream). Because species can move, and site conditions can change, the species on this list are not guaranteed to be found on or near the project area. To fully determine any potential effects to species, additional site-specific and project-specific information is often required.

Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act **requires** Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of such proposed action" for any project that is conducted, permitted, funded, or licensed by any Federal agency. A letter from the local office and a species list which fulfills this requirement can **only** be obtained by requesting an official species list from either the Regulatory Review section in IPaC (see directions below) or from the local field office directly.

For project evaluations that require USFWS concurrence/review, please return to the IPaC website and request an official species list by doing the following:

- 1. Log in to IPaC.
- 2. Go to your My Projects list.
- 3. Click PROJECT HOME for this project.
- 4. Click REQUEST SPECIES LIST.

Listed species<sup>1</sup> and their critical habitats are managed by the <u>Ecological Services Program</u> of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and the fisheries division of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA Fisheries<sup>2</sup>).

Species and critical habitats under the sole responsibility of NOAA Fisheries are **not** shown on this list. Please contact <u>NOAA Fisheries</u> for <u>species under their jurisdiction</u>.

- 1. Species listed under the <u>Endangered Species Act</u> are threatened or endangered; IPaC also shows species that are candidates, or proposed, for listing. See the <u>listing status page</u> for more information. IPaC only shows species that are regulated by USFWS (see FAQ).
- 2. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

The following species are potentially affected by activities in this location:

# **Mammals**

NAME STATUS

Indiana Bat Myotis sodalis

Wherever found

There is **final** critical habitat for this species. The location of the critical habitat is not available.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5949

Endangered

# Reptiles

NAME STATUS

Bog Turtle Clemmys muhlenbergii

Threatened

No critical habitat has been designated for this species.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6962

# Critical habitats

Potential effects to critical habitat(s) in this location must be analyzed along with the endangered species themselves.

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS AT THIS LOCATION.

# Migratory birds

Certain birds are protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty  $Act^{1}$  and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection  $Act^{2}$ .

Any person or organization who plans or conducts activities that may result in impacts to migratory birds, eagles, and their habitats should follow appropriate regulations and consider implementing appropriate conservation measures, as described <u>below</u>.

- 1. The Migratory Birds Treaty Act of 1918.
- 2. The Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act of 1940.

Additional information can be found using the following links:

- Birds of Conservation Concern <a href="http://www.fws.gov/birds/management/managed-species/birds-of-conservation-concern.php">http://www.fws.gov/birds/management/managed-species/birds-of-conservation-concern.php</a>
- Measures for avoiding and minimizing impacts to birds
   <a href="http://www.fws.gov/birds/management/project-assessment-tools-and-guidance/conservation-measures.php">http://www.fws.gov/birds/management/project-assessment-tools-and-guidance/conservation-measures.php</a>
- Nationwide conservation measures for birds <a href="http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/pdf/management/nationwidestandardconservationmeasures.pdf">http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/pdf/management/nationwidestandardconservationmeasures.pdf</a>

The birds listed below are birds of particular concern either because they occur on the <u>USFWS Birds</u> of <u>Conservation Concern</u> (BCC) list or warrant special attention in your project location. To learn more about the levels of concern for birds on your list and how this list is generated, see the FAQ

<u>below</u>. This is not a list of every bird you may find in this location, nor a guarantee that every bird on this list will be found in your project area. To see exact locations of where birders and the general public have sighted birds in and around your project area, visit the <u>E-bird data mapping tool</u> (Tip: enter your location, desired date range and a species on your list). For projects that occur off the Atlantic Coast, additional maps and models detailing the relative occurrence and abundance of bird species on your list are available. Links to additional information about Atlantic Coast birds, and other important information about your migratory bird list, including how to properly interpret and use your migratory bird report, can be found <u>below</u>.

For guidance on when to schedule activities or implement avoidance and minimization measures to reduce impacts to migratory birds on your list, click on the PROBABILITY OF PRESENCE SUMMARY at the top of your list to see when these birds are most likely to be present and breeding in your project area.

NAME

BREEDING SEASON (IF A
BREEDING SEASON IS INDICATED
FOR A BIRD ON YOUR LIST, THE
BIRD MAY BREED IN YOUR
PROJECT AREA SOMETIME WITHIN
THE TIMEFRAME SPECIFIED,
WHICH IS A VERY LIBERAL
ESTIMATE OF THE DATES INSIDE
WHICH THE BIRD BREEDS
ACROSS ITS ENTIRE RANGE.
"BREEDS ELSEWHERE" INDICATES
THAT THE BIRD DOES NOT LIKELY
BREED IN YOUR PROJECT AREA.)

# Bald Eagle Haliaeetus leucocephalus

This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1626

Breeds Sep 1 to Aug 31

**Black-capped Chickadee** Poecile atricapillus practicus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA

Breeds Apr 10 to Jul 31

Rusty Blackbird Euphagus carolinus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds elsewhere

Wood Thrush Hylocichla mustelina

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds May 10 to Aug 31

Yellow-bellied Sapsucker sphyrapicus varius

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird

Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8792

# **Probability of Presence Summary**

The graphs below provide our best understanding of when birds of concern are most likely to be present in your project area. This information can be used to tailor and schedule your project activities to avoid or minimize impacts to birds. Please make sure you read and understand the FAQ "Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report" before using or attempting to interpret this report.

# Probability of Presence (■)

Each green bar represents the bird's relative probability of presence in the 10km grid cell(s) your project overlaps during a particular week of the year. (A year is represented as 12 4-week months.) A taller bar indicates a higher probability of species presence. The survey effort (see below) can be used to establish a level of confidence in the presence score. One can have higher confidence in the presence score if the corresponding survey effort is also high.

How is the probability of presence score calculated? The calculation is done in three steps:

- 1. The probability of presence for each week is calculated as the number of survey events in the week where the species was detected divided by the total number of survey events for that week. For example, if in week 12 there were 20 survey events and the Spotted Towhee was found in 5 of them, the probability of presence of the Spotted Towhee in week 12 is 0.25.
- 2. To properly present the pattern of presence across the year, the relative probability of presence is calculated. This is the probability of presence divided by the maximum probability of presence across all weeks. For example, imagine the probability of presence in week 20 for the Spotted Towhee is 0.05, and that the probability of presence at week 12 (0.25) is the maximum of any week of the year. The relative probability of presence on week 12 is 0.25/0.25 = 1; at week 20 it is 0.05/0.25 = 0.2.
- 3. The relative probability of presence calculated in the previous step undergoes a statistical conversion so that all possible values fall between 0 and 10, inclusive. This is the probability of presence score.

To see a bar's probability of presence score, simply hover your mouse cursor over the bar.

### Breeding Season (=)

Yellow bars denote a very liberal estimate of the time-frame inside which the bird breeds across its entire range. If there are no yellow bars shown for a bird, it does not breed in your project area.

# Survey Effort (1)

Vertical black lines superimposed on probability of presence bars indicate the number of surveys performed for that species in the 10km grid cell(s) your project area overlaps. The number of surveys is expressed as a range, for example, 33 to 64 surveys.

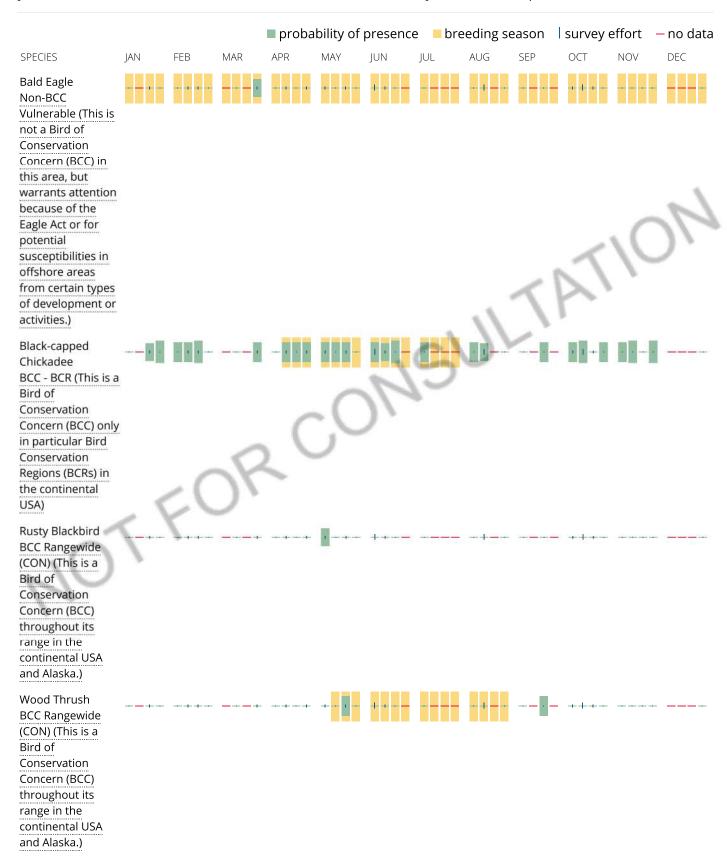
To see a bar's survey effort range, simply hover your mouse cursor over the bar.

### No Data (-)

A week is marked as having no data if there were no survey events for that week.

# **Survey Timeframe**

Surveys from only the last 10 years are used in order to ensure delivery of currently relevant information. The exception to this is areas off the Atlantic coast, where bird returns are based on all years of available data, since data in these areas is currently much more sparse.



Yellow-bellied
Sapsucker
BCC - BCR (This is a Bird of Conservation
Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation
Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA)

Tell me more about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds.

Nationwide Conservation Measures describes measures that can help avoid and minimize impacts to all birds at any location year round. Implementation of these measures is particularly important when birds are most likely to occur in the project area. When birds may be breeding in the area, identifying the locations of any active nests and avoiding their destruction is a very helpful impact minimization measure. To see when birds are most likely to occur and be breeding in your project area, view the Probability of Presence Summary. Additional measures or permits may be advisable depending on the type of activity you are conducting and the type of infrastructure or bird species present on your project site.

### What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?

The Migratory Bird Resource List is comprised of USFWS <u>Birds of Conservation Concern (BCC)</u> and other species that may warrant special attention in your project location.

The migratory bird list generated for your project is derived from data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. The AKN data is based on a growing collection of <u>survey, banding, and citizen science datasets</u> and is queried and filtered to return a list of those birds reported as occurring in the 10km grid cell(s) which your project intersects, and that have been identified as warranting special attention because they are a BCC species in that area, an eagle (<u>Eagle Act</u> requirements may apply), or a species that has a particular vulnerability to offshore activities or development.

Again, the Migratory Bird Resource list includes only a subset of birds that may occur in your project area. It is not representative of all birds that may occur in your project area. To get a list of all birds potentially present in your project area, please visit the <a href="https://example.com/AKN Phenology Tool">AKN Phenology Tool</a>.

# What does IPaC use to generate the probability of presence graphs for the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?

The probability of presence graphs associated with your migratory bird list are based on data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. This data is derived from a growing collection of <u>survey</u>, <u>banding</u>, <u>and citizen science datasets</u>.

Probability of presence data is continuously being updated as new and better information becomes available. To learn more about how the probability of presence graphs are produced and how to interpret them, go the Probability of Presence Summary and then click on the "Tell me about these graphs" link.

# How do I know if a bird is breeding, wintering, migrating or present year-round in my project area?

To see what part of a particular bird's range your project area falls within (i.e. breeding, wintering, migrating or year-round), you may refer to the following resources: The Cornell Lab of Ornithology All About Birds Bird Guide, or (if you are unsuccessful in locating the bird of interest there), the Cornell Lab of Ornithology Neotropical Birds guide. If a bird on your migratory bird species list has a breeding season associated with it, if that bird does occur in your project area, there may be nests present at some point within the timeframe specified. If "Breeds elsewhere" is indicated, then the bird likely does not breed in your project area.

### What are the levels of concern for migratory birds?

Migratory birds delivered through IPaC fall into the following distinct categories of concern:

- 1. "BCC Rangewide" birds are <u>Birds of Conservation Concern</u> (BCC) that are of concern throughout their range anywhere within the USA (including Hawaii, the Pacific Islands, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands);
- 2. "BCC BCR" birds are BCCs that are of concern only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA; and
- 3. "Non-BCC Vulnerable" birds are not BCC species in your project area, but appear on your list either because of the <u>Eagle Act</u> requirements (for eagles) or (for non-eagles) potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities (e.g. offshore energy development or longline fishing).

Although it is important to try to avoid and minimize impacts to all birds, efforts should be made, in particular, to avoid and minimize impacts to the birds on this list, especially eagles and BCC species of rangewide concern. For more information on conservation measures you can implement to help avoid and minimize migratory bird impacts and requirements for eagles, please see the FAQs for these topics.

### Details about birds that are potentially affected by offshore projects

For additional details about the relative occurrence and abundance of both individual bird species and groups of bird species within your project area off the Atlantic Coast, please visit the <u>Northeast Ocean Data Portal</u>. The Portal also offers data and information about other taxa besides birds that may be helpful to you in your project review. Alternately, you may download the bird model results files underlying the portal maps through the <u>NOAA NCCOS Integrative Statistical Modeling and Predictive Mapping of Marine Bird Distributions and Abundance on the Atlantic Outer Continental Shelf project webpage.</u>

Bird tracking data can also provide additional details about occurrence and habitat use throughout the year, including migration. Models relying on survey data may not include this information. For additional information on marine bird tracking data, see the <u>Diving Bird Study</u> and the <u>nanotag studies</u> or contact <u>Caleb Spiegel</u> or <u>Pam Loring</u>.

# What if I have eagles on my list?

If your project has the potential to disturb or kill eagles, you may need to <u>obtain a permit</u> to avoid violating the Eagle Act should such impacts occur.

### Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report

The migratory bird list generated is not a list of all birds in your project area, only a subset of birds of priority concern. To learn more about how your list is generated, and see options for identifying what other birds may be in your project area, please see the FAQ "What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location". Please be aware this report provides the "probability of presence" of birds within the 10 km grid cell(s) that overlap your project; not your exact project footprint. On the graphs provided, please also look carefully at the survey effort (indicated by the black vertical bar) and for the existence of the "no data" indicator (a red horizontal bar). A high survey effort is the key component. If the survey effort is high, then the probability of presence score can be viewed as more dependable. In contrast, a low survey effort bar or no data bar means a lack of data and, therefore, a lack of certainty about presence of the species. This list is not perfect; it is simply a starting point for identifying what birds of concern have the potential to be in your project area, when they might be there, and if they might be breeding (which means nests might be present). The list helps you know what to look for to confirm presence, and helps guide you in knowing when to implement conservation measures to avoid or minimize potential impacts from your project activities, should presence be confirmed. To learn more about conservation measures, visit the FAQ "Tell me about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds" at the bottom of your migratory bird trust resources page.

# **Facilities**

# National Wildlife Refuge lands

Any activity proposed on lands managed by the <u>National Wildlife Refuge</u> system must undergo a 'Compatibility Determination' conducted by the Refuge. Please contact the individual Refuges to discuss any questions or concerns.

THERE ARE NO REFUGE LANDS AT THIS LOCATION.

# Fish hatcheries

THERE ARE NO FISH HATCHERIES AT THIS LOCATION.

# Wetlands in the National Wetlands Inventory

Impacts to <u>NWI wetlands</u> and other aquatic habitats may be subject to regulation under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, or other State/Federal statutes.

For more information please contact the Regulatory Program of the local <u>U.S. Army Corps of Engineers District</u>.

Please note that the NWI data being shown may be out of date. We are currently working to update our NWI data set. We recommend you verify these results with a site visit to determine the actual extent of wetlands on site.

This location overlaps the following wetlands:

FRESHWATER FORESTED/SHRUB WETLAND

PFO1Ed

PSS1E

FRESHWATER POND

**PUBHx** 

**RIVERINE** 

R3UBH

A full description for each wetland code can be found at the National Wetlands Inventory website

**Data limitations** 

The Service's objective of mapping wetlands and deepwater habitats is to produce reconnaissance level information on the location, type and size of these resources. The maps are prepared from the analysis of high altitude imagery. Wetlands are identified based on vegetation, visible hydrology and geography. A margin of error is inherent in the use of imagery; thus, detailed on-the-ground inspection of any particular site may result in revision of the wetland boundaries or classification established through image analysis.

The accuracy of image interpretation depends on the quality of the imagery, the experience of the image analysts, the amount and quality of the collateral data and the amount of ground truth verification work conducted. Metadata should be consulted to determine the date of the source imagery used and any mapping problems.

Wetlands or other mapped features may have changed since the date of the imagery or field work. There may be occasional differences in polygon boundaries or classifications between the information depicted on the map and the actual conditions on site.

### Data exclusions

Certain wetland habitats are excluded from the National mapping program because of the limitations of aerial imagery as the primary data source used to detect wetlands. These habitats include seagrasses or submerged aquatic vegetation that are found in the intertidal and subtidal zones of estuaries and nearshore coastal waters. Some deepwater reef communities (coral or tuberficid worm reefs) have also been excluded from the inventory. These habitats, because of their depth, go undetected by aerial imagery.

### **Data precautions**

Federal, state, and local regulatory agencies with jurisdiction over wetlands may define and describe wetlands in a different manner than that used in this inventory. There is no attempt, in either the design or products of this inventory, to define the limits of proprietary jurisdiction of any Federal, state, or local government or to establish the geographical scope of the regulatory programs of government agencies. Persons intending to engage in activities involving modifications within or adjacent to wetland areas should seek the advice of appropriate federal, state, or local agencies concerning specified agency regulatory programs and proprietary jurisdictions that may affect such activities.



# United States Department of the Interior



### FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

New York Ecological Services Field Office 3817 Luker Road Cortland, NY 13045-9385 Phone: (607) 753-9334 Fax: (607) 753-9699

http://www.fws.gov/northeast/nyfo/es/section7.htm

In Reply Refer To: July 20, 2021

Consultation Code: 05E1NY00-2021-SLI-3476

Event Code: 05E1NY00-2021-E-10642 Project Name: Ciuffetelli Solar Project

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project

location or may be affected by your proposed project

# To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed and candidate species, as well as proposed and final designated critical habitat, that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. The species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*). This list can also be used to determine whether listed species may be present for projects without federal agency involvement. New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list.

Please feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the ESA, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally as desired. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the ECOS-IPaC site at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested through the ECOS-IPaC system by completing the same process used to receive the enclosed list. If listed, proposed, or candidate species were identified as potentially occurring in the project area, coordination with our office is encouraged. Information on the steps involved with assessing potential impacts from projects can be found at: <a href="http://www.fws.gov/northeast/nyfo/es/section7.htm">http://www.fws.gov/northeast/nyfo/es/section7.htm</a>

Please be aware that bald and golden eagles are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 668 *et seq.*), and projects affecting these species may require development of an eagle conservation plan (<a href="http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/eagle\_guidance.html">http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/eagle\_guidance.html</a>). Additionally, wind energy projects should follow the Services wind

energy guidelines (<a href="http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/">http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/</a>) for minimizing impacts to migratory birds and bats.

Guidance for minimizing impacts to migratory birds for projects including communications towers (e.g., cellular, digital television, radio, and emergency broadcast) can be found at: <a href="http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers.htm">http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/comtow.html</a>.

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal agencies to include conservation of threatened and endangered species into their project planning to further the purposes of the ESA. Please include the Consultation Tracking Number in the header of this letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

### Attachment(s):

Official Species List

# **Official Species List**

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

# **New York Ecological Services Field Office**

3817 Luker Road Cortland, NY 13045-9385 (607) 753-9334

This project's location is within the jurisdiction of multiple offices. Expect additional species list documents from the following office, and expect that the species and critical habitats in each document reflect only those that fall in the office's jurisdiction:

# **Long Island Ecological Services Field Office**

340 Smith Road Shirley, NY 11967-2258 (631) 286-0485

# **Project Summary**

Consultation Code: 05E1NY00-2021-SLI-3476
Event Code: 05E1NY00-2021-E-10642
Project Name: Ciuffetelli Solar Project
Project Type: Federal Grant / Loan Related

Project Description: The Proposed Project is located at 1645 Strawberry Road & 1700 Route

6, Mohegan Lake in the Town of Yorktown, Westchester County, NY and is known and designated by Westchester County as Tax Map Numbers 15.12-1-12 and 15.12-1-30 (approximately 21 acres). Green Street Power Partners is proposing to construct a solar array facility, with associated

equipment, access roads and utilities.

### **Project Location:**

Approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: <a href="https://www.google.com/maps/@41.32649340000004">https://www.google.com/maps/@41.326493400000004</a>,-73.8519581671764,14z



Counties: Westchester County, New York

# **Endangered Species Act Species**

There is a total of 2 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries<sup>1</sup>, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

NOAA Fisheries, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an
office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of
Commerce.

### **Mammals**

NAME STATUS

### Indiana Bat Myotis sodalis

Endangered

There is **final** critical habitat for this species. The location of the critical habitat is not available.

Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5949

# **Reptiles**

NAME STATUS

### Bog Turtle *Clemmys muhlenbergii*

Threatened

Population: Wherever found, except GA, NC, SC, TN, VA No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6962">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6962</a>

### **Critical habitats**

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.



# United States Department of the Interior



### FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Long Island Ecological Services Field Office 340 Smith Road Shirley, NY 11967-2258 Phone: (631) 286-0485 Fax: (631) 286-4003

In Reply Refer To: July 20, 2021

Consultation Code: 05E1LI00-2021-SLI-0735

Event Code: 05E1LI00-2021-E-01746 Project Name: Ciuffetelli Solar Project

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project

location or may be affected by your proposed project

# To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed and candidate species, as well as proposed and final designated critical habitat, that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. The species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*).

New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Please feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the Act, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally as desired. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the ECOS-IPaC website at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested through the ECOS-IPaC system by completing the same process used to receive the enclosed list.

The purpose of the Act is to provide a means whereby threatened and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Under sections 7(a)(1) and 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 *et seq.*), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species and to determine whether projects may affect threatened and endangered species and/or designated critical habitat.

A Biological Assessment is required for construction projects (or other undertakings having similar physical impacts) that are major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment as defined in the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2)

(c)). For projects other than major construction activities, the Service suggests that a biological evaluation similar to a Biological Assessment be prepared to determine whether the project may affect listed or proposed species and/or designated or proposed critical habitat. Recommended contents of a Biological Assessment are described at 50 CFR 402.12.

If a Federal agency determines, based on the Biological Assessment or biological evaluation, that listed species and/or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. In addition, the Service recommends that candidate species, proposed species and proposed critical habitat be addressed within the consultation. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook" at:

http://www.fws.gov/endangered/esa-library/pdf/TOC-GLOS.PDF

Please be aware that bald and golden eagles are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 668 *et seq.*), and projects affecting these species may require development of an eagle conservation plan

(http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/eagle\_guidance.html). Additionally, wind energy projects should follow the wind energy guidelines (http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/) for minimizing impacts to migratory birds and bats.

Guidance for minimizing impacts to migratory birds for projects including communications towers (e.g., cellular, digital television, radio, and emergency broadcast) can be found at: http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/towers.htm; http://www.towerkill.com; and http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/comtow.html.

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal agencies to include conservation of threatened and endangered species into their project planning to further the purposes of the Act. Please include the Consultation Tracking Number in the header of this letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

### Attachment(s):

Official Species List

# **Official Species List**

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

# **Long Island Ecological Services Field Office**

340 Smith Road Shirley, NY 11967-2258 (631) 286-0485

This project's location is within the jurisdiction of multiple offices. Expect additional species list documents from the following office, and expect that the species and critical habitats in each document reflect only those that fall in the office's jurisdiction:

# **New York Ecological Services Field Office**

3817 Luker Road Cortland, NY 13045-9385 (607) 753-9334

# **Project Summary**

Consultation Code: 05E1LI00-2021-SLI-0735
Event Code: 05E1LI00-2021-E-01746
Project Name: Ciuffetelli Solar Project
Project Type: Federal Grant / Loan Related

Project Description: The Proposed Project is located at 1645 Strawberry Road & 1700 Route

6, Mohegan Lake in the Town of Yorktown, Westchester County, NY and is known and designated by Westchester County as Tax Map Numbers 15.12-1-12 and 15.12-1-30 (approximately 21 acres). Green Street Power Partners is proposing to construct a solar array facility, with associated

equipment, access roads and utilities.

### **Project Location:**

Approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: <a href="https://www.google.com/maps/@41.32649340000004">https://www.google.com/maps/@41.326493400000004</a>,-73.8519581671764,14z



Counties: Westchester County, New York

# **Endangered Species Act Species**

There is a total of 2 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries<sup>1</sup>, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

NOAA Fisheries, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an
office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of
Commerce.

### **Mammals**

NAME STATUS

### Indiana Bat Myotis sodalis

Endangered

There is **final** critical habitat for this species. The location of the critical habitat is not available.

Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5949

# **Reptiles**

NAME STATUS

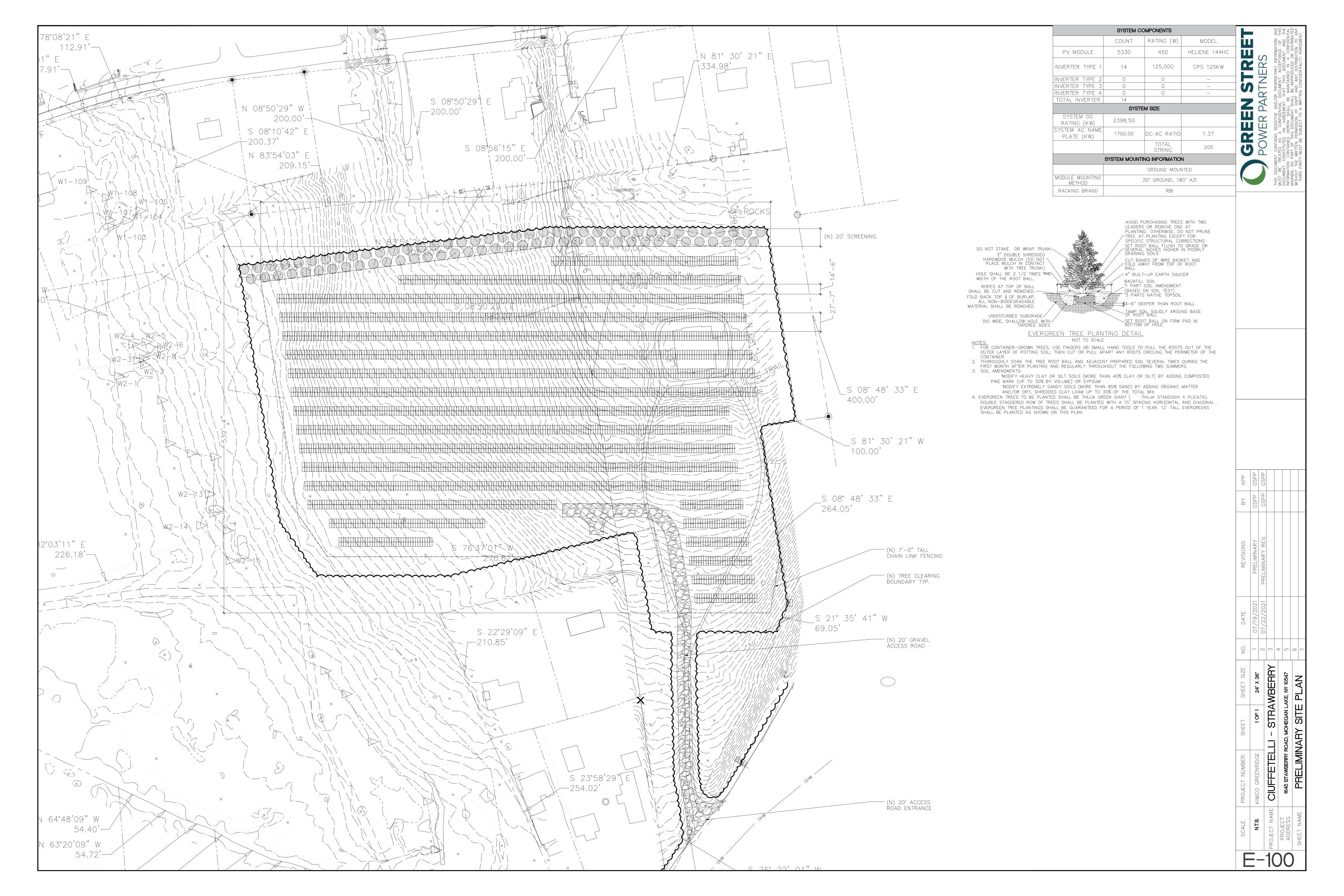
### Bog Turtle *Clemmys muhlenbergii*

Threatened

Population: Wherever found, except GA, NC, SC, TN, VA No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6962">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6962</a>

### **Critical habitats**

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.



# Arborist Report for Project Site Located at: 1645 Strawberry Rd Yorktown, NY 10547

# **Prepared for:**



1 Landmark Square, Suite 320 Stamford, CT 06901

# Prepared by:



7878 Wadsworth Blvd, Suite 340 Arvada, CO 80003 (303)214-5067

info@planitgeo.com

**Contact: Nathan Cummings** 

ISA Certified Arborist #NY-6214A

On May 17, 2021, PlanIT Geo's ISA Certified Arborist Nathan Cummings met with Brian Matthews from Green Street Power Partners at the project site located at 1645 Strawberry Rd in Yorktown, New York to review the site and discuss the project scope and boundaries for an inventory of trees on the property.

While on site, Mr. Matthews walked the project boundaries with Mr. Cummings and discussed overall goals of the project. Data was collected on-site using a handheld mobile device and PlanIT Geo's tree inventory software, TreePlotter. Data collected during the project included: tree location (latitude and longitude), species, condition rating (Excellent, Good, Fair, Poor), diameter at breast height (DBH) measured to the nearest inch, as well as standard arboriculture observations. Upon initial walkthrough, it was determined and agreed upon that 8" DBH would be the threshold for inclusion in the survey. This size threshold was agreed upon to include an accurate representation of trees within the canopy and tree species diversity on-site. Dead trees were not included in the inventory.

The inventory area at the project site located at 1645 Strawberry Rd encompasses 15 acres. While conducting the inventory, it was observed that the upper (emergent) layer of the canopy consisted mainly of sugar maple (Acer saccharum) and red maple (Acer rubrum), with smaller percentages of black locust (Robinia pseudoacacia) and tulip tree (Liriodendron tulipifera). The understory is mainly sugar maple (Acer saccharum) and red maple (Acer rubrum), with smaller percentages of black locust (Robinia pseudoacacia), Norway maple (Acer platanoides), and shagbark hickory (Carya ovata). There is spotty ground cover throughout the inventory area of wild rose (Rosa spp.) and Japanese barberry (Berberis thunbergii), which is listed as a "prohibited and regulated invasive plant" per New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

The tree inventory of the property identified a total of 638 trees within the canopy measuring 8" or larger in DBH. Composition and condition of the 638 inventoried trees is shown in Table 1 below:

**Table 1: Tree Inventory Composition & Condition** 

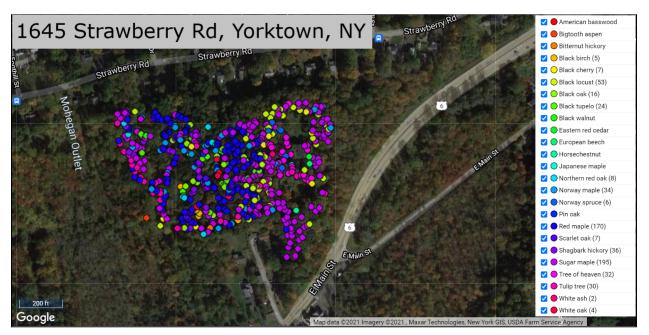
Common Name	Total	Percent (%)	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor
Sugar maple	195	30.56	0	179	12	4
Red maple	170	26.65	0	154	11	5
Black locust	53	8.31	0	5	11	37
Shagbark hickory	36	5.64	0	31	5	0
Norway maple	34	5.33	0	31	3	0
Tree of heaven	32	5.02	0	0	31	1
Tulip tree	30	4.70	0	26	3	1
Black tupelo	24	3.76	0	18	6	0
Black oak	16	2.51	0	16	0	0
Northern red oak	8	1.25	0	8	0	0
Black cherry	7	1.10	0	6	1	0
Scarlet oak	7	1.10	0	7	0	0

Common Name	Total	Percent (%)	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor
Norway spruce	6	0.94	0	3	2	1
Black birch	5	0.78	0	4	1	0
White oak	4	0.63	0	4	0	0
White ash	2	0.31	0	0	0	2
American basswood	1	0.16	0	1	0	0
Bigtooth aspen	1	0.16	0	0	1	0
Bitternut hickory	1	0.16	0	1	0	0
Black walnut	1	0.16	0	1	0	0
Eastern red cedar	1	0.16	0	0	1	0
European beech	1	0.16	0	0	0	1
Horsechestnut	1	0.16	0	0	0	1
Japanese maple	1	0.16	0	1	0	0
Pin oak	1	0.16	0	1	0	0

# **Tree Species Composition**

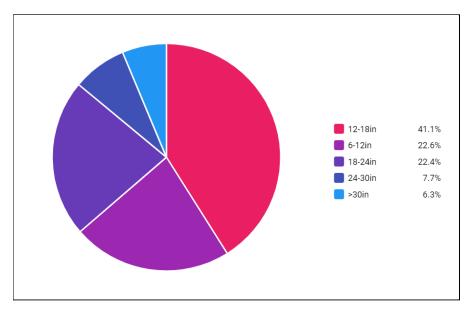
Of the 638 trees inventoried within the inventory area, the predominant species are sugar maple (*Acer saccharum*) and red maple (*Acer rubrum*), comprising over 57% of the total trees inventoried. Black locust (*Robinia pseudoacacia*) accounted for 8.31%. Shagbark hickory (*Carya ovata*), Norway maple (*Acer platanoides*), tree of heaven (*Ailanthus altissima*), and tulip tree (*Liriodendron tulipifera*) accounted for roughly 5% each. The remaining 15% of trees within the inventory area consist of the other 18 species listed in the table above and the site map below.

# Site Map - Tree Species (common name)

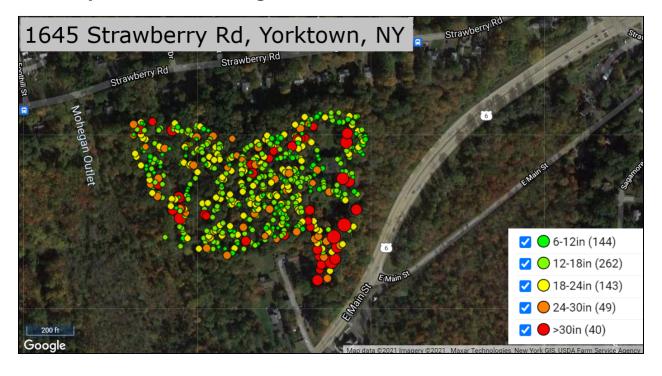


# **Tree Size Distribution**

Diameter at breast height (DBH) was measured for all trees within the scope of the inventory to the nearest inch and assigned a DBH range. Of the 638 trees inventoried, 144 (22.57%) measured 6-12 inches, 262 (41.07%) measured 12-18 inches, 143 (22.41%) measured 18-24 inches, 49 (7.68%) measured 24-30 inches, and 40 (6.27%) measured 30 inches or greater.



# Site Map - Tree DBH Range



# **Conclusion and Disclaimer**

Arborists are tree specialists who use their education, knowledge, training and experience to examine and identify trees, recommend measures to enhance the beauty and health of trees, or attempt to reduce the risk of living near trees. Arborists cannot detect every condition that could possibly lead to structural failure of a tree or anticipate all environmental factors that could contribute to failure; as a living organism, a tree's condition may change at any time. Since these trees are within the proposed project area and are to be removed, this report does not include any maintenance recommendations or tree risk assessments. This report is solely intended for the purpose of identifying arboricultural resources onsite that may be subject to regulation by the Town of New Castle, NY.

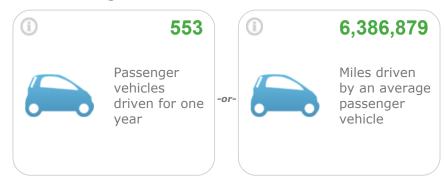
# **Equivalency Results**

How are they calculated?

The sum of the greenhouse gas emissions you entered above is of Carbon Dioxide Equivalent. This is equivalent to:

2,541 Metric Tons

# **Greenhouse gas emissions from**



# CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from





coal-fired power plants in one year



-or-

number of smartphones charged

# Greenhouse gas emissions avoided by





instead of

landfilled







# **Carbon sequestered by**





# 100/125kW, 1500Vdc String Inverters for North America



The 100 & 125kW high power CPS three phase string inverters are designed for ground mount applications. The units are high performance, advanced and reliable inverters designed specifically for the North American environment and grid. High efficiency at 99.1% peak and 98.5% CEC, wide operating voltages, broad temperature ranges and a NEMA Type 4X enclosure enable this inverter platform to operate at high performance across many applications. The CPS 100/125kW products ship with the Standard or Centralized Wire-box, each fully integrated and separable with AC and DC disconnect switches. The Standard Wire-box inlcudes touch safe fusing for up to 20 strings. The CPS Flex Gateway enables communication, controls and remote product upgrades.

### **Key Features**

- NFPA 70, NEC 2014 and 2017 compliant
- Touch safe DC Fuse holders adds convenience and safety
- CPS Flex Gateway enables remote FW upgrades
- Integrated AC & DC disconnect switches
- 1 MPPT with 20 fused inputs for maximum flexibility
- Copper and Aluminum compatible AC connections

- NEMA Type 4X outdoor rated, tough tested enclosure
- Advanced Smart-Grid features (CA Rule 21 certified)
- kVA Headroom yields 100kW @ 0.9PF and 125kW @ 0.95PF
- Generous 1.87 and 1.5 DC/AC Inverter Load Ratios
- Separable wire-box design for fast service
- Standard 5 year warranty with extensions to 20 years



100/125KTL Standard Wire-box



100/125KTL Centralized Wire-box







Model Name	CPS SCH100KTL-DO/US-600	CPS SCH125KTL-DO/US-600	
OC Input			
Max. PV Power	187.5kW		
lax. DC Input Voltage	1500V		
perating DC Input Voltage Range	860-1450Vdc		
tart-up DC Input Voltage / Power	900V / 250W		
umber of MPP Trackers	1		
IPPT Voltage Range <sup>1</sup>	870-130	0Vdc	
lax. PV Input Current (Isc x1.25)	275/	A	
lumber of DC Inputs	20 PV source circuits, pos. & neg. fused (Standard Wire-box) 1 PV output circuit, 1-2 terminations per pole, non-fused (Centralized Wire-box)		
OC Disconnection Type	Load-rated [	DC switch	
C Surge Protection	Type II MOV (with indicator/remote sign	naling), Up=2.5kV, In=20kA (8/20uS)	
C Output			
ated AC Output Power	100kW	125kW	
ax. AC Output Power <sup>2</sup>	100kVA (111KVA @ PF>0.9)	125kVA (132KVA @ PF>0.95)	
ated Output Voltage	600V	ac	
utput Voltage Range <sup>3</sup>	528-660	OVac	
rid Connection Type <sup>4</sup>	3Φ / PE / N (Net	utral optional)	
ax. AC Output Current @600Vac	96.2/106.8A	120.3/127.2A	
ated Output Frequency	60H		
utput Frequency Range <sup>3</sup>	57-63		
ower Factor	>0.99 (±0.8 adjustable)	>0.99 (±0.8 adjustable)	
urrent THD	>0.99 (±0.6 aujustable)	` ,	
	41.47		
lax. Fault Current Contribution (1-cycle RMS)			
lax. OCPD Rating	150A Load-rated A	175A	
C Disconnection Type			
C Surge Protection	Type II MOV (with indicator/remote sign	naling), Up=2.5kV, In=20kA (8/20uS)	
ystem			
opology	Transform		
lax. Efficiency	99.1		
EC Efficiency	98.5	%	
tand-by / Night Consumption	<4V	V	
nvironment			
nclosure Protection Degree	NEMA Ty	/pe 4X	
ooling Method	Variable speed	cooling fans	
perating Temperature Range	-22°F to +140°F / -30°C to +60°C	(derating from +113°F / +45°C)	
on-Operating Temperature Range <sup>5</sup>	-40°F to +158°F / -40°C	to +70°C maximum	
perating Humidity	0-100	0%	
perating Altitude	8202ft / 2500m	(no derating)	
udible Noise	<65dBA@1m	and 25°C	
isplay and Communication			
ser Interface and Display	LED Indicators,	WiFi + APP	
verter Monitoring	Modbus F		
ite Level Monitoring	CPS Flex Gateway (		
lodbus Data Mapping	SunSpec		
lemote Diagnostics / FW Upgrade Functions	Standard / (with F		
lechanical	Standard / (With f	in Saloway)	
imensions (WxHxD)	45.28x24.25x9.84in (1150x616x25	,	
, ,	39.37x24.25x9.84in (1000x616x250	,	
/eight lounting / Installation Angle	Inverter: 121lbs / 55kg; Wire-box: 55lbs / 25kg (Stand 15 - 90 degrees from horizon		
C Termination	M10 Stud Type Terminal Block [3Φ] (Wire range: Screw Clamp Terminal Block		
DC Termination	Screw Clamp Fuse Holder (Wire range: #12 - #6AWG CU) - Standard Wire-box Busbar, M8 PEMserts (Wire range: #1AWG - 250kcmil CU/AL, Lugs not supplied) - Centralized Wire-b		
used String Inputs	15A or 20A fuses provided (De	etermined by product SKU)	
afety		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
afety and EMC Standard	UL1741-SA-2016, CSA-C22.2 NO.107.1	-01, IEEE1547a-2014: FCC PART15	
electable Grid Standard	IEEE 1547a-2014, CA		
mart-Grid Features	Volt-RideThru, Freq-RideThru, Ramp-Rate, Sp		
/arranty	Tall Lasting, Frog Fado Fina, Famp-Rate, O	voice visit is a voice	
	5 yea	are	
tandard <sup>6</sup>	-		
		ZU yedis	
Extended Terms  1) See user manual for further information regarding MPPT Voltage Ra 2) "Max. AC Apparent Power" rating valid within MPPT voltage range and 31 The "Output Voltage Range" and "Output Frequency Range" may did 4) Wye neutral-grounded, Delta may not be corner-grounded.  5) See user manual for further requirements regarding non-operating of 5) 5 year warranty effective for units purchased after October 1st, 2016	and temperature range of -30°C to +40°C (-22°F to +104°F) for 100KW PF $\geq$ 0.9 a ffer according to the specific grid standard. conditions.	·	



# **144HC BIFACIAL**

HALF CUT MONOCRYSTALLINE M6 CELLS

460 Wp

**MAX POWER OUTPUT** 

20.8%

**MAX EFFICIENCY** 

# 15 YEAR

**PRODUCT WARRANTY** 

# 25 YEAR

LINEAR PERFORMANCE GUARANTEE

HELIENE IS A PREMIER SOLAR MODULE MANUFACTURER, SERVICING THE GROWING SOLAR ENERGY MARKETS OF NORTH AMERICA.

COMBINING PROVEN EUROPEAN TECHNOLOGY WITH NORTH AMERICAN INGENUITY ALLOWS HELIENE TO MAKE A REAL COMMITMENT IN PROVIDING SMARTER ENERGY CHOICES FOR THE FUTURE.

**HELIENE** 

www.heliene.com





HALF CELL DESIGN WITH SPLIT J-BOX TECHNOLOGY



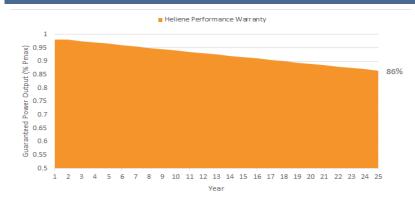
1500V MAX. SYSTEM VOLTAGE RATING



QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FOLLOWING INTERNATIONAL STANDARD: ISO9001

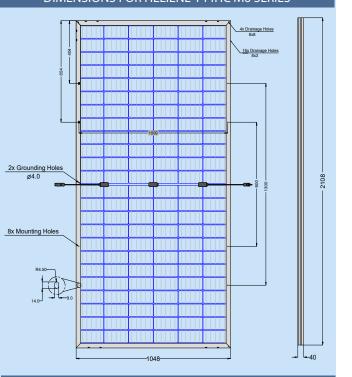
# LINEAR PERFORMANCE GUARANTEE

15 YEAR WORKMANSHIP WARRANTY • 25 YEAR LINEAR PERFORMANCE GUARANTEE

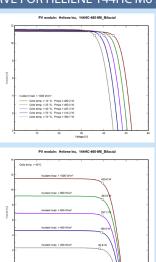


# **144HC BIFACIAL**

### DIMENSIONS FOR HELIENE 144HC M6 SERIES



### I-V CURVE FOR HELIENE 144HC M6 SERIES



### **CERTIFICATIONS**





### **ELECTRICAL DATA (STC) Peak Rated Power** $P_{mpp}(W)$ 460 450 440 Maximum Power Voltage $V_{mpp}(V)$ 42.58 42.16 41.74 **Maximum Power Current** I<sub>mpp</sub> (A) 10.80 10.68 10.58 49.04 Open Circuit Voltage $V_{oc}(V)$ 50.53 50.03 **Short Circuit Current** Isc (A) 11.40 11.29 11.21 19.9 Module Efficiency \* Eff (%) 20.8 20.4 Maximum SeriesFuse Rating MF (A) 20 20 20 **Power Output Tolerance** [-3/+3%]

STC - Standard Test Conditions: Irradiation 1000 W/m2 - Air mass AM 1.5 - Cell temperature 25  $^{\circ}$ C

# MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions (L x W x D)	2108 x 1048 x 40 mm (82.99 x 41.25 x 1.6 inch)
Weight	25 kg (55.12 lbs)
Output Cables	0.3 m symmetrical cables with MC4 style connectors
Junction Box	IP-68 rated with 3 bypass diodes
Frame	Double webbed 15 micron anodized aluminum alloy
Front Glass	Low-iron content, high-transmission PV solar glass with anti-reflective coating
Solar Cells	144 Half-Cut, M6, 166mm, PERC Cells
Construction	Glass-Clear Backsheet with Bifacial Cells

# **TEMPERATURE RATINGS**

Nominal Operating Cell Temperature (NOCT)	+45°C (±2°C)
Temperature Coefficient of P <sub>max</sub>	-0.39%/°C
Temperature Coefficient of V <sub>oc</sub>	-0.30%/°C
Temperature Coefficient of I <sub>sc</sub>	0.037%/°C

# **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Operational Temperature	-40°C to +85°C
Max System Voltage	1500V

# WARRANTY

15 Year Manufacturer's Workmanship Warranty 25 Year Linear Power Guarantee

(Refer to product warranty page for details)

# PACKAGING CONFIGURATION

Modules per box:	27 pieces
Modules per 53' trailer:	702 pieces









# Fixed-Tilt Ground Mount Solution | GM-2

When EPCs and project developers across the USA need dependable, low-maintenance ground mount racking, they turn to RBI Solar. As a single-source provider, we take responsibility for the Design, Engineering, Manufacturing, and Installation of PV mounting solutions. When you choose RBI Solar for your next ground mount, you're choosing peace of mind that your project is in the hands of the most trusted solar racking team in the industry.

# Why choose RBI Solar?

- Professional Engineers licensed in all 50 states
- Quick response & efficient communication
- National installation capabilities
- Our in-house team members are an extension of your staff
- 85+ years manufacturing experience

- Complete turn-key process, reduction in your vendor coordination
- Company owned post driving equipment
- National project management capabilites with roaming site service personnel
- More time to focus on your business









GM-2 S	olution	Features
--------	---------	----------

Foundation and racking design	Site wind speeds 170+ mph and ground snow loads 90+ psf
Signed and sealed drawings	Available in all 50 states
Proprietary on-site testing	Pull testing & corrosion testing - no geotechnical report required
Pre-assembled parts	Reduction in installation time
Variable slope	Accommodates slopes up to 30% (with topographic site map)
20-yr standard warranty	Proven rack reliability and bankability
G115 minimum galvanized coating	Exceeds ASTM and UL standards for 30% extended life
Driven posts	Cost-effective cee channel or I-beam post options available
Up to 24' long post driving	Ability to address challenging soils or elevate array structure
Module configurations	Portrait, landscape (all module types)
Raised purlins	Integrated bonding and grounding to UL 2703
Corrosion class	System available for all corrosion classes
Wire management and electrical	Integrated wire management solution and inverter mounting

Contact us at info@rbisolar.com or (513) 242-2051

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# Arcadia Solar

NOV 8 2021

To: Yorktown Planning Board

From: Yorktown Tree Conservation Advisory Commission (TCAC)

TOWN OF YORKTOWN

Date: November 8, 2021

RE: Mitigation Plan for 1300 Baptist Church Road (Arcadia Farm - Solar Farm)

Chairman Fon and members of the Planning Board,

Chapter 270 - 10.C(4) - Use of native species of trees, understory shrubs and herbaceous ground cover if planting is required. The mitigation plan for 1300 Baptist Church Road has fulfilled the provisions of this part of the tree ordinance.

The Arborist needs to provide a mitigation ratio calculation to determine the number of replacement trees. Any deficit will require a payment to the Tree Bank Fund.

They have 12 deciduous trees with an average DBH of 3" and 8 coniferous trees measuring 10' - 12' in height. The DBH of White Spruce trees are needed to calculate their contribution to the mitigation ratio.

The use of 27 Witch Hazel and 17 Highbush Blueberry creates a monoculture. Mixing in other native shrubs would be of benefit to the health and aesthetics of the new landscape. Seviceberry and Spicebush mix well with Witch Hazel. Bayberry and winterberry do well with Highbush Blueberry.

Sincerely, Lawrence W. Klein, PE, Member Tom Schmitt, Member Keith Schepart ISA, Member



Town of Yorktown www.yorktownny.org

RECEIVED PLANNING DEPARTMENT OCT 29 2021

TOWN OF YORKTOWN

# BUREAU OF FIRE PREVENTION

Town Hall, 363 Underhill Avenue, Yorktown Heights, NY 10598 Tel. (914) 962-5722 ext.254

# **MEMORANDUM**

Edward Kolisz, Fire Inspector

Fax (914) 962-1731

Email: ekolisz@yorktownny.org

Office hours: Weekdays 8:00-10:00 a.m., 3:00-4:00 p.m.

TO: Planning Board, Town of Yorktown

From: Edward Kolisz, Fire Inspector Re: **Arcadia Farms Solar Farm** 

Date: October 29, 2021

The Bureau of Fire Prevention met on October 25th to discuss the proposed solar farm at Arcadia Farm and had the following comments:

- Vehicle access to the remote areas of the site needs to be improved. The fire department wants emergency vehicle access to extend to within 300 feet of all panels.
- Proper training will need to be provided to the fire department.
- A lock box for fire department access and document cabinet will need to be provided.
- The fire department would like detailed drawings of the road that is to be used for access to the site. They would like to see the roads width, grade, make up, etc.

Please contact me with any questions.

From:

Keith Schepart <keith@taconictreecare.com>

Sent:

Saturday, October 9, 2021 7:23 AM

To:

Keith Schepart <keith@taconictreecare.com>

Cc:

Lawrence Klein < <a href="mailto:lwkleinpe@gmail.com">!wkleinpe@gmail.com</a>; tom500sf < tom500sf@aol.com</a>; Nancy Calicchia <ncalicchia@yorktownny.org>; John Tegeder <itegeder@yorktownny.org>; Robyn Steinberg

<rsteinberg@yorktownny.org>

Subject:

**Baptiste Church Road** 

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

To:

Yorktown Planning Board

From: Yorktown Tree Conservation Advisory Commission (TCAC)

Date: October 11, 2021

RE:

Mitigation Plan for 1300 Baptist Church Road (Arcadia Solar Farm)

Chairman Fon and members of the Planning Board

Chapter 270 - 10.C(4) Use of native species of trees, understory shrubs and herbaceous ground cover if planting is required. The mitigation plan for 1300 Baptist Church Road fails the provisions of this part of the tree ordinance.

- 1. Cornus Kousa = Also known as Korean Dogwood. As the name suggests this tree is native to China and Korea.
- 2. Malus x domestica = Common Apple. Acceptable general species and curious as to what species will be chosen.
- 3. Picea abies = Norway Spruce. Although these trees were introduced in the 19 century they are native to Scandanavia.
- 4. Pyrus communis = Common Pear. The name is misleading. This species of Pear are native to Europe and southwest asia.
- 5. Hibiscus syriacus = Rose of sharon. This popular flowering shrub is native to Asia.
- 6. Mahonia aquifolium = Oregon Grape. This shrub is native to the pacific coast from British Columbia to Northern California. At least this one is on our continent.
- 7. Viburnum dentatum = Arrowwood viburnum. This is a native shrub. However, Cornell University has identified this viburnum highly susceptible to Viburnum Leaf Beetle.

These are the comments regarding the four trees and three shrubs in the Plant Schedule provided by 1300 Baptist Church Road.

Sincerely,

Lawrence W. Klein, PE, Member Tom Schmitt, Member Keith Schepart ISA, Member



# Westchester County Planning Board Referral Review

Pursuant to Section 239 L, M and N of the General Municipal Law and Section 277.61 of the County Administrative Code

George Latimer County Executive

August 30, 2021

RECEIVED
PLANNING DEPARTMENT

SEP 1 2021

Robyn A. Steinberg, Town Planner Town of Yorktown Planning Department 1974 Commerce Street Yorktown Heights, NY 10598 TOWN OF YORKTOWN

Website: westchestergov.com

# County Planning Board Referral File YTN 21-009 – Arcadia Farm Solar Farm 1300 Baptist Church Road Site Plan and Special Use Permit

Dear Ms. Steinberg:

The Westchester County Planning Board has received a site plan (dated July 28, 2021) and related materials for the proposed installation of a solar farm to be located on an 11.67-acre parcel located at 1300 Baptist Church Road (SBL 47.11-1-4). The site is part of the Arcadia Farm horse training and boarding facility and contains paddock areas and forest. While the site abuts Mohansic County Golf Course to the north, the solar panels would be installed on a 5.11-acre portion of the site in its southeastern quadrant, surrounded by other aspects of the horse farm. Access to the solar array would be provided via the existing driveway for the farm. A new underground electric line would connect the array to the existing electric lines adjacent to Baptist Church Road.

We have no objection to the Yorktown Planning Board assuming Lead Agency status for this review.

We have reviewed this matter under the provisions of Section 239 L, M and N of the General Municipal Law and Section 277.61 of the County Administrative Code and we offer the following comments:

# 1. Impacts to Agricultural Land

The New York State Department of Agriculture and Markets considers solar installations on farmland as ancillary to the farm operation if generating a maximum of 110% of the electricity needs of the farm operation. Such an installation would be considered part of the farm operation and would receive protection under NYS Agricultural District Law. However, installations that generate in excess of 110% of the needs of the farm would not be considered an agricultural operation. This scale of installation would not receive the protections under Agricultural District Law and would also be considered conversion of the land to a non-agricultural use, which may have tax implications with respect to the agricultural tax assessment program. Refer to the Solar Energy Guidelines prepared by NYSERDA (attached).

We recommend that applications for ground-mounted solar installations on farmland, particularly prime agricultural soils and soils of statewide importance (NRCS Soil Survey), should include a narrative description of how the impacts to the farm operation will be minimized and mitigated. That narrative should include a description of whether the area will be fenced off from the farm operation, if dual-use

Telephone: (914) 995-4400

agriculture (such as solar grazing, <a href="https://solargrazing.org/">https://solargrazing.org/</a>) was investigated for the solar array area or if the solar array will be planted as pollinator habitat or other valuable habitat intended to support the agricultural operation or ecology in the area. A decommissioning plan should detail the conditions under which the use of the solar array will be discontinued, a timeline and methods to be used to decommission the site and restore the land for agricultural use, and demonstration of an adequate escrow or other financing mechanism to ensure the decommissioning and restoration will be performed. We note that compaction of soils during installation and decommissioning can significantly impact the viability of the land for future agricultural use. We recommend that the project follow the guidelines developed by the New York State Department of Agriculture and Markets (attached).

# 2. Impacts of deforestation.

While the proposed solar farm would be located mostly within cleared paddock land, the site plans indicate that 197 trees are to be removed. The landscaping plan indicates that 73 new trees are to be planted. While we are generally supportive of adding more solar power to our region's energy grid, such installations should balance the expense of other environmental factors, such as the carbon-negative impact of deforestation. We recommend the Town consider if the replacement trees suitably offset this impact.

# 3. Potential visual impact to Mohansic County Golf Course

The subject site abuts Mohansic County Golf Course which raises a concern about visual impact. While open paddock area and forest area will remain between the solar farm and the golf course, potentially providing a visual buffer, we request the applicant prepare a visual impact analysis evaluating potential impacts to the golf course and proposing adequate mitigation.

#### 4. Croton Watershed protection.

The site is located in the Croton Watershed. Components of the site development may be subject to compliance with the New York City Department of Environmental Protection (NYC DEP) Rules and Regulations for the Protection from Contamination, Degradation and Pollution of the New York City Water Supply and its Sources, including the preparation of a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan. Adequate erosion and sediment control and stormwater runoff water quality protection, both during and after construction, are of critical importance.

# Referral File No. YTN 21-009 - Arcadia Farm Solar Farm

August 30, 2021

Page 3

Please inform us of the Town's decision so that we can make it a part of the record.

Thank you for calling this matter to our attention.

Respectfully,

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PLANNING BOARD

Jana O Downwood

By:

Norma V. Drummond Commissioner

# NVD/MV

cc:

Kathy O'Connor, Commissioner, Department of Parks, Recreation & Conservation Peter Tartaglia, First Deputy Commissioner, Department of Parks, Recreation & Conservation Cynthia Garcia, Bureau of Water Supply, SEQR Coordination Section, NYC DEP



Vincent Sapienza P.E. Commissioner

Paul V. Rush, P.E.
Deputy Commissioner
Bureau of Water Supply
brush@dep.nyc.gov

165 Columbus Avenue Valhalla, NY 10595

Γ: (845) 340-7800 =: (845) 334-7175

# September 1, 2021

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

SEP 1 2021

TOWN OF YORKTOWN

Robyn A. Steinberg, AICP Town of Yorktown Planning Board 363 Underhill Avenue, P.O. Box 703 Yorktown Heights, NY 10598

Re: Notice of Intent to be Lead Agency

Arcadia Solar Farm

1300 Baptist Church Road

Town of Yorktown, Westchester County

Tax Map #: 47.11-1-4

DEP Log #: 2019-CNC-0252-SQ.1

Dear Ms. Steinberg and Members of the Planning Board:

The New York City Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) has reviewed the Town of Yorktown Planning Board's (Board) Notice of Intent to act as Lead Agency and short Environmental Assessment Form (EAF) for the above referenced project. DEP does not object to the Board acting as Lead Agency for the Coordinated Review of the proposed action pursuant to the New York State Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQRA).

The proposed site is located in the New Croton Reservoir drainage basin of New York City's Water Supply. As New Croton Reservoir is phosphorous restricted, water quality impacts to the receiving reservoir from pollutant-laden runoff must be avoided or mitigated.

The proposed action involves the installation of 2,236 445W Solar Modules, eight (8) 100kWAC Solar Edge Inverters, one (1) 800A Combinar Panel, one (1) 800A A/C Disconnect Switch, and one (1) 100kVA Transformer.

DEP's status as an involved agency stems from its review and approval authority for a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) pursuant to Section 18-39 of the Rules and Regulations for the Protection from Contamination, Degradation, and Pollution of the New York City Water Supply and Its Sources (Watershed Regulations).

Based upon review of the submitted documents, DEP respectfully submits the following comments for the Board's consideration:

 Although the solar panels are shown on the site plan as mounted on the ground using piles, it is unclear how the rain falling on the panels will be dissipated. The project sponsor must show the arrays with onsite topographic contours labeled on the site plan to verify whether the configuration of the arrays will result in parallel and concentrated flows converging to the nearest watercourse. The project sponsor should explain how stormwater runoff will be dispersed onto the ground surface based on this solar panel arrangement. Please also note that offsite contours are not provided in order to verify whether a significant offsite drainage area contributes runoff to the proposed area of construction. At a minimum, contour information should be shown to confirm how runoff is managed both during and after construction.

- According to SPDES General Permit, GP-015-002, Table 1 in Appendix B, solar arrays are considered an environment enhancement project. As such, pursuant to Watershed Regulations Section 18-39(b) (3) (ii), the applicant's representative must demonstrate whether this project will alter the hydrology from pre to post development conditions, and thus whether permanent post-development stormwater practices are required.
- 3. It appears that the some of the panels will be placed over the existing access roads and, as such, the applicant must confirm and indicate on the plans all proposed access roads that will be installed as part of this project. Also, the plans include some rectangular symbols that are not called out and should be properly labeled.
- 4. Although the EAF indicates 5.11 acres of project disturbance, the extent and nature of soil disturbance associated with panel installation must be provided. For example, a breakdown must be included for all disturbances associated with new access roads, trenching activities anticipated for the installation of MC cable, and the pad-mounted utility meter, generator, and transformer pad. The applicant's representative is encouraged to schedule a virtual pre-application meeting with DEP via Microsoft Teams to discuss the project SWPPP further. In addition, the applicant's representative should contact DEP representative Mariyam Zachariah at (914) 749-5357 to schedule a site walk to validate the presence and status of any watercourses onsite or in proximity to the site.
- 5. It is not clear from the information provided exactly how many trees will be removed. Loss of trees and/or vegetative cover increases the volume of stormwater runoff and the potential for pollutant loading and turbid stormwater flows to receiving wetlands and other surface water features. The project sponsor is encouraged to explain how these potential impacts will be alleviated both during and after the construction of the facility.
- 6. The submitted plans do not include information on proposed erosion and sediment control practices and methods to be utilized during construction. Without this information, it is difficult for involved

- parties to analyze the extent of disturbance and potential adverse impacts in a presently dense vegetated area.
- 7. The proposed action may alter drainage flow or patterns of surface water runoff and may be incompatible with existing drainage patterns. Physical changes to the site may alter the existing direction of flow and may cause additional erosion and sedimentation. The impact of site improvements on existing flow patterns must be addressed, and mitigation proposed for adverse impacts that cannot be avoided.
- 8. The majority of the plants listed in the landscape plan L-701 are not native to the Hudson Valley region including Cornus kousa, Malus x domestica, Picea abies, Pyrus communis, Hibiscus syriacus, and Mahonia aquifololium. In addition, Hibuscus syriacus does have a tendency to escape cultivation and while not yet considered an invasive species in New York State, this species is considered invasive in several southeastern states. The submission included a Planting Recommendation letter from Paul Cowie Forestry that includes a diverse list of native tree and shrub species. It is suggested that the plant list be revised to include more of the native species that were recommended by the environmental consultant.
- 9. The seed mix to be utilized is not identified on the plan. A native seed mix should be applied at the manufacturer's suggested rate. The seed mix selected should tolerate the challenging microhabitat surrounding and below a solar array. For instance, if the site will be mowed only once annually, ERNMX-611 Northeast Solar Pollinator 4' Mix from Ernst Conservation Seed or equivalent should be considered. This mix provides a diverse species palette to accommodate the alternating shade/sun and moist/dry habitat of the solar farm. If the site will be regularly mowed, ERNMX-186-1 Native/ Naturalized Solar Farm Seed Mix is a turf grass option.
- 10. The submission included an analysis of the CO2 sequestration services provided by the trees that will be removed if the plan is approved as currently proposed. It is important to note that CO2 sequestration is one of many ecosystem services provided by forested land cover. Forested ecosystems also provide many important water quality and habitat functions. It is understandable in this context that an impact analysis focuses on CO2 sequestration but assessing only one function misses a more comprehensive assessment of function loss. The totality of ecosystem services provided by native forest cover, especially in a drinking water supply watershed, should be considered.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comments. You may reach the undersigned at <u>cgarcia@dep.nyc.gov</u> or (914) 749-5302 with any questions or if you care to discuss the matter further.

Sincerely, Cypthen Garcen

Cynthia Garcia, Supervisor

SEQRA Coordination Section

X: J. Petronella, NYSDEC Region 3 H. Lukas, WCPD

# Full Environmental Assessment Form Part 1 - Project and Setting

# **Instructions for Completing Part 1**

**Part 1 is to be completed by the applicant or project sponsor.** Responses become part of the application for approval or funding, are subject to public review, and may be subject to further verification.

Complete Part 1 based on information currently available. If additional research or investigation would be needed to fully respond to any item, please answer as thoroughly as possible based on current information; indicate whether missing information does not exist, or is not reasonably available to the sponsor; and, when possible, generally describe work or studies which would be necessary to update or fully develop that information.

Applicants/sponsors must complete all items in Sections A & B. In Sections C, D & E, most items contain an initial question that must be answered either "Yes" or "No". If the answer to the initial question is "Yes", complete the sub-questions that follow. If the answer to the initial question is "No", proceed to the next question. Section F allows the project sponsor to identify and attach any additional information. Section G requires the name and signature of the applicant or project sponsor to verify that the information contained in Part 1 is accurate and complete.

# A. Project and Applicant/Sponsor Information.

Name of Action or Project:		
Ecogy Arcadia Ground Mount Community Solar System		
Project Location (describe, and attach a general location map):		
1300 Baptist Church Rd, Yorktown Heights, NY 10598		
Brief Description of Proposed Action (include purpose or need):		
Construction and operation of a 993.9 kW DC/800 kW AC ground mounted community solar sapproximately 6 acres, with the remaining acreage of the site continuing existing farm operation Solar Modules, 8 100kW AC SolarEdge Inverters, 1 1200A Combiner Panel, 1 1200A A/C Display trees will be removed to accommodate the solar system and the stumps of some trees will The solar system will be enclosed in a wildlife-friendly fence and accessed via an extension of road will be gravel. Some of the equipment will be mounted on concrete pads. The solar mod racking will be supported by driven piles.	ons. The project consists of the insta sconnect Switch, and 1 1000kVA Tra I remain in place around the perimet of the existing road on the property. T	allation of 2208 450W ansformer. A maximum of er of the solar system. The new section of access
Name of Applicant/Sponsor:	Telephone: 646-866-4734	
Michael Tarzian, Croton Energy Group	E-Mail: mtarzian@crotonenergy.com	
Address: 75 South Riverside Ave		
City/PO: Croton-on-Hudson	State: NY	Zip Code: 10520
Project Contact (if not same as sponsor; give name and title/role):	Telephone: 718-304-0945 ext 2	
Julia Magliozzo, Ecogy Energy	E-Mail: julia.magliozzo@ecogyenergy.com	
Address: 315 Flatbush Ave #393		
City/PO:	State:	Zip Code:
Brooklyn	NY	11217
Property Owner (if not same as sponsor):	Telephone: 914-455-2477	
Arcadia Holding Co., LLC	E-Mail: arcadia6706@aol.com	
Address: 1300 Baptist Church Rd		
City/PO: Yorktown Heights	State: NY	Zip Code: 10598

# **B.** Government Approvals

B. Government Approvals assistance.)	s, Funding, or Spor	nsorship. ("Funding" includes grants, loans, ta	ax relief, and any othe	r forms of financial
Government I	Entity	If Yes: Identify Agency and Approval(s) Required	Applicati (Actual or	
a. City Counsel, Town Boar or Village Board of Trust				
b. City, Town or Village Planning Board or Comm	<b>∠</b> Yes <b>N</b> onission	Yorktown Planning Board Site Plan Approval and Special Use Permit Application	Submitted 4/28/2021	
c. City, Town or Village Zoning Board of	□Yes <b>☑</b> No Appeals			
d. Other local agencies	<b>∠</b> Yes □No	Yorktown Conservation Board Approval	Submitted May 2021	
e. County agencies	<b>∠</b> Yes <b>N</b> o	Westchester County Planning Board	Deferred to Yorktown Pl 8/30/2021	anning Board on
f. Regional agencies	<b>∠</b> Yes <b>N</b> o	NYC DEP	Expected submission 11	/15/2021
g. State agencies	<b>∠</b> Yes <b>N</b> o	NY DEC	Expected submission 1	1/15/2021
h. Federal agencies	□Yes☑No			
<ul><li>i. Coastal Resources.</li><li>i. Is the project site with</li></ul>	in a Coastal Area, o	or the waterfront area of a Designated Inland W	Vaterway?	□Yes <b>∠</b> No
<ul><li>ii. Is the project site loca</li><li>iii. Is the project site with</li></ul>		with an approved Local Waterfront Revitaliza Hazard Area?	tion Program?	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No
C. Planning and Zoning				
C.1. Planning and zoning				
only approval(s) which mus  • If Yes, complete se	st be granted to enalections C, F and G.	mendment of a plan, local law, ordinance, rule ble the proposed action to proceed? nplete all remaining sections and questions in l	-	□Yes <b>⊉</b> No
C.2. Adopted land use plan	ns.			
where the proposed action	n would be located?	lage or county) comprehensive land use plan(s ecific recommendations for the site where the part of th		✓Yes□No  □Yes☑No
b. Is the site of the proposed Brownfield Opportunity A or other?) If Yes, identify the plan(s): NYC Watershed Boundary	Area (BOA); design	ocal or regional special planning district (for e ated State or Federal heritage area; watershed	management plan;	<b>∠</b> Yes□No
Westchester County Agricultural	District 2017 Recertifi	cation Report and 2018 Westchester County Agricult	tural District	
c. Is the proposed action loc or an adopted municipal If Yes, identify the plan(s):		ially within an area listed in an adopted munic n plan?	ipal open space plan,	□Yes <b>☑</b> No

C.3. Zoning	
a. Is the site of the proposed action located in a municipality with an adopted zoning law or ordinance. If Yes, what is the zoning classification(s) including any applicable overlay district?	<b>∠</b> Yes <b>N</b> o
b. Is the use permitted or allowed by a special or conditional use permit?	<b>∠</b> Yes <b></b> No
c. Is a zoning change requested as part of the proposed action?  If Yes,  i. What is the proposed new zoning for the site?	□ Yes <b>☑</b> No
C.4. Existing community services.	
a. In what school district is the project site located? Yorktown Central School District	
b. What police or other public protection forces serve the project site?  Yorktown Police Department	
c. Which fire protection and emergency medical services serve the project site?  Yorktown Fire Station	
d. What parks serve the project site?  N/A	
D. Project Details	
D.1. Proposed and Potential Development	
a. What is the general nature of the proposed action (e.g., residential, industrial, commercial, recreational; if mixe components)? Mixed Use: Large Scale Solar Power Generation System (Ground Mount) to be added to existing	
b. a. Total acreage of the site of the proposed action?  b. Total acreage to be physically disturbed?  c. Total acreage (project site and any contiguous properties) owned or controlled by the applicant or project sponsor?  11.67 acres  1.5 acres  6.3 acres	
c. Is the proposed action an expansion of an existing project or use?  i. If Yes, what is the approximate percentage of the proposed expansion and identify the units (e.g., acres, miles square feet)? % Units:	☐ Yes ☑ No s, housing units,
d. Is the proposed action a subdivision, or does it include a subdivision?  If Yes,  i. Purpose or type of subdivision? (e.g., residential, industrial, commercial; if mixed, specify types)	□Yes <b>☑</b> No
<ul><li>ii. Is a cluster/conservation layout proposed?</li><li>iii. Number of lots proposed?</li><li>iv. Minimum and maximum proposed lot sizes? Minimum Maximum</li></ul>	□Yes□No
e. Will the proposed action be constructed in multiple phases?  i. If No, anticipated period of construction:  Total number of phases anticipated  Anticipated commencement date of phase 1 (including demolition)  Anticipated completion date of final phase  Generally describe connections or relationships among phases, including any contingencies where progredetermine timing or duration of future phases:	

f. Does the project	ct include new resid	ential uses?			☐Yes ✓ No
	bers of units propo				
,	One Family	Two Family	Three Family	Multiple Family (four or more)	
Initial Phase					
At completion					
of all phases					
1 I I					
g. Does the propo	osed action include	new non-residentia	al construction (incl	uding expansions)?	<b>∠</b> Yes <b>N</b> o
If Yes,					
i. Total number	of structures	17 rows			rea given is total area of
ii. Dimensions (	in feet) of largest p	roposed structure:	8 ft_height;	335 ft width; and 395 ft length	ne solar system
		-		N/A square feet	
				ll result in the impoundment of any	☐Yes ✓ No
	s creation of a wate	r supply, reservoir	, pond, lake, waste l	agoon or other storage?	
If Yes,					
i. Purpose of the	e impoundment:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Г	☐ Ground water ☐ Surface water stre	ПО/1
ii. If a water imp	oundment, the prin	cipal source of the	water:	Ground water Surface water stre	eamsOther specify:
iii If other than y	vater identify the ty	ne of impounded/	contained liquids an	d their source	
iii. If other than v	vater, identify the ty	pe of impounded/	contained riquids an	d their source.	
iv. Approximate	size of the propose	d impoundment.	Volume:	million gallons; surface area:	acres
v. Dimensions of	of the proposed dam	or impounding str	ructure:	height; length	
				ructure (e.g., earth fill, rock, wood, co	oncrete):
<del></del>					·
D.2. Project Op	erations				
a. Does the propo	osed action include	anv excavation, m	ining, or dredging, d	luring construction, operations, or both	n? Yes No
				s or foundations where all excavated	
materials will i		, 0			
If Yes:					
<i>i</i> . What is the pu	irpose of the excava	ation or dredging?			
				to be removed from the site?	
		•			
	nat duration of time				
iii. Describe natu	re and characteristic	es of materials to b	e excavated or dred	ged, and plans to use, manage or dispo	ose of them.
-					
in Will though	ancita darriatanina		ranged matamials?		
	onsite dewatering				☐Yes ☐No
ii yes, desem	oc				
w What is the to	otal area to be drade			acres	
				acres	
				feet	
	avation require blas		or dreaging.	rect	□Yes□No
	•	-			
h Would the pro-	nosed action cause	or result in alterati	on of increase or de	ecrease in size of, or encroachment	Yes <b>✓</b> No
			ach or adjacent area?		
If Yes:		ou, moremie, oct	or adjacom area.		
	vetland or waterbod	y which would be	affected (by name.	water index number, wetland map nun	nber or geographic
<del></del>					

<i>ii.</i> Describe how the proposed action would affect that waterbody or wetland, e.g. excavation, fill, placem alteration of channels, banks and shorelines. Indicate extent of activities, alterations and additions in sq	
iii. Will the proposed action cause or result in disturbance to bottom sediments?  If Yes, describe:	□Yes□No
<i>iv.</i> Will the proposed action cause or result in the destruction or removal of aquatic vegetation? If Yes:	☐ Yes ☐ No
acres of aquatic vegetation proposed to be removed:	
expected acreage of aquatic vegetation remaining after project completion:	
• purpose of proposed removal (e.g. beach clearing, invasive species control, boat access):	
proposed method of plant removal:	
if chemical/herbicide treatment will be used, specify product(s):	
v. Describe any proposed reclamation/mitigation following disturbance:	
c. Will the proposed action use, or create a new demand for water?  If Yes:	□Yes <b>∠</b> No
i. Total anticipated water usage/demand per day: gallons/day	
ii. Will the proposed action obtain water from an existing public water supply?	□Yes □No
If Yes:	
Name of district or service area:	
<ul> <li>Does the existing public water supply have capacity to serve the proposal?</li> </ul>	☐ Yes ☐ No
• Is the project site in the existing district?	☐ Yes ☐ No
• Is expansion of the district needed?	☐ Yes☐ No
<ul> <li>Do existing lines serve the project site?</li> </ul>	☐ Yes ☐ No
<i>iii.</i> Will line extension within an existing district be necessary to supply the project? If Yes:	□Yes □No
Describe extensions or capacity expansions proposed to serve this project:	
Source(s) of supply for the district:	
<i>iv.</i> Is a new water supply district or service area proposed to be formed to serve the project site? If, Yes:	☐ Yes☐No
Applicant/sponsor for new district:	
Date application submitted or anticipated:	
Proposed source(s) of supply for new district:	
v. If a public water supply will not be used, describe plans to provide water supply for the project:	
vi. If water supply will be from wells (public or private), what is the maximum pumping capacity:	_ gallons/minute.
d. Will the proposed action generate liquid wastes?	☐ Yes <b>Z</b> No
If Yes:	
i. Total anticipated liquid waste generation per day: gallons/day	11
<i>ii.</i> Nature of liquid wastes to be generated (e.g., sanitary wastewater, industrial; if combination, describe a approximate volumes or proportions of each):	
iii. Will the proposed action use any existing public wastewater treatment facilities?  If Yes:	□ Yes □No
Name of wastewater treatment plant to be used:	
Name of district:	
Does the existing wastewater treatment plant have capacity to serve the project?	□Yes □No
• Is the project site in the existing district?	☐ Yes ☐No
• Is expansion of the district needed?	☐ Yes ☐No

<ul> <li>Do existing sewer lines serve the project site?</li> </ul>	☐Yes ☐No
<ul> <li>Will a line extension within an existing district be necessary to serve the project?</li> </ul>	□Yes □No
If Yes:	
Describe extensions or capacity expansions proposed to serve this project:	
iv. Will a new wastewater (sewage) treatment district be formed to serve the project site?	□Yes□No
If Yes:	
Applicant/sponsor for new district:	
Date application submitted or anticipated:	
What is the receiving water for the wastewater discharge?	
v. If public facilities will not be used, describe plans to provide wastewater treatment for the project, including spec	ifying proposed
receiving water (name and classification if surface discharge or describe subsurface disposal plans):	
vi. Describe any plans or designs to capture, recycle or reuse liquid waste:	
e. Will the proposed action disturb more than one acre and create stormwater runoff, either from new point	<b>∠</b> Yes <b>N</b> o
sources (i.e. ditches, pipes, swales, curbs, gutters or other concentrated flows of stormwater) or non-point	
source (i.e. sheet flow) during construction or post construction?	
If Yes:	
i. How much impervious surface will the project create in relation to total size of project parcel?	
2000 Square feet or acres (impervious surface)	
Square feet or 11.67 acres (parcel size)	
ii. Describe types of new point sources. None	
ti. Describe types of new point sources, rene	
iii. Where will the stormwater runoff be directed (i.e. on-site stormwater management facility/structures, adjacent p	roperties
groundwater, on-site surface water or off-site surface waters)?	roperties,
Stormwater runoff will follow existing ground contours and is expected to infiltrate beneath the solar array.	
If to surface waters, identify receiving water bodies or wetlands:	
Will stormwater runoff flow to adjacent properties?	☐ Yes ✓ No
<i>iv.</i> Does the proposed plan minimize impervious surfaces, use pervious materials or collect and re-use stormwater?	
f. Does the proposed action include, or will it use on-site, one or more sources of air emissions, including fuel	☐Yes ✓ No
combustion, waste incineration, or other processes or operations?	
If Yes, identify:	
i. Mobile sources during project operations (e.g., heavy equipment, fleet or delivery vehicles)	
ii. Stationary sources during construction (e.g., power generation, structural heating, batch plant, crushers)	
iii. Stationary sources during operations (e.g., process emissions, large boilers, electric generation)	
g. Will any air emission sources named in D.2.f (above), require a NY State Air Registration, Air Facility Permit,	□Yes ✓ No
or Federal Clean Air Act Title IV or Title V Permit?	
If Yes:	
i. Is the project site located in an Air quality non-attainment area? (Area routinely or periodically fails to meet	□Yes□No
ambient air quality standards for all or some parts of the year)	
ii. In addition to emissions as calculated in the application, the project will generate:	
•Tons/year (short tons) of Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )	
•Tons/year (short tons) of Nitrous Oxide $(N_2O)$	
•Tons/year (short tons) of Perfluorocarbons (PFCs)	
•Tons/year (short tons) of Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF <sub>6</sub> )	
•Tons/year (short tons) of Carbon Dioxide equivalent of Hydroflourocarbons (HFCs)	
Tons/year (short tons) of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	

h. Will the proposed action generate or emit methane (included landfills, composting facilities)?  If Yes:  i. Estimate methane generation in tons/year (metric):		∐Yes <b>☑</b> No
ii. Describe any methane capture, control or elimination medelectricity, flaring):	asures included in project design (e.g., combustion to ge	enerate heat or
Will the proposed action result in the release of air pollutar quarry or landfill operations?  If Yes: Describe operations and nature of emissions (e.g., die		☐Yes ✓ No
<ul> <li>j. Will the proposed action result in a substantial increase in new demand for transportation facilities or services?</li> <li>If Yes: <ul> <li>i. When is the peak traffic expected (Check all that apply):</li> <li>Randomly between hours of</li></ul></li></ul>	: ☐ Morning ☐ Evening ☐ Weekend	Yes <b>_</b> No
<ul> <li>iii. Parking spaces: Existing</li></ul>	g? sting roads, creation of new roads or change in existing available within ½ mile of the proposed site? ortation or accommodations for use of hybrid, electric	□Yes□No
<ul> <li>k. Will the proposed action (for commercial or industrial profor energy?</li> <li>If Yes: <ul> <li>i. Estimate annual electricity demand during operation of the project other):</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	he proposed action:	
iii. Will the proposed action require a new, or an upgrade, to	an existing substation?	∐Yes ☐ No
Hours of operation. Answer all items which apply.     i. During Construction:	<ul> <li>ii. During Operations:</li> <li>Monday - Friday: Sunrise to Sunset</li> <li>Saturday:</li> <li>Sunday:</li> <li>Holidays:</li> </ul>	

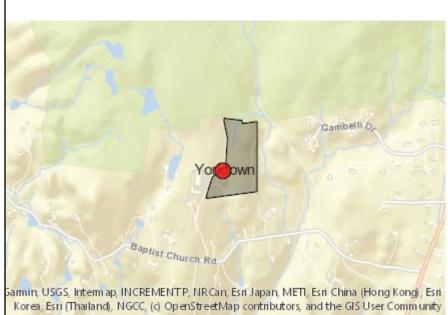
s. Does the proposed action include construction or modi	fication of a solid waste ma	anagement facility?	Yes 🗹 No
If Yes:	for the site (o a marvelina	on transfer station, commesting	a landfill an
<i>i.</i> Type of management or handling of waste proposed for the site (e.g., recycling or transfer station, composting, landfill, or other disposal activities):			
ii. Anticipated rate of disposal/processing:			
• Tons/month, if transfer or other non-o	combustion/thermal treatme	ent, or	
• Tons/hour, if combustion or thermal			
iii. If landfill, anticipated site life:			
t. Will the proposed action at the site involve the comme	rcial generation, treatment,	storage, or disposal of hazard	ous 🗌 Yes 🗹 No
waste?			
<ul><li>If Yes:</li><li>i. Name(s) of all hazardous wastes or constituents to be</li></ul>	concepted handled or more	and at facility	
i. Name(s) of an mazardous wastes of constituents to be	generated, nandled of mai	laged at facility.	
ii. Generally describe processes or activities involving h	azardous wastes or constitu	uents:	
iii. Specify amount to be handled or generatedto	ons/month		
<i>iv.</i> Describe any proposals for on-site minimization, rec		is constituents:	
v. Will any hazardous wastes be disposed at an existing			□Yes□No
If Yes: provide name and location of facility:			
If No: describe proposed management of any hazardous	wastes which will not be se	ent to a hazardous waste facilit	TY:
			<u>.                                    </u>
E C' 1C W CD 14 W			
E. Site and Setting of Proposed Action			
E.1. Land uses on and surrounding the project site			
a. Existing land uses.			
<i>i.</i> Check all uses that occur on, adjoining and near the	project site.		
☐ Urban ☐ Industrial ☐ Commercial ☑ Resid			
	(specify):		
ii. If mix of uses, generally describe:	and an effect of a metal decimal conservation		
The site is used for Agricultural use only. Nearby properties are re-	esidentiai and agriculturai uses	S	
b. Land uses and covertypes on the project site.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Land use or	Current	Acreage After	Change
Covertype  Roads, buildings, and other paved or impervious	Acreage	Project Completion	(Acres +/-)
Roads, buildings, and other paved or impervious surfaces			
• Forested			
Meadows, grasslands or brushlands (non-			
agricultural, including abandoned agricultural)			
Agricultural			
(includes active orchards, field, greenhouse etc.)	11.67	5.37	6.3
Surface water features			
(lakes, ponds, streams, rivers, etc.)			
Wetlands (freshwater or tidal)			
Non-vegetated (bare rock, earth or fill)			
• Other			
Describe:			

d. Are there any facilities serving children, the elderly, people with disabilities (e.g., schools, hospitals, licensed day care centers, or group homes) within 1500 feet of the project site?  If Yes,  i. Identify Facilities:    Yes	c. Is the project site presently used by members of the community for public recreation?  i. If Yes: explain:	□Yes☑No
If Yes:  i. Dimensions of the dam and impoundment:  • Dam height:  • Dam height:  • Dam length:  • Surface area:  • Volume impounded:  ii. Dam's existing hazard classification:  iii. Provide date and summarize results of last inspection:  f. Has the project site ever been used as a municipal, commercial or industrial solid waste management facility?  If Yes:  i. Has the facility been formally closed?  • If yes, cite sources/documentation:  ii. Describe the location of the project site relative to the boundaries of the solid waste management facility:  iii. Describe any development constraints due to the prior solid waste activities:  g. Have hazardous wastes been generated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste?  If Yes:  i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurred:  h. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site?  If Yes:  i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site   Yes    Remediation database? Check all that apply:    Yes = Environmental Site Remediation database   Provide DEC ID number(s):     Yes   Provide DEC ID number(s):     Provide DEC ID number(s):	d. Are there any facilities serving children, the elderly, people with disabilities (e.g., schools, hospitals, licensed day care centers, or group homes) within 1500 feet of the project site?  If Yes,	∐Yes <b>⊮</b> No
If Yes:  i. Dimensions of the dam and impoundment:  • Dam height:  • Dam length:  • Dam length:  • Dam length:  • Dam length:  • Surface area:  • Volume impounded:  iii. Provide date and summarize results of last inspection:  iii. Provide date and summarize results of last inspection:  iii. Provide date and summarize results of last inspection:  iii. Provide date and summarize results of last inspection:  iii. Provide date and summarize results of last inspection:  iii. Provide date and summarize results of last inspection:  iii. Provide date and summarize results of last inspection:  iii. Provide date and summarize results of last inspection:  iii. Provide date and summarize results of last inspection:  iii. Provide the facility been formally closed?  • If yes, cite sources/documentation:  iii. Describe the location of the project site relative to the boundaries of the solid waste management facility:  iii. Describe any development constraints due to the prior solid waste activities:  g. Have hazardous wastes been generated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste?  If Yes:  i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurred:  h. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site?  If Yes:  i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site    Yes   Provide DEC ID number(s):		
Dam length: Surface area: Sur	If Yes:  i. Dimensions of the dam and impoundment:	☐ Yes ✓ No
f. Has the project site ever been used as a municipal, commercial or industrial solid waste management facility, or does the project site adjoin property which is now, or was at one time, used as a solid waste management facility? If Yes:  i. Has the facility been formally closed?  • If yes, cite sources/documentation:  iii. Describe the location of the project site relative to the boundaries of the solid waste management facility:  iii. Describe any development constraints due to the prior solid waste activities:  g. Have hazardous wastes been generated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste? If Yes:  i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurred:  h. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site?  If Yes:  i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site Provide DEC ID number(s):  Pes Spills Incidents database Provide DEC ID number(s):  Yes - Environmental Site Remediation database Provide DEC ID number(s):  Neither database	<ul><li>Dam length: feet</li><li>Surface area: acres</li></ul>	
or does the project site adjoin property which is now, or was at one time, used as a solid waste management facility?  If Yes:  i. Has the facility been formally closed?  • If yes, cite sources/documentation:  ii. Describe the location of the project site relative to the boundaries of the solid waste management facility:  iii. Describe any development constraints due to the prior solid waste activities:  g. Have hazardous wastes been generated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste?  If Yes:  i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurred:  h. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site?  If Yes:  i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site Remediation database? Check all that apply:  Yes – Spills Incidents database Provide DEC ID number(s):  Yes – Environmental Site Remediation database Neither database Provide DEC ID number(s):		
i. Has the facility been formally closed?  • If yes, cite sources/documentation:  ii. Describe the location of the project site relative to the boundaries of the solid waste management facility:  iii. Describe any development constraints due to the prior solid waste activities:  g. Have hazardous wastes been generated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste?  If Yes:  i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurred:  h. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site?  If Yes:  i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site	or does the project site adjoin property which is now, or was at one time, used as a solid waste management facil-	□Yes No ity?
<ul> <li>ii. Describe the location of the project site relative to the boundaries of the solid waste management facility:</li> <li>iii. Describe any development constraints due to the prior solid waste activities:</li></ul>	i. Has the facility been formally closed?	□Yes□ No
g. Have hazardous wastes been generated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste? If Yes:  i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurred:  h. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site?  If Yes:  i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site  Remediation database? Check all that apply:  Yes – Spills Incidents database Provide DEC ID number(s):  Neither database Provide DEC ID number(s):	·	
property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste?  If Yes:  i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurred:  h. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site?  If Yes:  i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site	iii. Describe any development constraints due to the prior solid waste activities:	
h. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site?  If Yes:  i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site  Remediation database? Check all that apply:  Yes − Spills Incidents database  Provide DEC ID number(s):  Yes − Environmental Site Remediation database  Provide DEC ID number(s):	property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste? If Yes:	☐ Yes  No
remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site?  If Yes:  i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site  Remediation database? Check all that apply:  Yes – Spills Incidents database  Provide DEC ID number(s):  Yes – Environmental Site Remediation database  Neither database	i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurre	:d:
i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site  Remediation database? Check all that apply:  Yes – Spills Incidents database  Provide DEC ID number(s):  Yes – Environmental Site Remediation database  Neither database		☐Yes ✓ No
☐ Yes – Environmental Site Remediation database ☐ Neither database ☐ Provide DEC ID number(s):	<i>i.</i> Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site Remediation database? Check all that apply:	□Yes□No
ii. If site has been subject of RCRA corrective activities, describe control measures:	☐ Yes – Environmental Site Remediation database Provide DEC ID number(s):	
	ii. If site has been subject of RCRA corrective activities, describe control measures:	
iii. Is the project within 2000 feet of any site in the NYSDEC Environmental Site Remediation database? ☐ Yes ✓ If yes, provide DEC ID number(s):		□Yes☑No
iv. If yes to (i), (ii) or (iii) above, describe current status of site(s):		

v. Is the project site subject to an institutional contro		□Yes☑No
If yes, DEC site ID number:		
	g., deed restriction or easement):	
Describe any use limitations:     Describe any engineering controls:		
Will the project affect the institutional or en		□Yes□No
Explain:		
E.2. Natural Resources On or Near Project Site		
a. What is the average depth to bedrock on the project	site? <u>12</u> feet	
b. Are there bedrock outcroppings on the project site?		☐ Yes ✓ No
If Yes, what proportion of the site is comprised of bed		
c. Predominant soil type(s) present on project site:	Sandy loam 61 %	,
e. Fredominant son type(s) present on project site.	Ridgebury complex 26 %	
	Woodbridge loam 13 %	
d. What is the average depth to the water table on the	project site? Average:9 feet	
e. Drainage status of project site soils: ✓ Well Draine	ed: <u>65</u> % of site	
	Well Drained: 35% of site	
	ned% of site	
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site wit	h slopes: <b>☑</b> 0-10%:	
	<b>1</b> 0-15%: 25 % of site	
	15% or greater:% of site	
g. Are there any unique geologic features on the proje		☐ Yes ✓ No
If Yes, describe:		
h. Surface water features.		
<i>i.</i> Does any portion of the project site contain wetlan ponds or lakes)?	ds or other waterbodies (including streams, rivers,	□Yes☑No
<i>ii.</i> Do any wetlands or other waterbodies adjoin the p	roject site?	<b>∠</b> Yes□No
If Yes to either <i>i</i> or <i>ii</i> , continue. If No, skip to E.2.i.	refeet site.	<b>2</b> 105 110
<i>iii.</i> Are any of the wetlands or waterbodies within or	adjoining the project site regulated by any federal,	<b>∠</b> Yes □No
state or local agency?	No	ne of the identified are o
	ody on the project site, provide the following information:  Classification	eject site. They are all on acent properties/
	Classification	
• Wetlands: Name Freshwater Wetland	PFO1A Classification Approximate Size	
<ul> <li>Wetland No. (if regulated by DEC)</li> </ul>		
v. Are any of the above water bodies listed in the mos	st recent compilation of NYS water quality-impaired	☐ Yes <b>☑</b> No
waterbodies?	for listing as impaired.	
if yes, name of impaired water body/bodies and basis	for listing as impaired:	
i. Is the project site in a designated Floodway?		☐Yes ✓No
j. Is the project site in the 100-year Floodplain?		Yes <b>Z</b> No
k. Is the project site in the 500-year Floodplain?		Yes <b>∠</b> No
	ining a primary principal or sale source accident	
1. Is the project site located over, or immediately adjoint If Yes:	ining, a primary, principal or sole source aquifer?	□Yes <b>☑</b> No
i. Name of aquifer:		

m. Identify the predominant wildlife species	1.0		_
Butterflies and Skippers	Dragonflies	Flowering Plants	_
Edwards Hairstreak	Mocha Emerald	Globe-Fruited Ludwigia	_
n. Does the project site contain a designated	Red Maple Hardwood Swamp	□Yes ✓	No
If Yes:	significant natural community?		NO
	sition, function, and basis for designation	n):	
ii. Source(s) of description or evaluation:			
iii. Extent of community/habitat:			
• Currently:		acres	
	proposed:	acres	
• Gain or loss (indicate + or -):		acres	
o. Does project site contain any species of pl	lant or animal that is listed by the federa	l government or NYS as	No
endangered or threatened, or does it contains			11.0
If Yes:	•		
<i>i.</i> Species and listing (endangered or threatened	ed):		
	·		
p. Does the project site contain any species	of plant or animal that is listed by NYS	as rare, or as a species of ☐ Yes ✓	No
special concern?			
If Yes:			
i. Species and listing:			
q. Is the project site or adjoining area curren			No
If yes, give a brief description of how the pro-	oposed action may affect that use:		
E 2 Designated Dublic Description On an I	Noon Duoiset Site		
E.3. Designated Public Resources On or I			<b>.</b>
a. Is the project site, or any portion of it, local Agriculture and Markets Law, Article 25		certified pursuant to	No
If Yes, provide county plus district name/nu	· ·		
in res, provide county plus district name/ne	imber. v <u>v201001</u>		
b. Are agricultural lands consisting of highly	y productive soils present?	<b>∠</b> Yes □	No
i. If Yes: acreage(s) on project site? 4 acre			
ii. Source(s) of soil rating(s): Westchester W	Vatershed Agricultural Council March 2021 m	ap titled "Arcadia Farm Soil Boundary Map"	
c. Does the project site contain all or part of	f, or is it substantially contiguous to, a re	egistered National Yes	No
Natural Landmark?	,	<b>–</b> –	
If Yes:			
		ological Feature	
ii. Provide brief description of landmark, is	ncluding values behind designation and	approximate size/extent:	
d. Is the project site located in or does it adjo	oin a state listed Critical Environmental	Area? ✓ Yes ☐	No
If Yes:		<u> </u>	
i. CEA name: County & State Park Lands			
ii. Basis for designation: Exceptional or uniq			
iii. Designating agency and date: Agency:V	Vestchester County, Date:1-31-90		

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	been determined by the Commissioner of the NYS
ii. Name: iii. Brief description of attributes on which listing is based:	
f. Is the project site, or any portion of it, located in or adjacent to an area designate archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites of the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites of the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites of the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites of the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites of the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites of the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites of the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites of the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites of the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites of the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites of the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites of the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological sites of the NY State Historic Preservation	
g. Have additional archaeological or historic site(s) or resources been identified or If Yes:  i. Describe possible resource(s):  ii. Basis for identification:	
h. Is the project site within fives miles of any officially designated and publicly ac scenic or aesthetic resource?  If Yes:  i. Identify resource:  ii. Nature of, or basis for, designation (e.g., established highway overlook, state of the state of th	_
<ul><li>ii. Nature of, or basis for, designation (e.g., established highway overlook, state of etc.):</li><li>iii. Distance between project and resource: miles.</li></ul>	or local park, state historic trail or scenic byway,
<ul> <li>i. Is the project site located within a designated river corridor under the Wild, Sc Program 6 NYCRR 666?</li> <li>If Yes: <ul> <li>i. Identify the name of the river and its designation:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
ii. Is the activity consistent with development restrictions contained in 6NYCRR	
F. Additional Information Attach any additional information which may be needed to clarify your project.  If you have identified any adverse impacts which could be associated with your measures which you propose to avoid or minimize them.	proposal, please describe those impacts plus any
<b>G. Verification</b> I certify that the information provided is true to the best of my knowledge.	
Applicant/Sponsor Name Michael Tarzian Date_10.	/5/2021
Signature Title_Ap	plicant



**Disclaimer:** The EAF Mapper is a screening tool intended to assist project sponsors and reviewing agencies in preparing an environmental assessment form (EAF). Not all questions asked in the EAF are answered by the EAF Mapper. Additional information on any EAF question can be obtained by consulting the EAF Workbooks. Although the EAF Mapper provides the most up-to-date digital data available to DEC, you may also need to contact local or other data sources in order to obtain data not provided by the Mapper. Digital data is not a substitute for agency determinations.



B.i.i [Coastal or Waterfront Area]	No
B.i.ii [Local Waterfront Revitalization Area]	No
C.2.b. [Special Planning District]	Yes - Digital mapping data are not available for all Special Planning Districts. Refer to EAF Workbook.
C.2.b. [Special Planning District - Name]	NYC Watershed Boundary
E.1.h [DEC Spills or Remediation Site - Potential Contamination History]	Digital mapping data are not available or are incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.1.h.i [DEC Spills or Remediation Site - Listed]	Digital mapping data are not available or are incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.1.h.i [DEC Spills or Remediation Site - Environmental Site Remediation Database]	Digital mapping data are not available or are incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.1.h.iii [Within 2,000' of DEC Remediation Site]	No
E.2.g [Unique Geologic Features]	No
E.2.h.i [Surface Water Features]	No
E.2.h.ii [Surface Water Features]	Yes
E.2.h.iii [Surface Water Features]	Yes - Digital mapping information on local and federal wetlands and waterbodies is known to be incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.2.h.v [Impaired Water Bodies]	No
E.2.i. [Floodway]	No
E.2.j. [100 Year Floodplain]	No
E.2.k. [500 Year Floodplain]	No
E.2.I. [Aquifers]	No
E.2.n. [Natural Communities]	No
E.2.o. [Endangered or Threatened Species]	No

E.2.p. [Rare Plants or Animals]	No
E.3.a. [Agricultural District]	Yes
E.3.a. [Agricultural District]	WEST001
E.3.c. [National Natural Landmark]	No
E.3.d [Critical Environmental Area]	Yes
E.3.d [Critical Environmental Area - Name]	County & State Park Lands
E.3.d.ii [Critical Environmental Area - Reason]	Exceptional or unique character
E.3.d.iii [Critical Environmental Area – Date and Agency]	Agency:Westchester County, Date:1-31-90
E.3.e. [National or State Register of Historic Places or State Eligible Sites]	Digital mapping data are not available or are incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.3.f. [Archeological Sites]	No
E.3.i. [Designated River Corridor]	No

# Full Environmental Assessment Form Part 2 - Identification of Potential Project Impacts

	Agency Use Only [If applicable]
Project:	
Date:	

**Part 2 is to be completed by the lead agency.** Part 2 is designed to help the lead agency inventory all potential resources that could be affected by a proposed project or action. We recognize that the lead agency's reviewer(s) will not necessarily be environmental professionals. So, the questions are designed to walk a reviewer through the assessment process by providing a series of questions that can be answered using the information found in Part 1. To further assist the lead agency in completing Part 2, the form identifies the most relevant questions in Part 1 that will provide the information needed to answer the Part 2 question. When Part 2 is completed, the lead agency will have identified the relevant environmental areas that may be impacted by the proposed activity.

If the lead agency is a state agency **and** the action is in any Coastal Area, complete the Coastal Assessment Form before proceeding with this assessment.

#### **Tips for completing Part 2:**

- Review all of the information provided in Part 1.
- Review any application, maps, supporting materials and the Full EAF Workbook.
- Answer each of the 18 questions in Part 2.
- If you answer "Yes" to a numbered question, please complete all the questions that follow in that section.
- If you answer "No" to a numbered question, move on to the next numbered question.
- Check appropriate column to indicate the anticipated size of the impact.
- Proposed projects that would exceed a numeric threshold contained in a question should result in the reviewing agency checking the box "Moderate to large impact may occur."
- The reviewer is not expected to be an expert in environmental analysis.
- If you are not sure or undecided about the size of an impact, it may help to review the sub-questions for the general question and consult the workbook.
- When answering a question consider all components of the proposed activity, that is, the "whole action".
- Consider the possibility for long-term and cumulative impacts as well as direct impacts.
- Answer the question in a reasonable manner considering the scale and context of the project.

This wer the question in a reasonable mainter considering the scale and context of	r the project.		
1. Impact on Land			VEC
Proposed action may involve construction on, or physical alteration of,	∐NO	,	YES
the land surface of the proposed site. (See Part 1. D.1)			
If "Yes", answer questions a - j. If "No", move on to Section 2.		•	353
	Relevant Part I	No, or small	Moderate
	Question(s)	impact	to large impact may
	Question(s)	may occur	occur
a. The proposed action may involve construction on land where depth to water table is less than 3 feet.	E2d		
b. The proposed action may involve construction on slopes of 15% or greater.	E2f		
c. The proposed action may involve construction on land where bedrock is exposed, or generally within 5 feet of existing ground surface.	E2a		
d. The proposed action may involve the excavation and removal of more than 1,000 tons of natural material.	D2a		
e. The proposed action may involve construction that continues for more than one year or in multiple phases.	D1e		
f. The proposed action may result in increased erosion, whether from physical disturbance or vegetation removal (including from treatment by herbicides).	D2e, D2q		
g. The proposed action is, or may be, located within a Coastal Erosion hazard area.	B1i		
h. Other impacts:			

2. Impact on Geological Features			
The proposed action may result in the modification or destruction of, or inhibaccess to, any unique or unusual land forms on the site (e.g., cliffs, dunes, minerals, fossils, caves). (See Part 1. E.2.g)	oit NO		YES
If "Yes", answer questions a - c. If "No", move on to Section 3.			
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. Identify the specific land form(s) attached:	E2g		
b. The proposed action may affect or is adjacent to a geological feature listed as a registered National Natural Landmark.  Specific feature:	Е3с		
c. Other impacts:			
3. Impacts on Surface Water  The proposed action may affect one or more wetlands or other surface water bodies (e.g., streams, rivers, ponds or lakes). (See Part 1. D.2, E.2.h)  If "Yes", answer questions a - l. If "No", move on to Section 4.	□nc		YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may create a new water body.	D2b, D1h		
b. The proposed action may result in an increase or decrease of over 10% or more than a 10 acre increase or decrease in the surface area of any body of water.	D2b		
c. The proposed action may involve dredging more than 100 cubic yards of material from a wetland or water body.	D2a		
d. The proposed action may involve construction within or adjoining a freshwater or tidal wetland, or in the bed or banks of any other water body.	E2h		
e. The proposed action may create turbidity in a waterbody, either from upland erosion, runoff or by disturbing bottom sediments.	D2a, D2h		
f. The proposed action may include construction of one or more intake(s) for withdrawal of water from surface water.	D2c		
g. The proposed action may include construction of one or more outfall(s) for discharge of wastewater to surface water(s).	D2d		
h. The proposed action may cause soil erosion, or otherwise create a source of stormwater discharge that may lead to siltation or other degradation of receiving water bodies.	D2e	Ø	
i. The proposed action may affect the water quality of any water bodies within or downstream of the site of the proposed action.	E2h		
j. The proposed action may involve the application of pesticides or herbicides in or around any water body.	D2q, E2h		
k. The proposed action may require the construction of new, or expansion of existing,	D1a, D2d		

wastewater treatment facilities.

1. Other impacts:			
4. Impact on groundwater  The proposed action may result in new or additional use of ground water, or may have the potential to introduce contaminants to ground water or an aquifer.  (See Part 1. D.2.a, D.2.c, D.2.d, D.2.p, D.2.q, D.2.t)  If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 5.			
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may require new water supply wells, or create additional demand on supplies from existing water supply wells.	D2c		
b. Water supply demand from the proposed action may exceed safe and sustainable withdrawal capacity rate of the local supply or aquifer.  Cite Source:	D2c		
c. The proposed action may allow or result in residential uses in areas without water and sewer services.	D1a, D2c		
d. The proposed action may include or require wastewater discharged to groundwater.	D2d, E2l		
e. The proposed action may result in the construction of water supply wells in locations where groundwater is, or is suspected to be, contaminated.	D2c, E1f, E1g, E1h		
f. The proposed action may require the bulk storage of petroleum or chemical products over ground water or an aquifer.	D2p, E2l		
g. The proposed action may involve the commercial application of pesticides within 100 feet of potable drinking water or irrigation sources.	E2h, D2q, E2l, D2c		
h. Other impacts:			
5. Impact on Flooding The proposed action may result in development on lands subject to flooding. (See Part 1. E.2)  If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", move on to Section 6.	<b>₽</b> NC		YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may result in development in a designated floodway.	E2i		
b. The proposed action may result in development within a 100 year floodplain.	E2j		
c. The proposed action may result in development within a 500 year floodplain.	E2k		
d. The proposed action may result in, or require, modification of existing drainage patterns.	D2b, D2e		
e. The proposed action may change flood water flows that contribute to flooding.	D2b, E2i, E2j, E2k		
f. If there is a dam located on the site of the proposed action, is the dam in need of repair, or upgrade?	E1e		

g. Other impacts:			
	•	•	•
6. Impacts on Air  The proposed action may include a state regulated air emission source.  (See Part 1. D.2.f., D.2.h, D.2.g)  If "Yes", answer questions a - f. If "No", move on to Section 7.	✓NO		YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
<ul> <li>a. If the proposed action requires federal or state air emission permits, the action may also emit one or more greenhouse gases at or above the following levels: <ol> <li>i. More than 1000 tons/year of carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)</li> <li>ii. More than 3.5 tons/year of nitrous oxide (N<sub>2</sub>O)</li> <li>iii. More than 1000 tons/year of carbon equivalent of perfluorocarbons (PFCs)</li> <li>iv. More than .045 tons/year of sulfur hexafluoride (SF<sub>6</sub>)</li> <li>v. More than 1000 tons/year of carbon dioxide equivalent of hydrochloroflourocarbons (HFCs) emissions</li> <li>vi. 43 tons/year or more of methane</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	D2g D2g D2g D2g D2g D2g		
b. The proposed action may generate 10 tons/year or more of any one designated hazardous air pollutant, or 25 tons/year or more of any combination of such hazardous air pollutants.	D2g		
c. The proposed action may require a state air registration, or may produce an emissions rate of total contaminants that may exceed 5 lbs. per hour, or may include a heat source capable of producing more than 10 million BTU's per hour.	D2f, D2g		
d. The proposed action may reach 50% of any of the thresholds in "a" through "c", above.	D2g		
e. The proposed action may result in the combustion or thermal treatment of more than 1 ton of refuse per hour.	D2s		
f. Other impacts:			
7. Impact on Plants and Animals The proposed action may result in a loss of flora or fauna. (See Part 1. E.2. If "Yes", answer questions a - j. If "No", move on to Section 8.	mq.)	□NO	<b>✓</b> YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may cause reduction in population or loss of individuals of any threatened or endangered species, as listed by New York State or the Federal government, that use the site, or are found on, over, or near the site.	E2o	Ø	
b. The proposed action may result in a reduction or degradation of any habitat used by any rare, threatened or endangered species, as listed by New York State or the federal government.	E2o	Ø	
c. The proposed action may cause reduction in population, or loss of individuals, of any species of special concern or conservation need, as listed by New York State or the Federal government, that use the site, or are found on, over, or near the site.	E2p	Ø	
d. The proposed action may result in a reduction or degradation of any habitat used by any species of special concern and conservation need, as listed by New York State or the Federal government.	E2p	Ø	

f. The proposed action may result in the removal of, or ground disturbance in, any portion of a designated significant natural community.  g. The proposed action may substantially interfere with nesting/breeding, foraging, or over-wintering habitat for the predominant species that occupy or use the project site.  h. The proposed action requires the conversion of more than 10 acres of forest, grassland or any other regionally or locally important habitat.  Habitat type & information source:  i. Proposed action (commercial, industrial or recreational projects, only) involves use of herbicides or pesticides.  j. Other impacts:  The proposed action may impact agricultural resources. (See Part 1, E.3.a. and b.)  If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 9.  Relevant Part I Question(s)  Impact may occur  a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System.  b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land (includes cropland, hayfields, pasture, vineyard, orchard, etc).  c. The proposed action may result in the excavation or compaction of the soil profile of active agricultural land.  d. The proposed action may irreversibly convert agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District, or more than	e. The proposed action may diminish the capacity of a registered National Natural Landmark to support the biological community it was established to protect.	Е3с	Ø	
h. The proposed action requires the conversion of more than 10 acres of forest, grassland or any other regionally or locally important habitat.  Habitat type & information source:  i. Proposed action (commercial, industrial or recreational projects, only) involves use of herbicides or pesticides.  j. Other impacts:  j. Other impacts action may impact agricultural resources. (See Part 1, E.3.a. and b.)  If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 9.  Relevant Part 1 Question(s)  No, or small impact impact impact may occur  a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System.  B. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land (includes cropland, hayfields, pasture, vineyard, orchard, etc).  c. The proposed action may irreversibly convert agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District.  c. The proposed action may disrupt or prevent installation of an agricultural land management system.  f. The proposed action may result, directly or indirectly, in increased development potential or pressure on farmland.  g. The proposed action may result, directly or indirectly, in increased development potential or pressure on farmland.  g. The proposed project is not consistent with the adopted municipal Farmland  Protection Plan.	portion of a designated significant natural community.	E2n	Ø	
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potential or pressure on farmland.  D2c, D2d  g. The proposed project is not consistent with the adopted municipal Farmland Protection Plan.  C2c  □ □	<ul> <li>a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System.</li> <li>b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land (includes cropland, hayfields, pasture, vineyard, orchard, etc).</li> <li>c. The proposed action may result in the excavation or compaction of the soil profile of active agricultural land.</li> <li>d. The proposed action may irreversibly convert agricultural land to non-agricultural uses, either more than 2.5 acres if located in an Agricultural District, or more than 10</li> </ul>	Part I Question(s) E2c, E3b E1a, Elb E3b	small impact may occur	to large impact may occur
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h Other impacts:	<ul> <li>a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System.</li> <li>b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land (includes cropland, hayfields, pasture, vineyard, orchard, etc).</li> <li>c. The proposed action may result in the excavation or compaction of the soil profile of active agricultural land.</li> <li>d. The proposed action may irreversibly convert agricultural land to non-agricultural uses, either more than 2.5 acres if located in an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District.</li> <li>e. The proposed action may disrupt or prevent installation of an agricultural land management system.</li> <li>f. The proposed action may result, directly or indirectly, in increased development</li> </ul>	Part I Question(s)  E2c, E3b  E1a, E1b  E3b  E1b, E3a  E1 a, E1b  C2c, C3,	small impact may occur	to large impact may occur
h. Other impacts:	<ul> <li>a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System.</li> <li>b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land (includes cropland, hayfields, pasture, vineyard, orchard, etc).</li> <li>c. The proposed action may result in the excavation or compaction of the soil profile of active agricultural land.</li> <li>d. The proposed action may irreversibly convert agricultural land to non-agricultural uses, either more than 2.5 acres if located in an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District.</li> <li>e. The proposed action may disrupt or prevent installation of an agricultural land management system.</li> <li>f. The proposed action may result, directly or indirectly, in increased development potential or pressure on farmland.</li> <li>g. The proposed project is not consistent with the adopted municipal Farmland</li> </ul>	Part I Question(s)  E2c, E3b  E1a, Elb  E3b  E1b, E3a  El a, E1b  C2c, C3, D2c, D2d	small impact may occur	to large impact may occur

9. Impact on Aesthetic Resources  The land use of the proposed action are obviously different from, or are in	<b>₽</b> N0	) [	YES
sharp contrast to, current land use patterns between the proposed project and a scenic or aesthetic resource. (Part 1. E.1.a, E.1.b, E.3.h.)  If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", go to Section 10.			
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. Proposed action may be visible from any officially designated federal, state, or local scenic or aesthetic resource.	E3h		
b. The proposed action may result in the obstruction, elimination or significant screening of one or more officially designated scenic views.	E3h, C2b		
c. The proposed action may be visible from publicly accessible vantage points: i. Seasonally (e.g., screened by summer foliage, but visible during other seasons) ii. Year round	E3h		
<ul><li>d. The situation or activity in which viewers are engaged while viewing the proposed action is:</li><li>i. Routine travel by residents, including travel to and from work</li><li>ii. Recreational or tourism based activities</li></ul>	E3h E2q, E1c		_ _
e. The proposed action may cause a diminishment of the public enjoyment and appreciation of the designated aesthetic resource.	E3h		
f. There are similar projects visible within the following distance of the proposed project:  0-1/2 mile ½-3 mile 3-5 mile 5+ mile	D1a, E1a, D1f, D1g		
g. Other impacts:			
10. Impact on Historic and Archeological Resources  The proposed action may occur in or adjacent to a historic or archaeological resource. (Part 1. E.3.e, f. and g.)  If "Yes", answer questions a - e. If "No", go to Section 11.	<b>✓</b> NO	) [	YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may occur wholly or partially within, or substantially contiguous to, any buildings, archaeological site or district which is listed on the National or State Register of Historical Places, or that has been determined by the Commissioner of the NYS Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation to be eligible for listing on the State Register of Historic Places.	E3e		
b. The proposed action may occur wholly or partially within, or substantially contiguous to, an area designated as sensitive for archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological site inventory.	E3f		
c. The proposed action may occur wholly or partially within, or substantially contiguous to, an archaeological site not included on the NY SHPO inventory.  Source:	E3g		

d. Other impacts:			
If any of the above (a-d) are answered "Moderate to large impact may e. occur", continue with the following questions to help support conclusions in Part 3:			
<ol> <li>The proposed action may result in the destruction or alteration of all or part of the site or property.</li> </ol>	E3e, E3g, E3f		
<ol> <li>The proposed action may result in the alteration of the property's setting or integrity.</li> </ol>	E3e, E3f, E3g, E1a, E1b		
iii. The proposed action may result in the introduction of visual elements which are out of character with the site or property, or may alter its setting.	E3e, E3f, E3g, E3h, C2, C3		
11. Impact on Open Space and Recreation  The proposed action may result in a loss of recreational opportunities or a reduction of an open space resource as designated in any adopted municipal open space plan.  (See Part 1. C.2.c, E.1.c., E.2.q.)  If "Yes", answer questions a - e. If "No", go to Section 12.	<b>✓</b> No		YES
	Relevant	No, or	Moderate
	Part I Question(s)	small impact may occur	to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may result in an impairment of natural functions, or "ecosystem services", provided by an undeveloped area, including but not limited to stormwater storage, nutrient cycling, wildlife habitat.	D2e, E1b E2h, E2m, E2o, E2n, E2p		
b. The proposed action may result in the loss of a current or future recreational resource.	C2a, E1c, C2c, E2q		
c. The proposed action may eliminate open space or recreational resource in an area with few such resources.	C2a, C2c E1c, E2q		
d. The proposed action may result in loss of an area now used informally by the community as an open space resource.	C2c, E1c		
e. Other impacts:			
12. Impact on Critical Environmental Areas  The proposed action may be located within or adjacent to a critical environmental area (CEA). (See Part 1. E.3.d)  If "Yes", answer questions a - c. If "No", go to Section 13.	NO		YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may result in a reduction in the quantity of the resource or characteristic which was the basis for designation of the CEA.	E3d		
b. The proposed action may result in a reduction in the quality of the resource or characteristic which was the basis for designation of the CEA.	E3d		
c. Other impacts:			

13. Impact on Transportation  The proposed action may result in a change to existing transportation systems (See Part 1. D.2.j)	s. V	о 🗌	YES
If "Yes", answer questions a - f. If "No", go to Section 14.	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. Projected traffic increase may exceed capacity of existing road network.	D2j		
b. The proposed action may result in the construction of paved parking area for 500 or more vehicles.	D2j		
c. The proposed action will degrade existing transit access.	D2j		
d. The proposed action will degrade existing pedestrian or bicycle accommodations.	D2j		
e. The proposed action may alter the present pattern of movement of people or goods.	D2j		
f. Other impacts:			
14. Impact on Energy The proposed action may cause an increase in the use of any form of energy. (See Part 1. D.2.k)  If "Yes", answer questions a - e. If "No", go to Section 15.	<b>✓</b> No	O 🗌	YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action will require a new, or an upgrade to an existing, substation.	D2k		
b. The proposed action will require the creation or extension of an energy transmission or supply system to serve more than 50 single or two-family residences or to serve a commercial or industrial use.	D1f, D1q, D2k		
c. The proposed action may utilize more than 2,500 MWhrs per year of electricity.	D2k		
d. The proposed action may involve heating and/or cooling of more than 100,000 square feet of building area when completed.	D1g		
e. Other Impacts:			
15. Impact on Noise, Odor, and Light  The proposed action may result in an increase in noise, odors, or outdoor ligh (See Part 1. D.2.m., n., and o.)  If "Yes", answer questions a - f. If "No", go to Section 16.	ting. NC		YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may produce sound above noise levels established by local regulation.	D2m		
b. The proposed action may result in blasting within 1,500 feet of any residence, hospital, school, licensed day care center, or nursing home.	D2m, E1d		
c. The proposed action may result in routine odors for more than one hour per day.	D2o	V	

e. The proposed action may result in lighting creating sky-glow brighter than existing area conditions.	D2n, E1a			
f. Other impacts:				
16. Impact on Human Health  The proposed action may have an impact on human health from exposure to new or existing sources of contaminants. (See Part 1.D.2.q., E.1. d. f. g. and h.)  If "Yes", answer questions a - m. If "No", go to Section 17.				
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No,or small impact may cccur	Moderate to large impact may occur	
a. The proposed action is located within 1500 feet of a school, hospital, licensed day care center, group home, nursing home or retirement community.	E1d			
b. The site of the proposed action is currently undergoing remediation.	E1g, E1h			
c. There is a completed emergency spill remediation, or a completed environmental site remediation on, or adjacent to, the site of the proposed action.	E1g, E1h			
d. The site of the action is subject to an institutional control limiting the use of the property (e.g., easement or deed restriction).	E1g, E1h			
e. The proposed action may affect institutional control measures that were put in place to ensure that the site remains protective of the environment and human health.	E1g, E1h			
f. The proposed action has adequate control measures in place to ensure that future generation, treatment and/or disposal of hazardous wastes will be protective of the environment and human health.	D2t			
g. The proposed action involves construction or modification of a solid waste management facility.	D2q, E1f			
h. The proposed action may result in the unearthing of solid or hazardous waste.	D2q, E1f			
i. The proposed action may result in an increase in the rate of disposal, or processing, of solid waste.	D2r, D2s			
j. The proposed action may result in excavation or other disturbance within 2000 feet of a site used for the disposal of solid or hazardous waste.	E1f, E1g E1h			
k. The proposed action may result in the migration of explosive gases from a landfill site to adjacent off site structures.	E1f, E1g			
l. The proposed action may result in the release of contaminated leachate from the project site.	D2s, E1f, D2r			
m. Other impacts:				

 $\ensuremath{\mathrm{d}}.$  The proposed action may result in light shining onto adjoining properties.

D2n

**/** 

17. Consistency with Community Plans  The proposed action is not consistent with adopted land use plans.  (See Part 1. C.1, C.2. and C.3.)	✓NO	YES	
If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", go to Section 18.			
j va	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action's land use components may be different from, or in sharp contrast to, current surrounding land use pattern(s).	C2, C3, D1a E1a, E1b		
b. The proposed action will cause the permanent population of the city, town or village in which the project is located to grow by more than 5%.	C2		
c. The proposed action is inconsistent with local land use plans or zoning regulations.	C2, C2, C3		
d. The proposed action is inconsistent with any County plans, or other regional land use plans.	C2, C2		
e. The proposed action may cause a change in the density of development that is not supported by existing infrastructure or is distant from existing infrastructure.	C3, D1c, D1d, D1f, D1d, Elb		
f. The proposed action is located in an area characterized by low density development that will require new or expanded public infrastructure.	C4, D2c, D2d D2j		
g. The proposed action may induce secondary development impacts (e.g., residential or commercial development not included in the proposed action)	C2a		
h. Other:			
18. Consistency with Community Character  The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character.  (See Part 1. C.2, C.3, D.2, E.3)  If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", proceed to Part 3.	✓NO	) []	/ES
ig 100 , marrer questions a gi ig 110 , proceed to 1 are i	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may replace or eliminate existing facilities, structures, or areas of historic importance to the community.	E3e, E3f, E3g		
b. The proposed action may create a demand for additional community services (e.g. schools, police and fire)	C4		
c. The proposed action may displace affordable or low-income housing in an area where there is a shortage of such housing.	C2, C3, D1f D1g, E1a		
d. The proposed action may interfere with the use or enjoyment of officially recognized or designated public resources.	C2, E3		
e. The proposed action is inconsistent with the predominant architectural scale and character.	C2, C3		
f. Proposed action is inconsistent with the character of the existing natural landscape.	C2, C3 E1a, E1b E2g, E2h		
g. Other impacts:			



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May 15, 2021

Julia Magliozzo
Director of Operations
Ecogy Energy
315 Flatbush Avenue #393
Brooklyn, NY 11217

Re: Arcadia Farm, Yorktown, NY

Tree Inventory Evaluation and Results - Revised Project Layout

Dear Julia:

As requested, Paul Cowie + Associates (PC+A) inventoried and evaluated the condition of existing trees at 1300 Baptist Church Road on several days between March 27 and April 5, 2021.

On May 6, 2021, PC+A returned to the site to inventory additional trees and revise the original inventory (dated April 7, 2021) to reflect a proposed new layout for the project.

The goals of this study were to:

- 1. Identify, measure, and evaluate the current health and structural condition of existing 'Protected Trees' within the designated tree removal areas;
- 2. Calculate carbon storage and sequestration benefits provided by these inventoried trees;
- 3. Compile a list of tree species suitable and recommended for mitigation plantings based on a review of current species performance, existing site conditions, Town preferences, and other relevant factors.

The data collected and the recommendations made for each inventoried tree are presented in the attached spreadsheet. The following is an explanation of the data parameters included and an overview of our general finding and recommendations.

#### Tree Included

This tree inventory and evaluation was limited to trees within and approximately 10-feet beyond the proposed tree removal area, as indicated with a blue line on the attached site plan. Tree stumps, standing dead tree trunks less than 15-feet in height, shrubs, vines, and other vegetation within these areas were not inventoried and evaluated. No other trees in any other portions of the property, or on adjacent properties, were inventoried and evaluated.

Within the designated tree removal areas, trees were included based on whether they met the definition of a 'Protected Tree,' as per Chapter 270 of the Yorktown Town Code, *Trees*. Specifically, trees rooted on the subject private property were included if they possessed at least one stem measuring at least 8.0-inches in diameter (DBH). 'Street Trees' (defined by Town Code as trees with their base at least 50-percent within the public right-of-way) were included regardless of size.

A temporary aluminum tag hand-embossed with the corresponding tree ID number (#1 - #197) was attached to each of the

trees inventoried. The approximate location of each tree is indicated on the attached site plan. Trees #1 through #110 were inventoried, measured, and evaluated in March and April 2021. Trees #160 through #197 were added on May 6, 2021. Gaps in the Tree ID sequence are a result of previously inventoried trees being dropped from this revised inventory because they were more than 10-feet outside the revised project limit.

A total of 87 standing trees are included in this revised tree inventory.

#### Tree Species + Exotic Invasive Status

Each tree is identified in the attached data table by both its regionally accepted common name and its botanical name.

The invasive status of each species is indicated based on species index information published by the Lower Hudson Partnership for Regional Invasive Species Management and accessed via <a href="https://www.lhprism.org/species-information">https://www.lhprism.org/species-information</a> on February 26, 2021. Within the current proposed project limit, there are no tree species that are designated as invasive per the aforementioned source.

#### Tree Size + Age Classification

The diameter of each inventoried tree was measured with a diameter tape to the nearest one-tenth inch at a point 4.5-feet above ground level (DBH), or at the height indicated when branching or abnormal swellings at 4.5-feet would produce an inaccurate measurement.

In the case of multiple-stem trees, the diameter of each stem was measured and recorded, and the root sum squared of the stems (RSS =  $SQRT(D1^2+D2^2+D3^2...)$ ) was calculated to provide a single-stem equivalence for the purpose of determining critical root zone radii.

Total tree height, crown height, and crown width were measured using a Leica Disto D810 Touch laser distance meter.

- Total tree height was measured to the nearest whole foot from the ground to the highest main body foliage.
- Crown height was measured from the ground to the bottom of main body foliage at the outer edge of the crown and/or lowest scaffold branch (whichever came first); individual low hanging small branches were excluded.
- Crown spread was measured at the widest point of the main body drip line; individual extended small branches were excluded. For asymmetrical crowns, the crown was either measured 1) by averaging two perpendicular crown diameters or 2) by averaging four crown radii at right angles relative to each other, multiplying by 2, and adding the diameter in feet. Measurements were rounded to the nearest whole foot.

The age class of each individually inventoried tree was recorded based on apparent age relative to the normal life expectancy of the species. Age was classified as 'Young' if the tree had exhausted up to 20% of the species' typical life expectancy, 'Mature' if it had exhausted 20% to 80% of the species' life expectancy, or 'Over-Mature' if it had exhausted more than 80% of the species' life expectancy.

#### Critical Root Zone (CRZ)

Critical root zone radius (CRZ) is the ground area around a tree which, if fully protected from soil compaction, grade changes, excavation, and other soil and root-damaging impacts, will ensure that tree health and structural integrity will not be compromised by construction activity. This information is provided to assist designers in locating grading, pavement, underground utilities, and other proposed improvements in a manner that minimizes impacts to any trees that may be retained.

#### **Tree Condition**

The condition of each inventoried tree was systematically evaluated and rated with consideration given to both the health and vigor and the structural integrity of the root system, primary stems, scaffold branching, small branches and twigs, and foliage.

A rating of 'Good', 'Fair', or 'Poor' was assigned separately to the health and vigor as well as to the structure and form of each inventoried tree. An 'Overall Condition' rating was then assigned, as follows:

- Good: The tree had no more than one or two minor health disorders and/or structural defects and was growing with normal vigor;
- Fair: The tree had 2 4 minor, or one major, health disorders and/or structural defects, and/or was growing with below-normal vigor or other limitations.
- *Poor:* The tree had several minor, or two or more major, health disorders and/or structural defects, and/or was declining in vigor.
- Dead: 75% or more of the crown was dead and any remaining live portions were deteriorating in health.

For the purpose of carbon benefits modeling, health and vigor ratings were converted to corresponding percentages (i.e. Good = 75% - 100%, Fair = 50% - 75%, Poor = 25% - 50%, Dead/Dying = 0% - 25%) and percent crown dieback and percent missing crown were recorded.

Please note that inspection of the inventoried trees was limited to visual observations from the ground and did not include climbing, aerial inspections, subsurface exploration, wood strength testing, or other advanced diagnostic techniques, which may be necessary to fully identify and evaluate the severity of certain health disorders and structural defects. Therefore, certain health disorders and/or structural defects may have not been noted or their extent may not have been fully determined.

#### **Observations**

The 'Disorders + Defects, Comments, Additional Recommendations' column contains various comments regarding the nature and severity of disorders and defects noted, particularly where they resulted in reduced condition ratings and/or recommendations for tree removal.

Additionally, this column contains additional treatment recommendations not included in the subsequent recommendation columns.

#### **Maintenance Recommendations**

It is PC+A's understanding that all existing trees within the designated areas are proposed for removal. Nevertheless, where appropriate, recommendations for pruning to remove dead, dying, damaged, and/or diseased limbs, pruning to improve branch architecture, cabling to reduce the risk of failure at certain branch defects, or other treatments were made based on conditions observed at the time each tree was evaluated.

This information is provided to further characterize the trees' current condition and provide guidance in the event that decisions are made to preserve any of the trees.

Terminology for various pruning types (e.g. 'Clean Crown', 'Raise Crown', 'Reduce Crown', 'Structural prune', etc.) correspond to ANSI A300 *American National Standard for Tree Care Operations*.

Each recommendation was prioritized based on the severity of potential safety risks first (e.g. large dead trees versus small dead trees, trees containing large dead limbs versus small dead branches, etc.) and addressing tree health and appearance

second. The priority of each recommendation was ranked as High ('H'), Medium ('M'), or Low ('L'). These recommendations should be implemented in order of decreasing priority.

#### Tree Removal Recommendations

Definitive recommendations for tree removal were made for trees that were dead, had substantial dieback and/or limited remaining life expectancy, or possessed severe, irreparable structural defects that pose potential safety risks.

It is PC+A's opinion that those trees for which a specific removal recommendation was made should be removed whether or not the project proceeds. Further, it is PC+A's interpretation that those trees satisfy the 'Permit Not Required' exemptions provided in Section 270-5 of the Yorktown Town Code.

At this time, twenty-eight trees are recommended for removal due to death, severely deteriorated and irreparable health or structural condition, or limited remaining life expectancy. Seventeen of the trees recommended for removal are white ash (*Fraxinus americana*) trees with severe emerald ash borer infestation. Many of these ash trees are dead or near dead and the remainder will almost certainly succumb within the next year or two.

#### **Tree Inventory Summary**

Count of Protected Trees by Lower Hudson PRISM invasive status and current condition (Viable Trees = trees to be removed for design reasons only; Non-Viable Trees = trees requiring removal regardless of the design because they are dead, dying, diseased, or in an otherwise deteriorated and irreparable health or structural condition and, therefore, exempt from permit requirements.

INVASIVE STATUS	VIABLE TREES TO BE REMOVED	NON-VIABLE TREES REQUIRING REMOVAL DUE TO CONDITION	TOTAL
Invasive	0	0	0
Non-Invasive	59	28	87
TOTAL	59	28	87

#### Carbon Benefits Estimation via iTree Eco

The *Eco* module of the *iTree* software suite was used to calculate current carbon storage and annual sequestration rates for the inventoried trees. Relevant reports produced by the *iTree Eco* model are attached.

*iTree* was developed and is under active review and constant improvement by a consortium of industry organizations and experts led by the U.S. Forest Service. It is widely considered to be the current state of the art and is the most widely used tool for calculating the level and value of a variety of ecosystem services that trees provide in urban and rural settings.

*iTree Eco* requires specific inputs to run its models. PC+A used the following data derived from the measurements described above to run the carbon models:

- Weather: 2016 weather and pollution data from the Westchester County Airport weather station in White Plains, NY.
- Species
- DBH: Diameter at breast height (4.5-feet above the ground), or the single-stem equivalent for multi-stem trees.
- Total Tree Height
- Crown Height
- Crown Width
- Crown Condition
- Crown Dieback / Missing Crown

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions or require any additional information.

Sincerely,

PA/OL COWIE AND ASSOCIATES

Paul F. Cow President

PFC:pc Encl.

# **ARCADIA** GROUND MOUNT PV SYSTEM

985.88 KW-DC SOLAR PV SYSTEM 1300 BAPTIST CHURCH ROAD YORKTOWN HEIGHTS, NEW YORK 10598

# SCOPE OF WORK:

TO INSTALL A GROUND MOUNTED SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC (PV) SYSTEM. THE POWER GENERATED BY THE PV SYSTEM WILL BE INTERCONNECTED WITH THE UTILITY GRID

THE PV SYSTEM DOES NOT INCLUDE STORAGE **BATTERIES** 

# **CODES & STANDARDS:**

2017 NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE 2015 INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODE 2018 INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE

# LOT INFORMATION:

11 +/- ACRES PARCEL ID # 47.11-1-4 **ZONING DISTRICT - R-1 ONE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL** 

# **RECORD OWNER:**

ARCADIA HOLDING CO., LLC 14 SUN VALLEY ROAD NORTH SALEM, NEW YORK 10560

# **RECORD APPPLICANT:**

**ECOGY NEW YORK XIII, LLC** 315 FLATBUSH AVENUE #393 **BROOKLYN, NEW YORK 11217** 

#### DRAWING LIST DRAWING TITLE DWG. NO. G-001 TITLE SHEET PV-101 SITE PLAN PV-101.1 PARTIAL SITE PLAN MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS PV-507 GROUND MOUNT ELEVATION GROUND MOUNT DETAIL

# SYSTEM SUMMARY:

985.88 kW DC 800.0 kW-AC

TILT ANGLE = 20° AZIMUTH = 172°

## **EQUIPMENT:**

(2,186) BOVIET 450W MODULE

INVERTER:

(8) SOLAREDGE 100K-US INVERTER

**RACKING:** 

UNIRAC

DAS:

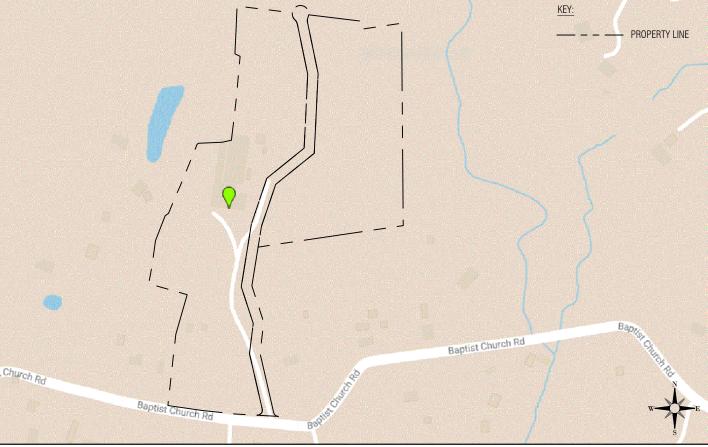
**ECOGY ECONODE** 

# UTILITY:

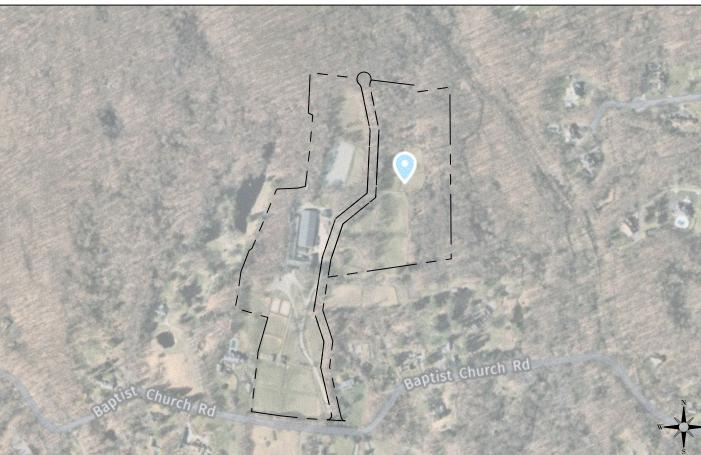
CON ED

REVIEW PLAN SET ISSUE DATE: 07/28/2020

# **LOCATION MAP** SCALE: NTS







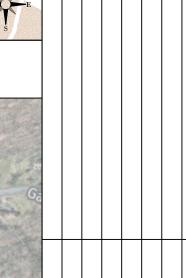


ECOGY ENERGY 315 FLATBUSH AVENUE. #393 BROOKLYN, NY 11217 projectmanagement@ecogyenergy.com (718)-304-0945

**Ecogy New York XIII LLC** 

**ARCADIA GROUND** 985.88 kW-DC

1300 BAPTIST CHURCH RD YORKTOWN, NY, 10598



Professional Stamp

TITLE SHEET

DATE: 07/28/2021

G-001

## **CUSTOMER EQUIPMENT KEY:**

- SOLAREDGE INVERTERS
- 600A AC COMBINER PANEL MAIN PV AC 1200 A DISCONNECT SECONDARY METER DAS (ECONODE)
- NEW CUSTOMER OWNED RISER POLE WITH METER

#### UTILITY EQUIPMENT KEY:

- EXISTING UTILITY POLE #30
- **EXISTING UTILITY POLE #29**
- NEW UTILITY OWNED POLE
- NEW UTILITY OWNED TRANSFORMER





ECOGY ENERGY 315 FLATBUSH AVENUE, #393 BROOKLYN, NY 11217 projectmanagement@ecogyenergy.com (718)-304-0945

**Ecogy New York XIII LLC** 

Project Name:
ARCADIA GROUND 985.88 kW-DC

Project Site:

1300 BAPTIST CHURCH RD YORKTOWN, NY, 10598

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Professional Stamp

SHEET NAME:

SITE PLAN

DATE: 07/28/2021 PV-100 SHEET NUMBER:

# SYMBOLS LEGEND:

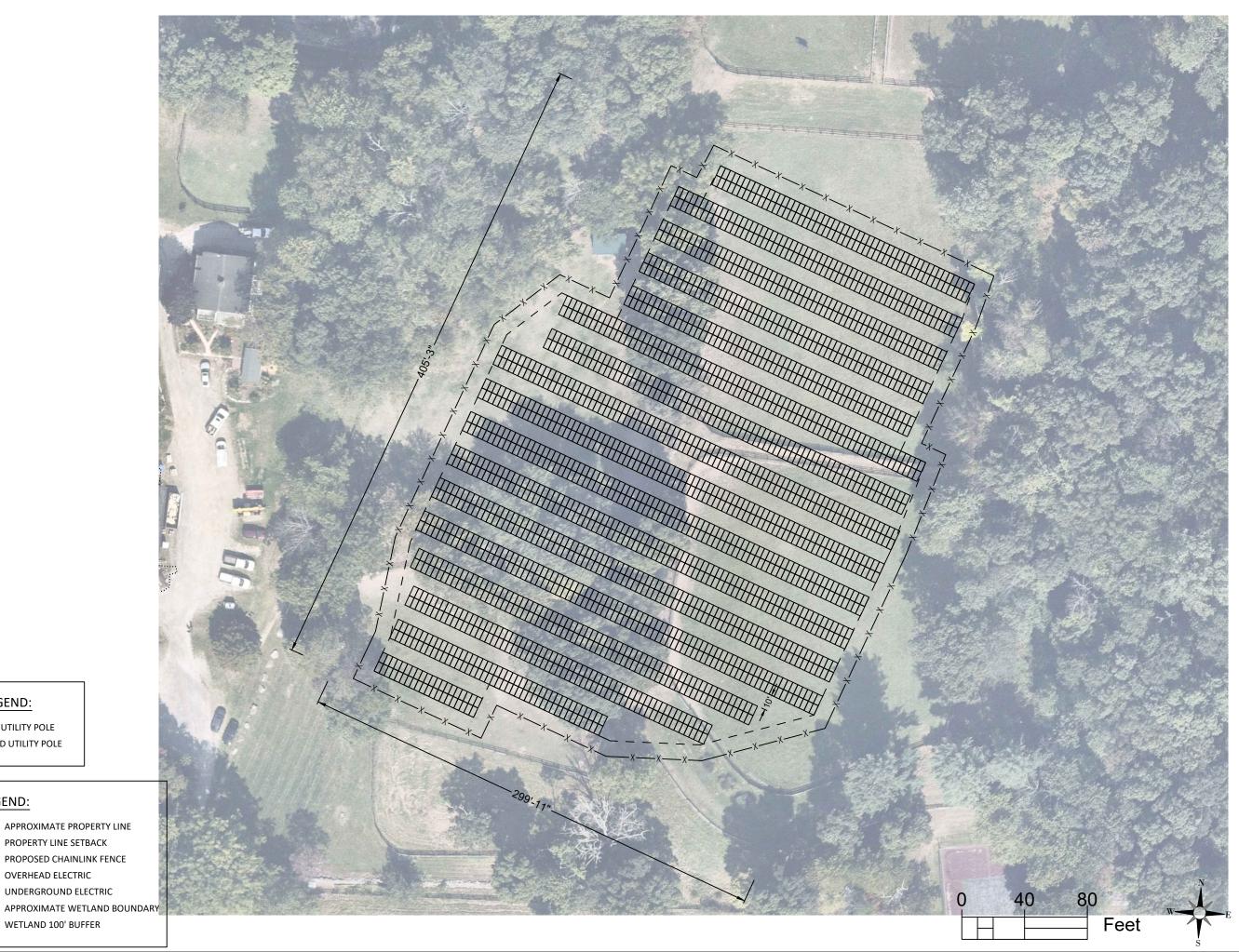
**EXISTING UTILITY POLE** PROPOSED UTILITY POLE

# LINETYPE LEGEND:

APPROXIMATE PROPERTY LINE PROPERTY LINE SETBACK PROPOSED CHAINLINK FENCE OVERHEAD ELECTRIC UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC

APPROXIMATE WETLAND BOUNDARY

WETLAND 100' BUFFER



SYMBOLS LEGEND:

LINETYPE LEGEND:

**EXISTING UTILITY POLE** PROPOSED UTILITY POLE

> APPROXIMATE PROPERTY LINE PROPERTY LINE SETBACK PROPOSED CHAINLINK FENCE

OVERHEAD ELECTRIC

UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC

WETLAND 100' BUFFER



ECOGY ENERGY 315 FLATBUSH AVENUE, #393 BROOKLYN, NY 11217 projectmanagement@ecogyenergy.com (718)-304-0945

Ecogy New York XIII LLC

**ARCADIA GROUND** 985.88 kW-DC

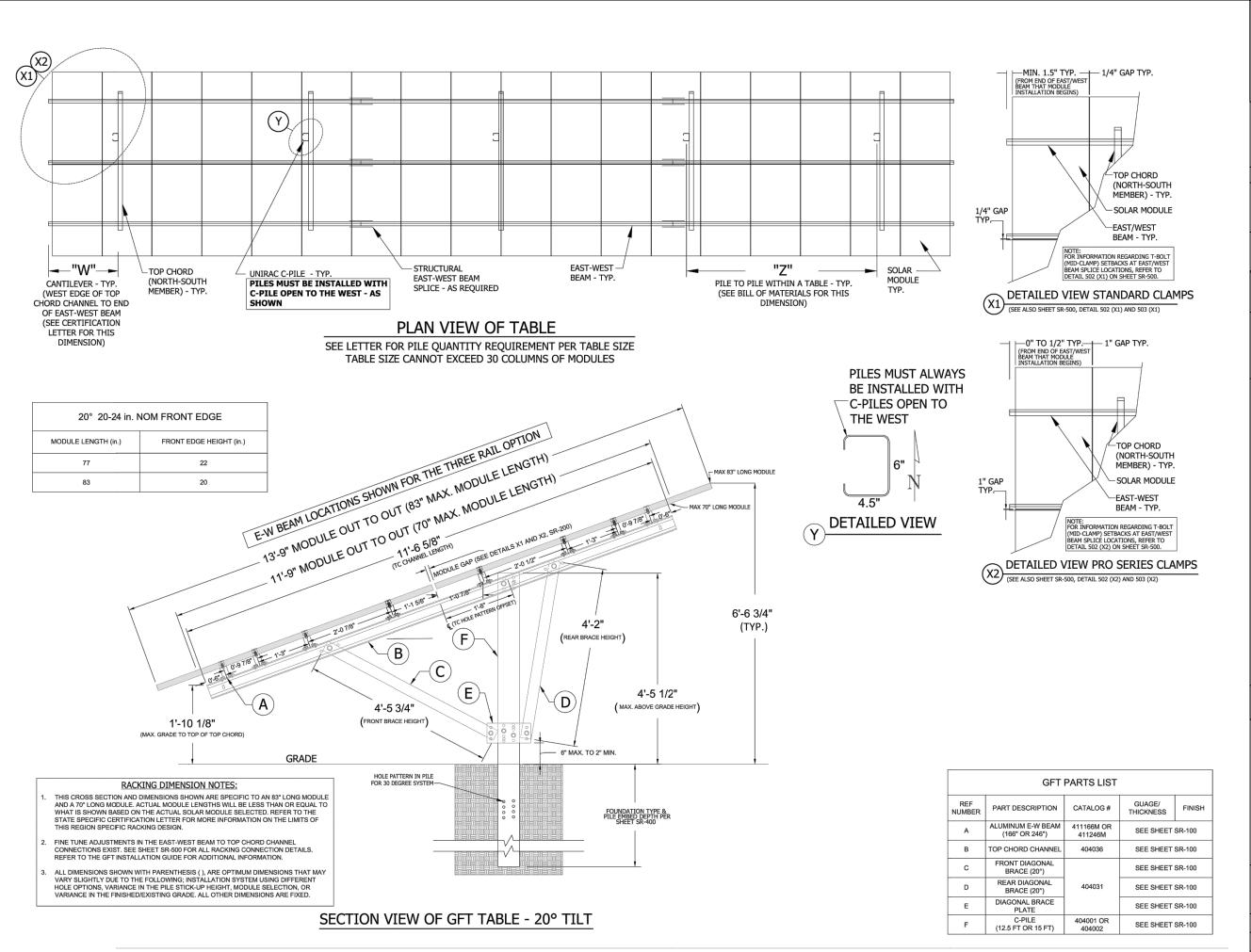
1300 BAPTIST CHURCH RD YORKTOWN, NY, 10598

							В
							DATE
							REVISION DESCRIPTION
							#
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**PARTIAL** 

SITE PLAN

DATE: 07/28/2021 PV-100.1 SHEET NUMBER:





ECOGY ENERGY
315 FLATBUSH AVENUE, #393
BROOKLYN, NY 11217
projectmanagement@ecogyenergy.com
(718)-304-0945

Ecogy New York XIII LLC

ARCADIA GROUND 985.88 kW-DC

Project Site

1300 BAPTIST CHURCH RD YORKTOWN, NY, 10598

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							ВУ
							DATE
							REVISION DESCRIPTION
							#

Professional Stamp

PRELIMINARY

SHEET NAME:

GROUND MOUNT

LLLVAIION					
PROJECT NUMBER:	DRAWN BY:	CHECKED BY:			
	DQP				
DATE:	DWG.	NUMBER:			
07/28/2021					
SHEET NUMBER:	D\/_	2001			
of	I V -	<b>Z</b> UU			

# 20 DEGREE UNIRAC STEEL C-PILE FOUNDATION DEPTHS

(REFER TO SHEET SR-200 FOR PILE STICK-UP HEIGHT) (c)

FOUNDATION TYPE	DETAIL NUMBER	DIMENSION "C"	
FULLY DRIVEN PILE (b)	403	8'-0"	

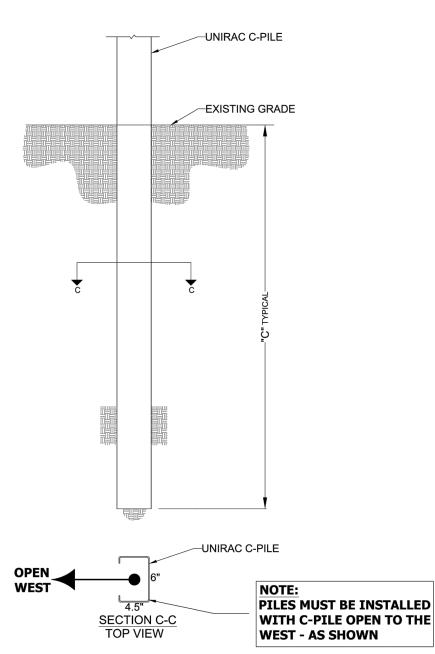
(c) BASED ON THE PILE STICK-UP HEIGHT FOR A STANDARD 20 DEGREE GFT TABLE, ALL PILE EMBEDMENT DEPTHS THAT ARE 8'-1" OR GREATER, REQUIRE A 15 FT LONG PILE.

#### 30 DEGREE UNIRAC STEEL C-PILE FOUNDATION DEPTHS

(REFER TO SHEET SR-300 FOR PILE STICK-UP HEIGHT) (e)

FOUNDATION TYPE	DETAIL NUMBER	DIMENSION "C"		
FULLY DRIVEN PILE (d)	403	8'-6"		
(d) PILE EMBEDMENT DEPTH NEEDS TO BE VERIFIED BY PILE TESTING OR FROM A GEOTECHNICAL OR PROFESSIONAL				

(e) BASED ON THE PILE STICK-UP HEIGHT FOR A STANDARD 30 DEGREE GFT TABLE, ALL PILE EMBEDMENT DEPTHS THAT ARE 6'-4" OR GREATER, REQUIRE A 15 FT LONG PILE.





FOUNDATION 403: FULLY DRIVEN PILE

- DRIVEN PILE FOUNDATIONS MAY NOT BE USED IN SOILS THAT CONTAIN SILT OR CLAY WITH GROUNDWATER WITHIN 12 FEET OF THE SURFACE UNLESS APPROVED BY A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER. IT IS RECOMMENDED TO VERIFY GROUNDWATER IS NOT PRESENT IF USING THIS FOUNDATION TYPE IN FROST PRONE REGIONS.
- PILES MUST BE INSTALLED TO THE FULL DEPTH. PILES NOT DRIVEN TO FULL DEPTH ARE CONSIDERED FAILED PILES AND A DIFFERENT FOUNDATION MUST BE UTILIZED.
- FOUNDATIONS MUST NOT BE INSTALLED IN ORGANIC SOILS OR IN AREAS WITH GROUNDWATER NEAR THE SURFACE.
- PILE EMBEDMENT MUST BE DETERMINED BY A LICENSED CIVIL ENGINEER OR BY SITE PILE TESTS.



ECOGY ENERGY 315 FLATBUSH AVENUE, #393 BROOKLYN, NY 11217 projectmanagement@ecogyenergy.com (718)-304-0945

Ecogy New York XIII LLC

Project Name: ARCADIA GROUND 985.88 kW-DC

Project Site:

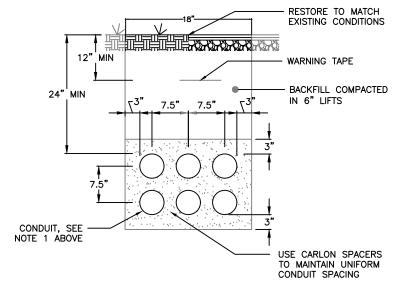
1300 BAPTIST CHURCH RD VODKTOWN NV 10508

			ВУ
			DATE
			REVISION DESCRIPTION
			#

Professional Stamp

**GROUND MOUNT** FI FVATION

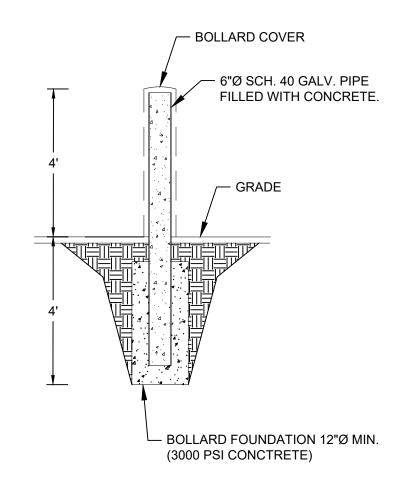
LLLVATION					
PROJECT NUMBER:	DRAWN BY:	CHECKED B			
	DQP				
DATE:	DWG. I	NUMBER:			
07/28/2021					
SHEET NUMBER:	PV-2	200 1			



- ALL UNDEGROUND CONDUIT SHALL BE PVC AND TRANSITION TO RMC FOR ELBOW. RMC ELBOW DOES NOT NEED TO BE BONDED IF ANY PART OF THE ELBOW IS 18" DEEP (NEC 250.86
- EXCEPTION 3)

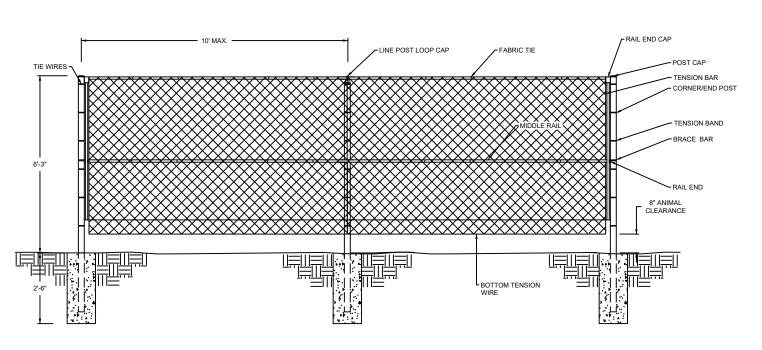
  2. UNDER ROADS AND PARKING AREAS ENCASEMENT SHALL BE 3000 PSI CONCRETE. UNDER GRASSY AREAS ENCASEMENT SHALL
- 3. COORDINATE WITH DIG SAFE AND LOCAL UTILITIES PRIOR TO **EXCAVATING**

# TRENCH DETAIL



# **BOLLARD DETAIL**

N.T.S.



# **FENCE DETAIL**

N.T.S.

FENCING TO BE ANIMAL FRIENDLY WITH AN 8" MIN.
 CLEARANCE FROM BOTTOM OF FENCE TO THE GROUND.



ECOGY ENERGY 315 FLATBUSH AVENUE, #393 BROOKLYN, NY 11217 projectmanagement@ecogyenergy.com (718)-304-0945

Ecogy New York XIII LLC

Project Name: ARCADIA GROUND 985.88 kW-DC

Project Site:

1300 BAPTIST CHURCH RD YORKTOWN, NY, 10598

							ВУ
							DATE
							REVISION DESCRIPTION
							#
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MISC. MECHANICAL **DETAILS** 

PROJECT NUMBER: DRAWN BY: DATE: 07/28/2021 SHEET NUMBER:

# 1 A-000

# SITE PLAN OVERVIEW

# Legend Solar Panel FD Setbacks & Pathways Gas Line D/C Home Run A/C Home Run Light Shade Heavy Shade Obstruction (Vent Pipe) Building Outline Solar Inverter

Electrical Equipment

# SCOPE OF WORK

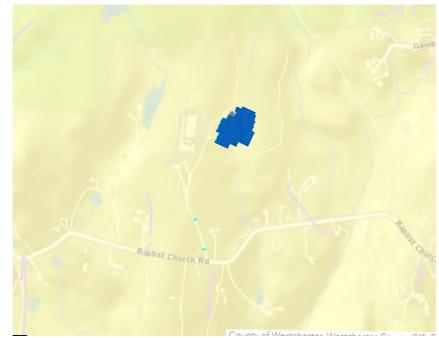
Installation of:
(2232) Solar Modules 445W (49,662 sqft)
(8) SolarEdge 100kW 480V Inverters
(1) 52IT 800A Solar AC Combiner Panel
(1) 89L 800A AC Disconnect Switch



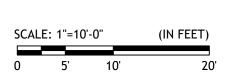
TAX MAP
Scale: NTS













**ce**G

Drafting/Design Firm

75 S. Riverside Ave. Croton-on-Hudson, NY 10520 914-862-4220

Developer



67 West St Suite 232 Brooklyn, NY 11122
718-304-0945
O&M Contact: John Gorman
assetmanagement@ecogyenergy.com
Construction Contact: Jim Donnelly
jim.donnelly@ecogyenergy.com
Project Manager: Julia Magliozzo
Projectmanagment@ecogyenergy.com

Page Size: 24" x 36"

Power Clerk Project #:

PROPERTY INFORMATION
SBL: 47.11-1-4

Block Group: 1

Lot: 4

Lot Area: 11.67 Acres

Latitude: 41°15'34.3"N

Longitude: 73°49'24.5"W

Array 1 Azimuth: 205°

PE Stamps/ Signatures

Panel Tilt: 20°

Rev Date Description Initial

.00 4/1/21 Design MT

1300 Baptist Church Rd Yorktown Hts. NY 10598

Owner: Arcadia Holding Co., LLC Solar Modules: (2232) 445W Solar Modules

Solar Inverters:
(8) SolarEdge 100kW 3\$\phi\$ 480V Inv<sup>1</sup>

Solar System DC Size: 993.24kW

Solar System AC Size: 800kW

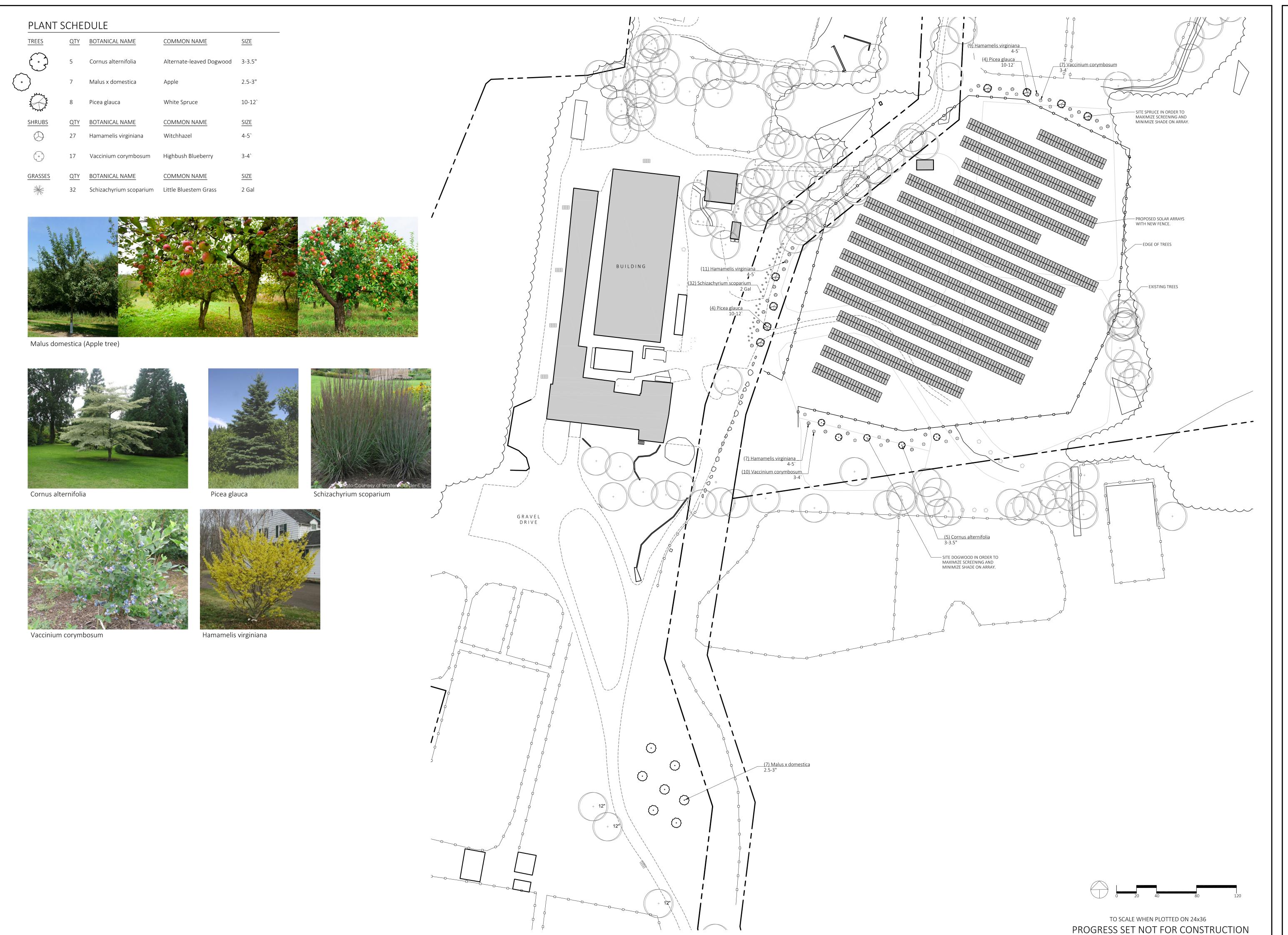
Interconnection Type:
Community Solar

SITE PLAN

OVERVIEW

Scale: See Scales | Page 2 of 2

A-001.01



Y O S T DESIGN LANDSCAPE

178 elizabeth st pearl river, ny 10965 p 845.365.4595 | f 914.361.4473 yostdesign.com

SURVEYOR:

YORKTOWN SOLA
ARCADIA FARM
NEW YORK

DATE: MAY 25, 2021
DRAWN BY: ZJS
JOB NO: 052521
SCALE: 1" = 40'
FILENAME: 2021\_0823 Yorktown
Solar-Arcadia

REVISIONS:

6/2/2021 6/4/2021 6/7/2021 6/14/2021 8/23/2021

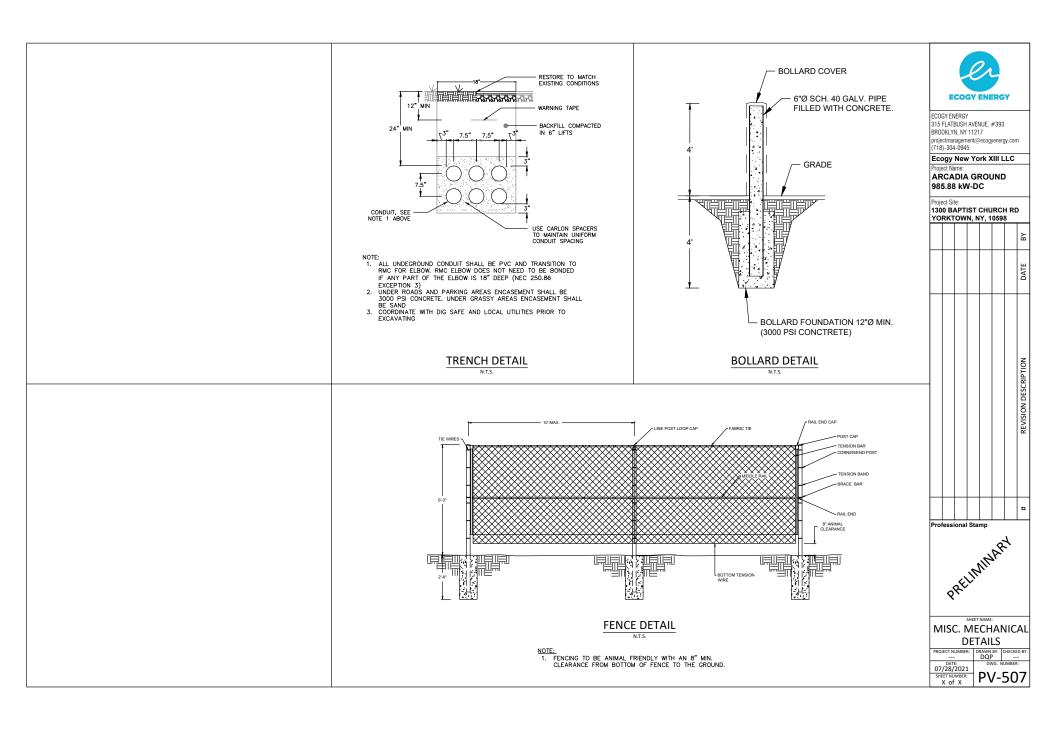
Blythe M Yost ASLA | Registered Landscape Architect

PLANTING PLAN

SHEET NO.

L-701

SHEET: 1 of 1





Mr. Richard Fon, Chairman September 24, 2021

Mr. Aaron Bock, Board Member Mr. Robert Garrigan, Board Member

Mr. William LaScala, Board Member
Ms. Roxanne Visconti, Board Member

Yorktown Planning Board Albert A. Capellini Community & Cultural Center 1974 Commerce Street – Room 222 Yorktown Heights, NY 10598

# RE: Application for a Solar Farm Special Permit – Response to letter from Mark Giordano

#### Dear Chairman and Board Members:

Ecogy Energy ("Ecogy") and Arcadia Holding Co. LLC ("Arcadia") would like to formally respond to the letter dated July 21, 2021 received by the Yorktown Planning Department and forwarded to Ecogy on September 24, 2021 from Mark Giordano at 1340 Baptist Church Rd Yorktown Heights NY 10598.

In Mark's 1<sup>st</sup> paragraph, he states Arcadia Holding Co. LLC owns 1330, 1350 and 1300 Baptist Church Road for an aggregate of 28.85 acres. This is correct, however, he further states that documents on file with the County Clerk's office "...confirm that Ecogy has legally enforceable interests in all three parcels for the construction of a 'Solar System,'". Ecogy would like to clarify how this statement is untrue. Ecogy has attached to this document our recorded Memorandum of Lease recorded at the Westchester County office on 09/25/2020 which show that Ecogy New York XIII LLC only has legal interests in 1300 Baptist Church Road (Assessor's parcel number 47.11-1-4), which is an 11.67 acre parcel.

In Mark's 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph, he further states that the Short Form Environmental Assessment Form "…is patently false, the total acreage including "contiguous properties" owned and controlled by the applicant is 28.85 acres not 11.67." Again, this statement is false. As stated above and shown in the attached recorded Memorandum of Lease, Ecogy New York XIII LLC, the applicant, only has legal interests and rights to build a Solar System on a portion of the 1300 Baptist Church parcel (47.11-1-4) which is 11.67 acres, not 28.85 acres. Further, Ecogy only intends to occupy roughly 6 acres of the 11.67 acre parcel – of which the remaining northern 5 acres will continue to be under agriculture use to further support Arcadia's operations as a Yorktown farm. This is also evidenced by the Memorandum of Lease, which states the Premises being leased from Arcadia to Ecogy is approximately 275,000 square feet, or roughly 6.3 acres.

In Mark's 3<sup>rd</sup> paragraph, he states that "...aerials of the site confirm that numerous trees will have to be removed on the current site." Ecogy has conducted a tree inventory to accurately quantify the number of trees that need to be removed to accommodate the solar system, some of which are damaged or diseased and would otherwise pose safety concerns. To mitigate the tree removal, Ecogy will be replanting trees, adding shrubs, and making a donation to the Yorktown Tree Fund. Our project has been reviewed by the Conservation Board as well as the Tree Conservation Commission; both approved of our screening and our landscaping plan use of native species, which has seen multiple iterations throughout the planning process.

In Mark's 4<sup>th</sup> paragraph, he states that it "...is particularly disturbing when Arcadia Holding Co LLC already has option agreements filed regarding the installation of a 20,000 sq. ft roof mounted solar system on the property it owns adjacent to the subject parcel." The roof mounted system at Arcadias is complete and is therefore not an option agreement but an executed lease agreement that generates needed additional revenue



for the farm. The rooftop project, one of the first community solar systems in the Town of Yorktown, serves Arcadia as the anchor community solar subscriber as well as other Yorktown residents and small businesses including multiple on Baptist Church Rd, such as the Alpaca Farm across the street from Arcadia. Per the recorded Memorandum of Lease with Ecogy for the rooftop system, the rights of Ecogy New York VIII LLC are only for the roof space on the riding arena located at 1330 Baptist Church Rd (Parcel 47.11-1-1) for that rooftop solar project, which is entirely separate from the project under consideration now from Ecogy New York XIII LLC.

In Mark's last paragraph, he states that "...DEC should review this proposal." Ecogy wants to reiterate our understanding of the environmental review process with the Planning Board, which is that the DEC has started reviewing this project, however, for it to be officially under their purview, the Planning Board must approve of the project and refer it forward for final review and comment.

We want to stress that we welcome any questions, comments or concerns from Mark Giordano or the Planning Board, however, the letter as submitted is not factually accurate and therefore it required a prompt response from Ecogy and Arcadia. We strive to be transparent about our solar projects and want to make sure the Planning Board has factual information with which to review our application.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

DocuSigned by:

Detty Dealtham

Patricia Peckham

Patty Peckham

Owner

Arcadia Holding Co. LLC

DocuSigned by:

Jack Bertuzzi

<u>59B6A7A3E78D4</u>27

CEO

**Ecogy Energy** 



Exhibit A: Recorded Memorandum of Lease Agreements

The Office of the Westchester County Clerk: This page is part of the instrument; the County Clerk will rely on the information provided on this page for purposes of indexing this instrument. To the best of submitter's knowledge, the information contained on this Recording and Endorsement Cover Page is consistent with the information contained in the attached document.



\*601476460LAG002Y\*

Westchester County Rec	ording & Endorsement Page
Submitter	Information
Name: Ecogy Energy	Phone: 7183040945
Address 1: 67 West St.	Fax:
Address 2: Suite 232	Email: julia.magliozzo@ecogyenergy.com
City/State/Zip: Brooklyn NY 11222	Reference for Submitter: Memo of Lease for Ecogy New York XIII
	ent Details
	t Type: Lease Agreement (LAG)
-	t Page Count: 9 Total Page Count: 10
Pal 1st PARTY	rties
1: ARCADIA HOLDING CO LLC - Other	1: ECOGY NEW YORK XIII LCC - Other
2:	2:
	perty Additional Properties on Continuation page
Street Address: 1300 BAPTIST CHURCH RD.	Tax Designation: 47.11 -1 -4
City/Town: YORKTOWN	Village:
	References Additional Cross-Refs on Continuation page
1: 2:	3: 4:
Supporting	Documents
Recording Fees	Mortgage Taxes
Statutory Recording Fee: \$40.00	Document Date:
Page Fee: \$50.00	Mortgage Amount:
Cross-Reference Fee: \$0.00	
Mortgage Affidavit Filing Fee: \$0.00	Basic: \$0.00
RP-5217 Filing Fee: \$0.00	Westchester: \$0.00
TP-584 Filing Fee: \$5.00  RPI 291 Notice Fee: \$0.00	Additional: \$0.00
RPL 291 Notice Fee: \$0.00  Total Recording Fees Paid: \$95.00	MTA: \$0.00
Transfer Taxes	Special: \$0.00
Consideration: \$0.00	Yonkers: \$0.00
Transfer Tax: \$0.00	Total Mortgage Tax: \$0.00
Mansion Tax: \$0.00	Dwelling Type: Exempt:
Transfer Tax Number: 17604	Serial #:
RECORDED IN THE OFFICE OF THE WESTCHESTER COUNTY CLERK	Record and Return To
TER Recorded: 09/25/2020 at 11:12 AM	Pick-up at County Clerk's office
Control Number: <b>601476460</b>	
Witness my hand and official seal	
Turty Chlini	Julia Magliozzo
19/02	195 Garfield Place
Timothy C.Idoni Westchester County Clerk	Apt 2N
	Brooklyn, NY 11215

RECORDING REQUESTED BY AND WHEN
RECORDED RETURN TO:

Anthony J. Lebe
RECL Group
39 Quail Court
Suite #306
Walnut Creek, CA 94596

Space above this line for Recorder's Use

#### MEMORANDUM OF OPTION AND LEASE AGREEMENT

THIS MEMORANDUM OF OPTION AND LEASE AGREEMENT ("Memorandum"), dated as of May 1 2020, is entered into by and between Arcadia Holding Co., LLC, a New York limited liability company ("Lessor"), and Ecogy New York XIII, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Lessee"). All capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Option and Lease Agreement (defined below).

#### WITNESSETH:

That for value received, Lessor and Lessee do hereby covenant, promise and agree as follows:

LESSOR:

Arcadia Holding Co., LLC, a New York Limited Liability Company

Address:

1300 Baptist Church Road

Yorktown Heights, NY 10598

LESSEE:

Ecogy New York XIII, LLC, a Delaware Limited Liability Company

Address:

9 Binney Lane

Old Greenwich, CT 06870

#### **DESCRIPTION OF PREMISES:**

The Premises consists of approximately 275,000 square feet located on the Property owned by Lessor and identified as the Ground Mount Area together with access rights to such ground space as defined in Recital A of this Option and Lease Agreement and commonly known as 1300 Baptist Church Rd, Yorktown NY 10598 and more particularly described in **Exhibit 1** attached to and incorporated into this Memorandum.

For Lessor's title to the Property, reference is herein made to Deed dated and recorded in Westchester County.

#### **OPTION COMMENCEMENT DATE:**

The Effective Date of the Option and Lease Agreement.

#### LEASE COMMENCEMENT DATE:

The date Lessee exercises the Option.

TERM OF OPTION:

Five hundred forty (540) days

**TERM OF LEASE:** 

25 years

Two (2) five (5) year extension term options.

#### NO FIXTURE:

The System, as defined in the Agreement, installed and operated by Lessee at the Premises shall not be deemed a fixture. The System is Lessee's personal property and Lessor has no right, title or interest in the System. Further, Lessor has waived all right of levy for rent, all claims and demands against the System and all rights it may have to place a lien on the System.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have duly executed this instrument as of the day and year first written.

#### LESSOR:

Arcadia Holding Co., LLC, a New York limited liability company

Name: Patricia Peckham

Title: PRESIDENT

#### LESSEE:

Ecogy New York XIII, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

By:

Name: John Bertuzzi

Title: Managing Member

LEASE COMMENCEMENT DATE:	
The date Lessee exercises the Option.	
TERM OF OPTION:	
Five hundred forty (540) days	
TERM OF LEASE:	
25 years	
Two (2) five (5) year extension term options.	
NO FIXTURE:	
be deemed a fixture. The System is Lessee's interest in the System. Further, Lessor has waiv against the System and all rights it may have to provide the System and	led and operated by Lessee at the Premises shall not personal property and Lessor has no right, title or led all right of levy for rent, all claims and demands place a lien on the System.
day and year first written.	
	LESSOR:
	Arcadia Holding Co., LLC, a New York limited liability company
	By:
	Name:
•	Title:
•	LESSEE:
	By: Name: John Bertuzzi Title: Managing Member
	The Managing Memori

	)
STATE OF NEW YORK	) ss
COUNTY OF WESTCHESTER	)

On the 1st day of May in the year 2020, before me, the undersigned, personally appeared Patricia Peckham personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the individual whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that she executed the same in her capacity, and that by her signature on the instrument, the individual, or the person upon behalf of which the individual acted, executed the instrument.

(signature and office of individual taking acknowledgment)

JERRY GERSHNER
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 01GE4500961
QUALIFIED IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY
COMMISSION EXPIRES JULY 31, 2021

	)
	STATE OF NEW YORK ) ss.:
	COUNTY OF Famuly
	On the 30 day of in the year 2016, before me, the undersigned, personally appeared
5	personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to
_	be the individual whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he
	executed the same in his capacity, and that by his signature on the instrument, the individual, or the
	person upon behalf of which the individual acted, executed the instrument.
	Effy Wen.
	(signature and office of individual taking acknowledgment)
	JEFFREY WEINER
	Notary Public
	Connecticut My Commission Expires Jan 31, 2024

#### Exhibit 1 to Memorandum

#### **Description of Property**

That real property commonly known as: 1300 Baptist Church Road Yorktown NY 10598 (Assessor's Parcel Number 47.11 -1 -4) and more fully described in the Legal Description set forth below:

#### **LEGAL DESCRIPTION**

All that certain plot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the Town of Yorkt own, County of Westchester, State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Baptist Church Road where the same is intersected by the premises now being described and land now or formerly of Imogene Hubbard;

Running thence along said land and along the mean center line of a stone wall, North 18 degrees 48 minutes 00 seconds East 346.12 feet;

Thence North 28 degrees 28 minutes 00 seconds East 200.05 feet;

Thence North 61 degrees 32 minutes 00 seconds West 194.12 feet to lands now or formerly of George W. Johnston;

Running thence along said land and the mean center line of an old stone wall the following courses and distances:

North 24 degrees 03 minutes 45 seconds East 42.45 feet;

North 22 degrees 30 minutes 55 seconds East 41.01 feet;

North 20 degrees 31 minutes 35 seconds East 127.40 feet;

North 33 degrees 39 minutes 20 seconds East 129 feet;

North 66 degrees 27 minutes 50 seconds East 20 feet;

North 35 degrees 00 minutes 50 seconds East 57.62 feet;

North 35 degrees 57 minutes 40 seconds East 90.39 feet;

North 34 degrees 35 minutes 00 seconds East 213.14 feet;

North 61 degrees 48 minutes 40 seconds East 8.16 feet;

South 79 degrees 54 minutes 00 seconds East 115.85 feet; and South 89

degrees 54 minutes 20 seconds East 45.18 feet to a point of

intersection with the northerly boundary of lands now or formerly of Imogene Hubbard;

Thence continuing along said lands of George W. Johnston and the mean center line of a stone wall the following courses and distances:

North 19 degrees 14 minutes 00 seconds East 188.75 feet;

North 17 degrees 41 minutes 44 seconds East 219.74 feet;

North 52 degrees 28 minutes 17 seconds West 27.9.1 feet;

North 15 degrees 14 minutes 38 seconds East 131.21 feet; and

North 14 degrees 42 minutes 38 seconds East 100.24 feet to the northwest corner of property described and to land conveyed by Elizabeth H. Hall to William

J. Murphy by deed dated December 12, 1950 and recorded in the Office of the Clerk of Westchester County on December 18, in Liber 4935 of Deeds, page 277

and now or formerly of the County of Westchester;

Thence along land formerly of said Murphy and now or formerly of the County of Westchester,

South 70 degrees 35 minutes 50 seconds East 269.53 feet to the westerly side of a Right-of-Way on a certain map entitled, "Survey of Property to be Acquired by the County of Westchester from New Jersey Industries, Inc.. for a County Use and Purpose and also for, but now limited to Park Sites and Recreational Areas", filed in the Office of the County Clerk of Westchester County, October 28, 1966 as Filed Map No. 15027, Section 2 of 2 Section;

Thence along the westerly side of said Right-of-Way the, following courses and distances:

Southerly on a curve to the left with a radius of 40 feet, 37.85 feet; and continuing southeasterly along said right of way on a curve to .the right with a radius of 40 feet, 24.89 feet;

Thence continuing along said right of way the following courses and distances:

South O degrees 51 minutes 00 seconds West 247.39 feet;

South 15 degrees 14 minutes 40 seconds West 357.54 feet;

South 63 degrees 35 minutes 20 seconds West 231.80 feet;

South 31 degrees 14 minutes 10 seconds West 232.95 feet;

South 21 degrees 36 minutes 50 seconds West 308.04 feet;

South 5 degrees 33 minutes 20 seconds East 186.50 feet;

South 19 degrees 27 minutes 30 seconds West 147.70 feet;

South O degrees 28 minutes 50 seconds East 274.31 feet to a point;

Thence on a curve to the right tangl:1nt to the northerly side of the Baptist Church Road and having a radius of 25 feet, a distance of 46.35 feet to a point on the northerly side of said Baptist Church Road;

Thence along the northerly side of said road,

North 74 degrees 15 minutes 56 seconds West 104.90 feet; North 71 degrees 29 minutes 44 seconds West 162.02 feet; and North 69 degrees 15 minutes 29 seconds West 166.35 feet to the place of beginning.

#### **PARCEL II**

· All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the Town of Yorktown, County of Westchester and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of a proposed right of way which extends northerly from the Baptist Church Road which place of beginning is the

Southwest corner of premises described and the northwest corner of property conveyed by Elizabeth H. Hall to Robert B. Adelmar, by deed dated July 9, 1948 and recorded in the Office of the Clerk of the County of Westchester, Division of. Land Records, in Liber 4654 cp 236;

Thence running from said point of beginning along the easterly side of said Right-of-Way the following courses and distances:

North 2.1 degrees 36 minutes 50 seconds East 101:75 feet;

North 31 degrees 14 minutes 10 seconds East 214.24 feet;

North 63 degrees 35 minutes 20 seconds East 239.74 feet;

North 15 degrees 14 minutes 40 second East 386.30 feet;

North 00 degrees 51 minutes 00 seconds East 253.71 feet to a point;

Thence on a curve to the right having a radius of 40 feet a distance of 24.89 feet; Thence on a curve to the left having a radii.rs of 40 feet a distance of 11.94 feet to the northwest corner of premises described and to property formerly of William J. Murphy and now or formerly of the County of Westchester;

Thence along said property, South 70 degrees 35 minutes 50 seconds East 248.02 feet to a point in the face of a stone wall and property of New York City;

thence South 04 degrees 55 .minutes 30 seconds West 40.93 feet to a corner;

Thence South 86 degrees 00 minutes 30 seconds East 200 feet along the south face of a stone wall to the northeast corner of premises described;

Thence South 12 degrees 01 minutes 30 seconds West along property of the City of New York and along the westerly face of a stone wall 979.10 feet to the southeast corner of premises described;

Thence North degrees 56 minutes 37 seconds West 709.76 feet to the point and place of beginning.

#### PARCEL III

All the certain plot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the Town of Yorktown, County of Westchester and State of New York shown and designated as a Right of Way on a certain map entitled, "Survey of Property to be Acquired by the County of Westchester from New Jersey Industries, Inc. for a County use and Purpose and also for, but not limited to Park Sites and Recreational Areas"; filed in the Office of the County Clerk of Westchester County, October 28, 1966 as Filed Map Number 15027, Section 2 of 2 Sections, said premises being more particularly bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Baptist Church. Road where the same is intersected by the extreme easterly end of a curve having a radius of 25 feet, a distance of 32.19 feet which curve connects the easterly side of said Right of Way being described herein and the northerly side of Baptist Church Road, said point being the point of intersection of the northerly side of Baptist Church Road with the southwesterly corner of said lands now or formerly of Dansereau as \_described in deed Liber 5525 cp 52;

Running thence from said point of beginning along lands now or formerly of Dansereau the following courses and distances;

4. In a general northerly direction along the arc of a curve bearing to the right having a radius of 25 feet, a distance of 32.19 feet;

- 5. North 01 degrees 03 minutes 36 seconds East a distance of 294.61 feet; and
- 6. North 20 degrees 59 minutes 55 seconds East, a distance of 150 feet;

Running thence North 04 degrees 00 minutes 55 seconds West, a distance of 185.51 feet to lands now or formerly of Adelman by deed Liber 4654 cp 236;

Running thence along land now or formerly of Adelman and land now or formerly of Kourland by deed Liber 5512 cp 373;

North 23 degrees 09 minutes 15 seconds East a distance of 291.75 feet;

Running thence still along land now or formerly of Kourland the following six courses and distances:

- 3. North 32 degrees 46 minutes 35 seconds East a distance of 214.24 feet;
- 4. North 65 degrees 07 minutes 45 seconds East a distance of 239.74 feet;
- 3. North 16 degrees 47 minutes 05 seconds East a distance of 386.30 feet;
- 7. North 02 degrees 23 minutes 25 seconds East a distance of 253.71 feet;
- 8. In a general northerly direction, along the arc of a curve bearing to the right having a radius of 40 feet a distance of 24.89 feet; and
- 9. In a general northerly direction along the arc of a curve bearing to the left having a radius of 40 feet a distance of 11.94 feet to lands now or formerly of the County of Westchester;

Running thence along said lands now or formerly of the County of Westchester in a general northerly, westerly and southerly direction along the arc of a curve bearing to the left having a radius of 40 feet a distance of 125.66 feet to other lands now or formerly of Kourland by deed Liber 4998 cp 216;

Running thence along said land now or formerly of Kourland the following 11 courses and distances:

- 9. In a general southerly direction along the arc of a curve bearing to the left having a radius of 40 feet a distance of 37.85 feet;
- 10. In a general southerly direction along the arc of a curve bearing to the right having a radius of 40 feet a distance of 24.89 feet;
  - 11. South 02 degrees 23 minutes 25 seconds West a distance of 247.39 feet;
  - 12. South 16 degrees 47 minutes 05 seconds West a distance of 357.54 feet;
  - 13. South 65 degrees 07 minutes 45 seconds West a distance 231.80 feet;
  - 14. South 32 degrees 46 minutes 35 seconds West a distance of 232.95 feet;
  - 15. South 23 degrees 09 minutes 15 seconds West a distance of 308.04 feet;
  - 16. South 04 degrees 00 minutes 55 seconds East a distance of 186.50 feet;
- 9. South 20 degrees 59 minutes 55 seconds West a distance of 147.70 feet;
- 10. South 01 degrees 03 minutes 35 seconds West a distance of 274.31 feet to the extreme northerly end of a curve;
- 11. Running thence in a general southwesterly direction along the arc of a curve jo the right having radius of 25 feet a distance of 46.35 feet to the northerly side of Baptist Church Road; and

Thence along the northerly side of Baptist Church Road, South 72 degrees 43 minutes 31 seconds East a distance of 104.15 feet to the point or place of beginning.

The Office of the Westchester County Clerk: This page is part of the instrument; the County Clerk will rely on the information provided on this page for purposes of indexing this instrument. To the best of submitter's knowledge, the information contained on this Recording and Endorsement Cover Page is consistent with the information contained in the attached document.



\*592543650LAG0033\*

#### **Westchester County Recording & Endorsement Page Submitter Information Ecogy Energy** 7183040945 Phone: Name: Address 1: 67 West St. Fax: Address 2: Suite 232 Email: julia.magliozzo@ecogyenergy.com City/State/Zip: Reference for Submitter: Arcadia Roof Lease Brooklyn NY 11222 **Document Details** Control Number: 592543650 Document Type: Lease Agreement (LAG) Package ID: 2019091100366001001 Document Page Count: 12 Total Page Count: 13 **Parties** Additional Parties on Continuation page 1st PARTY 2nd PARTY 1: 1: ARCADIA HOLDING CO LLC - Other - Other ECOGY NEW YORK VIII LLC 2: 2: **Property** Additional Properties on Continuation page Street Address: 1330 BAPTIST CHURCH RD. Tax Designation: 47.11 -1 -1 City/Town: YORKTOWN Village: Additional Cross-Refs on Continuation page **Cross-References** 2: 4: 1: **Supporting Documents** 1: TP-584 **Recording Fees Mortgage Taxes** Document Date: \$40.00 Statutory Recording Fee: Mortgage Amount: \$65.00 Page Fee: Cross-Reference Fee: \$0.00 Basic: \$0.00 Mortgage Affidavit Filing Fee: \$0.00 Westchester: \$0.00 RP-5217 Filing Fee: \$0.00 Additional: \$0.00 TP-584 Filing Fee: \$5.00 MTA: \$0.00 Total Recording Fees Paid: \$110.00 \$0.00 Special: Transfer Taxes Yonkers: \$0.00 Consideration: \$0.00 Total Mortgage Tax: \$0.00 Transfer Tax: \$0.00 Exempt: $\square$ Mansion Tax: Dwelling Type: \$0.00 Serial #: Transfer Tax Number: 4362 **Record and Return To** RECORDED IN THE OFFICE OF THE WESTCHESTER COUNTY CLERK ☐ Pick-up at County Clerk's office Recorded: 10/23/2019 at 10:35 AM Control Number: **592543650** Witness my hand and official seal Ecogy Energy c/o Jack Bertuzzi 59 Kent St. Unit 1D Timothy C.Idoni Brooklyn, NY 11222 Westchester County Clerk Attn: Jack Bertuzzi

# RECORDING REQUESTED BY AND WHEN RECORDED RETURN TO:

Anthony J. Lebe RECL Group 39 Quail Court Suite #306 Walnut Creek, CA 94596

EXHIBIT REVIEWED

Space above this line for Recorder's Use

#### MEMORANDUM OF OPTION AND LEASE AGREEMENT

THIS MEMORANDUM OF OPTION AND LEASE AGREEMENT ("Memorandum"), dated as of <u>September 18, 2019</u>, is entered into by and between Arcadia Holding Co., LLC, a New York limited liability company ("Lessor"), and Ecogy New York VIII, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Lessee"). All capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Option and Lease Agreement (defined below).

#### WITNESSETH:

That for value received, Lessor and Lessee do hereby covenant, promise and agree as follows:

LESSOR:

Arcadia Holding Co., LLC, a New York Limited Liability Company

Address:

1300 Baptist Church Road

Yorktown Heights, NY 10598

LESSEE:

Ecogy New York VIII, LLC, a Delaware Limited Liability Company

Address:

9 Binney Lane

Old Greenwich, CT 06870

#### **DESCRIPTION OF PREMISES:**

The Premises consists of approximately 20,000 square feet of roof space on the building located on the Property owned by Lessor and commonly known as 1330 Baptist Church Rd Yorktown Heights NY 10598. The Property is more particularly described in **Exhibit 1** attached to and incorporated into this Memorandum.

For Lessor's title to the Property, reference is herein made to Deed dated and recorded in Westchester County.

#### **OPTION COMMENCEMENT DATE:**

The Effective Date of the Option and Lease Agreement.

**EXHIBIT REVIEWED** 

# LEASE COMMENCEMENT DATE:

The date Lessee exercises the Option.

**EXHIBIT REVIEWED** 

TERM OF OPTION:

Five hundred forty (540) days

TERM OF LEASE:

25 years

Two (2) five (5) year extension term options.

#### NO FIXTURE:

The System, as defined in the Agreement, installed and operated by Lessee at the Premises shall not be deemed a fixture. The System is Lessee's personal property and Lessor has no right, title or interest in the System. Further, Lessor has waived all right of levy for rent, all claims and demands against the System and all rights it may have to place a lien on the System.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have duly executed this instrument as of the day and year first written.

#### **LESSOR:**

Arcadia Holding Co., LLC, a New York limited liability company

Name: PATRICIA PECILINAM Name: MOLLY FLANKATY

By:\_\_

Title: Passiour Title: SEC/Taensvaer

#### LESSEE:

Ecogy New York VIII, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

By:

Name: John Bertuzzi

Title: Managing Member

STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF Westelester	) ss.: )	

On the 10<sup>et</sup> day of 0ctober in the year 2019, before me, the undersigned, personally appeared molly flekerly personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the individual whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he executed the same in his capacity, and that by his signature on the instrument, the individual, or the person upon behalf of which the individual acted, executed the instrument.

(signature and office of individual taking acknowledgment)

KYLE T DALRYMPLE
Notary Public - State of New York
NO. 01DA6392664
Qualified in Putnam County
My Commission Expires Jun 3, 2023

STATE OF NEW YORK		) ss.:	
COUNTY OF	westchester	)	

On the 10 to day of October in the year 2019, before me, the undersigned, personally appeared Patricia A Pectuar personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the individual whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he executed the same in his capacity, and that by his signature on the instrument, the individual, or the person upon behalf of which the individual acted, executed the instrument.

Lyle I Julyle Notery Public (signature and office of individual taking acknowledgment)

KYLE T DALRYMPLE
Notary Public - State of New York
NO. 01DA6392664
Qualified in Putnam County
My Commission Expires Jun 3, 2023



ELASE COMMENCEM	ENI DATE.	
The date Lessee exercise	s the Option.	
TERM OF OPTION:		
Five hundred forty (540)	days	
TERM OF LEASE:		
25 years		
Two (2) five (5) year ext	ension term options.	
NO FIXTURE:		
be deemed a fixture. The interest in the System. For against the System and a	the System is Lessee's personal proportion of the control of the c	ted by Lessee at the Premises shall not perty and Lessor has no right, title or flevy for rent, all claims and demands in the System.
,	LESSOR:	
	Arcadia Holding Co., LLC, a New York limited liability compare	ny .
	By:	By:
	Name:	Name:
	Title:	Title:
	LESSEE:	
	Ecogy New York VIII, LLC, a Delaware limited liability companing By:  Name: John Bertuzzi  Title: Managing Member	A



	)
STATE OF NEW YORK	) ss
COUNTY OF KINGS	)

On the 18 day of September in the year 2019, before me, the undersigned, personally appeared JOHN BERTVELL personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the individual whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he executed the same in his capacity, and that by his signature on the instrument, the individual, or the person upon behalf of which the individual acted, executed the instrument.

signature and office of individual taking acknowledgment)





#### Exhibit 1 to Memorandum

#### **Description of Property**

That real property commonly known as: 1330 Baptist Church Road Yorktown NY 10598 (Assessor's Parcel Number 47.11 -1 -1) and more fully described in the Legal Description set forth below:

#### **LEGAL DESCRIPTION**

The Property described herein consists of two adjacent lots at 1330 Baptist Church Road Yorktown NY 10598, Assessor's Parcel Numbers 47.11-1-1 and 47.10-1-8, as well as the non-exclusive right to access the Right of Way adjacent to Assessor's Parcel Number 47.11-1-1, all described in the Legal Description set forth below:

LEGAL DESCRIPTION FOLLOWS

All that certain plot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the Town of Yorktown, County of Westchester, State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Baptist Church Road where the same is intersected by the premises now being described and land now or formerly of Imogene Hubbard;

Running thence along said land and along the mean center line of a stone wall, North 18 degrees 48 minutes 00 seconds East 346.12 feet;

Thence North 28 degrees 28 minutes 00 seconds East 200.05 feet;

Thence North 61 degrees 32 minutes 00 seconds West 194.12 feet to lands now or formerly of George W. Johnston;

Running thence along said land and the mean center line of an old stone wall the following courses and distances:

North 24 degrees 03 minutes 45 seconds East 42.45 feet;

North 22 degrees 30 minutes 55 seconds East 41.01 feet;

North 20 degrees 31 minutes 35 seconds East 127.40 feet;

North 33 degrees 39 minutes 20 seconds East 129 feet;

North 66 degrees 27 minutes 50 seconds East 20 feet;

North 35 degrees 00 minutes 50 seconds East 57.62 feet;

North 35 degrees 57 minutes 40 seconds East 90.39 feet;

North 34 degrees 35 minutes 00 seconds East 213.14 feet;

North 61 degrees 48 minutes 40 seconds East 8.16 feet;

South 79 degrees 54 minutes 00 seconds East 115.85 feet; and

South 89 degrees 54 minutes 20 seconds East 45.18 feet to a point of

intersection with the northerly boundary of lands now or formerly of Imogene Hubbard;

Thence continuing along said lands of George W. Johnston and the mean center line of a stone wall the following courses and distances:

North 19 degrees 14 minutes 00 seconds East 188.75 feet;

North 17 degrees 41 minutes 44 seconds East 219.74 feet;

North 52 degrees 28 minutes 17 seconds West 27.91 feet;

North 15 degrees 14 minutes 38 seconds East 131.21 feet; and

North 14 degrees 42 minutes 38 seconds East 100.24 feet to the northwest corner of property described and to land conveyed by Elizabeth H. Hall to William J. Murphy by deed dated December 12, 1950 and recorded in the Office of the Clerk of Westchester County on December 18, in Liber 4935 of Deeds, page 277 and now or formerly of the County of Westchester;

Thence along land formerly of said Murphy and now or formerly of the County of Westchester,

South 70 degrees 35 minutes 50 seconds East 269.53 feet to the westerly side of a Right-of-Way on a certain map entitled, "Survey of Property to be Acquired by the County of Westchester from New Jersey Industries, Inc., for a County Use and Purpose and also for, but now limited to Park Sites and Recreational Areas", filed in the Office of the County Clerk of Westchester County, October 28, 1966 as Filed Map No. 15027, Section 2 of 2 Section;

Thence along the westerly side of said Right-of-Way the following courses and distances:

Southerly on a curve to the left with a radius of 40 feet, 37.85 feet; and continuing southeasterly along said right of way on a curve to the right with a radius of 40 feet, 24.89 feet;

Thence continuing along said right of way the following courses and distances:

South 0 degrees 51 minutes 00 seconds West 247.39 feet; South 15 degrees 14 minutes 40 seconds West 357.54 feet; South 63 degrees 35 minutes 20 seconds West 231.80 feet; South 31 degrees 14 minutes 10 seconds West 232.95 feet; South 21 degrees 36 minutes 50 seconds West 308.04 feet; South 5 degrees 33 minutes 20 seconds East 186.50 feet; South 19 degrees 27 minutes 30 seconds West 147.70 feet; South 0 degrees 28 minutes 50 seconds East 274.31 feet to a point;

Thence on a curve to the right tangent to the northerly side of the Baptist Church Road and having a radius of 25 feet, a distance of 46.35 feet to a point on the northerly side of said Baptist Church Road;

Thence along the northerly side of said road,

North 74 degrees 15 minutes 56 seconds West 104.90 feet; North 71 degrees 29 minutes 44 seconds West 162.02 feet; and North 69 degrees 15 minutes 29 seconds West 166.35 feet to the place of beginning.

#### PARCEL II

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the Town of Yorktown, County of Westchester and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of a proposed right of way which extends northerly from the Baptist Church Road which place of beginning is the

southwest corner of premises described and the northwest corner of property conveyed by Elizabeth H. Hall to Robert B. Adelman by deed dated July 9, 1948 and recorded in the Office of the Clerk of the County of Westchester, Division of Land Records, in Liber 4654 cp 236;

Thence running from said point of beginning along the easterly side of said Right-of-Way the following courses and distances:

North 21 degrees 36 minutes 50 seconds East 101.75 feet; North 31 degrees 14 minutes 10 seconds East 214.24 feet;

North 63 degrees 35 minutes 20 seconds East 239.74 feet;

North 15 degrees 14 minutes 40 second East 386.30 feet;

North 00 degrees 51 minutes 00 seconds East 253.71 feet to a point;

Thence on a curve to the right having a radius of 40 feet a distance of 24.89 feet; Thence on a curve to the left having a radius of 40 feet a distance of 11.94 feet to the northwest corner of premises described and to property formerly of William J. Murphy and now or formerly of the County of Westchester;

Thence along said property, South 70 degrees 35 minutes 50 seconds East 248.02 feet to a point in the face of a stone wall and property of New York City;

thence South 04 degrees 55 minutes 30 seconds West 40.93 feet to a corner;

Thence South 86 degrees 00 minutes 30 seconds East 200 feet along the south face of a stone wall to the northeast corner of premises described;

Thence South 12 degrees 01 minutes 30 seconds West along property of the City of New York and along the westerly face of a stone wall 979.10 feet to the southeast corner of premises described;

Thence North 85 degrees 56 minutes 37 seconds West 709.76 feet to the point and place of beginning.

#### PARCEL III

All the certain plot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the Town of Yorktown, County of Westchester and State of New York shown and designated as a Right of Way on a certain map entitled, "Survey of Property to be Acquired by the County of Westchester from New Jersey Industries, Inc. for a County use and Purpose and also for, but not limited to Park Sites and Recreational Areas", filed in the Office of the County Clerk of Westchester County, October 28, 1966 as Filed Map Number 15027, Section 2 of 2 Sections, said premises being more particularly bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Baptist Church Road where the

same is intersected by the extreme easterly end of a curve having a radius of 25 feet, a distance of 32.19 feet which curve connects the easterly side of said Right of Way being described herein and the northerly side of Baptist Church Road, said point being the point of intersection of the northerly side of Baptist Church Road with the southwesterly corner of said lands now or formerly of Dansereau as described in deed Liber 5525 cp 52;

Running thence from said point of beginning along lands now or formerly of Dansereau the following courses and distances;

- 1. In a general northerly direction along the arc of a curve bearing to the right having a radius of 25 feet, a distance of 32.19 feet;
- 2. North 01 degrees 03 minutes 36 seconds East a distance of 294.61 feet; and
- 3. North 20 degrees 59 minutes 55 seconds East, a distance of 150 feet;

Running thence North 04 degrees 00 minutes 55 seconds West, a distance of 185.51 feet to lands now or formerly of Adelman by deed Liber 4654 cp 236;

Running thence along land now or formerly of Adelman and land now or formerly of Kourland by deed Liber 5512 cp 373;

North 23 degrees 09 minutes 15 seconds East a distance of 291.75 feet;

Running thence still along land now or formerly of Kourland the following six courses and distances:

- 1. North 32 degrees 46 minutes 35 seconds East a distance of 214.24 feet;
- 2. North 65 degrees 07 minutes 45 seconds East a distance of 239.74 feet;
- 3. North 16 degrees 47 minutes 05 seconds East a distance of 386.30 feet;
- 4. North 02 degrees 23 minutes 25 seconds East a distance of 253.71 feet;
- 5. In a general northerly direction along the arc of a curve bearing to the right having a radius of 40 feet a distance of 24.89 feet; and
- 6. In a general northerly direction along the arc of a curve bearing to the left having a radius of 40 feet a distance of 11.94 feet to lands now or formerly of the County of Westchester;

Running thence along said lands now or formerly of the County of Westchester in a general northerly, westerly and southerly direction along the arc of a curve bearing to the left having a radius of 40 feet a distance of 125.66 feet to other lands now or formerly of Kourland by deed Liber 4998 cp 216;

Running thence along said land now or formerly of Kourland the following 11 courses and distances:

- 1. In a general southerly direction along the arc of a curve bearing to the left having a radius of 40 feet a distance of 37.85 feet;
- 2. In a general southerly direction along the arc of a curve bearing to the right

having a radius of 40 feet a distance of 24.89 feet;

- 3. South 02 degrees 23 minutes 25 seconds West a distance of 247.39 feet;
- 4. South 16 degrees 47 minutes 05 seconds West a distance of 357.54 feet;
- 5. South 65 degrees 07 minutes 45 seconds West a distance 231.80 feet;
- 6. South 32 degrees 46 minutes 35 seconds West a distance of 232.95 feet;
- 7. South 23 degrees 09 minutes 15 seconds West a distance of 308.04 feet;
- 8. South 04 degrees 00 minutes 55 seconds East a distance of 186.50 feet;
- 9. South 20 degrees 59 minutes 55 seconds West a distance of 147.70 feet;
- 10. South 01 degrees 03 minutes 35 seconds West a distance of 274.31 feet to the extreme northerly end of a curve;
- 11. Running thence in a general southwesterly direction along the arc of a curve to the right having radius of 25 feet a distance of 46.35 feet to the northerly side of Baptist Church Road; and

Thence along the northerly side of Baptist Church Road, South 72 degrees 43 minutes 31 seconds East a distance of 104.15 feet to the point or place of beginning.

# MARK GIORDANO 1340 BAPTIST CHURCH ROAD YORKTOWN HEIGHTS, NEW YORK 10598

July 21, 2021

Mr. Richard Fon, Chairman
Mr. Aaron Bock, Board Member
Mr. Robert Garrigan, Board Member
Mr. William LaScala, Board Member
Ms. Roxanne Visconti, Board Member
Yorktown Planning Board
Albert A. Capellini Community & Cultural Center

Albert A. Capellini Community & Cul 1974 Commerce Street — Room 222 Yorktown Heights, New York 10598

Re: Application for a Solar Farm Special Permit ...1300 Baptist Church Road
Yorktown Heights, New York 10598

Dear Chairman and Board Members:

I own a residence adjacent to the properties owned by Arcadia Holding Coe LLC which consist of 1330, 1350, and 1300 Baptist Church Road, for an aggregate of 28.85 acres, as per the Tax Assessor's records. All parcels are contiguous. In addition, documents on file with the County Clerk's Office confirm that Ecogy has legally enforceable interests in all three parcels for the construction of a "Solar System," All three parcels are even covered by the same mortgage. However, only one parcel is mentioned in the current application.

This is extremely disturbing from an environmental perspective as well as to the impact on the neighbors. The cumulative impact should be addressed now. The response to question 3(c) of the Short Form Environmental Assessment Form is patently false, The total acreage Including "contiguous properties" owned and controlled by the applicant is 28.85 acres not 1 1.67. The applicant should not be permitted to play a shell game with properties to avoid

RECEIVED
PLANNING DEPARTMENT
SEP 2 4 2021

TOWN OF YORKTOWN

having the cumulative impact properly assessed by the Town's environmental consultant and neighbors.

This application is in an area deemed by the Town of Yorktown deemed so environmentally sensitive that \_it was zoned R-120. The proposal abuts DEC owned property as well as property owned by the Town of Yorktown and is well within the New York City Watershed area.

The aerials of the site confirm that numerous trees will have to be removed on the current site. I've seen no documentation regarding the impact of the ground mounted panels and their ancillary systems on the wildlife habitats, storm water management, run off, the Reservoir and other environmental concerns.

This is particularly disturbing when Arcadia Holding Co LLC already has option agreements filed regarding the installation of a 20,000 sq. ft. roof mounted solar system on the property it owns adjacent to the subject parcel.

At base minimum, in addition to Town's extensive and comprehensive environmental review, DEC should review this proposal. 'These reviews should be available for public review and comment before any special permit is approved. Consistent with the Town's policies, the applicant should be required "to put all its cards on the table" regarding the adjacent parcels or, as a condition of a permit approving this application, the applicant be precluded from making any subsequent application on the adjacent parcels it owns.

Very truly yours,

MARK GIORDANO

## RECEIVED PLANNING DEPARTMENT

#### AUG 1 62021

#### TOWN OF YORKTOWN



TO:

As shown in these images, the array was that Board bard bard are the Town of Yorktown Planning Board at the same of the property of the Proper

FROM:

**Ecogy Energy** 

DATE:

July 28, 2021

corrected on Aug. 16, 2021

topography, which avoided the need for grading. The proposed solar fann will be signifur in

RE:

Example Ground-Mounted Solar Array and Spec Sheets for Equipment for

Ecogy Arcadia Farm Solar Farm

Example Ground-Mounted Solar Array by Ecogy at Longwood Gardens in Kennett Square, PA Ecogy Longwood is a 1.57 MW ground-mount system installed in 2011-2012 for Longwood Gardens, the largest botanical garden in the U.S. Using a special mounting system, we were able to avoid stripping the land, altering the topography, or affecting Longwood's storm water plan. Partnering with Longwood allowed for the development of a special meadow seed mix that was planted between rows to minimize storm water runoff, maximize biodiversity, and create aesthetic appeal.







As shown in these images, the array was installed to follow the contours of the existing topography, which avoided the need for grading. The proposed solar farm will be similar in installation type and aesthetic quality.







#### Spec Sheets

Spec Sheets for Major Equipment are included on the following pages. To address some comments previously received, please note:

- 1. The solar panels have anti-reflective coatings. See the below spec sheet for confirmation (anti-reflective is abbreviated AR).
  - 2. The access road shown on the site plan shall be gravel or Item 4. A spec sheet is not included for this detail as it is still being designed.
  - 3. There will be minimal or no grading on site.
  - 4. Details of the wildlife-friendly fencing are included separately in a drawing.

### Specifically designed to work with power optimizers

- Built-in module-level monitoring with Ethernot or cellplan GSM
  - Fixed voltage investor for superior efficiency res 190 and langer Zapes
    - List constent DC Safety Switch
- Built-in R5485 Surge Protection, to better withstand surges ostered by licinining or cener events
  - 150%, DC over sizing, enablery higher energy manufacture.

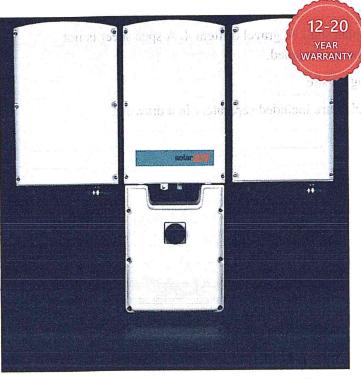
- Easy two-person installation -- each unit mounted separately, equipped with cables for simple connection but with units
  - Balance of System and labor reduction compared to using multiple smaller string inverters
  - independent operation of each unit enables higher uptromand easy serviceability
- No wasted ground area: wall/rait mounted: or horizontally mounted under the modules
   LOC inclinations
  - h registed arc fault protection and rapid shutdown for NEC 2014, NEC 2013, and NEC 2020, per article 690.11 and 690.12



# Three Phase Inverter with Synergy Technology

for the 277/480V Grid for North America

SE66.6KUS / SE100KUS



# Casil mayorad Recomposition of the standard of

## Specifically designed to work with power optimizers

- Easy two-person installation each unit mounted separately, equipped with cables for simple connection between units
- Balance of System and labor reduction compared to using multiple smaller string inverters
- Independent operation of each unit enables higher uptime and easy serviceability
- No wasted ground area: wall/rail mounted, or horizontally mounted under the modules (10° inclination)
- Integrated arc fault protection and rapid shutdown for NEC 2014, NEC 2017 and NEC 2020, per article 690.11 and 690.12

- Built-in module-level monitoring with Ethernet or cellular GSM
- Fixed voltage inverter for superior efficiency (98.5%) and longer strings
- Integrated DC Safety Switch
- Built-in RS485 Surge Protection, to better withstand surges caused by lightning or other events
- 150% DC oversizing, enabling higher energy production



# / Three Phase Inverter with Synergy Technology

## for the 277/480V Grid for North America

OUTPUT	SE66.6KUS	SE100KUS	
3446497*	, for 2	inama ahala-	17-4
Rated AC Power Output	66600	100000	VA
Maximum AC Power Output	66600	ARREST A - 100000, ABACIL	VA
AC Output Line Connections	4-wire W	YE (L1-L2-L3-N) plus PE	VUT
AC Output Voltage Minimum-Nominal-Maximum <sup>(1)</sup> (L-N)		244 - 277 - 305	Vac
AC Output Voltage Minimum-Nominal-Maximum <sup>(1)</sup> (L-L)	4.	22.5 - 480 - 529	Vac
AC Frequency Min-Nom-Max <sup>(1)</sup>		59.3 - 60 - 60.5	Hz
Maximum Continuous Output Current (per Phase) @277V	80	120	A
GFDI Threshold		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	A
Utility Monitoring, Islanding Protection, Configurable Power Factor, Country Configurable Thresholds		Yes	
INPUT			
Maximum DC Power (Module STC) / Unit	100000 / 50000	150000 / 50000	W
Transformer-less, Ungrounded		Yes	27
Maximum Input Voltage DC to Gnd		. 500	Vdc
Maximum Input Voltage DC+ to DC-		1000	Vdc
Nominal Input Voltage DC to Gnd		425	Vdc
Nominal Input Voltage DC+ to DC-		850	Vdc
Maximum Input Current	2 x 40	3 x 40	Adc
Maximum Input Short Circuit Current		120	Adc
Reverse-Polarity Protection		Yes	
Ground-Fault Isolation Detection	350kC	2. Sensitivity per Unit	104
CEC Weighted Efficiency		98.5	%
Nighttime Power Consumption	BATHER BEATER TO	< 12	W
ADDITIONAL FEATURES		The last of the second second	KIN I
Supported Communication Interfaces	RS485, Ethern	net, Cellular GSM (optional)	3 74
Rapid Shutdown		compliant/certified, upon AC Grid Disconnect	GA, 14
RS485 Surge Protection	AL OF LOSSING WILLIAMS WE A	Built-in	4 1 5 6
DC SAFETY SWITCH	SEASON SEEDS AND THE SE		
DC Disconnect	1000V / 2 x 40A	ar a	
STANDARD COMPLIANCE	10007/23/40/4	1000V / 3 x 40A	1
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afety		A, UL1699B, UL1998, CSA 2.22	
Grid Connection Standards		7, Rule 21, Rule 14 (HI)	3 877
missions		C part15 class A	N 3
NSTALLATION SPECIFICATIONS	dian for conserviz	ulos avitocitos teca tecm	arti
Number of units	2	3	
AC Output Conduit Size / Max AWG / Max PE AWG	1.5" / 2/0 / 6	2"/4/0/4	
OC Output Conduit Size / Terminal Block AWG Range / Number of Strings <sup>(2)</sup>	2 x 1.25" / 6-14 / 6 strings	2 x 1.25" / 6-14 / 9 strings	er i
evel voltage an utao wn fo. (D x W x H) reniemi		x 12.5 x 10.5 / 940 x 315 x 260; 1 x 12.5 x 10.5 / 540 x 315 x 260 19 9 10 (10 x 26 S 6) (1	in / mr
Meight safety the		/ 48; Secondary Unit 99.2 / 45	lb/kg
perating Temperature Range	-40 to	+140 / -40 to +60 <sup>(3)</sup> 2 <sup>(2)</sup> (2) vansinite nonso	°F/°C
coling flush are not examinative at 0	TA ALBOY L Fan (	(user replaceable)	
loise bigs 2 statiovolori 2 (CSA)	ess protection	lance of System cost reduction: 09 2/6 J	dBA
rotection Rating		NEMA 3R. o department of the second second	ETT.
	151.41.51.7	The state of the s	1.7

<sup>(1)</sup> For other regional settings please contact SolarEdge support

(3) De-rating from 50°C

fellshad ni to Feet installation until 3 single bolt

<sup>(2)</sup> Single input option per unit (up to 3AWG) available

# Three Phase Inverter with Synergy Technology

# **Power Optimizer**

## For North America

P801 / P850 / P950 / P1100



# WER OPTIMIZER

# PV power optimization at the module-level The most cost-effective solution for commercial and large field installations

- Specifically designed to work with SolarEdge inverters
- Up to 25% more energy
- Superior efficiency (99.5%)
- Balance of System cost reduction; 50% less cables, fuses and combiner boxes, over 2x longer string lengths possible
- Fast installation with a single bolt

- Advanced maintenance with module-level monitoring
- Module-level voltage shutdown for installer and firefighter safety
- Meets NEC requirements for arc fault protection (AFCI), Photovoltaic Rapid Shutdown System (PVRSS)
- Use with two PV modules connected in series or in parallel



## Power Optimizer For North America

### P801/P850/P950/P1100

Power Optimizer Model (Typical Module Compatibility)	P801 (for up to 2 x 72-cell PV modules)	P850 (for up to 2 x power or bi-facial mod		P950 (for up to 2 x high power or bi-facial modules)	P1100 (for up to 2 x high power or bi-facial modules)	
INPUT		-		700		
Rated Input DC Power <sup>(1)</sup>	800	850		950	1100	W
Connection Method		Single inpo	ut for series con	nnected modules		
Absolute Maximum Input Voltage (Voc at lowest temperature)		(A) (1)	125			Vdc
MPPT Operating Range		11 -0	12.5 - 105			Vdc
Maximum Short Circuit Current per input (Isc)	11.75		14.1*		14.1	Adc
Maximum Efficiency			99.5		1/1/3	%
Weighted Efficiency			98.6		37 C C	%
Overvoltage Category				957	Radol salvo4	175
<b>OUTPUT DURING OPERATION (</b> I	POWER OPTIMIZER CONN	ECTED TO OPERA	TING SOLAF	REDGE INVERTER)		
Maximum Output Current	15			18	The same and the s	Adc
Maximum Output Voltage	Section 1 and 1		80		7 N. P. Santon	Vdc
OUTPUT DURING STANDBY (PO	WER OPTIMIZER DISCONN	NECTED FROM SO	LAREDGE IN	IVERTER OR SOLARE	OGE INVERTER OFF)	
Safety Output Voltage per Power Optimizer			1 ± 0.1	LANCE CHI CALLA	OF HAVERIER OTT	Vdc
STANDARD COMPLIANCE			720.1			1 vuc
Photovoltaic Rapid Shutdown System	Purious II		NEC 2014		and the second of the second o	101
EMC		FCC Part 15 C		-6-2, IEC61000-6-3	1.5.4.00.00.1	9402
Safety	1 1 3 3 4 2 2	IEC62109-1 (class II safe		0 2,1200000-0-3	IEC62109-1 (class II safety), UL1741, UL3741	No.
Material	1,241717213		JL94 V-0, UV Re	sistant	AND THE PROPERTY OF	740
RoHS	L. I BURGAYA		Yes			marine of the
INSTALLATION SPECIFICATIONS						
Compatible SolarEdge Inverters	SE9K &	larger		SE20K & larger	SE30K&larger	T
Maximum Allowed System Voltage	SERVE TO THE RESERVE		1000		one virieuO non L	Vdc
Dimensions (W x L x H)	129×153×49.5/5.1×6×1.9	molt-sax		9 x 162 x 59 / 5.1 x 6.4 x 2.3	es bankin edebat a	mm/in
Weight	933/2.05		A	1064/2.34	United the state of the state o	gr/lb
Input Connector	1,500	Upul Ul liviga	MC4 <sup>(2)</sup>	JUST SKUTTE E T ZOPO U	Lip attended v	
Input Wire Length	0.16/0.52 1.3/4.27	0.16/0.52 1.6	5/5.24	1.3/4.27	1.6/5.24	m/ft
Output Wire Length	2.2/7.2	2.1/6.9 2.	2/7.2	83718 2.2 / 7.2 3 morning	bras Nea 2.4/7.8	m/ft
Output Wire Type / Connector		C	Double Insulated	/MC4	етана W.P.4	1 1
Operating Temperature Range <sup>(3)</sup>	- to at a sit	de Champra	40 to +85/-40 to		month hammail	°C/°F
			10 10 .057 10 1			
Protection Rating		7	IP68/NEMA	6P	M. Committee of the com	14

For P850/P950 models manufactured in work week 06/2020 or earlier, the maximum Isc per input is 12.5A. The manufacture code is indicated in the Power Optimizer's serial number example: S/N SJ0620A-xxxxxxx (work week 06 in 2020)

(1) Rated power of the module at STC will not exceed the Power Optimizer "Rated Input DC Power". Modules with up to +5% power tolerance are allowed

(2) For other connector types please refer to: https://www.solaredge.com/sites/default/files/optimizer-input-connector-compatibility.pdf
(3) For ambient temperature above +70°C/ +158°F power de-rating is applied. Refer to https://www.solaredge.com/sites/default/files/

PV System Design SolarEdge Inver		208V SE14	Grid AK*	THE STREET STREET	/ Grid 7.3K*	277/480V Grid SE20K, SE30K, SE33.3K*, SE40K*	277/480V Grid SE20K, SE30K	277/480V Grid SE33.3K*, SE40K*	
Compatible Power Op	itimizers	P801	P850, P950, P1100	P801	P850, P950, P1100	P801	P850, P950, P1100	P850, P950, P1100	
Minimum String	Power Optimizers	8	8	9	9 6 1014	14	24 25 14	14	192
Length	PV Modules	15	15	17	5e0 J. 17 BO .	27 27	0 DEI\27	27	
Maximum String	Power Optimizers	30	30	30	30 / 3 /	ramapr30sM yilli	(ID) 101 30 00 00	30	53
Length	PV Modules	.60	60	60	60	60, , , , , , ,	60	60	
Maximum Continuous	Power per String	6000	7200	7275	8730	12750	15300	15300	W
	onnected Power per String <sup>(7)</sup> e difference in connected power	2 strings or less - 7200	1 string - 8400	2 strings or less - 8475	1 string - 9930		1 string 17550	2 strings or less - 17550	
	2,000W for the 277/480V grid, or	3 strings or more - 7800	2 strings or more - 9000	3 strings or more - 9075	2 strings or more - 10530	15000	2 strings or more - 20300	3 strings or more - 20300	W
Parallel Strings of Diffe	rent Lengths or Orientations	aratam.			0.55 m-398	Yes			107

<sup>\*</sup> The same rules apply for Synergy units of equivalent power ratings, that are part of the modular Synergy Technology inverter



<sup>(4)</sup> P850/P950/P1100 can be mixed in one string only with P850/P950/P1100. P801 cannot be mixed with any other Power Optimizer in the same string
(5) For each string, a Power Optimizer may be connected to a single PV module if 1) each Power Optimizer is connected to a single PV module or 2) it is the only Power Optimizer connected to a single PV module in the string
(6) Design with three phase 208V inverters is limited. Use the SolarEdge Designer for verification

<sup>(7)</sup> To connect more STC power per string, design your project using SolarEdge Designer

# GROUND FIXED TILT :: UNIRAC



**GROUND FIXED TILT (GFT)** is an engineered system of standard, lightweight ground mount components that are in stock and ready to ship from North America's largest ground mount distribution network. UNIRAC's unmatched commercial project support makes construction easy, from permitting through installation, including regionspecific engineering. GFT's refined solution, including a new shared rail design, delivers enhanced system and labor optimization. Plus, enjoy peace of mind with **SOLAR**MOUNT Mounting Technology and UNIRAC's industry-leading 25-year warranty.



IN STOCK & READY TO SHIP THE BEST SOLUTION IS AVAILABLE

**COMMERCIAL PARTNERSHIP** EXPERIENCE THAT MAKES A DIFFERENCE

**INSTALLATION** FXPFRIFNCF REFINED WITH YOU IN MIND

# MAKE GROUND MOUNT SIMPLE

CUSTOMER SERVICE VISIT UNIRAC.COM CALL (505)248-2702 OUESTIONS

# GROUND FIXED TILT :: UNIRAC

## IN STOCK AND READY TO SHIP

#### THE BEST SOLUTION IS AVAILABLE

kitted hardware bring ease of stockability and repeatability, from 2KW to multi-MW. North America's largest Ground Mount Distributor network ensures the fastest lead

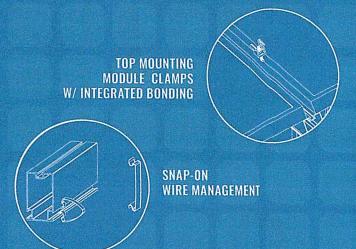
## **COMMERCIAL PARTNERSHIP**

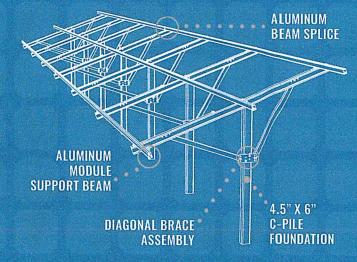
#### **EXPERIENCE THAT MAKES A DIFFERENCE**

sections, foundation options and structural details speed permit submittal and

## **INSTALLATION EXPERIENCE** REFINED WITH YOU IN MIND

for one or two-person assembly. System flexibility enables you to mount 60 & 72 cell











#### **ON-TIME DELIVERY**

dependably to exceed your expectations. Our world-class operations provide a 99% on-time delivery to help you





UNIRAC is the only PV mounting vendor with ISO 18001:2007, which means we deliver the highest standards







#### **BANKABLE WARRANTY**

GENERAL NOTES:

1. ALL CONSTRUCTION FOR UNIRAC'S "GROUND FIXED TILT" (GFT) RACKING SYSTEM

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ALL CONSTRUCTION FOR UNRACES GROUND FIXED TILT (GFT) RACKING SYSTEM AND FOUNDATION REQUIREMENTS SHALL CONFORM TO THE 200, 2012, 2013 2 018 2018 EDITION OF THE INTERNATIONAL BUILDING COCE (IES).

WEREVER THE FIRST HE WAS A SHALL CONTROL OF THE STATE OF RESPONSIBLE FOR CONSTRUCTION SITE SAFETY, OR SAFETY PRECAUTIONS AND

PROGRAMS INCIDENT HERETO.
IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO INSPECT AND ENSURE THAT ALL

IT IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO INSPECT AND DISSURE THAT ALL WORK IS IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS ANY STRUCTURAL INSPECTION DESERVATION PROVIDED BY OTHERS DOES NOT RELIEVE THE CONTRACTOR OF THIS RESPONSIBILITY.

ANY DEVIATIONS FROM THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS THAT ARE ENCOUNTERED AT A LATER DATA MO ARE DECLARDED TO BE SIGNIFICANT BY THE RACKING DISTINGUITOR SHALL BE CORRECTED BY THE CONTRACTOR (AT THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE CONTRACTOR AND THE CONTRACTOR AT THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PRICE THAT INDEPENDENCE OF THE START OF CONSTRUCTION. ANY CONFLICTS, DISCREPANCES, OR OMISSIONS SHALL BE RESCUEDED THROUGH YOUR RACKING DISTRIBUTION PRIOR TO PROCEEDING.

WHEN THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDED CONSISTINGT WITH YOUR RACKING DISTRIBUTION PRIOR TO PROCEEDING.

BY WEERER DO UNDERSION IS FOROVED CONSISTINGT WITH YOUR RACKING DISTRIBUTION FROM TO PROVIDED CONSISTINGT WITH YOUR RACKING DISTRIBUTION FROM TO PROVIDED CONSISTING WITH YOUR ROCKING SHALL BE RESCUEDED THE WORK OF THE PROVIDED CONSISTINGT WITH YOUR RACKING DISTRIBUTION FROM TO PROVIDED CONSISTING WITH YOUR RACKING DISTRIBUTION FROM THE PROCEEDING WITH THE BIJD OR THE WORK.

DISTRIBUTOR FOR CLARIFICATION BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE BUD OR THE WORK.

8. IT IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBLITY TO ENSURE THAT THE EQUIPMENT AND INSTALLATION PROCESS (BLEANS AND METHODS) ARE APPROPRIATE FOR THE F

 12. AST MS-ECPICATION OF THE DRAWINGS SHALL BE OF THE LATEST AS IMMINISTREEM OF DESCRIPTION OF THE LOCAL DIFFERS AND SUBMITTED FOR REVIEW
SHALL BEAR THE SEAL OF A PROFESSIONAL CHILL OR STRUCTURAL ENGINEER
REGISTERS BY THE STATE OF THE LOCAL DIRECTION.

14. THE FOLLOWING DESIGN FORTERIA ARE EXCLUDED FROM THE RACKING AND
FOUNDATION DESIGN. FLOOD LOADING, DESIGN LOADING, DITHING ENALYSIS,
ACTS OF GOD (TORNADO, HURRICANE, WATER NANDATION LOADING, ETC.),
EROSOLO, EXPANSIVE SOUS, FROST HEAVE, SOLL LOLDEFACTION, OTHNAMIC

- PROSONOL, EXPANSIVE SOUS, FROST HEAVE, SOLL LOLDEFACTION, OTHNAMIC

- PROSONOL, EXPANSIVE SOUS, FROST HEAVE, SOLL LOLDEFACTION, OTHNAMIC

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- PROSONOL, EXPANSIVE SOUS, FROST HEAVE, SOLL LOLDEFACTION, OTHNAMIC

- PROSONOL, EXPANSIVE SOUS, PROST PROST PROST PR LOADING FROM SEISMIC EVENTS AND CONDITIONS. THE DESIGN CAN CONSIDER THESE CRITERIA FOR SPECIFIC PROJECTS IN A SEPARATE DOCUMENT FROM

UNIRAC OR BY A THIRD PARTY ENGINEER.

15. DESIGN CRITERIA PER ASCE 7-05, 7-10. OR ASCE 7-16\*:

DESIGN WIND SPEED = VARIES (SEE DESIGN PACKAGE AND STATE LETTER)
GROUND SNOW LOAD = VARIES (SEE DESIGN PACKAGE AND STATE LETTER) GROUND SNOWLOAD = VARIES (SEE DESIGN PACKAGE AND STATE LETTEN)
ICE THICKNIESS. = VARIES (SEE DESIGN PACKAGE AND STATE LETTER)
ICE LOAD WIND SPEED = VARIES (SEE DESIGN PACKAGE AND STATE LETTER)
SEISMIC SA = VARIES (SEE DESIGN PACKAGE AND STATE LETTER)
SEISMIC SA = VARIES (SEE DESIGN PACKAGE AND STATE LETTER) SOIL SITE CLASS = D
WIND EXPOSURE CATEGORY = B OR C (SEE LETTER)

WAND EAR SOME = SEE LETTER
RISK CATEGORY = 10R II (SEE LETTER)
NINMUM OF 20 OFFSET FROM NEAREST ADJACENT BUILDING (TO AVOID SNOW

RISK CATEGORY + I OR II (ISEE LETTER)

MINIMUM OF 20 OFFSET FROM IREARST ADJACENT BULDING (TO AVOID SNOW

DRETT,

DESIGN WHO PRESSURES PER ASSE 7.05, SECTION 6.5.13, WHID LOJDS ON OPEN

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BEIGH WHO PROVIDED HAVE PROVIDED AND PROVIDED HAVE ASSET AND SECTION 6.5.13,

COUNTOINTS AND CALDONG FOR MONOSLOPE FREE ROOFS, ASSE 7.10, SECTION 7.21, YAM DIADON OF POR HONOSLOPE PROVIDED AND PROVIDED HAVE ASSET AND SECTION 7.21, YAM DIADON OF POR HONOSLOPE, BECTON 7.23, YAM DIADON OF POR HONOSLOPE, PROVIDED AND SECTION 7.21, YAM DIADON OF POR HONOSLOPE, PROVIDED AND SECTION 7.21, YAM DIADON OF POR HONOSLOPE, PROVIDED AND SECTION 3.72,

COMPOSENTS AND CALDONS FOR MONOSLOPE, PROVIDED OF THE TOLGHED ROOPS.

17. CORROSION PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS.

CORROSION PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS.

STANLESS STEEL OR DELTA PROTECTION WILL SUPPICE FOR MOST SOLUTIONS.

SUPPICE FOR MOST SOLUT MERSON PROTECTION WILL SUPPICE FOR MOST SOLUTIONS.

MORE CORROSION PROTECTION RED SPRICE PROTECTION WILL SUPPICE FOR MOST SOLUTIONS.

MORE CORROSION PROTECTION WILL SUPPICE FOR MOST SOLUTIONS.

MORE CORROSION PROTECTION WILL SUPPICE FOR MOST SOLUTIONS.

MORE CORROSION AND FURTHER CORROSION PROTECTION WILL SER REQUIRED.

11 IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBLITY TO POTICE PLANT FOR SEALING.

MORE CORROSION AND FURTHER CORROSION PROTECTION WILL SER REQUIRED.

11 IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBLITY TO POTICE PLANT FAR SEALING.

REQUIRED TO COMPLETE THE TABLE AND AVOID SPLICE CONFLICTS SPECIFIED IN DETALL OF ION SHEET RESPONSIBLITY TO PROTECE PLANT FAR THE BASIL SAR REQUIRED.

10 FEM AND THE PROTECTION WILL BE REQUIRED.

11 STANLES CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBLITY TO PROTECE PLANT FASTE FEAMS (AS REQUIRED) TO COMPLETE THE TABLE AND AVOID SPLICE CONFLICTS FEAST BEAMS (AS REQUIRED) TO COMPLETE THE TABLE AND AVOID SPLICE CONFLICTS FEAST BEAMS (AS REQUIRED) TO COMPLETE THE TABLE AND AVOID SPLICE CONFLICTS FEAST BEAMS (AS RECUIRED) TO COMPLETE THE

SPECIAL INSPECTION (PER CHAPTER 17 OF THE IBC):
STRUCTURAL ONLY. SPECIAL INSPECTION IS TO BE PROVIDED FOR THE ITEMS LISTED
BELOW IN ADDITION TO THE INSPECTIONS CONLOCTED BY THE BUILDING JURISDICTION
SPECIAL STRUCTURAL INSPECTION'S SHALL NOT RELIEVE THE OWNER OR THEIR AGENT
FROM REQUESTION THE BUILDING JURISDICTION INSPECTIONS REQUEST.

1. DIVINENCE ELEMENTS PERIODICALLY DURING THE PLACEMENT OF ALL DRIVEN
DEEP FORDITY ELEMENTS ON STRUCTURAL DRAWNOS.
A VERFICATION OF ELEMENT MARRIALS, SUES, AD LEIGHTIS
B. OSSERVATION AND DOCUMENTATION OF DRIVING OPERATIONS. MAINTAIN A

COMPLETE AND ACCURATE RECORD FOR EACH PILE DRIVEN.

C. VERIFICATION OF PLACEMENT LOCATIONS AND PLUMBNESS, TYPE OF PILE DRIVER, ELEVATION OF TIP AND BUTT, ANY DAMAGE TO FOUNDATION ELEMENT,

ETC.

2. BOLTING: VERIFICATION OF TORQUE PER TORQUE TABLE SHOWN

TORQUE REQUIREMENTS:		
1/473 HARDWARE:		SOCKET SIZE
BEAM CLAMP	= 9 - 11 FT-LBS	9/16"
STANDARD MID 7 END CLAMPS	. 9-11 FT-LBS	9/16"
PRO-SERIES MID-CLAMPS	= 10 - 12 FT-LBS	1/2"
PRO-SERIES END CLAMP	a 3 FT-LBS	1/2
5/8"Ø HARDWARE	= 54 - 66 FT-LBS	15/16
3/470 HARDWARE	= 99 - 121 FT-LBS	1-1/8"

3. CONCRETE: SEE CHAPTER 17 OF MOST CURRENT IBC FOR REQUIRED INSPECTIONS.

ALUMINUM:

1. ALL ALUMINUM EAST-WEST BEAM MEMBERS HAVE BEEN DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "ALUMINUM DESIGN MANUAL" BY THE ALUMINUM DESIGN ASSOCIATION, CURRENT EDITION.

ALL ALUMINUM EAST-WEST BEAMS CONFORM TO ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: ALL ALUMINUM EAST-WEST SEAMS CONFORM TO ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:
—ALLOY, COSA TEMPER TO (FLW 36 KR) Fey -30 KS;

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ALLOY, COSA TEMPER TO (FLW 36 KR) FEY -30 KS;

ALLOY, COSA TEMPER TO (FLW 36 KR)

ALLOY, COSA TEMPER TO (FLW 36 KR)

ALLOY, COSA TEMPER TO (FLW 36 KR)

ALL 1/470 HARDWARE SHALL CONFORM TO 18/8 STAINLESS STEEL (AISI 300 SERIES STAINLESS, 304) OF DIMENSIONS PER ASME B18.2.1.
ALL 1/4'20 SELF DRILLING SCREW HARDWARE SHALL CONFORM TO GRADE 5 SAE

J429 AND ASTM A449.
ALL 5/8"/20 AND 3/4"/20 BOLTS SHALL CONFORM TO GRADE 2 SAE J429 OR ASTM A307.

ALL 5/8" AND 3/4" SERRATED FLANGE NUTS SHALL CONFORM TO ASME B.18.16.4.

ALL 5/8" AND 3/4" WASHERS SHALL CONFORM TO USS TYPE A WIDE OR ANSI TYPE A WIDE UNIRAC T-BOLTS, MID CLAMPS, AND END CLAMPS ARE PROPRIETARY. TECHNICAL

DATA SHEETS WITH TESTED CAPACITIES CAN BE PROVIDED UPON REQUEST.
CORROSION PROTECTION FOR HARDWARE CAN BE FOUND IN THE GENERAL NOTES
SECTION OF THIS DOCUMENT, NOTE 17.

ALL HARDWARE RECEIVED ON SITE SHALL BE CHECKED BY CONTRACTOR AGAINST THE SPECIFICATIONS ON THIS SHEET SR-100, DIAMETERS AND LENGTHS CALLED OUT ON RACKING DETAILS SHEET SR-500, AS WELL AS THE PROJECT BILL OF MATERIAL ANY CONFLICTS, DISCREPANCIES, OR OMISSIONS MUST BE RESOLVED WITH THE RACKING DISTRIBUTOR AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AND PRIOR TO

SOLAR DESIGN:
LINIRAG IS NOT THE SOLAR DESIGN ENGINEER OF RECORD AND IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY SOLAR DESIGN, OUTPUT EFFICIENCIES, SHADING, ROW SPACING, POWER

ELECTRICAL DESIGN
UNING IS NOT THE ELECTRICAL ENGINEER OF RECORD AND IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR
THE ELECTRICAL DESIGN FOR THIS PROJECT. THE UNINAC OFF RACKING SYSTEM IS
CERTIFIED TO UL-2703 WHEN PROPERLY INSTALLED. SEE THE OF

CIVIL/GRADING/SITE WORK:
UNIRAC IS NOT THE CIVIL ENGINEER OF RECORD FOR THIS PROJECT AND IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY SITE GRADING, SURVEYING, TRENCHING, EARTHWORK, LAYOUT, STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLANS, SURFACE WATER MITIGATION,

MATERIAL MANAGEMENT:
PRIOR TO INSTALLATION, ALL MATERIALS MUST BE STORED PROPERLY. MATERIALS PRIOR TO INSTALLATION, ALL MATERIALS MUST BE STORED PROPERLY. MATERIALS REMAINING IN PLACE FOR MORE THAN ONE WEEK MUST BE IN OPEN AIR COMDITION (ILL OFFT THE GROWING). IF LARGE ON OTHER REDISTING COVERNESS ARE MUST, THE EMB SHALL BE LEFT OPEN FOR VENTLATION. TRIFF HITTING COVERNESS ARE MOT RECOMMENDED AS MATERIAL CONTRISON AIR MOT DESCRIBED FOR THIS CONDITION. LONG 0000S STORED HORIZOTTALLY FOR MORE THAN DISK WEND COMMON BY REMAINING THE OPEN CONTRIBUTION OF STORED HORIZOTTALLY FOR MORE THAN DISK WEND MORE THE REMAINING MORE OF PROPER MITERIALS TO ENSURE THE PRODUCT IS CEPT-THE CROUND.

FOUNDATION NOTES:

1. SEE THE "COLD FORMED STEEL" SECTION FOR STEEL AND GALVANIZATION

SEE THE TOOLD FORMED STEEL' SECTION FOR STEEL AND GALVANIZATION REQUIREMENTS FOR PROMODING FOR PAY THE TURBE DAMAGED DURING FOR PAY THE TURBE DAMAGED DURING FOR PAY THE TURBE FOR PAY THE PROPERTY OF THE PROMODING FOR THE PAY THE PAY THE PROMODING FOR THE PAY THE

FOUNDATION INSTALLATION OR CHOICE. SOIL CONDITIONS ARE ASSUMED TO HAVE PROPERTIES OF CLASS 4 OR BETTER STATED IN IBC.

NOTE: SEE GFT INSTALLATION GUIDE FOR SYSTEM ADJUSTMENTS AND TOLERANCES

10. THE RACKING DISTRIBUTOR SHALL NOT BE HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGE TO THE PILE AFTER IT ARRIVES TO THE SITE OR THE POINT OF AGREED DROP OFF.

11. IF DAMAGE OCCURS WHERE GALVANIZATION IS REMOVED FROM THE PILE. THE PILE SHALL BE TOUCHED UP WITH GALVANIZATION OF EQUAL THICKNESS PRIOR TO

PLE SHALL BE TOUD-BED UP WITH GALWAIZATION OF EQUAL THICKNESS PRIOR TO INSTALLATION AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSIBILITY OF ENSURE THAT VIBRATIONS FROM DRIVES EQUIPMENT AND PLE HISTALLATION DO NOT AFFECT MY ADJACENT PROPERTY STRUCTURES THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BEH EDUCATED AND PROPERTY STRUCTURES THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE HEDUCATED.

13. MY EXCANATIONS REAR THE PLE SHALL NOT BE MADE CLOSER THAT AFFECT PROMPLE OF DEPTH THAT YET FIND ME CONSTRUCTIVE AS PROPERTY OF THE PLE SHALL BE TROUBLY. AND SHALL BE CONTRACTOR FOR THE PLE SHALL BE TRECOMENATIONS NORTH SOUTH EXCANATIONS SHALL BE ANNIMUM OF 3 FEET FROM THE PLE SHALL BE TRECOMENATIONS NORTH SOUTH EXCANATIONS SHALL BE ANNIMUM OF 3 FEET FROM THE PLE SHALL BE ANNIMUM OF 3 FEET FROM THE PILE FEXCANATIONS EXCEED THESE DIMENSIONAL. BEQUIPMENTS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE A BENINGER OF BENI REQUIREMENTS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY UNIFAC. THE ENGINEER OF RECORD SHALL BE INFORMED OF ANY EXCAVATION AND COMPACTION EFFORTS

14 PLES MAY NOT BE ALTERED IN ANY WAY WITHOUT UNIRAC WRITTEN APPROVAL

UNLESS IT IS TO CUT A PILE FOR USE IN THE CONCRETE FOUNDATION OPTION.

19. PLES HAVE BEEN DESIGNED FOR STATIC LOADING UNDER THE DESIGN CRITERIA IN GENERAL NOTE 15.

QUALITY ASSURANCE AND SPECIAL INSPECTION

1. TESTING LABORATORY: HET AINED BY OWNER AND SATISFACTORY TO ENGINEER
OF RECORD (HEROCAD HURAD) AND COVERNING CODE AUTHORITY TO PERFORM
REQUIRED TESTS AND INSPECTIONS OF THIS CONTRACT AND APPLICABLE CODE
THE TYPE AND PRECIDENCY OF SPECIAL INSPECTION, STRUCTURAL TESTING AND
SUBSECULENT REPORTING SHALL CONFIGUR TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE
HITERIATIONAL BULDING CODE (BIG).

CONCRETE

1. ALL ASPECTS OF WORK PERTAINING TO THE CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACT 318-14, SHALLANG CODE REQUIREMENTS FOR IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACT 318-14, SHALLANG CODE REQUIREMENTS FOR STRUCTURAL CONCRETE FOR BUILDINGS ACT 301, WITH MODIFICATIONS AS NOTED ON THE PROJECT DRAININGS ANDORS PSECRETATIONS.

2. HOT WEATHER CONCRETING SHALL CONFORM TO ACT 305, "HOT WEATHER CONCRETING SHALL CONFORM TO ACT 305, "HOT WEATHER CONCRETING SHALL CONFORM TO ACT 305, "HOT WEATHER CONCRETING SHALL CONFORM TO ACT 305," HOT WEATHER CONCRETING SHALL CONFORM TO ACT 305, "HOT WEATHER CONCRETING SHALL CONFORM TO ACT 305," HOT WEATHER CONCRETING SHALL CONFORM TO ACT 305, "HOT WEATHER CONCRETING SHALL CONFORM TO ACT 305," HOT WEATHER CONCRETING SHALL CONFORM TO ACT 305, "HOT WEATHER CONCRETING SHALL CONFORM TO ACT 305," HOT 305," HOT 305," HOT 305," HOT 305," HOT 305," HOT 305," HO

CONCRETING".
COLD WEATHER CONCRETING SHALL CONFORM TO ACI 306, "COLD WEATHER

CONCRETING:

CONCRETING:

COLO WEATHER CONCRETING SHALL CONFORM TO ACI 300, "COLD WEATHER

ALL MIX DESIGNS SHALL BE DESIGNED BY A QUALIFED TESTING LABORATORY AND

SHALL BE WET STAMPED BY A COUL BERNERE HE COSTSED IN THE JURISDICTION OF

THE PROJECT, AS STIPLATED IN BIG COMPTER 10. JURISDICTION OF

THE PROJECT, AS STIPLATED IN BIG COMPTER 10. JURISDICTION OF

REQUIRED AS AN ALTERNATE SOLUTION, ITYPE V CEILERS HALL BE USED WHERE

THE CONCRETE IS IN CONTACT WITH SOLL CONTAINING SULFATES IN EXCESS OF

300 PPM CONCRETE THAT WILL BE EXPOSED TO SULFATE CONTAINING

SOLUTIONS SHALL COMPLY WITH SCHOLFERT HAND AND AST AS SERVERE AND VERY

REFORT, THE WATER CREEKT RATIO SHALL NOT EXCESS OF AND

INTERPRESENCE OF REACTIVE AGORGEATE, LASS F FLY ASK ON OTHER ASR

MITICATING ADMIXTURE SHALL BE INCORPORATED IN THE MIX SUCH THAT THE

EXPANION PROCOLORS BY THE WORTHAND AS AND THE TO SHALL SHALL

CERTIFICATES SHOWNS THE SULMED AS A SUPPLEMENTAL ADMIXTURE, THE

LOSS OF SONTION IS SHALL BE WITHOUT DAYS AND THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SHALL THE

LOSS OF SONTION IS SHALL BE WITHOUT DAYS AND THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SHALL SHALL

CERTIFICATES SHOWNS THE FLY ASH IS IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM 698.

CONCRETE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE MORD CONCRETE ON THE THE SHALL SHALL SHALL

CONCRETE SHOWNS THE FLY ASH IS IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM 698.

CONCRETE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE AND THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SHALL SHALL

CONCRETE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE AND THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SHALL SHALL

CONCRETE CONTRACTOR SHALL SHALL BE AND THE SHALL SH

CONCRETE CONTAINING ALKALI-CARBONATE AND BICARBONATES PRESENT IN AGGREGATE IN EXCESS OF 1000 PPM. TESTS FOR THEIR EFFECT ON SETTING TIME

AGGREGATE IN EXCESS OF 1000 PM. TESTS FOR THEIR EFFECT OF SETTING IT AND 2 BADA Y TERROYTH SHALL BE EVALUATED.
HARD ROCK CONCRETE AGGREGATE SHALL CONFORM TO ALL REQUIREMENTS AND TESTS OF THE ASTM C33 CLASS DESIGNATION 3 SAID PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS. EXCEPTIONS MAY BE USED ONLY WITH APPROVAL OF THE STRUCTURAL ENGINEER, PROVIDE CONCRETE MIX DESIGN WITH PROVEN SHRINKAGE CHARACTERISTICS OF LESS THAN 0,0005 INCHES/INCH.

MAXIMUM SIZED AGGREGATE OF 0.75". SLUMP RANGE OF 3" ± 1" PER ASTM C143.

 SLUMP RANGE OF 3" ± 1" PER ASTM C143.
 CONCRETE PLACEMENT SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACL STANDARD 304 AND PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS 12 THE UNIRAC PILE SHALL BE CENTERED IN THE HOLE TO MAXIMIZE CONCRETE

COVER AND THE HOLE SHALL BE CENTERED IN THE SPECIFIED LOCATION TO ALLOW FOR RACKING INSTALLABILITY.

COVER AND THE PIOLE SHALL DE CENTERED IN THE SPECIFIED LOCATION TO ALLOW FOR RACKING INSTALLABILITY.

13. THE TOP OF THE CONCRETE SHALL BE SMOOTHED AND BLOPED AT 24 TO FACULTAR POSITIVE PRANAGE AWAY FROM THE UNITAR OF HIS TOP AND THE PROSTRED PRANAGE AWAY FROM THE UNITAR OF HIS TOP AND THE CONCRETE ENGLIDE PER MEABURT SHALL BE CLASSFIED AS HAWNO CONCRETE ENGLIDE PER MEADER THAT SHALL BE CLASSFIED AS HAWNO TO THE CONCRETE ENGLIDE PER MEADER THAT FOR THE PIAT CONCRETE DOES NOT HIT THE CONCRETE BOND THAT THE OF REPORT HAT CONCRETE DOES NOT HIT THE CONCRETE AND THE PIAT CONCRETE DOES NOT HIT THE MECHANICAL YORK OF THE PIAT OF CONCRETE HAT CONCRETE DOES NOT HIT THE SECRETARY OF THE PIAT OF THE PIAT CONCRETE DOES NOT HIT THE MECHANICAL YORK OF THE PIAT OF THE CONCRETE AS SOON AFTER RELIANG AND INSPECTION AS POSSIBLE SONOTIBES (OR CONVALENT) CAN BE UTILIZED, AS REQUIRED, ONLY IN THE UPPER 27 IN OTHER AUGINED CONCRETE AS SOON THE SHALL CONCRETE AS SOON THE SHALL CONCRETE AS SOON THE SHALL CONCRETE SHALL CONCRETE ON THE AUGINED AND THE PIAT OF THE PIAT OF

	SHEET INDEX
SHEET HUMBER	SHEET TITLE
SR - 100	GENERAL STRUCTURAL RACKING NOTES
SR - 200	GFT TABLE CROSS-SECTION AND PARTS LIST (20 DEGREE TILT)
SR - 201	GFT E-W BEAM LOCATION OPTIONS (20 DEGREE TILT)
SR - 300	GFT TABLE CROSS-SECTION AND PARTS LIST (30 DEGREE TILT)
SR - 301	GFT E-W BEAM LOCATION OPTIONS (30 DEGREE TILT)
- SR - 400	FOUNDATION OPTION I DETAILS
ER - 401	FOUNDATION OPTION 2 DETAILS
SR - 402	FOUNDATION OPTION 3 DETAILS
SR-403	FOUNDATION OPTION 4 DETAILS
SR - 404	FOUNDATION OPTION 5 DETAILS
SR - 500	RACKING DETAILS

PROFESSIONAL SEAL

SEE STATE SPECIFIC STAMPED & SIGNED GFT CERTIFICATION LETTER

CO

DRAWING TILT GFT RACKING FIXED S UNIRAC GROUND STRUCTURAL





SR-100

**UNIRAC** GROUND

COLD FORMED STEEL:

1. ALL COLD FORMED STRUCTURAL STEEL MEMBER CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ALL COLD FORMED STRUCTURAL STEEL MEMBER COVER INCUTION STAILDE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALS ISSECIFICATIONS FOR DESIGN OF COLD-FORMED STEEL STRUCTURAL MEMBERS\* CURRENT EDITION. ALL COLD-FORMED STRUCTURAL MEMBERS SHALL BE PER ICC-ER-4943P.

2. ALL COLD-FORMED STRUCTURIAL MEMBERS SHALL BE FOR FOLLOWING:

3. ALL COLD-FORMED STEEL CONFORMS TO ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

ASSI SHS. SEC. (S.F. = 50 KS, F. = 60 KS)

ASSI SHS. CLASS 4. (Py = 50 KS, F. = 60 KS)

4. ALL COLD-FORMED STEEL MEMBERS ARE GALVANIZED PER ASTM A653 (MOST

ALL COLD-FORMED STEEL MEMBERS ARE GALVANIZED FER ASTI MASS (MOST RECENT EDITION).
WELDING IS NOT REQUIRED OR FERMITTED UNLESS SPECIFICALLY APPROVED BY UNRIAC ANDOR THE ENGINEER OF RECORD UNIT OF THE MOST PROPERTY OF THE

	UNIRAC CL	JSTOM F		MEMBER S	
-	RACKING MEMBER	DEPTH	WIDTH	THICKNESS	MIN. CORROSION PROTECT
	ALUMINUM BEAM	3.25 IN.	2.0 IN.	0.063-0.125 IN	AAMA 611-12
Q	ALUMINUM SPLICE	3.061 IN.	1.818.IN.	D.800-0.110 IN	AA-M12
С	TOP CHORD CHANNEL	4.1 IN	3,42 IN.	14 GAGE	G180
C	DIAGONAL BRACE	3 IN.	2 IN.	14 GAGE	G180
Γ.	C-PILE	6 IN.	4.5 IN.	11 GAGE	G235

DRIVEN STEEL PILE NOTES:

1. STEEL PILES HAVE BEEN DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DESIGN CRITERIA STATED IN THE GENERAL NOTES.
PILES SHALL BE INSTALLED TO THE PILE TOLERANCES IN THE UNITAC GFT

INSTALLATION GUIDE WITHOUT EXCESSIVE DEFORMATION. EXCESSIVE DEFORMATION IS DEFINED AS DISTORTION PREVENTS THE RACKING FROM CONNECTING FLUSH TO THE PILE.
FOUNDATIONS MUST NOT BE INSTALLED IN ORGANIC SOILS OR IN AREAS WITH

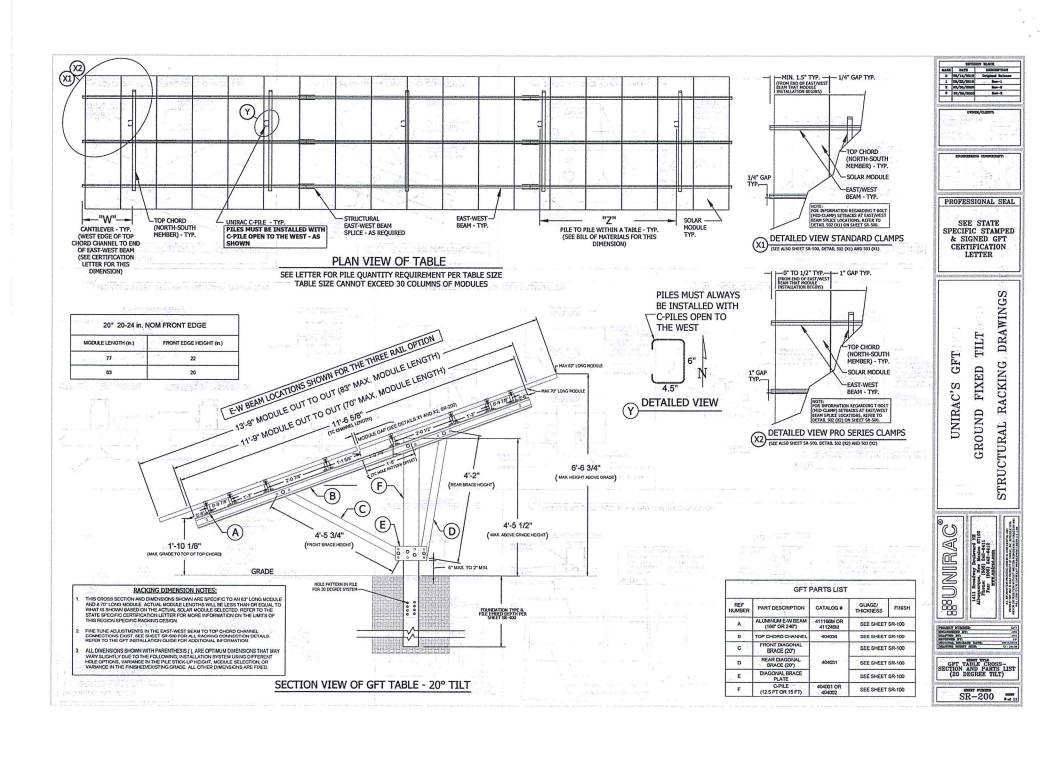
FOUNDATIONS MUST NOT BE RISTALLED IN ORGANIC SOLES OR IN AREAS WITH GROUND WATER WHITH IS THE FOR THE SUPPLY.

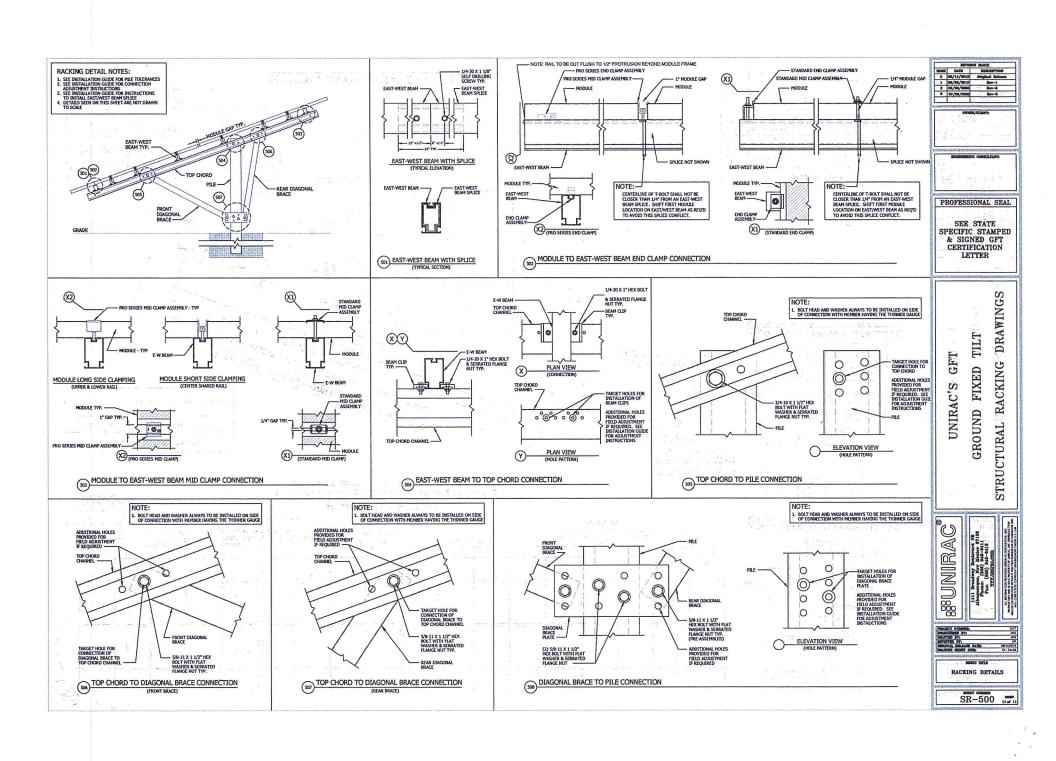
IT IS THE OWNER OR CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO DETERMINE WHICH PROST ZORE THEIR PROJECT IS LOCATED IN.

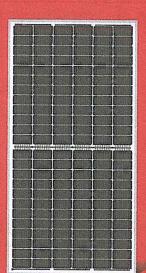
IF FILE REFUSAL IS ENCOUNTERED, AN ALTERNATE FOUNDATION DESIGN ON SET ALL PROST TO THE PROST OF THE PROSE OF THE PROST OF THE PROST OF THE PROST OF THE PROST OF THE PROSE OF THE PROST OF THE

AFTER THE PILES HAVE BEEN PAINTED. PILES DRIVEN TOO SHALLOW OR TOO DEEP WILL NEED TO BE ALTERED AT THE

CONTRACTORS EXPENSE. UNIRAC HAS PROVIDED TOLERANCES IN THE GFT INSTALLATION GUIDE THAT SHALL BE FOLLOWED. IT IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO DETERMINE THE MEANS AND IT IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO DETERMINE THE MEANS AND MIGHTHORS FOR DRIVING PILES. THE PILE INSTALLATION METHOD UTILIZED DURING CHISTE PILE TESTING SHALL BE THE SAME AS INSTALLATION. THE CONTRACTOR MUST INSTALL PILES UTILIZING A PILE DRIVING RIG WITH A PERCUSSION PREDMATIG HAMMER. A VIBRATORY PILE DRIVING RIG WITH A PERCOMMENDED. SEE PILE TEST PLAN FOR DETAILS.





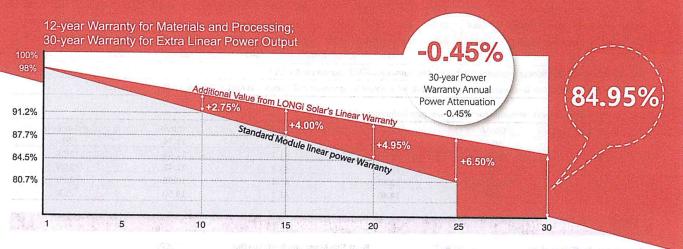


# LR4-72HBD **425~455M**



High Efficiency Low LID Bifacial PERC with Half-cut Technology

\*Both 6BB & 9BB are available



#### **Complete System and Product Certifications**

IEC 61215, IEC 61730, UL 61730

ISO 9001:2008: ISO Quality Management System

ISO 14001: 2004: ISO Environment Management System

TS62941: Guideline for module design qualification and type approval OHSAS 18001: 2007 Occupational Health and Safety







\* Specifications subject to technical changes and tests. LONGi Solar reserves the right of interpretation.

#### Front side performance equivalent to conventional low LID mono PERC:

- High module conversion efficiency (up to 20.9%)
- Better energy yield with excellent low irradiance performance and temperature coefficient
- First year power degradation <2%

Bifacial technology enables additional energy harvesting from rear side (up to 25%)

Glass/glass lamination ensures 30 year product lifetime, with annual power degradation < 0.45%, 1500V compatible to reduce BOS cost

Solid PID resistance ensured by solar cell process optimization and careful module BOM selection

Reduced resistive loss with lower operating current

Higher energy yield with lower operating temperature

Reduced hot spot risk with optimized electrical design and lower operating current



Note: Due to continuous technical innovation, R&D and improvement, technical data above mentioned may be of modification accordingly. LONGi have the sole right to make such modification at anytime without further notice; Demanding party shall request for the latest datasheet for such as contract need, and make it a consisting and binding part of lawful documentation duly signed by both parties.

#### **Mechanical Parameters**

Cell Orientation: 144 (6×24) Junction Box: IP68, three diodes Output Cable: 4mm², 300mm in length, length can be customized

Glass: Dual glass 2.0mm coated tempered glass Frame: Anodized aluminum alloy frame Weight: 27.5kg Dimension: 2094×1038×35mm Packaging: 30pcs per pallet 150pcs per 20'GP

660pcs per 40'HC

Maximum Series Fuse Rating: 25A Nominal Operating Cell Temperature: 45±2 C Safety Class: Class II Fire Rating: UL type 3 Bifaciality: 70±5%

**Operating Parameters** 

Operational Temperature: -40°C ~+85°C

Maximum System Voltage: DC1500V (IEC/UL)

Power Output Tolerance: 0~+5 W

Voc and Isc Tolerance: ±3%

Electrical Characteristics											Test	uncertain	ty for Pm	ax: ±3%
Model Number	LR4-72H	BD-425M	LR4-72H	BD-430M	LR4-72H	BD-435M	LR4-72H	BD-440M	LR4-72H	BD-445M	LR4-72H	BD-450M	LR4-72H	IBD-455M
Testing Condition	STC	NOCT	STC	NOCT										
Maximum Power (Pmax/W)	425	317.4	430	321.1	435	324.9	440	328.6	445	332.3	450	336.1	455	339.8
Open Circuit Voltage (Voc/V)	48.7	45.6	48.9	45.8	49.1	45.9	49.2	46.0	49.4	46.2	49.6	46.4	49.8	46.6
Short Circuit Current (Isc/A)	11,22	9.06	11.30	9.13	11.36	9.18	11.45	9.25	11.52	9.30	11.58	9.36	11.65	9.41
Voltage at Maximum Power (Vmp/V)	40.4	37.7	40.6	37.9	40.8	38.0	41.0	38.2	41.2	38.4	41.4	38.6	41.6	38.8
Current at Maximum Power (Imp/A)	10.52	8.42	10.60	8.49	10.66	8.54	10.73	8.60	10.80	8.65	10.87	8.70	10.93	8.76
Module Efficiency(%)	19	.6	19	9.8	2	0.0	20	0.2	2	0.5	20	0.7	2	20.9

STC (Standard Testing Conditions): Irradiance 1000W/m², Cell Temperature 25 °C, Spectra at AM1.5

NOCT (Nominal Operating Cell Temperature): Irradiance 800W/m², Ambient Temperature 20 °C, Spectra at AM1.5, Wind at 1m/S

#### Flectrical characteristics with different rear side power gain (reference to 445W front)

Pmax /W	Voc/V	Isc /A	Vmp/V	Imp /A	Pmax gain
467	49.4	12.09	41.2	11.34	5%
490	49,4	12.67	41.2	11.88	10%
512	49,5	13.24	41.3	12.42	15%
534	49.5	13.82	41.3	12.96	20% 1 25.00
556	49.5	14.40	41.3	13.50	25%

#### **Temperature Ratings (STC)**

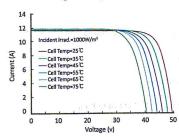
#### **Mechanical Loading**

Temperature Coefficient of Isc	+0.050%/°C	Front Side Maximum Static Loading	5400Pa
Temperature Coefficient of Voc	-0.284%/C	Rear Side Maximum Static Loading	2400Pa
		3 F 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	

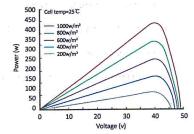
25mm Hailstone at the speed of 23m/s **Hailstone Test** Temperature Coefficient of Pmax -0.350%/C

#### I-V Curve

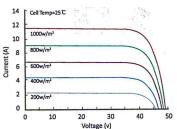
#### Current-Voltage Curve (LR4-72HBD-440M)



#### Power-Voltage Curve (LR4-72HBD-440M)



#### Current-Voltage Curve (LR4-72HBD-440M)





Room 801, Tower 3, Lujiazui Financial Plaza, No.826 Century Avenue, Pudong Shanghai, 200120, China Tel: +86-21-80162606 E-mail: module@longi-silicon.com Facebook: www.facebook.com/LONGi Solar

Note: Due to continuous technical innovation, R&D and improvement, technical data above mentioned may be of modification accordingly. LONGI have the sole right to make such modification at anytime without further notice; Demanding party shall request for the latest datasheet for such as contract need, and make it a consisting and binding part of lawful documentation duly signed by both parties.

# Kitchawan Solar

## TOWN OF YORKTOWN CONSERVATION BOARD

Town of Yorktown Town Hall, 363 Underhill Avenue, Yorktown Heights, New York 10598, Phone (914) 962-5722

#### **MEMORANDUM**

To:

Planning Board

RECEIVED
PLANNING DEPARTMENT

From:

**Conservation Board** 

NOV 8 2021

Date:

November 4, 2021

TOWN OF YORKTOWN

Re:

Kitchawan Farm Proposed Solar: 716 Kitchawan Road

The Conservation Board at its November 3, 2021 meeting discussed a proposed solar project located at 716 Kitchawan Road with Julia Magliozzo of Ecogy Energy regarding the wetland setback created by the applicants addition of a manmade pond to the property. The Conservation Board has agreed that they will wait to comment until after the DEC has given their recommendations.

Respectfully submitted:

Diane Dreier

For the Conservation Board

CC:

Town Board Planning Board Supervisors Office Engineering Dept.

**Applicant** 

## RECEIVED PLANNING DEPARTMENT

To: Yorktown Planning Board

From: Yorktown Tree Conservation Advisory Commission (TCAC)

Date: October 18, 2021

RE: Mitigation Plan for Kitchawan Solar Farm

TOWN OF YORKTOWN

OCT 18 2021

Chairman Fon and members of the Planning Board,

The Norway Spruce and the Green Giant Arborvitae are non- native trees. The allowance of the arborvitae has been used in other projects in the town. We do not want to set another unwanted precedent of planting another non native species. Our suggestion is to plant White Spruce along with the other native conifers.

The Arrowood Viburnum is highly susceptible to the leaf beetle. They can be replaced with moderately susceptible Viburnum lentago (nannyberry)and Viburnum prunifolium (Black Haw). Of course other native shrubs can be planted that have berries for the wildlife.

Sincerely, Lawrence W. Klein, PE, Member Tom Schmitt, Member Keith Schepart ISA, Member

#### Full Environmental Assessment Form Part 1 - Project and Setting

#### **Instructions for Completing Part 1**

**Part 1 is to be completed by the applicant or project sponsor.** Responses become part of the application for approval or funding, are subject to public review, and may be subject to further verification.

Complete Part 1 based on information currently available. If additional research or investigation would be needed to fully respond to any item, please answer as thoroughly as possible based on current information; indicate whether missing information does not exist, or is not reasonably available to the sponsor; and, when possible, generally describe work or studies which would be necessary to update or fully develop that information.

Applicants/sponsors must complete all items in Sections A & B. In Sections C, D & E, most items contain an initial question that must be answered either "Yes" or "No". If the answer to the initial question is "Yes", complete the sub-questions that follow. If the answer to the initial question is "No", proceed to the next question. Section F allows the project sponsor to identify and attach any additional information. Section G requires the name and signature of the applicant or project sponsor to verify that the information contained in Part 1 is accurate and complete.

#### A. Project and Applicant/Sponsor Information.

Name of Action or Project:		
Ecogy Kitchawan Ground Mount Community Solar System		
Project Location (describe, and attach a general location map):		
716 Kitchawan Rd, Yorktown, NY 10562; parcel #s 70.06-1-2 and 70.06-1-3 (see tax page)	arcel map attached)	
Brief Description of Proposed Action (include purpose or need):		
Proposed solar farm to be located on two parcels associated with Kitchawan Farm total and 70.06-1-3). The proposed solar farm would occupy approximately 8 acres of the sit Access to the solar farm and associated electronic infrastructure will be provided via a rwildlife-friendly chain-link fence that will surround the array. A new electric line across the overhead electric lines adjacent to Kitchawan Road (NYS Route 134), with the northern Approximately 75,400 sq feet of trees will need to be removed at the southern end of Pahat supports the modules.	e, with the remainder of the proper new gravel access road built along nis access drive would connect the portion of the new electric line bei	ty continuing as farm operations. the western side of a proposed array to the utility's existing ng buried underground.
Name of Applicant/Sponsor:	Telephone: 718-304-084	5, Ext. 2
Ecogy New York XI LLC	E-Mail: projectmanagem	nent@ecogyenergy.com
Address: 315 Flatbush Ave #393	·	
City/PO: Brooklyn	State: New York	Zip Code: 11217
Project Contact (if not same as sponsor; give name and title/role):	Telephone:	<b>'</b>
N/A	E-Mail:	
Address:	,	
City/PO:	State:	Zip Code:
Property Owner (if not same as sponsor):	Telephone: (914) 602-40	L 005
Van Brunt Cochran LLC	E-Mail:	
Address:	1	
716 Kitchawan Rd		
City/PO: Ossining	State: NY	Zip Code: 10562

#### **B.** Government Approvals

B. Government Approvals, Funding, or Spor assistance.)	nsorship. ("Funding" includes grants, loans, ta	ax relief, and any other	r forms of financial
Government Entity	If Yes: Identify Agency and Approval(s) Required	Applicati (Actual or p	
a. City Counsel, Town Board, ☐ Yes ✓ No or Village Board of Trustees			
b. City, Town or Village ✓Yes□No Planning Board or Commission	Yorktown Planning Board Site Plan Approval and Special Use Permit Application	Submitted: 4/28/2021	
c. City, Town or ☐Yes ✓No Village Zoning Board of Appeals			
d. Other local agencies   ✓ Yes   No	Town of Yorktown Conservation Board	Approved: 8/19/2021	
e. County agencies   ☑Yes ☐No	Westchester County Planning Board	Deferred to Yorktown Pla 8/30/2021	anning Board:
f. Regional agencies   ✓ Yes   No	NYC DEP review and approval of Stormwater Pollution Plan	Expected submission da	te: 12/15/2021
g. State agencies  ✓Yes□No	NY DEC	Expected submission da	ate: 12/15/2021
h. Federal agencies ☐Yes ☑No			
	or the waterfront area of a Designated Inland W with an approved Local Waterfront Revitaliza Hazard Area?	·	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No
C. Planning and Zoning			
<ul> <li>C.1. Planning and zoning actions.</li> <li>Will administrative or legislative adoption, or an only approval(s) which must be granted to enable If Yes, complete sections C, F and G.</li> <li>If No, proceed to question C.2 and con C.2. Adopted land use plans.</li> </ul>			□Yes <b>☑</b> No
a. Do any municipally- adopted (city, town, vill	lage or county) comprehensive land use plan(s	) include the site	✓Yes□No
where the proposed action would be located? If Yes, does the comprehensive plan include spewould be located?		proposed action	□Yes <b>☑</b> No
b. Is the site of the proposed action within any I Brownfield Opportunity Area (BOA); design or other?) If Yes, identify the plan(s): NYC Watershed Boundary	ocal or regional special planning district (for e ated State or Federal heritage area; watershed		<b>∠</b> Yes□No
c. Is the proposed action located wholly or part or an adopted municipal farmland protection If Yes, identify the plan(s):		ipal open space plan,	□Yes •No

a. Is the site of the proposed action located in a municipality with an adopted zoning law or ordinance. If Yes, what is the zoning classification(s) including any applicable overlay district?  Zoning classification is R1-200	<b>∠</b> Yes□No
b. Is the use permitted or allowed by a special or conditional use permit?	<b>∠</b> Yes <b>N</b> o
c. Is a zoning change requested as part of the proposed action?  If Yes,  i. What is the proposed new zoning for the site?	□Yes <b>☑</b> No
C.4. Existing community services.	
a. In what school district is the project site located? Yorktown Central School District	
b. What police or other public protection forces serve the project site?  Yorktown Police Department	
c. Which fire protection and emergency medical services serve the project site?  'orktown Fire Station 3	
d. What parks serve the project site?  Adjacent to Kitchawan Preserve but none on project site	
D. Project Details  D.1. Proposed and Potential Development	
D.1. Proposed and Potential Development	nixed, include all
D.1. Proposed and Potential Development  a. What is the general nature of the proposed action (e.g., residential, industrial, commercial, recreational; if m	nixed, include all
a. What is the general nature of the proposed action (e.g., residential, industrial, commercial, recreational; if m components)? Mixed: Addition of large scale solar energy generation system to existing Agricultural use  b. a. Total acreage of the site of the proposed action?  b. Total acreage to be physically disturbed?  c. Total acreage (project site and any contiguous properties) owned or controlled by the applicant or project sponsor?  c. Is the proposed action an expansion of an existing project or use?  i. If Yes, what is the approximate percentage of the proposed expansion and identify the units (e.g., acres, n	□ Yes <b>☑</b> No
a. What is the general nature of the proposed action (e.g., residential, industrial, commercial, recreational; if m components)? Mixed: Addition of large scale solar energy generation system to existing Agricultural use  b. a. Total acreage of the site of the proposed action?  b. Total acreage to be physically disturbed?  c. Total acreage (project site and any contiguous properties) owned or controlled by the applicant or project sponsor?  11 acres  c. Is the proposed action an expansion of an existing project or use?	□ Yes <b>☑</b> No
D.1. Proposed and Potential Development  a. What is the general nature of the proposed action (e.g., residential, industrial, commercial, recreational; if m components)? Mixed: Addition of large scale solar energy generation system to existing Agricultural use  b. a. Total acreage of the site of the proposed action?  b. Total acreage to be physically disturbed?  c. Total acreage (project site and any contiguous properties) owned or controlled by the applicant or project sponsor?  c. Is the proposed action an expansion of an existing project or use?  i. If Yes, what is the approximate percentage of the proposed expansion and identify the units (e.g., acres, n square feet)?  d. Is the proposed action a subdivision, or does it include a subdivision?  If Yes,	☐ Yes <b>☑</b> Noniles, housing units,

f. Does the project i		1			□Yes <b>☑</b> No
If Yes, show number (	ers of units prop One Family	osed. Two Family	Three Family	Multiple Family (four or more)	
Initial Phase	<del></del>		<u>,</u>		
At completion					
of all phases					
If Yes,  i. Total number of	f structures	40 rows	al construction (inclu		✓ Yes No
iii. Approximate ex	stent of building	space to be heated	or cooled:	523' - 2" width; and740' - 4" length the0 square feet sin	solar system, not a gle row
liquids, such as of Yes,	reation of a wat		r, pond, lake, waste l	I result in the impoundment of any agoon or other storage?	∏Yes <b>Z</b> No
ii. If a water impou	indment, the pri	ncipal source of the	water:	Ground water Surface water stream	ms Other spec
iii. If other than wa	ter, identify the	type of impounded/	contained liquids an	d their source.	
v. Dimensions of t	he proposed dar	m or impounding st	ructure:	million gallons; surface area: _ height; length ructure (e.g., earth fill, rock, wood, con	
D.2. Project Oper					
a. Does the propose (Not including ge materials will renate Yes:  i . What is the purpii. How much materials	ed action include eneral site preparation onsite) cose of the excavitial (including ro	ration, grading or invation or dredging?  ock, earth, sediment	nstallation of utilities ts, etc.) is proposed t	o be removed from the site?	? ∐Yes <b>☑</b> No
a. Does the propose (Not including ge materials will ren If Yes:  i .What is the purp ii. How much mater  Volume (s  Over what	ed action include eneral site preparation onsite)  cose of the excavitial (including repectify tons or currently duration of time	vation, grading or invation or dredging? ock, earth, sedimentubic yards):	nstallation of utilities ts, etc.) is proposed t	or foundations where all excavated  o be removed from the site?	
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Sign Envelope ID: C3AFF5B6-F5BE-4049-A299-08F53E37C359  ii. Describe how the proposed action would affect that waterbody or wetland, e.g. excavation, fill, place.	
alteration of channels, banks and shorelines. Indicate extent of activities, alterations and additions in	1 square feet or acres:
ii. Will the proposed action cause or result in disturbance to bottom sediments?  If Yes, describe:	□Yes□N
<i>iv.</i> Will the proposed action cause or result in the destruction or removal of aquatic vegetation?	☐ Yes ☐ N
If Yes:	
acres of aquatic vegetation proposed to be removed:	
expected acreage of aquatic vegetation remaining after project completion:	
• purpose of proposed removal (e.g. beach clearing, invasive species control, boat access):	
proposed method of plant removal:	
if chemical/herbicide treatment will be used, specify product(s):	
v. Describe any proposed reclamation/mitigation following disturbance:	
. Will the proposed action use, or create a new demand for water?	☐Yes ✓N
f Yes:	
i. Total anticipated water usage/demand per day: gallons/day	
ii. Will the proposed action obtain water from an existing public water supply?	□Yes □N
f Yes:	
<ul> <li>Name of district or service area:</li> <li>Does the existing public water supply have capacity to serve the proposal?</li> </ul>	☐ Yes ☐ N
<ul> <li>Does the existing public water supply have capacity to serve the proposal?</li> <li>Is the project site in the existing district?</li> </ul>	☐ Yes ☐ N
<ul> <li>Is the project site in the existing district?</li> <li>Is expansion of the district needed?</li> </ul>	□ Yes □ N
<ul> <li>Do existing lines serve the project site?</li> </ul>	□ Yes□ N
ii. Will line extension within an existing district be necessary to supply the project?	□Yes □N
<ul> <li>Yes:</li> <li>Describe extensions or capacity expansions proposed to serve this project:</li> </ul>	
Source(s) of supply for the district:	
<i>iv</i> . Is a new water supply district or service area proposed to be formed to serve the project site? f, Yes:	☐ Yes☐N
Applicant/sponsor for new district:	
Date application submitted or anticipated:	
Proposed source(s) of supply for new district:	
v. If a public water supply will not be used, describe plans to provide water supply for the project:	
vi. If water supply will be from wells (public or private), what is the maximum pumping capacity:	gallons/minute.
. Will the proposed action generate liquid wastes?	☐ Yes <b>☑</b> No
f Yes:	
i. Total anticipated liquid waste generation per day: gallons/day	11
ii. Nature of liquid wastes to be generated (e.g., sanitary wastewater, industrial; if combination, describ approximate volumes or proportions of each):	
approximate volumes of proportions of each).	
i. Will the proposed action use any existing public wastewater treatment facilities?	☐ Yes ☐ No
If Yes:	
Name of wastewater treatment plant to be used:	
Name of district:	
• Does the existing wastewater treatment plant have capacity to serve the project?	☐Yes ☐No
• Is the project site in the existing district?	☐Yes ☐No
• Is expansion of the district needed?	□Yes□No

uSign Envelope ID: C3AFF5B6-F5BE-4049-A299-08F53E37C359	
<ul> <li>Do existing sewer lines serve the project site?</li> </ul>	□Yes□No
<ul> <li>Will a line extension within an existing district be necessary to serve the project?</li> </ul>	□Yes □No
If Yes:	
Describe extensions or capacity expansions proposed to serve this project:	
<i>iv.</i> Will a new wastewater (sewage) treatment district be formed to serve the project site?	□Yes□No
If Yes:	
Applicant/sponsor for new district:	
Date application submitted or anticipated:	
• What is the receiving water for the wastewater discharge?	
v. If public facilities will not be used, describe plans to provide wastewater treatment for the project, including spec receiving water (name and classification if surface discharge or describe subsurface disposal plans):	ifying propose
vi. Describe any plans or designs to capture, recycle or reuse liquid waste:	
e. Will the proposed action disturb more than one acre and create stormwater runoff, either from new point	<b>✓</b> Yes □No
sources (i.e. ditches, pipes, swales, curbs, gutters or other concentrated flows of stormwater) or non-point source (i.e. sheet flow) during construction or post construction?	P 1 CS NO
If Yes:	
i. How much impervious surface will the project create in relation to total size of project parcel?	
Square feet or 0.37 acres (impervious surface)	
Square feet or11 acres (parcel size)  ii. Describe types of new point sources. None	
u. Describe types of new point sources. None	
iii. Where will the stormwater runoff be directed (i.e. on-site stormwater management facility/structures, adjacent p groundwater, on-site surface water or off-site surface waters)? Stormwater runoff will flow over existing ground contours. Infiltration pattern is not expected to significantly change from existing concept managed and controlled with a SWPPP.	•
If to surface waters, identify receiving water bodies or wetlands:	
Will stormwater runoff flow to adjacent properties?	☐ Yes ✓ No
iv. Does the proposed plan minimize impervious surfaces, use pervious materials or collect and re-use stormwater?	<b>∠</b> Yes No
f. Does the proposed action include, or will it use on-site, one or more sources of air emissions, including fuel combustion, waste incineration, or other processes or operations?	□Yes ✓ No
If Yes, identify:  i. Mobile sources during project operations (e.g., heavy equipment, fleet or delivery vehicles)	
ii. Stationary sources during construction (e.g., power generation, structural heating, batch plant, crushers)	
iii. Stationary sources during operations (e.g., process emissions, large boilers, electric generation)	
g. Will any air emission sources named in D.2.f (above), require a NY State Air Registration, Air Facility Permit,	∐Yes <b>Z</b> No
or Federal Clean Air Act Title IV or Title V Permit?	
If Yes:	
i. Is the project site located in an Air quality non-attainment area? (Area routinely or periodically fails to meet	□Yes□No
ambient air quality standards for all or some parts of the year)	
ii. In addition to emissions as calculated in the application, the project will generate:	
•Tons/year (short tons) of Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )	
•Tons/year (short tons) of Nitrous Oxide (N <sub>2</sub> O)	
•Tons/year (short tons) of Perfluorocarbons (PFCs)	
•Tons/year (short tons) of Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF <sub>6</sub> )	
<ul> <li>Tons/year (short tons) of Carbon Dioxide equivalent of Hydroflourocarbons (HFCs)</li> <li>Tons/year (short tons) of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)</li> </ul>	

Sign Envelope ID: C3AFF	-366-F36E-4049-A299-06F33E	.010000		_	_	
h. Will the proposed a landfills, compostin	ction generate or emit method facilities)?	ane (includin	g, but not limite	d to, sewage treat	ment plants,	□Yes <b>№</b> No
If Yes:	g racinues):					
	generation in tons/year (met	ric):				
ii. Describe any metha	generation in tons/year (met ane capture, control or elimi	ination measu	ures included in	project design (e.	g., combustion to g	generate heat or
	· ·					
i. Will the proposed ac	ction result in the release of	air pollutants	from open-air o	perations or proc	esses, such as	☐Yes No
quarry or landfill op						
If Yes: Describe opera	tions and nature of emission	ns (e.g., diese	el exhaust, rock j	particulates/dust):		
	tion result in a substantial i		iffic above prese	nt levels or gener	ate substantial	☐Yes No
	reportation facilities or serv	ices?				
If Yes:	66' 1 (61 1 11 1					
i. When is the peak t	raffic expected (Check all the	hat apply):	☐ Morning	☐ Evening	□Weekend	
ii For commercial a	een hours of t ctivities only, projected num	.0 obor of truck	tring/day and tyr	na (a.a. sami trail	ers and dumn truck	za).
ii. Poi commerciai a	ctivities only, projected hun	ilber of truck	trips/day and typ	pe (e.g., seiiii traii	ers and dump truck	
iii. Parking spaces:	Existing	Pro	posed	Net increas	e/decrease	
iv. Does the proposed	d action include any shared					□Yes□No
		use parking!				L Y es L No
v. If the proposed ac	tion includes any modificat		ng roads, creation	n of new roads or	change in existing	
Creation of gravel access	ction includes any modificat road for utility access to array a	tion of existin				
Preation of gravel access vi. Are public/private	road for utility access to array a transportation service(s) or	tion of existing the equipment facilities ava	ilable within ½ 1	mile of the propos	ed site?	access, describe
creation of gravel access vi. Are public/private vii Will the proposed	road for utility access to array a transportation service(s) or action include access to pub	tion of existing the equipment facilities ava	ilable within ½ 1	mile of the propos	ed site?	access, describe
reation of gravel access vi. Are public/private vii Will the proposed or other alternative	road for utility access to array a transportation service(s) or action include access to pube te fueled vehicles?	tion of existing the equipment facilities availed transportation	ilable within ½ 1 ation or accomm	mile of the propos odations for use o	ed site? of hybrid, electric	Yes No
reation of gravel access vi. Are public/private vii Will the proposed or other alternative viii. Will the proposed	road for utility access to array a transportation service(s) or action include access to pube fueled vehicles? action include plans for peo	tion of existing the equipment facilities availed transportation	ilable within ½ 1 ation or accomm	mile of the propos odations for use o	ed site? of hybrid, electric	access, describe
reation of gravel access vi. Are public/private vii Will the proposed or other alternative	road for utility access to array a transportation service(s) or action include access to pube fueled vehicles? action include plans for peo	tion of existing the equipment facilities availed transportation	ilable within ½ 1 ation or accomm	mile of the propos odations for use o	ed site? of hybrid, electric	Yes No
reation of gravel access vi. Are public/private vii Will the proposed or other alternative viii. Will the proposed	road for utility access to array a transportation service(s) or action include access to pube fueled vehicles? action include plans for peo	tion of existing the equipment facilities availed transportation	ilable within ½ 1 ation or accomm	mile of the propos odations for use o	ed site? of hybrid, electric	Yes No
reation of gravel access vi. Are public/private vii Will the proposed or other alternative viii. Will the proposed pedestrian or bicy	road for utility access to array a transportation service(s) or action include access to pube fueled vehicles? action include plans for peo	tion of existir ind equipment facilities ava blic transporta destrian or bi	ilable within ½ nation or accomm	mile of the proposed dations for use of the dations for connections	ed site?  of hybrid, electric  etions to existing	Yes No
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reation of gravel access vi. Are public/private vii Will the proposed or other alternative viii. Will the proposed pedestrian or bicy k. Will the proposed ar for energy? If Yes:	road for utility access to array a transportation service(s) or action include access to pube fueled vehicles? action include plans for peocle routes?	tion of existir and equipment facilities ava olic transporta destrian or bio	ilable within ½ nation or accommoderation or accommoderate accommoderate accommoderate only) generate	mile of the proposition of the proposition of the distribution of the proposition of the	ed site? of hybrid, electric etions to existing al demand	Yes No Yes No
reation of gravel access vi. Are public/private vii Will the proposed or other alternative viii. Will the proposed pedestrian or bicy k. Will the proposed ar for energy? If Yes:	road for utility access to array a transportation service(s) or action include access to pube fueled vehicles? action include plans for peo- cle routes?	tion of existir and equipment facilities ava olic transporta destrian or bio	ilable within ½ nation or accommoderation or accommoderate accommoderate accommoderate only) generate	mile of the proposition of the proposition of the distribution of the proposition of the	ed site? of hybrid, electric etions to existing al demand	Yes No Yes No
reation of gravel access vi. Are public/private vii Will the proposed or other alternative viii. Will the proposed pedestrian or bicy k. Will the proposed ar for energy? If Yes: i. Estimate annual ele	road for utility access to array a transportation service(s) or action include access to pube fueled vehicles? action include plans for peocle routes?	tion of existir and equipment facilities ava blic transporta destrian or bi	ilable within ½ nation or accommoderation or accommoderate accommoderate only) generate proposed actions	mile of the proposicodations for use of dations for connected new or addition	ed site? of hybrid, electric etions to existing al demand	Yes No  Yes No  Yes No  Yes No
reation of gravel access vi. Are public/private vii Will the proposed or other alternative viii. Will the proposed pedestrian or bicy k. Will the proposed a for energy? If Yes: i. Estimate annual ele ii. Anticipated sources	road for utility access to array a transportation service(s) or action include access to pube fueled vehicles? action include plans for peocle routes?	tion of existir and equipment facilities ava blic transporta destrian or bi	ilable within ½ nation or accommoderation or accommoderate accommoderate only) generate proposed actions	mile of the proposicodations for use of dations for connected new or addition	ed site? of hybrid, electric etions to existing al demand	Yes No  Yes No  Yes No  Yes No
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creation of gravel access vi. Are public/private vii Will the proposed or other alternative viii. Will the proposed pedestrian or bicy k. Will the proposed a for energy?  If Yes:  i. Estimate annual ele ii. Anticipated sources other):	road for utility access to array a transportation service(s) or action include access to pube fueled vehicles? action include plans for peocle routes?	tion of existir and equipment facilities ava blic transporta destrian or bi- dustrial project ration of the	ilable within ½ nation or accommoderation or accommoderate	mile of the proposicodations for use of dations for connected the new or addition bustion, on-site respectively.	ed site? of hybrid, electric etions to existing al demand	Yes No  Yes No  Yes No  Yes No  Yes No
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creation of gravel access vi. Are public/private vii Will the proposed or other alternative viii. Will the proposed pedestrian or bicy k. Will the proposed a for energy? If Yes:  i. Estimate annual ele ii. Anticipated source other):  iii. Will the proposed a	road for utility access to array a transportation service(s) or action include access to public fueled vehicles? action include plans for peocle routes?  ction (for commercial or include training opensylperior) described and during opensylperior of electricity for action require a new, or an understanding opensylperior action require action of the contraction of the cont	tion of existir ind equipment facilities ava blic transporta destrian or bic dustrial project ration of the the project (co	ilable within ½ nation or accommoderation or accommoderate accommoderate accommoderate proposed actions e.g., on-site commoderate accommoderate accommoderat	mile of the proposicion of the proposicion of the proposicion of the connection of the new or addition of the new or addition of the proposicion o	ed site? of hybrid, electric etions to existing al demand	Yes No  Yes No  Yes No  Yes No  Yes No
creation of gravel access vi. Are public/private vii Will the proposed or other alternative viii. Will the proposed pedestrian or bicy k. Will the proposed a for energy?  If Yes:  i. Estimate annual election ii. Anticipated sources other):  iii. Will the proposed a l. Hours of operation.  i. During Construction	road for utility access to array a transportation service(s) or action include access to pube fueled vehicles? action include plans for peocle routes?  ction (for commercial or include transportation of electricity demand during opensylventic action require a new, or an uncertainty demand items which appone	tion of existir and equipment facilities ava blic transporta destrian or bia dustrial project ration of the the project (a	ilable within ½ nation or accommoderation or accommoderation or accommoderation of the composed actions of the composed action	mile of the propositions for use of dations for connected the new or addition bustion, on-site retains?	ed site? of hybrid, electric etions to existing al demand enewable, via grid/	Yes No  Yes No
creation of gravel access vi. Are public/private vii Will the proposed or other alternative viii. Will the proposed pedestrian or bicy k. Will the proposed a for energy? If Yes: i. Estimate annual ele ii. Anticipated source other): iii. Will the proposed a l. Hours of operation. i. During Constructio Monday - Fri	road for utility access to array a transportation service(s) or action include access to public fueled vehicles? action include plans for peocle routes?  ction (for commercial or include access)  extricity demand during ope action require a new, or an understanding acceptance of the commercial or include acceptance or includ	tion of existir and equipment facilities ava blic transporta destrian or bi dustrial project ration of the the project (a	ilable within ½ nation or accommoderation or accommoderation or accommoderation of the composed actions are actions on existing substantial diagrams. During Operation of the composed actions of the	mile of the proposicions for use of dations for connected attions for connected attions.  bustion, on-site restriction?  crations: ay - Friday:	ed site?  of hybrid, electric  ctions to existing  al demand  enewable, via grid/	Yes No  Yes No
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creation of gravel access vi. Are public/private vii Will the proposed or other alternative viii. Will the proposed pedestrian or bicy  k. Will the proposed a for energy?  If Yes:  i. Estimate annual election ii. Anticipated sources other):  iii. Will the proposed a for energy?  If Yes:  iii. Anticipated sources other):  iiii. Will the proposed a for energy?  Sunday:  Sunday:  Sunday:  VIII the proposed a for energy?	road for utility access to array a transportation service(s) or action include access to public fueled vehicles? action include plans for peocle routes?  ction (for commercial or include access)  extricity demand during ope action require a new, or an understanding acceptance of the commercial or include acceptance or includ	tion of existir ind equipment facilities ava blic transporta destrian or bic dustrial project ration of the the project (compgrade, to an ply.	ilable within ½ nation or accommoderation or accommoderation or accommoderation or accommoderation of the company of the commoderation of the company of the	mile of the proposicion odations for use of dations for connection dations for connection dation dat	ed site?  of hybrid, electric  ctions to existing  al demand  enewable, via grid/	Yes No  Yes No

Sign Envelope ID: C3AFF5B6-F5BE-4049-A299-08F53E37C359  m. Will the proposed action produce noise that will exceed existing ambient noise levels during construction, operation, or both?  If yes:	<b>∠</b> Yes <b>□</b> No
i. Provide details including sources, time of day and duration:	
ruring construction only, Monday through Friday, normal construction noise levels from small machinery are expected. During openies over existing ambient noise levels.	eration there will be
ii. Will the proposed action remove existing natural barriers that could act as a noise barrier or screen?  Describe:	□Yes□No
n. Will the proposed action have outdoor lighting?	☐ Yes <b>☑</b> No
If yes: <i>i</i> . Describe source(s), location(s), height of fixture(s), direction/aim, and proximity to nearest occupied structures	:
ii. Will proposed action remove existing natural barriers that could act as a light barrier or screen?  Describe:	□Yes□No
b. Does the proposed action have the potential to produce odors for more than one hour per day?  If Yes, describe possible sources, potential frequency and duration of odor emissions, and proximity to neares occupied structures:	
or chemical products 185 gallons in above ground storage or any amount in underground storage?  If Yes:  i. Product(s) to be stored  ii. Volume(s) per unit time (e.g., month, year)	☐ Yes <b>☑</b> No
or chemical products 185 gallons in above ground storage or any amount in underground storage?  If Yes:  i. Product(s) to be stored  ii. Volume(s) per unit time (e.g., month, year)  iii. Generally, describe the proposed storage facilities:  q. Will the proposed action (commercial, industrial and recreational projects only) use pesticides (i.e., herbicides, insecticides) during construction or operation?	
or chemical products 185 gallons in above ground storage or any amount in underground storage?  If Yes:  i. Product(s) to be stored  ii. Volume(s) per unit time (e.g., month, year)  iii. Generally, describe the proposed storage facilities:  q. Will the proposed action (commercial, industrial and recreational projects only) use pesticides (i.e., herbicides, insecticides) during construction or operation?  If Yes:  i. Describe proposed treatment(s):  ii. Will the proposed action use Integrated Pest Management Practices?  r. Will the proposed action (commercial or industrial projects only) involve or require the management or disposa	☐ Yes ☑N
If Yes:  i. Product(s) to be stored  ii. Volume(s) per unit time (e.g., month, year)  iii. Generally, describe the proposed storage facilities:  q. Will the proposed action (commercial, industrial and recreational projects only) use pesticides (i.e., herbicides, insecticides) during construction or operation?  If Yes:  i. Describe proposed treatment(s):  ii. Will the proposed action use Integrated Pest Management Practices?  r. Will the proposed action (commercial or industrial projects only) involve or require the management or disposa of solid waste (excluding hazardous materials)?  If Yes:  i. Describe any solid waste(s) to be generated during construction or operation of the facility:  • Construction: tons per (unit of time)  • Operation: tons per (unit of time)  ii. Describe any proposals for on-site minimization, recycling or reuse of materials to avoid disposal as solid waste.  • Construction: tons per (unit of time)	☐ Yes ☑N ☐ Yes ☑N ☐ Yes ☑N
or chemical products 185 gallons in above ground storage or any amount in underground storage?  If Yes:  i. Product(s) to be stored  ii. Volume(s) per unit time (e.g., month, year)  iii. Generally, describe the proposed storage facilities:  q. Will the proposed action (commercial, industrial and recreational projects only) use pesticides (i.e., herbicides, insecticides) during construction or operation?  If Yes:  i. Describe proposed treatment(s):  iii. Will the proposed action (commercial or industrial projects only) involve or require the management or disposa of solid waste (excluding hazardous materials)?  If Yes:  i. Describe any solid waste(s) to be generated during construction or operation of the facility:  • Construction: tons per (unit of time)  • Operation: tons per (unit of time)  ii. Describe any proposals for on-site minimization, recycling or reuse of materials to avoid disposal as solid waste.	☐ Yes ☑N ☐ Yes ☑N ☐ Yes ☑N

Sign Envelope ID: C3AFF5B6-F5BE-4049-A299-08F53E37C359 s. Does the proposed action include construction or modifi	ication of a solid waste m	anagement facility?	☐ Yes 🗹 N
Yes:  i. Type of management or handling of waste proposed f			
other disposal activities):  ii. Anticipated rate of disposal/processing:			
Tons/month, if transfer or other non-co	ombustion/thermal treatme	ent, or	
Tons/hour, if combustion or thermal tr		,	
iii. If landfill, anticipated site life:	years		
<ul><li>. Will the proposed action at the site involve the commerce waste?</li><li>f Yes:</li><li>i. Name(s) of all hazardous wastes or constituents to be good action at the site involve the commerce waste?</li></ul>	,		
ii. Generally describe processes or activities involving ha	azardous wastes or constit	uents:	
iii. Specify amount to be handled or generated too iv. Describe any proposals for on-site minimization, recy		is constituents:	
ν. Will any hazardous wastes be disposed at an existing of Yes: provide name and location of facility:			□Yes□No
f No: describe proposed management of any hazardous w	vastes which will not be se	ent to a hazardous waste facilit	v.
110. desertee proposed management of any nazardous w	rustes which will not be se	in to a nazardous waste racing	. <i>.</i> ,
E. Site and Setting of Proposed Action			
E.1. Land uses on and surrounding the project site			
a. Existing land uses.			
i. Check all uses that occur on, adjoining and near the p			
🗌 Urban 🔲 Industrial 🔲 Commercial 💆 Reside	ential (suburban) 🔲 Ru	ral (non-farm)	
Forest ✓ Agriculture ☐ Aquatic ☐ Other	(specify):		
ii. If mix of uses, generally describe: ne site is used for Agricultural operations and a family residence.	Neighboring properties are a	aricultural and residential uses als	20
le site is used for Agricultural operations and a family residence.	rveignboning properties are a	gricultural and residential uses als	
b. Land uses and covertypes on the project site.			
Land use or	Current	Acreage After	Change
Covertype	Acreage	Project Completion	(Acres +/-)
Roads, buildings, and other paved or impervious surfaces	-	-	+0.37 acres
Forested	1.73 acres	0.30 acres	-1.43 acres
Meadows, grasslands or brushlands (non-	1.73 acres	0.50 acres	-1.43 acres
agricultural, including abandoned agricultural)	N/A	N/A	
Agricultural			No change
(includes active orchards, field, greenhouse etc.)	23 20105	15 acros	
(merades active oremards, mera, greenmouse etc.)	23 acres	15 acres	No change
0 0			-8 acres
	23 acres	15 acres	
Surface water features (lakes, ponds, streams, rivers, etc.)			-8 acres
Surface water features (lakes, ponds, streams, rivers, etc.)  Wetlands (freshwater or tidal)	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	-8 acres  No change
Surface water features (lakes, ponds, streams, rivers, etc.)  Wetlands (freshwater or tidal)  Non-vegetated (bare rock, earth or fill)	N/A	N/A	-8 acres No change
Surface water features (lakes, ponds, streams, rivers, etc.)  Wetlands (freshwater or tidal)  Non-vegetated (bare rock, earth or fill)	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	-8 acres  No change

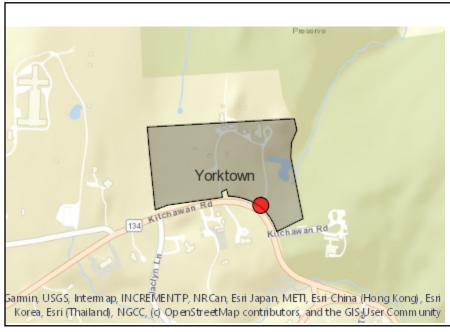
c. Is the project site presently used by members of the community for public recreation?  i. If Yes: explain:	☐ Yes <b>☑</b> No
d. Are there any facilities serving children, the elderly, people with disabilities (e.g., schools, hospitals, licensed day care centers, or group homes) within 1500 feet of the project site?  If Yes,	☐ Yes ✓ No
i. Identify Facilities:	
e. Does the project site contain an existing dam?	☐ Yes ✓ No
If Yes:	1 CSP_1VC
<i>i.</i> Dimensions of the dam and impoundment:	
• Dam height: feet	
<ul><li>Dam height: feet</li><li>Dam length: feet</li></ul>	
• Surface area: acres	
Volume impounded: gallons OR acre-feet	
ii. Dam's existing hazard classification:	
iii. Provide date and summarize results of last inspection:	
f. Has the project site ever been used as a municipal, commercial or industrial solid waste management facility, or does the project site adjoin property which is now, or was at one time, used as a solid waste management facility.	☐Yes <b>☑</b> No lity?
If Yes:	,
i. Has the facility been formally closed?	□Yes□ N
If yes, cite sources/documentation:	
ii. Describe the location of the project site relative to the boundaries of the solid waste management facility:	
"" Described to the state of th	
iii. Describe any development constraints due to the prior solid waste activities:	
g. Have hazardous wastes been generated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin	□Yes <b>∠</b> No
property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste?	
property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste? If Yes:  i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurred.	ed:
If Yes:  i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurred.	
If Yes:  i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurred.  th. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site?	
If Yes:  i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurred.  th. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site?  If Yes:  i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site	☐Yes <b>☑</b> N
If Yes:  i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurred.  th. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site?  If Yes:  i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site Remediation database? Check all that apply:	□Yes <b>☑</b> N
If Yes:  i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurred.  th. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site?  If Yes:  i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site Remediation database? Check all that apply:  \[ \sumsymbol{\text{Yes}} \text{ - Spills Incidents database} \]  Provide DEC ID number(s):	□Yes <b>☑</b> N
If Yes:  i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurred.  th. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site?  If Yes:  i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site Remediation database? Check all that apply:	□Yes <b>☑</b> N
If Yes:  i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurred.  th. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site?  If Yes:  i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site Remediation database? Check all that apply:  Yes - Spills Incidents database  Provide DEC ID number(s):  Yes - Environmental Site Remediation database  Neither database	□Yes <b>☑</b> N
If Yes:  i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurred.  th. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site?  If Yes:  i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site Remediation database? Check all that apply:  Yes - Spills Incidents database Yes - Environmental Site Remediation database Neither database  ii. If site has been subject of RCRA corrective activities, describe control measures:	□Yes <b>☑</b> N
If Yes:  i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurred.  th. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site?  If Yes:  i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site Remediation database? Check all that apply:  Yes - Spills Incidents database  Provide DEC ID number(s):  Yes - Environmental Site Remediation database  Neither database	□Yes <b>☑</b> N

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v. Is the project site subject to an institutional control limiting property uses?		☐ Yes ✓ No
If yes, DEC site ID number:		
• Describe the type of institutional control (e.g., deed restriction or easement):		
Describe any use limitations:		
Describe any engineering controls:		
Will the project affect the institutional or engineering controls in place?  Fig. 1		☐ Yes ☐ No
• Explain:		
E.2. Natural Resources On or Near Project Site		
a. What is the average depth to bedrock on the project site?	28 feet	
b. Are there bedrock outcroppings on the project site?		☐ Yes ✓ No
If Yes, what proportion of the site is comprised of bedrock outcroppings?	%	respine
c. Predominant soil type(s) present on project site: Fine sandy loam	45_%	
Other loam soils	49 %	
Chatfield complex	6_%	
d. What is the average depth to the water table on the project site? Average:11	feet	
e. Drainage status of project site soils: Well Drained:65_% of site		
Moderately Well Drained: 35% of site		
Poorly Drained% of site		
	100 % of site	
	% of site	
	% of site % of site	
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes:   0-10%: 10-15%: 15% or greater:  g. Are there any unique geologic features on the project site?		□Yes <b>☑</b> No
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes:   0-10%:  10-15%:  15% or greater:		□Yes <b>☑</b> No
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes:   0-10%: 10-15%: 15% or greater:  g. Are there any unique geologic features on the project site?		□ Yes ✓ No
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes:   0-10%:  10-15%:  15% or greater:  g. Are there any unique geologic features on the project site?  If Yes, describe:		□ Yes • No
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes:   0-10%:  10-15%:  15% or greater:  g. Are there any unique geologic features on the project site?  If Yes, describe:  h. Surface water features.		
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes:   0-10%:  10-15%:  15% or greater:  g. Are there any unique geologic features on the project site?  If Yes, describe:		
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes:   0-10%:  10-15%:  15% or greater:  g. Are there any unique geologic features on the project site?  If Yes, describe:  h. Surface water features.  i. Does any portion of the project site contain wetlands or other waterbodies (including states).		□Yes☑No
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes:    0-10%:   10-15%:   15% or greater:  g. Are there any unique geologic features on the project site?  If Yes, describe:    h. Surface water features.  i. Does any portion of the project site contain wetlands or other waterbodies (including suponds or lakes)?  ii. Do any wetlands or other waterbodies adjoin the project site?		□Yes☑No
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes:    0-10%:   10-15%:   15% or greater:  g. Are there any unique geologic features on the project site?  If Yes, describe:    h. Surface water features.  i. Does any portion of the project site contain wetlands or other waterbodies (including steponds or lakes)?  ii. Do any wetlands or other waterbodies adjoin the project site?  If Yes to either i or ii, continue. If No, skip to E.2.i.  iii. Are any of the wetlands or waterbodies within or adjoining the project site regulated by	treams, rivers,	□Yes ☑No
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes:   0-10%:  10-15%:  15% or greater:  g. Are there any unique geologic features on the project site?  If Yes, describe:  h. Surface water features.  i. Does any portion of the project site contain wetlands or other waterbodies (including steponds or lakes)?  ii. Do any wetlands or other waterbodies adjoin the project site?  If Yes to either i or ii, continue. If No, skip to E.2.i.	treams, rivers, by any federal,	□Yes ☑No
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes:    0-10%:   10-15%:   15% or greater:  g. Are there any unique geologic features on the project site?  If Yes, describe:    h. Surface water features.  i. Does any portion of the project site contain wetlands or other waterbodies (including st ponds or lakes)?  ii. Do any wetlands or other waterbodies adjoin the project site?  If Yes to either i or ii, continue. If No, skip to E.2.i.  iii. Are any of the wetlands or waterbodies within or adjoining the project site regulated b state or local agency?  iv. For each identified regulated wetland and waterbody on the project site, provide the form	treams, rivers, by any federal, bllowing information:	□Yes □No
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes:   0-10%:  10-15%:  15% or greater:  g. Are there any unique geologic features on the project site?  If Yes, describe:  h. Surface water features.  i. Does any portion of the project site contain wetlands or other waterbodies (including st ponds or lakes)?  ii. Do any wetlands or other waterbodies adjoin the project site?  If Yes to either i or ii, continue. If No, skip to E.2.i.  iii. Are any of the wetlands or waterbodies within or adjoining the project site regulated be state or local agency?  iv. For each identified regulated wetland and waterbody on the project site, provide the form Streams:  Name	treams, rivers, by any federal, cllowing information: Classification	□Yes ☑No ☑Yes □No ☑Yes □No
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes:     10-15%:	treams, rivers, by any federal, following information: Classification Classification Approximate Size 1.25 a	□Yes ☑No  ☑Yes □No  ☑Yes □No
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes: 0-10%: 10-15%: 10-15%: 15% or greater:  g. Are there any unique geologic features on the project site?  If Yes, describe:	treams, rivers, by any federal, following information: Classification Classification Approximate Size 1.25 a	□Yes ☑No  ☑Yes □No  ☑Yes □No
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes:     0-10%:   10-15%:   15% or greater:     15% or greater:	treams, rivers, by any federal, classification Classification Approximate Size 1.25 a	☐Yes ☑No  ☑Yes ☐No  ☑Yes ☐No  acres; 0.03 acres
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes:     0-10%:   10-15%:   15% or greater:     15% or greater:	treams, rivers, by any federal, classification Classification Approximate Size 1.25 a	☐Yes ☑No  ☑Yes ☐No  ☑Yes ☐No  acres; 0.03 acres
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes:     0-10%:	treams, rivers, by any federal, classification Classification Approximate Size 1.25 a	□Yes □No  □Yes □No  □Yes □No  acres; 0.03 acres
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes: 0-10%: 10-15%: 110-15%: 15% or greater:  g. Are there any unique geologic features on the project site?  If Yes, describe: 15% or greater:  h. Surface water features.  i. Does any portion of the project site contain wetlands or other waterbodies (including state) ponds or lakes)?  ii. Do any wetlands or other waterbodies adjoin the project site?  If Yes to either i or ii, continue. If No, skip to E.2.i.  iii. Are any of the wetlands or waterbodies within or adjoining the project site regulated be state or local agency?  iv. For each identified regulated wetland and waterbody on the project site, provide the form of the streams: Name 12	treams, rivers, by any federal, classification Classification Approximate Size 1.25 a	□Yes □No  □Yes □No  □Yes □No  □Yes □No  □Yes □No
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes: 0-10%: 10-15%: 15% or greater:  g. Are there any unique geologic features on the project site?  If Yes, describe:	treams, rivers, by any federal, classification Classification Approximate Size 1.25 a	☐Yes ☑No  ☑Yes ☐No  ☑Yes ☐No  acres; 0.03 acres
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes:     0-10%:	treams, rivers, by any federal, classification Classification Approximate Size 1.25 a	☐Yes ☑No  ☑Yes ☐No  ☑Yes ☐No  ☐Yes ☑No  ☐Yes ☑No  ☐Yes ☑No

Butterflies and moths  Dragonflies	Flowering plants Conifers	Agricultural species	· 
Diagonines			
n. Does the project site contain a des	ignated significant natural comn	nunity?	☐ Yes <b>∠</b> No
If Yes:	(composition function and basi	s for designation):	
i. Describe the habitateominumity	(composition, function, and basi	s for designation).	
	ation:		
iii. Extent of community/habitat:			
• Currently:		acres	
	oject as proposed:		
• Gain or loss (indicate + or -	):	acres	
o. Does project site contain any spec	ies of plant or animal that is liste	ed by the federal government or NYS as	✓ Yes No
		habitat for an endangered or threatened	species?
If Yes:			
i. Species and listing (endangered or t	threatened):		
Bald Eagle			
	species of plant or animal that is	listed by NYS as rare, or as a species of	☐ Yes ✓ No
special concern?			
If Yes:			
i. Species and listing:			
<ul><li>i. Species and listing:</li><li>q. Is the project site or adjoining area</li></ul>	a currently used for hunting, trap	ping, fishing or shell fishing?	∐Yes <b>☑</b> No
<ul><li>i. Species and listing:</li><li>q. Is the project site or adjoining area</li></ul>	a currently used for hunting, trap		
<ul><li>i. Species and listing:</li><li>q. Is the project site or adjoining area</li></ul>	a currently used for hunting, trap	ping, fishing or shell fishing?	
Species and listing:  q. Is the project site or adjoining area If yes, give a brief description of how	a currently used for hunting, trap v the proposed action may affect	ping, fishing or shell fishing?	
<ul> <li>i. Species and listing:</li> <li>q. Is the project site or adjoining area</li> <li>If yes, give a brief description of how</li> <li>E.3. Designated Public Resources</li> </ul>	a currently used for hunting, trap w the proposed action may affect On or Near Project Site	ping, fishing or shell fishing? that use:	
<ul> <li>i. Species and listing:</li> <li>q. Is the project site or adjoining area</li> <li>If yes, give a brief description of hove</li> <li>E.3. Designated Public Resources</li> <li>a. Is the project site, or any portion of</li> </ul>	or currently used for hunting, traps the proposed action may affect the proposed action and proposed action actions are considered actions.	ping, fishing or shell fishing? that use: cultural district certified pursuant to	
q. Is the project site or adjoining area If yes, give a brief description of hov  E.3. Designated Public Resources a. Is the project site, or any portion of Agriculture and Markets Law, Ar	On or Near Project Site of it, located in a designated agricultiele 25-AA, Section 303 and 30	ping, fishing or shell fishing? that use: cultural district certified pursuant to	
<ul> <li>i. Species and listing:</li> <li>q. Is the project site or adjoining area If yes, give a brief description of how</li> <li>E.3. Designated Public Resources</li> <li>a. Is the project site, or any portion of Agriculture and Markets Law, Ar If Yes, provide county plus district resources</li> </ul>	On or Near Project Site  fit, located in a designated agricticle 25-AA, Section 303 and 30 name/number: WEST001	ping, fishing or shell fishing? that use:  cultural district certified pursuant to 4?	<b>∠</b> Yes □No
<ul> <li>i. Species and listing:</li> <li>q. Is the project site or adjoining area If yes, give a brief description of how</li> <li>E.3. Designated Public Resources</li> <li>a. Is the project site, or any portion of Agriculture and Markets Law, Ar If Yes, provide county plus district respectively.</li> <li>b. Are agricultural lands consisting of the project site of the project site.</li> </ul>	On or Near Project Site of it, located in a designated agricuticle 25-AA, Section 303 and 30 name/number: WEST001 of highly productive soils present	ping, fishing or shell fishing? that use:  cultural district certified pursuant to 4?	
<ul> <li>i. Species and listing:</li> <li>q. Is the project site or adjoining area</li> <li>If yes, give a brief description of how</li> <li>E.3. Designated Public Resources</li> <li>a. Is the project site, or any portion of Agriculture and Markets Law, Ar</li> <li>If Yes, provide county plus district r</li> <li>b. Are agricultural lands consisting of i. If Yes: acreage(s) on project site</li> </ul>	On or Near Project Site of it, located in a designated agric ticle 25-AA, Section 303 and 30 name/number: WEST001 of highly productive soils presented approximately 11 acres	ping, fishing or shell fishing? that use:  cultural district certified pursuant to 4?	<b>∠</b> Yes □No
<ul> <li>i. Species and listing:</li> <li>q. Is the project site or adjoining area If yes, give a brief description of how</li> <li>E.3. Designated Public Resources</li> <li>a. Is the project site, or any portion of Agriculture and Markets Law, Ar If Yes, provide county plus district respectively.</li> <li>b. Are agricultural lands consisting of i. If Yes: acreage(s) on project site ii. Source(s) of soil rating(s): Web States</li> </ul>	On or Near Project Site of it, located in a designated agricuticle 25-AA, Section 303 and 30 name/number: WEST001 of highly productive soils presented approximately 11 acres	ping, fishing or shell fishing? that use:  cultural district certified pursuant to 4?	<b>✓</b> Yes No
<ul> <li>i. Species and listing:</li> <li>q. Is the project site or adjoining area If yes, give a brief description of how</li> <li>E.3. Designated Public Resources</li> <li>a. Is the project site, or any portion of Agriculture and Markets Law, Ar If Yes, provide county plus district respectively.</li> <li>b. Are agricultural lands consisting of i. If Yes: acreage(s) on project site ii. Source(s) of soil rating(s): Web Strict Countries and It of the project site contain all or the project site contain all</li></ul>	On or Near Project Site of it, located in a designated agricuticle 25-AA, Section 303 and 30 name/number: WEST001 of highly productive soils presented approximately 11 acres	ping, fishing or shell fishing? that use:  cultural district certified pursuant to 4?	<b>∠</b> Yes □No
<ul> <li>i. Species and listing:</li> <li>q. Is the project site or adjoining area If yes, give a brief description of how</li> <li>E.3. Designated Public Resources</li> <li>a. Is the project site, or any portion of Agriculture and Markets Law, Ar If Yes, provide county plus district r</li> <li>b. Are agricultural lands consisting of i. If Yes: acreage(s) on project site ii. Source(s) of soil rating(s): Web S</li> <li>c. Does the project site contain all of Natural Landmark?</li> </ul>	On or Near Project Site of it, located in a designated agricuticle 25-AA, Section 303 and 30 name/number: WEST001 of highly productive soils presented approximately 11 acres	ping, fishing or shell fishing? that use:  cultural district certified pursuant to 4?	<b>✓</b> Yes No
<ul> <li>i. Species and listing:</li> <li>q. Is the project site or adjoining area If yes, give a brief description of how</li> <li>E.3. Designated Public Resources</li> <li>a. Is the project site, or any portion of Agriculture and Markets Law, Ar If Yes, provide county plus district r</li> <li>b. Are agricultural lands consisting of i. If Yes: acreage(s) on project site ii. Source(s) of soil rating(s): Web S</li> <li>c. Does the project site contain all on Natural Landmark?</li> <li>If Yes:</li> </ul>	On or Near Project Site of it, located in a designated agric ticle 25-AA, Section 303 and 30 name/number: WEST001 of highly productive soils present of approximately 11 acres Soil Survey from USDA.gov r part of, or is it substantially con	ping, fishing or shell fishing? that use:  cultural district certified pursuant to 4?	<b>✓</b> Yes No
<ul> <li>i. Species and listing:</li> <li>q. Is the project site or adjoining area If yes, give a brief description of how</li> <li>E.3. Designated Public Resources</li> <li>a. Is the project site, or any portion of Agriculture and Markets Law, Ar If Yes, provide county plus district respectively.</li> <li>b. Are agricultural lands consisting of i. If Yes: acreage(s) on project site ii. Source(s) of soil rating(s): Web Section 2. Does the project site contain all of Natural Landmark?</li> <li>If Yes:  i. Nature of the natural landmark:</li> </ul>	On or Near Project Site  of it, located in a designated agric ticle 25-AA, Section 303 and 30 name/number: WEST001  of highly productive soils present ending approximately 11 acres Soil Survey from USDA.gov  r part of, or is it substantially con	ping, fishing or shell fishing? that use:  cultural district certified pursuant to 4?  This is a registered National  Geological Feature	✓Yes No
<ul> <li>i. Species and listing:</li> <li>q. Is the project site or adjoining area If yes, give a brief description of how</li> <li>E.3. Designated Public Resources</li> <li>a. Is the project site, or any portion of Agriculture and Markets Law, Ar If Yes, provide county plus district respectively.</li> <li>b. Are agricultural lands consisting of i. If Yes: acreage(s) on project site ii. Source(s) of soil rating(s): Web Section 2. Does the project site contain all of Natural Landmark?</li> <li>If Yes:  i. Nature of the natural landmark:</li> </ul>	On or Near Project Site  of it, located in a designated agric ticle 25-AA, Section 303 and 30 name/number: WEST001  of highly productive soils present ending approximately 11 acres Soil Survey from USDA.gov  r part of, or is it substantially con	ping, fishing or shell fishing? that use:  cultural district certified pursuant to 4?	✓Yes No
<ul> <li>i. Species and listing:</li> <li>q. Is the project site or adjoining area If yes, give a brief description of how</li> <li>E.3. Designated Public Resources</li> <li>a. Is the project site, or any portion of Agriculture and Markets Law, Ar If Yes, provide county plus district respectively.</li> <li>b. Are agricultural lands consisting of i. If Yes: acreage(s) on project site ii. Source(s) of soil rating(s): Web Section 2. Does the project site contain all of Natural Landmark?</li> <li>If Yes:  <ul> <li>i. Nature of the natural landmark:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	On or Near Project Site  of it, located in a designated agric ticle 25-AA, Section 303 and 30 name/number: WEST001  of highly productive soils present ending approximately 11 acres Soil Survey from USDA.gov  r part of, or is it substantially con	ping, fishing or shell fishing? that use:  cultural district certified pursuant to 4?  This is a registered National  Geological Feature	✓Yes No
<ul> <li>i. Species and listing:</li> <li>q. Is the project site or adjoining area If yes, give a brief description of how</li> <li>E.3. Designated Public Resources</li> <li>a. Is the project site, or any portion of Agriculture and Markets Law, Ar If Yes, provide county plus district in the b. Are agricultural lands consisting of i. If Yes: acreage(s) on project site ii. Source(s) of soil rating(s): Web Structural Landmark?</li> <li>c. Does the project site contain all of Natural Landmark?</li> <li>If Yes: <ol> <li>i. Nature of the natural landmark:</li> <li>ii. Provide brief description of land</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	On or Near Project Site  of it, located in a designated agricaticle 25-AA, Section 303 and 30 name/number: WEST001  of highly productive soils presented approximately 11 acres Soil Survey from USDA.gov  r part of, or is it substantially con  Biological Community Imark, including values behind designated agrication.	ping, fishing or shell fishing? that use:  cultural district certified pursuant to 4?  critiquous to, a registered National  Geological Feature lesignation and approximate size/extent:	✓Yes No
q. Is the project site or adjoining area If yes, give a brief description of how E.3. Designated Public Resources a. Is the project site, or any portion of Agriculture and Markets Law, Ar If Yes, provide county plus district results. B. Are agricultural lands consisting of i. If Yes: acreage(s) on project site ii. Source(s) of soil rating(s): Web Section 2. Does the project site contain all of Natural Landmark? If Yes: i. Nature of the natural landmark: ii. Provide brief description of land	On or Near Project Site  of it, located in a designated agricaticle 25-AA, Section 303 and 30 name/number: WEST001  of highly productive soils presented approximately 11 acres Soil Survey from USDA.gov  r part of, or is it substantially con  Biological Community Imark, including values behind designated agrication.	ping, fishing or shell fishing? that use:  cultural district certified pursuant to 4?  critiquous to, a registered National  Geological Feature lesignation and approximate size/extent:	✓Yes No
<ul> <li>i. Species and listing:</li> <li>q. Is the project site or adjoining area If yes, give a brief description of how</li> <li>E.3. Designated Public Resources</li> <li>a. Is the project site, or any portion of Agriculture and Markets Law, Ar If Yes, provide county plus district respectively.</li> <li>b. Are agricultural lands consisting of i. If Yes: acreage(s) on project site ii. Source(s) of soil rating(s): Web Section 2. Does the project site contain all of Natural Landmark?</li> <li>If Yes:  i. Nature of the natural landmark:</li> </ul>	On or Near Project Site  of it, located in a designated agricaticle 25-AA, Section 303 and 30 name/number: WEST001  of highly productive soils presented agrication and some soil Survey from USDA.gov  r part of, or is it substantially con Biological Community Imark, including values behind design a state listed Critical agrication.	ping, fishing or shell fishing? that use:  cultural district certified pursuant to 4?  critiquous to, a registered National  Geological Feature lesignation and approximate size/extent:	✓Yes No

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e. Does the project site contain, or is it substantially contiguous to, a building, archaeological site, or district which is listed on the National or State Register of Historic Places, or that has been determined by the Commission of Places, and Places of Historic Places, or that has been determined by the Commission of Places of Pl	
Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation to be eligible for listing on the State Register of Historic Plants:	aces?
i. Nature of historic/archaeological resource: ☐Archaeological Site ☐Historic Building or District  ii. Name: ☐Historic Building or District	
ii. Brief description of attributes on which listing is based:	
E. Is the project site, or any portion of it, located in or adjacent to an area designated as sensitive for archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological site inventory?	<b>✓</b> Yes □No
g. Have additional archaeological or historic site(s) or resources been identified on the project site? f Yes:  i. Describe possible resource(s):	□Yes <b>☑</b> No
ii. Basis for identification:	
n. Is the project site within fives miles of any officially designated and publicly accessible federal, state, or local scenic or aesthetic resource?	<b>✓</b> Yes <b>□</b> No
f Yes:	
<ul><li>i. Identify resource: Kitchawan Preserve; NYS Route 134</li><li>ii. Nature of, or basis for, designation (e.g., established highway overlook, state or local park, state historic trail or</li></ul>	scenic byway,
etc.): Scenic park; scenic byway  ii. Distance between project and resource:	
. Is the project site located within a designated river corridor under the Wild, Scenic and Recreational Rivers Program 6 NYCRR 666? If Yes:	☐ Yes ✓ No
i. Identify the name of the river and its designation:	
ii. Is the activity consistent with development restrictions contained in 6NYCRR Part 666?	□Yes □No
F. Additional Information Attach any additional information which may be needed to clarify your project.  If you have identified any adverse impacts which could be associated with your proposal, please describe those in measures which you propose to avoid or minimize them.	npacts plus any
G. Verification I certify that the information provided is true to the best of my knowledge.  10/6/2021	

#### **EAF Mapper Summary Report**



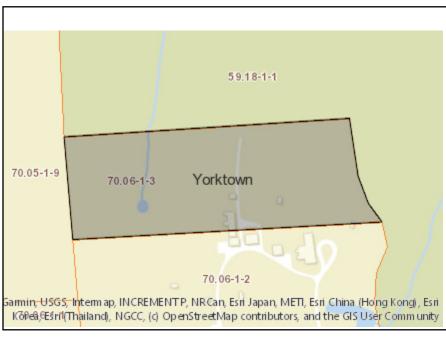
**Disclaimer:** The EAF Mapper is a screening tool intended to assist project sponsors and reviewing agencies in preparing an environmental assessment form (EAF). Not all questions asked in the EAF are answered by the EAF Mapper. Additional information on any EAF question can be obtained by consulting the EAF Workbooks. Although the EAF Mapper provides the most up-to-date digital data available to DEC, you may also need to contact local or other data sources in order to obtain data not provided by the Mapper. Digital data is not a substitute for agency determinations.



B.i.i [Coastal or Waterfront Area]	No
B.i.ii [Local Waterfront Revitalization Area]	No
C.2.b. [Special Planning District]	Yes - Digital mapping data are not available for all Special Planning Districts. Refer to EAF Workbook.
C.2.b. [Special Planning District - Name]	NYC Watershed Boundary
E.1.h [DEC Spills or Remediation Site - Potential Contamination History]	Digital mapping data are not available or are incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.1.h.i [DEC Spills or Remediation Site - Listed]	Digital mapping data are not available or are incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.1.h.i [DEC Spills or Remediation Site - Environmental Site Remediation Database]	Digital mapping data are not available or are incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.1.h.iii [Within 2,000' of DEC Remediation Site]	No
E.2.g [Unique Geologic Features]	No
E.2.h.i [Surface Water Features]	Yes
E.2.h.ii [Surface Water Features]	Yes
E.2.h.iii [Surface Water Features]	Yes - Digital mapping information on local and federal wetlands and waterbodies is known to be incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.2.h.iv [Surface Water Features - Wetlands Name]	Federal Waters
E.2.h.v [Impaired Water Bodies]	No
E.2.i. [Floodway]	No
E.2.j. [100 Year Floodplain]	No
E.2.k. [500 Year Floodplain]	No
E.2.I. [Aquifers]	No
E.2.n. [Natural Communities]	No

E.2.o. [Endangered or Threatened Species - Name]	Bald Eagle
E.2.p. [Rare Plants or Animals]	No
E.3.a. [Agricultural District]	Yes
E.3.a. [Agricultural District]	WEST001
E.3.c. [National Natural Landmark]	No
E.3.d [Critical Environmental Area]	Yes
E.3.d [Critical Environmental Area - Name]	County & State Park Lands
E.3.d.ii [Critical Environmental Area - Reason]	Exceptional or unique character
E.3.d.iii [Critical Environmental Area – Date and Agency]	Agency:Westchester County, Date:1-31-90
E.3.e. [National or State Register of Historic Places or State Eligible Sites]	Digital mapping data are not available or are incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.3.f. [Archeological Sites]	Yes
E.3.i. [Designated River Corridor]	No

# **EAF Mapper Summary Report**



**Disclaimer:** The EAF Mapper is a screening tool intended to assist project sponsors and reviewing agencies in preparing an environmental assessment form (EAF). Not all questions asked in the EAF are answered by the EAF Mapper. Additional information on any EAF question can be obtained by consulting the EAF Workbooks. Although the EAF Mapper provides the most up-to-date digital data available to DEC, you may also need to contact local or other data sources in order to obtain data not provided by the Mapper. Digital data is not a substitute for agency determinations.



B.i.i [Coastal or Waterfront Area]	No
B.i.ii [Local Waterfront Revitalization Area]	No
C.2.b. [Special Planning District]	Yes - Digital mapping data are not available for all Special Planning Districts. Refer to EAF Workbook.
C.2.b. [Special Planning District - Name]	NYC Watershed Boundary
E.1.h [DEC Spills or Remediation Site - Potential Contamination History]	Digital mapping data are not available or are incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.1.h.i [DEC Spills or Remediation Site - Listed]	Digital mapping data are not available or are incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.1.h.i [DEC Spills or Remediation Site - Environmental Site Remediation Database]	Digital mapping data are not available or are incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.1.h.iii [Within 2,000' of DEC Remediation Site]	No
E.2.g [Unique Geologic Features]	No
E.2.h.i [Surface Water Features]	No
E.2.h.ii [Surface Water Features]	Yes
E.2.h.iii [Surface Water Features]	Yes - Digital mapping information on local and federal wetlands and waterbodies is known to be incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.2.h.v [Impaired Water Bodies]	No
E.2.i. [Floodway]	No
E.2.j. [100 Year Floodplain]	No
E.2.k. [500 Year Floodplain]	No
E.2.I. [Aquifers]	No
E.2.n. [Natural Communities]	No
E.2.o. [Endangered or Threatened Species]	Yes

uSign Envelope ID: C3AFF5B6-F5BE-4049-A299-08F53 Namej	
E.2.p. [Rare Plants or Animals]	No
E.3.a. [Agricultural District]	Yes
E.3.a. [Agricultural District]	WEST001
E.3.c. [National Natural Landmark]	No
E.3.d [Critical Environmental Area]	Yes
E.3.d [Critical Environmental Area - Name]	County & State Park Lands
E.3.d.ii [Critical Environmental Area - Reason]	Exceptional or unique character
E.3.d.iii [Critical Environmental Area – Date and Agency]	Agency:Westchester County, Date:1-31-90
E.3.e. [National or State Register of Historic Places or State Eligible Sites]	Digital mapping data are not available or are incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.3.f. [Archeological Sites]	Yes
E.3.i. [Designated River Corridor]	No

# Full Environmental Assessment Form Part 2 - Identification of Potential Project Impacts

	Agency Use Only [11 applicable]
Project:	Ecogy Kitchawan Solar System
Date:	

Part 2 is to be completed by the lead agency. Part 2 is designed to help the lead agency inventory all potential resources that could be affected by a proposed project or action. We recognize that the lead agency's reviewer(s) will not necessarily be environmental professionals. So, the questions are designed to walk a reviewer through the assessment process by providing a series of questions that can be answered using the information found in Part 1. To further assist the lead agency in completing Part 2, the form identifies the most relevant questions in Part 1 that will provide the information needed to answer the Part 2 question. When Part 2 is completed, the lead agency will have identified the relevant environmental areas that may be impacted by the proposed activity.

If the lead agency is a state agency and the action is in any Coastal Area, complete the Coastal Assessment Form before proceeding with this assessment.

#### **Tips for completing Part 2:**

- Review all of the information provided in Part 1.
- Review any application, maps, supporting materials and the Full EAF Workbook.
- Answer each of the 18 questions in Part 2.
- If you answer "Yes" to a numbered question, please complete all the questions that follow in that section.
- If you answer "No" to a numbered question, move on to the next numbered question.
- Check appropriate column to indicate the anticipated size of the impact.
- Proposed projects that would exceed a numeric threshold contained in a question should result in the reviewing agency checking the box "Moderate to large impact may occur."
- The reviewer is not expected to be an expert in environmental analysis.
- If you are not sure or undecided about the size of an impact, it may help to review the sub-questions for the general question and consult the workbook.
- When answering a question consider all components of the proposed activity, that is, the "whole action".
- Consider the possibility for long-term and cumulative impacts as well as direct impacts.
- Answer the question in a reasonable manner considering the scale and context of the project.

<u> </u>	1 3		
1. Impact on Land Proposed action may involve construction on, or physical alteration of, the land surface of the proposed site. (See Part 1. D.1)  If "Yes", answer questions a - j. If "No", move on to Section 2.	□NC		YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may involve construction on land where depth to water table is less than 3 feet.	E2d		
b. The proposed action may involve construction on slopes of 15% or greater.	E2f		
c. The proposed action may involve construction on land where bedrock is exposed, or generally within 5 feet of existing ground surface.	E2a		
d. The proposed action may involve the excavation and removal of more than 1,000 tons of natural material.	D2a		
e. The proposed action may involve construction that continues for more than one year or in multiple phases.	D1e		
f. The proposed action may result in increased erosion, whether from physical disturbance or vegetation removal (including from treatment by herbicides).	D2e, D2q		
g. The proposed action is, or may be, located within a Coastal Erosion hazard area.	B1i		
h. Other impacts:			

2. Impact on Geological Features			
The proposed action may result in the modification or destruction of, or inhib access to, any unique or unusual land forms on the site (e.g., cliffs, dunes, minerals, fossils, caves). (See Part 1. E.2.g)	oit NO		YES
If "Yes", answer questions a - c. If "No", move on to Section 3.			
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. Identify the specific land form(s) attached:	E2g		
b. The proposed action may affect or is adjacent to a geological feature listed as a registered National Natural Landmark.  Specific feature:	ЕЗс		
c. Other impacts:			
<b>3. Impacts on Surface Water</b> The proposed action may affect one or more wetlands or other surface water bodies (e.g., streams, rivers, ponds or lakes). (See Part 1. D.2, E.2.h)  If "Yes", answer questions a - l. If "No", move on to Section 4.	□no		YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may create a new water body.	D2b, D1h		
b. The proposed action may result in an increase or decrease of over 10% or more than a 10 acre increase or decrease in the surface area of any body of water.	D2b		
c. The proposed action may involve dredging more than 100 cubic yards of material from a wetland or water body.	D2a		
d. The proposed action may involve construction within or adjoining a freshwater or tidal wetland, or in the bed or banks of any other water body.	E2h		
e. The proposed action may create turbidity in a waterbody, either from upland erosion, runoff or by disturbing bottom sediments.	D2a, D2h		
f. The proposed action may include construction of one or more intake(s) for withdrawal of water from surface water.	D2c		
g. The proposed action may include construction of one or more outfall(s) for discharge of wastewater to surface water(s).	D2d		
h. The proposed action may cause soil erosion, or otherwise create a source of stormwater discharge that may lead to siltation or other degradation of receiving water bodies.	D2e	Ø	
i. The proposed action may affect the water quality of any water bodies within or downstream of the site of the proposed action.	E2h		
j. The proposed action may involve the application of pesticides or herbicides in or around any water body.	D2q, E2h		
k. The proposed action may require the construction of new, or expansion of existing,	D1a, D2d		

wastewater treatment facilities.

1. Other impacts:			
4. Impact on groundwater  The proposed action may result in new or additional use of ground water, or may have the potential to introduce contaminants to ground water or an aquifer.  (See Part 1. D.2.a, D.2.c, D.2.d, D.2.p, D.2.q, D.2.t)  If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 5.			
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may require new water supply wells, or create additional demand on supplies from existing water supply wells.	D2c		
b. Water supply demand from the proposed action may exceed safe and sustainable withdrawal capacity rate of the local supply or aquifer.  Cite Source:	D2c		
c. The proposed action may allow or result in residential uses in areas without water and sewer services.	D1a, D2c		
d. The proposed action may include or require wastewater discharged to groundwater.	D2d, E2l		
e. The proposed action may result in the construction of water supply wells in locations where groundwater is, or is suspected to be, contaminated.	D2c, E1f, E1g, E1h		
f. The proposed action may require the bulk storage of petroleum or chemical products over ground water or an aquifer.	D2p, E2l		
g. The proposed action may involve the commercial application of pesticides within 100 feet of potable drinking water or irrigation sources.	E2h, D2q, E2l, D2c		
h. Other impacts:			
5. Impact on Flooding The proposed action may result in development on lands subject to flooding. (See Part 1. E.2) If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", move on to Section 6.	<b>⋈</b> NO		YES
-y les y maner questiens a gr. 2y lie y more en le seemen et	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may result in development in a designated floodway.	E2i		
b. The proposed action may result in development within a 100 year floodplain.	E2j		
c. The proposed action may result in development within a 500 year floodplain.	E2k		
d. The proposed action may result in, or require, modification of existing drainage patterns.	D2b, D2e		
e. The proposed action may change flood water flows that contribute to flooding.	D2b, E2i, E2j, E2k		
f. If there is a dam located on the site of the proposed action, is the dam in need of repair, or upgrade?	E1e		

g. Other impacts:			
	•	•	•
6. Impacts on Air  The proposed action may include a state regulated air emission source.  (See Part 1. D.2.f., D.2.h, D.2.g)  If "Yes", answer questions a - f. If "No", move on to Section 7.	✓NO		YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
<ul> <li>a. If the proposed action requires federal or state air emission permits, the action may also emit one or more greenhouse gases at or above the following levels: <ol> <li>i. More than 1000 tons/year of carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)</li> <li>ii. More than 3.5 tons/year of nitrous oxide (N<sub>2</sub>O)</li> <li>iii. More than 1000 tons/year of carbon equivalent of perfluorocarbons (PFCs)</li> <li>iv. More than .045 tons/year of sulfur hexafluoride (SF<sub>6</sub>)</li> <li>v. More than 1000 tons/year of carbon dioxide equivalent of hydrochloroflourocarbons (HFCs) emissions</li> <li>vi. 43 tons/year or more of methane</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	D2g D2g D2g D2g D2g D2g		
b. The proposed action may generate 10 tons/year or more of any one designated hazardous air pollutant, or 25 tons/year or more of any combination of such hazardous air pollutants.	D2g		
c. The proposed action may require a state air registration, or may produce an emissions rate of total contaminants that may exceed 5 lbs. per hour, or may include a heat source capable of producing more than 10 million BTU's per hour.	D2f, D2g		
d. The proposed action may reach 50% of any of the thresholds in "a" through "c", above.	D2g		
e. The proposed action may result in the combustion or thermal treatment of more than 1 ton of refuse per hour.	D2s		
f. Other impacts:			
7. Impact on Plants and Animals The proposed action may result in a loss of flora or fauna. (See Part 1. E.2. If "Yes", answer questions a - j. If "No", move on to Section 8.	mq.)	□NO	<b>✓</b> YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may cause reduction in population or loss of individuals of any threatened or endangered species, as listed by New York State or the Federal government, that use the site, or are found on, over, or near the site.	E2o		
b. The proposed action may result in a reduction or degradation of any habitat used by any rare, threatened or endangered species, as listed by New York State or the federal government.	E2o	Ø	
c. The proposed action may cause reduction in population, or loss of individuals, of any species of special concern or conservation need, as listed by New York State or the Federal government, that use the site, or are found on, over, or near the site.	E2p	Ø	
d. The proposed action may result in a reduction or degradation of any habitat used by any species of special concern and conservation need, as listed by New York State or the Federal government.	E2p	Ø	

e. The proposed action may diminish the capacity of a registered National Natural Landmark to support the biological community it was established to protect.	Е3с		
f. The proposed action may result in the removal of, or ground disturbance in, any portion of a designated significant natural community.  Source:	E2n	Ø	
g. The proposed action may substantially interfere with nesting/breeding, foraging, or over-wintering habitat for the predominant species that occupy or use the project site.	E2m		
h. The proposed action requires the conversion of more than 10 acres of forest, grassland or any other regionally or locally important habitat.  Habitat type & information source:	E1b	Ø	
i. Proposed action (commercial, industrial or recreational projects, only) involves use of herbicides or pesticides.	D2q		
j. Other impacts:			
	•		
8. Impact on Agricultural Resources The proposed action may impact agricultural resources. (See Part 1. E.3.a. a	and b )	NO	<b>✓</b> YES
	(O.)		125
If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 9.			
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact	Moderate to large impact may occur
	Relevant Part I	No, or small	Moderate to large impact may
If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 9.  a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
<ul> <li>If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 9.</li> <li>a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System.</li> <li>b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land</li> </ul>	Relevant Part I Question(s)  E2c, E3b	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
<ul> <li>a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System.</li> <li>b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land (includes cropland, hayfields, pasture, vineyard, orchard, etc).</li> <li>c. The proposed action may result in the excavation or compaction of the soil profile of</li> </ul>	Relevant Part I Question(s)  E2c, E3b  E1a, Elb	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
<ul> <li>a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System.</li> <li>b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land (includes cropland, hayfields, pasture, vineyard, orchard, etc).</li> <li>c. The proposed action may result in the excavation or compaction of the soil profile of active agricultural land.</li> <li>d. The proposed action may irreversibly convert agricultural land to non-agricultural uses, either more than 2.5 acres if located in an Agricultural District, or more than 10</li> </ul>	Relevant Part I Question(s)  E2c, E3b  E1a, Elb  E3b	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
<ul> <li>a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System.</li> <li>b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land (includes cropland, hayfields, pasture, vineyard, orchard, etc).</li> <li>c. The proposed action may result in the excavation or compaction of the soil profile of active agricultural land.</li> <li>d. The proposed action may irreversibly convert agricultural land to non-agricultural uses, either more than 2.5 acres if located in an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District.</li> <li>e. The proposed action may disrupt or prevent installation of an agricultural land</li> </ul>	Relevant Part I Question(s)  E2c, E3b  E1a, Elb  E3b  E1b, E3a	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
<ul> <li>a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System.</li> <li>b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land (includes cropland, hayfields, pasture, vineyard, orchard, etc).</li> <li>c. The proposed action may result in the excavation or compaction of the soil profile of active agricultural land.</li> <li>d. The proposed action may irreversibly convert agricultural land to non-agricultural uses, either more than 2.5 acres if located in an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District.</li> <li>e. The proposed action may disrupt or prevent installation of an agricultural land management system.</li> <li>f. The proposed action may result, directly or indirectly, in increased development</li> </ul>	Relevant Part I Question(s)  E2c, E3b  E1a, Elb  E3b  E1b, E3a  El a, E1b  C2c, C3,	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
<ul> <li>a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System.</li> <li>b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land (includes cropland, hayfields, pasture, vineyard, orchard, etc).</li> <li>c. The proposed action may result in the excavation or compaction of the soil profile of active agricultural land.</li> <li>d. The proposed action may irreversibly convert agricultural land to non-agricultural uses, either more than 2.5 acres if located in an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District.</li> <li>e. The proposed action may disrupt or prevent installation of an agricultural land management system.</li> <li>f. The proposed action may result, directly or indirectly, in increased development potential or pressure on farmland.</li> <li>g. The proposed project is not consistent with the adopted municipal Farmland</li> </ul>	Relevant Part I Question(s)  E2c, E3b  E1a, E1b  E3b  E1b, E3a  El a, E1b  C2c, C3, D2c, D2d	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur

9. Impact on Aesthetic Resources  The land use of the proposed action are obviously different from, or are in sharp contrast to, current land use patterns between the proposed project and a scenic or aesthetic resource. (Part 1. E.1.a, E.1.b, E.3.h.)  If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", go to Section 10.	□N	) <b>/</b>	YES
g company and a gray a	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. Proposed action may be visible from any officially designated federal, state, or local scenic or aesthetic resource.	E3h	Ø	
b. The proposed action may result in the obstruction, elimination or significant screening of one or more officially designated scenic views.	E3h, C2b	Ø	
c. The proposed action may be visible from publicly accessible vantage points: i. Seasonally (e.g., screened by summer foliage, but visible during other seasons) ii. Year round	E3h		
<ul><li>d. The situation or activity in which viewers are engaged while viewing the proposed action is:</li><li>i. Routine travel by residents, including travel to and from work</li><li>ii. Recreational or tourism based activities</li></ul>	E3h E2q, E1c		
e. The proposed action may cause a diminishment of the public enjoyment and appreciation of the designated aesthetic resource.	E3h		
f. There are similar projects visible within the following distance of the proposed project:  0-1/2 mile ½-3 mile 3-5 mile 5+ mile	D1a, E1a, D1f, D1g		
g. Other impacts:			
10. Impact on Historic and Archeological Resources  The proposed action may occur in or adjacent to a historic or archaeological resource. (Part 1. E.3.e, f. and g.)  If "Yes", answer questions a - e. If "No", go to Section 11.		) <b>/</b>	YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may occur wholly or partially within, or substantially contiguous to, any buildings, archaeological site or district which is listed on the National or State Register of Historical Places, or that has been determined by the Commissioner of the NYS Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation to be eligible for listing on the State Register of Historic Places.	E3e	Ø	
b. The proposed action may occur wholly or partially within, or substantially contiguous to, an area designated as sensitive for archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological site inventory.	E3f		
c. The proposed action may occur wholly or partially within, or substantially contiguous to, an archaeological site not included on the NY SHPO inventory.	E3g	Ø	

d. Other impacts:			
If any of the above (a-d) are answered "Moderate to large impact may e. occur", continue with the following questions to help support conclusions in Part 3:			
<ol> <li>The proposed action may result in the destruction or alteration of all or part of the site or property.</li> </ol>	E3e, E3g, E3f		
<ol> <li>The proposed action may result in the alteration of the property's setting or integrity.</li> </ol>	E3e, E3f, E3g, E1a, E1b		
iii. The proposed action may result in the introduction of visual elements which are out of character with the site or property, or may alter its setting.	E3e, E3f, E3g, E3h, C2, C3		
11. Impact on Open Space and Recreation  The proposed action may result in a loss of recreational opportunities or a reduction of an open space resource as designated in any adopted municipal open space plan.  (See Part 1. C.2.c, E.1.c., E.2.q.)  If "Yes", answer questions a - e. If "No", go to Section 12.	<b>✓</b> NO	) [	YES
y y y y y y y y y y y y y y y y	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may result in an impairment of natural functions, or "ecosystem services", provided by an undeveloped area, including but not limited to stormwater storage, nutrient cycling, wildlife habitat.	D2e, E1b E2h, E2m, E2o, E2n, E2p		
b. The proposed action may result in the loss of a current or future recreational resource.	C2a, E1c, C2c, E2q		
c. The proposed action may eliminate open space or recreational resource in an area with few such resources.	C2a, C2c E1c, E2q		
d. The proposed action may result in loss of an area now used informally by the community as an open space resource.	C2c, E1c		
e. Other impacts:			
<b>12. Impact on Critical Environmental Areas</b> The proposed action may be located within or adjacent to a critical environmental area (CEA). (See Part 1. E.3.d)  If "Yes", answer questions a - c. If "No", go to Section 13.		) <b>/</b>	YES
1) Tes , unswer questions a c. 1) Tro , go to section 13.	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may result in a reduction in the quantity of the resource or characteristic which was the basis for designation of the CEA.	E3d		
b. The proposed action may result in a reduction in the quality of the resource or characteristic which was the basis for designation of the CEA.	E3d		
c. Other impacts:			

13. Impact on Transportation  The proposed action may result in a change to existing transportation systems.  (See Part 1. D.2.j)  If "Vos" appropriate questions a for If "No" are to Section 14				
If "Yes", answer questions a - f. If "No", go to Section 14.	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur	
a. Projected traffic increase may exceed capacity of existing road network.	D2j			
b. The proposed action may result in the construction of paved parking area for 500 or more vehicles.	D2j			
c. The proposed action will degrade existing transit access.	D2j			
d. The proposed action will degrade existing pedestrian or bicycle accommodations.	D2j			
e. The proposed action may alter the present pattern of movement of people or goods.	D2j			
f. Other impacts:				
14. Impact on Energy  The proposed action may cause an increase in the use of any form of energy.  (See Part 1. D.2.k)  If "Yes", answer questions a - e. If "No", go to Section 15.	<b>✓</b> N0	D 🗌	YES	
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur	
a. The proposed action will require a new, or an upgrade to an existing, substation.	D2k			
b. The proposed action will require the creation or extension of an energy transmission or supply system to serve more than 50 single or two-family residences or to serve a commercial or industrial use.	D1f, D1q, D2k			
c. The proposed action may utilize more than 2,500 MWhrs per year of electricity.	D2k			
d. The proposed action may involve heating and/or cooling of more than 100,000 square feet of building area when completed.	D1g			
e. Other Impacts:				
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
15. Impact on Noise, Odor, and Light  The proposed action may result in an increase in noise, odors, or outdoor ligh (See Part 1. D.2.m., n., and o.)  If "Yes", answer questions a - f. If "No", go to Section 16.	ting. NC		YES	
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur	
a. The proposed action may produce sound above noise levels established by local regulation.	D2m			
b. The proposed action may result in blasting within 1,500 feet of any residence, hospital, school, licensed day care center, or nursing home.	D2m, E1d			
c. The proposed action may result in routine odors for more than one hour per day.	D2o			

d. The proposed action may result in light shining onto adjoining properties.	D2n		
e. The proposed action may result in lighting creating sky-glow brighter than existing area conditions.	D2n, E1a		
f. Other impacts:			
<b>16. Impact on Human Health</b> The proposed action may have an impact on human health from exposure to new or existing sources of contaminants. (See Part 1.D.2.q., E.1. d. f. g. ar <i>If "Yes", answer questions a - m. If "No", go to Section 17.</i>			YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No,or small impact may cccur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action is located within 1500 feet of a school, hospital, licensed day care center, group home, nursing home or retirement community.	E1d		
b. The site of the proposed action is currently undergoing remediation.	Elg, Elh		
c. There is a completed emergency spill remediation, or a completed environmental site remediation on, or adjacent to, the site of the proposed action.	Elg, Elh		
d. The site of the action is subject to an institutional control limiting the use of the property (e.g., easement or deed restriction).	E1g, E1h		
e. The proposed action may affect institutional control measures that were put in place to ensure that the site remains protective of the environment and human health.	E1g, E1h		
f. The proposed action has adequate control measures in place to ensure that future generation, treatment and/or disposal of hazardous wastes will be protective of the environment and human health.	D2t		
g. The proposed action involves construction or modification of a solid waste management facility.	D2q, E1f		
h. The proposed action may result in the unearthing of solid or hazardous waste.	D2q, E1f		
i. The proposed action may result in an increase in the rate of disposal, or processing, of solid waste.	D2r, D2s		
j. The proposed action may result in excavation or other disturbance within 2000 feet of a site used for the disposal of solid or hazardous waste.	E1f, E1g E1h		
k. The proposed action may result in the migration of explosive gases from a landfill site to adjacent off site structures.	E1f, E1g		
The proposed action may result in the release of contaminated leachate from the project site.	D2s, E1f, D2r		
m. Other impacts:			

17. Consistency with Community Plans  The proposed action is not consistent with adopted land use plans.  (See Part 1. C.1, C.2. and C.3.)	✓NO		/ES
If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", go to Section 18.			
j va	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action's land use components may be different from, or in sharp contrast to, current surrounding land use pattern(s).	C2, C3, D1a E1a, E1b		
b. The proposed action will cause the permanent population of the city, town or village in which the project is located to grow by more than 5%.	C2		
c. The proposed action is inconsistent with local land use plans or zoning regulations.	C2, C2, C3		
d. The proposed action is inconsistent with any County plans, or other regional land use plans.	C2, C2		
e. The proposed action may cause a change in the density of development that is not supported by existing infrastructure or is distant from existing infrastructure.	C3, D1c, D1d, D1f, D1d, Elb		
f. The proposed action is located in an area characterized by low density development that will require new or expanded public infrastructure.	C4, D2c, D2d D2j		
g. The proposed action may induce secondary development impacts (e.g., residential or commercial development not included in the proposed action)	C2a		
h. Other:			
18. Consistency with Community Character  The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character.  (See Part 1. C.2, C.3, D.2, E.3)  If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", proceed to Part 3.	✓NO	)	/ES
ig 100 , marrer questions a gi ig 110 , proceed to 1 are i	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may replace or eliminate existing facilities, structures, or areas of historic importance to the community.	E3e, E3f, E3g		
b. The proposed action may create a demand for additional community services (e.g. schools, police and fire)	C4		
c. The proposed action may displace affordable or low-income housing in an area where there is a shortage of such housing.	C2, C3, D1f D1g, E1a		
d. The proposed action may interfere with the use or enjoyment of officially recognized or designated public resources.	C2, E3		
e. The proposed action is inconsistent with the predominant architectural scale and character.	C2, C3		
f. Proposed action is inconsistent with the character of the existing natural landscape.	C2, C3 E1a, E1b E2g, E2h		
g. Other impacts:			

SEP 14 2021

From:

Edward Kolisz

Sent:

Tuesday, September 14, 2021 3:10 PM

To:

Julia Magliozzo' < <u>julia.magliozzo@ecogyenergy.com</u>>

TOWN OF YORKTOWN

Cc:

Robyn Steinberg < rsteinberg@yorktownny.org >; John Tegeder < itegeder@yorktownny.org >

Subject:

Kitchawan Farm Solar Farm Layout Review

#### Julia,

I have reviewed the plans or the proposed solar farm at 716 Kitchawan Rd, Town of Yorktown, NY and have the following comments:

- 1. The access road on the west side should extend to the end of the fence line and shall comply with section 503 of the Fire Code of New York State (FCNYS.)
- 2. The turn arounds shall comply with Appendix D of the FCNYS.
- 3. There shall be a plan to keep the access roads free of snow, ice buildup and debris.
- 4. The plan does not show any access gates to the solar fields. There shall be access gates at the northeast, northwest, southeast corners and at the equipment areas. Access to the gates shall be maintained.
- 5. All access gates shall be accessible to the fire department. The fire department uses the Knox Rapid Entry System.
- 6. Training on the solar farm operation shall be provided to the local fire department.

Please contact me with any questions.

#### Edward W. Kolisz

Fire Inspector, Town of Yorktown, NY

363 Underhill Ave.

Yorktown Heights, NY 10598 Office: 914-962-5722 Ext. 254

Fax: 914-962-1731 www.yorktownny.org

From:

Julia Magliozzo < julia.magliozzo@ecogyenergy.com>

Sent:

Thursday, September 9, 2021 3:01 PM Edward Kolisz <edward@yorktownny.org>

To: Cc:

James Albert < <u>james@ecogysolar.com</u>>; Simon Curtis-Ginsberg < <u>simon@ecogysolar.com</u>>;

Debbie Pallone < debbie@ecogysolar.com >

Subject:

Kitchawan Farm Solar Farm Layout Review

#### Good afternoon Ed,

I am writing from Ecogy Energy, the developer working on the Kitchawan Farm Solar Farm Project at 716 Kitchawan Rd. I am submitting the attached drawings of the solar layout for your review with regards to the applicable fire code. In particular, we would like your review and approval of the proposed access road. Please let me know if there are any concerns with the proposed layout. I have copied our engineering team should you have any technical comments. We would be happy to work with you if any changes are necessary.

Best regards,

Julia Magliozzo
Director of Operations, Ecogy Energy

www.ecogyenergy.com

Brooklyn, NY

Office: 718-304-0945 ext 2 Mobile: 347-410-1198



SEP 8 2021

September 8, 2021

TOWN OF YORKTOWN



Vincent Sapienza P.E. Commissioner

Paul V. Rush, P.E. Deputy Commissioner Bureau of Water Supply prush@dep.nyc.gov

465 Columbus Avenue Valhalla, NY 10595

T: (845) 340-7800 F: (845) 334-7175 Robyn A. Steinberg, AICP Town of Yorktown Planning Board 363 Underhill Avenue, P.O. Box 703 Yorktown Heights, NY 10598

Re: Notice of Intent to be Lead Agency

Kitchawan Solar Farm 716 Kitchawan Road

Town of Yorktown; Westchester County, NY

Tax Map #: 70.06-1-2

DEP Log #: 2021-CNC-0579-SQ.1

Dear Ms. Steinberg and Members of the Planning Board:

The New York City Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) has reviewed the Town of Yorktown Planning Board's (Board) Notice of Intent to act as Lead Agency for the above referenced project. DEP does not object to the Board acting as Lead Agency for the Coordinated Review of the proposed action pursuant to the New York State Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQRA).

The proposed site is located in the New Croton Reservoir drainage basin of New York City's Water Supply. As New Croton Reservoir is phosphorous restricted, water quality impacts to the receiving reservoir from pollutant-laden runoff must be avoided or mitigated.

The proposed action involves the installation of a two (2) Mega Watt ground-mounted solar array energy system to be surrounded by a perimeter fence. Access to the array will be via a new gravel access road off Kitchawan Road (aka NYS Rt. 134).

The activity will require DEP review and approval of a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) pursuant to Section 18-39 of the Rules and Regulations for the Protection from Contamination, Degradation, and Pollution of the New York City Water Supply and Its Sources (Watershed Regulations).

Based upon review of the submitted documents, DEP respectfully submits the following comments for the Board's consideration:

According to the EAF, eight (8) acres of disturbance is proposed.
 However, the extent and nature of soil disturbance associated with
 panel installation must be provided. For example, a breakdown must be
 included for all disturbances associated with new access roads,

trenching activities anticipated for the installation of MC cable, and the padmounted utility meter, generator, and transformer pad. The applicant's representative is encouraged to schedule a pre-application meeting with DEP via Microsoft Teams to discuss the project SWPPP further. In addition, the applicant's representative should contact DEP representative Mariyam Zachariah at (914) 749-5357 to schedule a site walk to validate the presence and status of any watercourses onsite or in proximity to the site.

- 2. Clarify whether the panels will be ground mounted and provide a construction detail. The project sponsor must show the arrays with onsite topographic contours labeled on the site plan to verify whether the configuration of the arrays will result in parallel and concentrated flows converging to the nearest watercourse. The project sponsor should explain how stormwater runoff will be dispersed onto the ground surface based on this solar panel arrangement. Please also note that offsite contours are not provided in order to verify whether a significant offsite drainage area contributes runoff to the proposed area of construction. At a minimum, contour information should be shown to confirm how runoff is managed both during and after construction.
- 3. According to SPDES General Permit, GP-015-002, Table 1 in Appendix B, solar arrays are considered an environment enhancement project. As such, pursuant to Watershed Regulations Section 18-39(b) (3) (ii), the applicant's representative must demonstrate whether this project will alter the hydrology from pre- to post-development conditions, and thus whether permanent post-development stormwater practices are required.
- 4. It is not clear from the information provided exactly how many trees will be removed. Loss of trees and/or vegetative cover increases the volume of stormwater runoff and the potential for pollutant loading and turbid stormwater flows to receiving wetlands and other surface water features. The project sponsor is encouraged to explain how these potential impacts will be alleviated both during and after the construction of the facility.
- No information is provided on erosion control practices to be utilized during construction. Without this information, it is difficult to analyze the potential adverse impacts and extent of disturbance in an area that is presently densely vegetated.
- 6. The proposed action may alter drainage flow or patterns of surface water runoff and may be incompatible with existing drainage patterns. Physical changes to the site may alter the existing direction of flow and may cause additional erosion and sedimentation. The impact of site improvements on existing flow patterns must be addressed, and mitigation proposed for adverse impacts that cannot be avoided.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comments. You may reach the undersigned at <u>cgarcia@dep.nyc.gov</u> or (914) 749-5302 with any questions or if you care to discuss the matter further.

Sincerely,

Cypithie Lacio

Supervisor

SEQRA Coordination Section

X: J. Petronella, NYSDEC Region 3

N. Drummond, WCPD



Mr. Richard Fon, Chairman

Mr. Aaron Bock, Board Member

Mr. Robert Garrigan, Board Member

Mr. William LaScala, Board Member

Ms. Roxanne Visconti, Board Member

Yorktown Planning Board

Albert A. Capellini Community & Cultural Center

1974 Commerce Street – Room 222

Yorktown Heights, NY 10598

September 27, 2021

RECEIVED
PLANNING DEPARTMENT

SEP 27 2021

TOWN OF YORKTOWN

RE: Application for a Solar Farm Special Permit – Response to letter from Jamie Spillane, Esq. of Hogan & Rossi representing Centerline Farm, LLC

Dear Chairman and Board Members:

Ecogy Energy ("Ecogy") and Van Brunt Cochran, LLC ("Kitchawan Farm") would like to formally respond to the Letter dated September 24, 2021 received from Jamie Spillane, Esq. representing the abutting property owner Centerline Farm, LLC ("Centerline").

Ecogy respects and welcomes all comments from Centerline on the proposed solar project at 716 Kitchawan Rd as Centerline is an abutter with a similar equine farm. However, we find some of the comments submitted in the Letter to be misleading or misrepresenting of the application currently under consideration by the Board for the solar installation at Kitchawan Farm at 716 Kitchawan Rd. We would like to take this opportunity to outline our understanding of the environmental review process, the potential impacts of the proposed solar project, and other concerns raised in the Letter with regards to Ecogy's proposed project.

Before addressing the Letter directly, Ecogy would note that the proposed solar project has received only support from other neighbors and has generally been viewed as a positive addition to the farm. Ecogy received letters in support of the solar project from the abutter to the East at 712 Kitchawan Rd (Steven Spiro), an abutter across the street from the farm at 709 Kitchawan Rd (Michael Lugassy), an abutter to the West at 730 Kitchawan Rd (Lynne Schultz), as well as other neighbors who frequently pass in front of the property (for example, Holly Ross and Tim Hartung at 500 Arcady Rd, and Brian and Celia Carroll at 855 Old Kitchawan Road).

To respond to the Letter as it pertains to Ecogy's proposed solar project at Kitchawan Farm, first, with regards to the SEQR Review process, Ecogy believes the Letter incorrectly portrays the SEQR process and how cumulative actions are defined. The Letter gives reasons as to why Centerline believes the proposed Kitchawan solar project to be a Type I action and states "an Environmental Impact Statement should be required" and that "the applicant has not complied with the requirements of SEQRA". While the Letter correctly identifies what qualifies as a Type I action, it appears to misrepresent how the SEQR process will unfold. At the time of this letter, the Yorktown Planning Board has not yet taken up the question of environmental impacts subject to SEQR nor has any determination been made regarding the Type of action. At such a time that the Board is ready to consider the project under the SEQR process, Ecogy will gladly submit any



and all materials required, including but not limited to a Full Environmental Assessment Form, a stormwater analysis, and other supporting documents. Only then will the Board be able to make an informed decision about the Environmental Impacts and make a determination on whether it is appropriate to issue a Negative Declaration or require an Environmental Impact Statement. Ecogy has not asked the Board to make any decision about the environmental impacts at this time and feels the Letter is misrepresenting Ecogy's intentions by implying the SEQR steps are not being followed. On the contrary, Ecogy is continuously working to assess the environmental impacts of the project such that, come time for the SEQR review, Ecogy will be fully prepared to address any concerns.

In addition, the Letter asks that the Board consider "the cumulative impact of the numerous solar farms including concerns over glint and glare". Per the SEQR Handbook, Ecogy does not believe there is basis for grouping various solar projects within Yorktown as related so that cumulative impacts must be considered. To require a cumulative impact assessment, "the lead agency must clearly articulate the functional connections of potential impacts to resources, as courts have generally not accepted proximity alone as a basis for requiring cumulative impact analysis." The Letter seems to rely only on the proximity of the solar projects all being within Yorktown, however, that alone does not justify a review of cumulative impacts. Further, glint and glare may be considered as part of the aesthetic impacts of the project but such impacts are already being addressed by the screening of the solar project as proposed in Ecogy's landscaping plan.

Second, with regards to the submission of a decommissioning plan, such a plan was submitted by Ecogy for the project early in the application process and was guided by the NYSERDA Decommissioning Guidebook for Municipalities. The decommissioning plan can be found in the Public Hearing resources as posted by Yorktown prior to the public hearing here: <a href="https://www.yorktownny.org/planning/kitchawan-farm-solar-farm">https://www.yorktownny.org/planning/kitchawan-farm-solar-farm</a>. The file is called "Contacts, Project Narrative, Operations & Maintenance Plan, Decommissioning Plan". Ecogy's decommissioning plan for the project clearly outlines the various components of decommissioning work as well as the expected costs. Ecogy would further like to note that per our agreement with Kitchawan Farm, Ecogy must fully remove the solar system and associated equipment and restore the site within 120 days of the termination of the lease at Ecogy's expense. Finally, per Ecogy's agreement with Kitchawan Farm, Ecogy must provide either to Yorktown or to Kitchawan Farm, whichever is appropriate, a Security Deposit to cover the costs of removal of the solar system and restoration of the premises in the unlikely event Ecogy fails to remove the system at the end of the useful solar project life. Given this, Ecogy has already addressed the second concern raised in the Letter.

Third, regarding a review of the proposed project by the Yorktown Conservation Board, Ecogy has already participated in reviews of the project with the Conservation Board and has met their requirements. Ecogy first presented the project to the Conservation Board on May 5, 2021 and subsequently conducted a site visit with members of both the Planning Board and Conservation Board together on June 12. After that site visit, Ecogy again presented to the Conservation Board on August 18, 2021. On August 19, 2021, the Conservation Board issued a Memorandum to the Planning Board stating "The Conservation Board concerns have been met and requests that all plant material used be native." Ecogy is aware of the native plant requirements and will adhere to



that request. Thus, we believe the third concern stated in the Letter with regards to the Kitchawan solar project has been adequately addressed.

Finally, we would like to respond to the additional concerns raised in the Letter about solar development in Yorktown more generally. The Letter states that the existing solar projects being considered by Yorktown "are not consistent with the Comprehensive Plan", specifically as the Comprehensive Plan pertains to open space and agricultural land uses. Contrary to the Letter, Ecogy believes solar development can support those exact goals. With respect to preserving open space, solar development is a favorable use of land in that the solar systems are temporary. Installing a solar system on a property will impact the property for 25 to 30 years but at the end of the solar project's useful life the property can be restored to its original functionality with relative ease. Compare such a solar installation with building a building or parking lot, both uses which do not allow the open space to easily be restored. It is for this reason that the Kitchawan Farm wanted to pursue solar development as it is one of the rare development opportunities that allows them to retain ownership of the land, and eventually return to using the land that has been in their family for over 100 years. In addition, the Letter states the Comprehensive Plan has a goal of continuing to support agricultural land uses, which the Kitchawan Farm solar project does. The solar project will provide revenue to the farm to allow them to continue their operations as well as create a new plot for planting vegetables and other agricultural opportunities. The solar project at Kitchawan Farm will operate in synergy with the farm operations rather than working against them, particularly due to the incorporation of a native pollinator-friendly seed mix, which will aid and increase productivity of the farm.

Regarding the taxation of solar installations, Ecogy and Kitchawan both recognize the installation of solar on the property will currently result in a loss of the Agricultural Assessment for that portion of the property, however, Senate Bill S7603 which was passed in both the State Assembly and Senate and sponsored by State Sen. Harckham and currently sits in the Agricultural Committee proposes to make solar exempt comparable to if a farm adopted wind or fossil fuel energy infrastructure which by law currently does not result in a loss of an agricultural exemption.

Agricultural assessments are separate from payments due by Ecogy to the Town of Yorktown on our personal property. Currently, NYS Real Property Tax Law 487 exempts solar personal property from local taxation for a period of 15-years. Ecogy intends to not seek this exemption but rather have assumed the project would enter into a Payment In Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) agreement with Yorktown. We have modeled this project, as it is greater than 1,000 kW AC, to pay PILOT payments that adhere to the draft Yorktown ordinance from 6-24-2019 as well as neighboring town's solar tax ordinances (i.e. the Town of Ossining). The PILOT assumptions also follow the NYSERDA guidebook to municipalities on PILOT payments for solar systems that can be found here: <a href="https://www.nyserda.ny.gov/-/media/Files/Programs/NYSun/Solar-PILOT-Toolkit.pdf">https://www.nyserda.ny.gov/-/media/Files/Programs/NYSun/Solar-PILOT-Toolkit.pdf</a>.

Ecogy has modeled \$9,000/MWac/Year for the solar project for the full 25-year life with a 2% annual escalator to be paid directly to the Town of Yorktown. The assumed PILOT payments at the current proposed system size would result in Ecogy paying to the Town of Yorktown \$576,545 over the 25-year term with minimal municipal services needed. Ecogy welcomes any



discussion with Yorktown regarding the potential PILOT agreement for the Kitchawan solar project.

Ecogy and Kitchawan Farm are open to all comments with regards to the proposed solar project at 716 Kitchawan Rd. We hope to continue the review process with the Planning Board and will continue to be transparent and forthcoming with all information, plans, and applications as they pertain to the proposed solar project. We thank the Planning Board for their consideration of the letter.

Sincerely,

-DocuSigned by:

Alexander Cochran, Managing Member

Van Brunt Cochran, LLC

DocuSigned by

Jack Bertuzzi

Jack Bertuzzi, CEO

Ecogy Energy

# **HOGAN & ROSSI**

Attorneys at Law 3 Starr Ridge Road - Suite 200 Brewster, New York 10509

Telephone: (845) 279-2986 Facsimile: (845) 279-6425

(845) 278-6135

RECEIVED PLANNING DEPARTMENT

SEP 24 2021

Mary Jane MacCrae

Of Counsel

TOWN OF YORKTOWN

September 24, 2021

# John J. Hogan Donald M. Rossi Michael T. Liguori\*

Nancy Tagliafierro\* Jamie Spillane\*† Scott J. Steiner Bonnie N. Feinzig Adriana Nolan

\* Also Admitted in CT † Also Admitted in NJ

# VIA Federal Express Overnight Courier and Electronic Mail

Hon. Richard Fon, Chairman Town of Yorktown Planning Board 363 Underhill Avenue Yorktown Heights, New York 10598

> Re: Kitchawan Farm Solar Farm: Installation of a Large Scale Solar Energy Farm (the "Project")

716 Kitchawan Road, Yorktown, New York and Kitchawan Road, Yorktown, New York, Tax Map Id Nos. 70.06-1-2 and 70.06-1-3 (collectively, the "Premises")

Dear Mr. Fon:

We represent Centerline Farm, LLC (hereinafter "Centerline") and its principals, Elizabeth Manocherian and Donald Manocherian, the owners of 480 Arcady Road, 800 Old Kitchawan Road and 802 Old Kitchawan Road in the Town of Yorktown. Centerline operates a pristine Equine Farm at the addresses listed above which directly abuts the premises on which the Applicant proposes to install a large scale solar farm. Centerline has concerns about the adverse environmental and aesthetic impacts that such a large installation would have on the Premises, especially with regard to their business operation and property values.

It is respectfully submitted that the application submitted to the Town of Yorktown Planning Board is incomplete, the Project is incompatible with the neighboring area and, as further detailed below, when viewed in conjunction with the significant number of solar farms being proposed or previously approved within the Town, is contrary to the stated goals specified in the Town's 2010Comprehensive Plan. For the reasons detailed below we respectfully request that the Planning Board determine that the Project is a Type I Action under the State Environmental Quality Review Act ("SEQRA"), require a full application before making any determination on this matter, and, in addition, we respectfully urge the Planning Board to join us in requesting that the Town Board should consider a moratorium on solar farm applications until such a time as a full review of the potential impacts which large scale solar farms can have on neighboring residential and farm properties and the Town as a whole via updates of the Comprehensive Plan and Zoning Code..

Hon. Richard Fon, Chairman Town of Yorktown Planning Board September 24, 2021 Page 2 of 5

# I. THE APPLICATION BEFORE THE PLANNING BOARD

The application submitted by Van Brunt Cochran, LLC is incomplete in that (i) SEQRA requires that a full environmental assessment form be submitted on this Project for an extensive review of negative impacts to the environment; (ii) pursuant to the Town of Yorktown Zoning Code, a "decommissioning plan" is required and has not been submitted; and (iii) a referral to the Conservation Board should be required to correct and clarify the misinformation that the record herein indicates was previously provided to said Board.

# (A) SEQRA REVIEW

The Premises are within the Westchester County Agricultural District Number 1, an Agricultural District certified pursuant to the Agriculture and Markets Law. In addition, the Premises abuts the Kitchawan Preserve, which is parkland owned and operated by the County of Westchester, on the side and rear boundary lines. A Short Environmental Assessment Form dated October 8, 2020 was submitted in connection with the pending application. The Project, however, involves a disturbance of approximately 8 acres for the installation of a large scale solar farm.

Pursuant to 6 CRR-NY 617.4, subsection (b)(8) includes as a Type I Action "any Unlisted action that includes a nonagricultural use occurring wholly or partially within an agricultural district (certified pursuant to Agriculture and Markets Law, article 25-AA, sections 303 and 304) and exceeds 25 percent of any threshold established in this section". Since the Premises is within the Westchester County Agricultural District, any solar installation requiring more than 2.5 acres of land is a Type I action requiring, at the minimum, a Full Environmental Assessment Form. Here, the proposal is for a solar installation that will impact approximately 8 acres of land, which far exceeds the minimum requirement for Type I review. Given the scope of the Project, its proximity to estate properties, including our client's mixed use residential and farm property, and the prevalence of similar Projects in residential areas throughout the Town, an Environmental Impact Statement should be required. See also, State Environmental Quality Review (SEQR) for Solar published by NYSERDA at page 106.

In addition, since the Premises borders the Kitchawan Preserve on two sides, and will disturb approximately 8 acres of land, the action constitutes a Type I action under subsection (b)(10) which provides, in relevant part, that the following shall be considered a Type I Action: "any Unlisted action, that exceeds 25 percent of any threshold in this section, occurring wholly or partially within or substantially contiguous to any publicly owned or operated parkland, recreation area or designated open space, including any site on the Register of National Natural Landmarks pursuant to 36 CFR part 62..."

The Board is required to review the environmental impacts of each individual application and may not make a broad generalization based on specific uses. The applicant has not complied with the requirements of SEQRA, and the Board is not in a position to make any determinations on the Project without a full environmental review.

Hon. Richard Fon, Chairman Town of Yorktown Planning Board September 24, 2021 Page 3 of 5

When an appropriate Full Environmental Assessment Form is received, we would urge the Board to review this matter in light of the numerous pending and approved solar projects in the Town. In doing so, the Board should be aware of the cumulative impact of the numerous solar farms including concerns over glint and glare. Where one project may not have an impact deemed significant, the cumulative effect to the environment of the significant number of proposed installations may be devastating.

# (B) DECOMMISSION PLAN

Pursuant to Section 300-81.4 of the Town of Yorktown Zoning Code entitled "Solar Power Generation Systems and Facilities", all applicants for a solar farm must include with their application a "decommissioning plan to be implemented upon abandonment or cessation of activity..." No such plan was included with the application submitted on this Project. As such, the Board is not in a position to grant a special permit for this proposal until such a plan has been submitted and made available for public review and comment. The preparation and submittal of this plan is to include an approximate cost for decommission. Without the appropriate plan in place and incorporated in a special permit that may be granted, the risk exists that Project site will not be cleared of substantial equipment and safety and aesthetic issues will ensue. The decommissioning plan should include a requirement for adequate security to insure that, if the Project is abandoned, funds are readily available to remove the installation and otherwise restore the Project site to its previous condition.

# (C) APPEARANCE BEFORE THE CONSERVATION BOARD

From a review of the records, it appears that this Project was referred to the Town of Yorktown Conservation Board. The Board reviewed the application at its meeting on or about May 5, 2021. The minutes of the May 5<sup>th</sup> meeting provide that the Conservation Board recommended that the applicant "reduce the size of the arrays" and noted that they would be conducting a site visit. There is no indication if that site visit occurred and, if it did, if there are any further recommendations from the Conservation Board. In an email dated July 1, 2021 that is included with the August 16, 2021 Agenda Packet, Julia Magliozzo, Director of Operations of Ecogy Energy, wrote that in reviewing the correspondence from the Conservation Board, it became clear that the Project is impacting a larger number of trees than those that were noted in the correspondence from the Conservation Board. If the Conservation Board recommended a reduction of size of the Project, then the additional removal of trees and change in the application should be referred once again to the Conservation Board prior to any further processing and review of the special permit and site plan applications.

#### II. COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

At the July 12, 2021 Informational Public Hearing on the above referenced application, numerous members of the Planning Board noted that the Town of Yorktown is becoming a popular location for solar installations. One Board member went as far as noting that "[t]he Board's role is to look at the aesthetics and locations which is exactly what they have been doing and is not sure an adjustment to the law is necessary" when discussing solar farms. Solar farming is not a goal recognized in the Town of Yorktown Comprehensive Plan. In fact Goal 2-A is to "[p]rovide for

HOGAN & ROSSI Attorneys at Law Hon. Richard Fon, Chairman Town of Yorktown Planning Board September 24, 2021 Page 4 of 5

low-density development and preserve open space throughout Yorktown's residential neighborhoods, as discussed in Chapter 5, in a manner consistent with community character."

The Premises is located in a residential zoning district as are the multiple other farms that are currently purposing solar installations. Chapter 5, Goal 5-A, once again reiterates the importance of open space in residential districts with a goal to "[r]educe the future residential buildout of Yorktown, in order to further preserve open space and limit the potential for adverse development impacts." The Comprehensive Plan does not include a goal or policy of increasing solar installations but instead at Policy 2-6 includes that the Town "[c]ontinue to support agricultural land uses, including horse farms and the cultivation of fruits, vegetables and nursery The installation of solar paneling on usable farm land is in direct contradiction of Policy 2-6. There are currently four pending applications before the Planning Board for installation of solar panels. Of the four pending applications, three applications pertain to farm land. In addition to the pending applications, at the August 16, 2021, a work session was held on another potential solar farm. Given the number of pending and potential applications the Town is receiving and the fact that these applications are not consistent with the Comprehensive Plan, the Town should engage in a review of the Plan and its Zoning Code. The review and approval of any applications of this nature should be more than an aesthetic review.

### III. TAXATION OF SOLAR INSTALLATIONS

As previously noted, the Premises is in Westchester County Agricultural District Number It is our understanding that the Premises was operated as a farm. According to the Town of Yorktown Assessment Roll the Premises "[m]ay be subject to payment under AGDIST till 2027". If the Premises has benefitted from an Agricultural Assessment, then once the Premises is used for a non agricultural purpose, it will be a conversion of the land and should subject the owner of the Premises to a penalty under Sections 305 and 306 of the Agriculture and Markets Law. The conversion would not apply if the solar installations provide only 110% of the power necessary to operate the farm. In this case, the plan for the land being converted to non agricultural use is to power 330 to 450 households and small businesses which is substantially more than the 110%. The converted land, in this case, approximately 8 acres, should be subject to penalty payments "equaling five times the taxes saved in the last year in which the land benefited from an agricultural assessment. Interest of six percent per year, compounded annually for each year in which an agricultural assessment was granted, but not exceeding five years, is added to the payment amount. AML 305(1)(d); 306(2)(a)." 88 See https://www.tax.ny.gov/research/property/assess/valuation/ag conversion.htm. The applicant, as well as any and all other proposed applicants for similar projects within an Agricultural District should be assessed such a penalty upon conversion of the Premises to the solar farm use, if approved.

Though the Town may argue that there are benefits to these properties losing an agricultural assessment and thus returning to the tax rolls, agricultural assessments only benefit the assessment of land. The improvements on the properties are taxed at the established rates set by the Town, County and School District. New York Courts have found that solar installation equipment, however, is personal property and not real property, and, as such, any solar equipment placed on the site is not subject to real property taxes as improvements. The Town should review

Hon. Richard Fon, Chairman Town of Yorktown Planning Board September 24, 2021 Page 5 of 5

and consider the actual tax implications of the numerous projects that have been proposed and weigh the benefits of exemption and maintaining the estate type atmosphere (and property values) against the minimal tax revenue from the project. This is one of the various significant issues that should be analyzed during the Project's environmental review.

For the foregoing reasons, the Town Planning Board does not have the necessary information to make a determination on this application, and the Town should consider a review of the zoning provisions and comprehensive plan to ensure that the application of the special use permits are not being granted in contravention of the Comprehensive Plan. We would suggest the Town consider a moratorium on these applications until the plan and code are extensively reviewed with a view towards protecting active and historic farmland within the Town.

Sincerely,

Jamie Spillane, Esq.

cc: John A. Tegeder, R.A., Director of Planning (jtegeder@yorktownny.org)

Robyn A. Steinberg, AIPC, Town Planner (rsteinberg@yorktownny.org)

Town of Yorktown Conservation Board (kimh@yorktownny.org)

Matthew J. Slater, Town Supervisor (mslater@yorktownny.org)

Tom Diana, Councilman (tdiana@yorktownny.org)

Ed Lachterman, Councilman (elachterman@yorktownny.org)

Vishnu Patel, Councilman (vishnuv@yorktownny.org)

Alice E. Roker, Councilwoman (bellealice472@gmail.com)

Kim Adams Penner, Town Assessor (assessor@yorktownny.org)

Adam Rodriguez, Town Attorney (townattorney@yorktownny.org)

James W. Glatthaar, Esq., Planning Board Attorney (jwglatthaar@bpslaw.com)

Brittany Friese, Junior Project Manager at Ecogy Energy (brittany@ecogyenergy.com)

Centerline Farm, LLC

# Permitting Application by Ecogy Kitchawan Community Solar Farm LLC for Construction of a Ground Mounted Solar System at 716 Kitchawan Road

# **Solar Energy System Details**

Location: 716 Kitchawan Road, Yorktown, NY 10562 Type of System: Ground-Mounted System in field lot

Size: 2,000 kW AC

The proposed solar system is a Community Solar project interconnected with Con Edison's

distribution grid.

#### **Contact Information**

**System Owner and Applicant:** 

Ecogy Kitchawan Community Solar Farm LLC

c/o Ecogy Energy

Attn: John Bertuzzi and Julia Magliozzo 315 Flatbush Ave #393, Brooklyn, NY 11217 Email: projectmanagement@ecogyenergy.com

Phone: 718-304-0945

### **Property Owner:**

Van Brunt Cochran, LLC Attn: Alexander Cochran

716 Kitchawan Road, Yorktown, NY 10562

Email: alex@kitchawanfarm.com

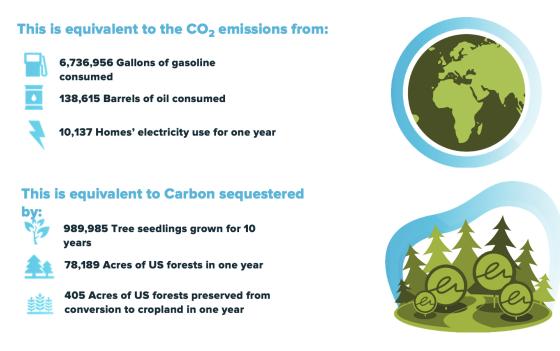
Phone: 914-602-4005

## **Ecogy Energy Kitchawan Solar Project Narrative**

The proposed Ecogy Energy Kitchawan Solar Project is a 2,000 kW AC ground-mounted solar located in the field lot southwest of the main building at 716 Kitchawan Road, Yorktown. The project was developed by Ecogy Energy for Kitchawan Farm as a community solar project, which will allow businesses and residents of Yorktown to subscribe to the solar generation and receive discounted solar electricity credits on their Con Edison utility bills.

The benefits of this solar project also extend to the environment and in meeting New Yorks' Reforming the Energy Vision 2030 Renewable Energy Goals. The proposed system will generate approximately 3,615,000 kWh of clean, renewable energy every year and over 84,678, 838 kWh over its lifetime, which is equivalent to 59,871 metric tons of CO2 and represents significant environmental benefits as detailed in the following graphic:

Est. Lifetime Production: 84,678,838 kWh\*



Source: EPA Greenhouse Gas Equivalencies Calculator <a href="https://www.epa.gov/energy/greenhouse-gas-equivalencies-calculator">https://www.epa.gov/energy/greenhouse-gas-equivalencies-calculator</a> | \*Includes 0.5% Annual Panel Degradation

Ecogy and the Kitchawan Farm are proposing to introduce novel design techniques learned over Ecogy's decade of experience aimed at improving the sustainability and aesthetics of the farm. These include permeable wildlife fencing around the array, a native meadow seed mix planted between rows and vegetative buffers screened around the array including a tree orchard to provide a new farming opportunity for Kitchawan. Ecogy has also agreed in our contract with Kitchawan that we will not use any herbicide, pesticide or other non-organic means on the Farm so as to not affect the Kitchawan Farm operations that plan to continue throughout construction

and operation of the solar energy system. Ecogy has also agreed to introduce bird nesting boxes and bee nesting boxes around the array for pollinator friendliness, which in turn will support the Kitchawan Farm harvest.

# **LOW IMPACT DESIGN**

There is no "one size fits all" approach to Ecogy's Solar Ground Mount Design. Each solar facility needs to be evaluated based on natural landform and hydrology, native plant and wildlife species presence, and ecosystem functions.

Ecogy strives to take a comprehensive view of Ground-Mount development including incorporating the following:

- 1) Allow for wildlife connectivity by using wildlife-friendly fencing including creating clearance underneath.
- 2) Integrate planting of native and pollinator vegetation where appropriate to increase biodiversity, require less mowing and herbicide use, minimize erosion issues, and increase soil health and carbon sequestration.
- 3) Provide wildlife habitat and supplemental habitat features including bird nesting boxes, sand piles for native bees.





Tree removal for installation of the proposed solar project will be limited to the area that is necessary to safely and efficiently build and operate the solar system. Hence, Ecogy has contracted a Certified Arborist to identify said trees and to calculate the avoid carbon sequestration from such tree removal. A detailed report is attached below for the Board's review. Ecogy has also contracted a landscape architect to design a screening plan that is amenable to the Planning Board and the neighboring property owners. Finally, Ecogy has contracted a stormwater engineer that will assess the extent to which the solar project will alter the existing drainage conditions on site and to propose mitigation measures.

Ecogy has also performed a geotech analysis of the subsurface conditions to ensure proper engineering of the foundations. We have completed a property survey to ensure compliance with lot size and setback requirements. Ecogy will comply with all other requirements as outlined in the Yorktown Solar Code as shown on the site plan, equipment specification sheets, operation and maintenance plan, and decommissioning plan provided with this application.

Due to Ecogy's background and history of projects serving underserved communities including the largest system for a public housing authority in the U.S., Ecogy Kitchawan Community Solar has partnered with Sustainable Westchester to prioritize Yorktown residents and businesses as

well as Low-Moderate Income households to help support an equitable renewable energy transition. Ecogy intends to focus all marketing efforts in the initial customer acquisition phase towards Yorktown in the hopes of subscribing 100% Yorktown community solar subscribers which we estimate to be roughly 300-350 utility accounts.

Ecogy additionally intends to use bifacial solar modules for this project due to our experience installing these first in 2015 for our project with the Wilmington Housing Authority. Bifacial panels have the added benefit of capturing sunlight from both sides of the panel, have better aesthetics with transparent glass and increased durability and longevity.



Figure 3: This picture denotes the 500 kW bifacial panel expansion on the Western side of this picture. Bifacial panels create a better aesthetic and are more durable panels than monofacial panels.

Ecogy thanks you for your consideration of the proposed Kitchawan Solar Project and hopes to receive all Town approvals as required by the Yorktown Solar Code to be permitted to construct the ground-mounted solar system at 716 Kitchawan Road.

# **Ecogy Kitchawan Solar Project Operation and Maintenance Plan**

Ecogy Energy will partner with a dedicated Operations and Maintenance provider ("Contractor") for the below services throughout the life of the ground-mounted solar system. Ecogy can submit information about the Operations and Maintenance Contractor to the Town for the record once a contract has been signed with a provider.

## Description of System Services that Contractor will provide on a MONTHLY basis:

- I. Performance Monitoring:
  - A. Contractor shall monitor System production beginning on Commencement Date continuously throughout the Term and shall provide a System performance report on a monthly basis, detailing the following:
    - 1. Actual vs. expected performance of the System for the prior period expressed in kWh
    - 2. Any shortfall in System production resulting in less than 85% of expected performance

# <u>Description of System Services that Contractor will provide on a SEMI-ANNUAL basis:</u>

- I. Site and System Inspection:
  - A. Contractor shall perform Site and System inspection on or around a mutually agreed upon date no later than six months after Commencement Date and then on a semi-annual basis thereafter. Results of inspection will be provided to Customer within five business days of inspection and shall include:
    - 1. Array Inspection
      - a) Inspect PV modules for damage, discoloration or delamination
      - b) Inspect mounting system for damage or corrosion
    - 2. Site Conditions
      - a) Inspect drainage conditions
      - b) Inspect system site for array shading which may diminish efficiency of the System (i.e. vegetation, construction, etc.)
      - c) Inspect System for fire hazards
      - d) Inspect safety conditions and proper signage
    - 3. Maintenance Reporting
      - a) Record results of all inspections
      - b) Take photographs of any damage or defects identified
      - c) Inform Customer and warranty providers of all deficiencies identified
      - d) Provide Customer with recommendations for corrective actions
      - e) Take photographs of the System and Site, dated within 30 days of end of semi-annual period

# <u>Description of System Services that Contractor will provide on an ANNUAL basis:</u>

- I. Performance Monitoring:
  - A. Contractor will provide, on or around the first anniversary of the Contract and annually thereafter, an annual operations and maintenance report, such report to include:
    - 1. Actual vs. expected production of solar energy by System for the previous year and on a cumulative basis to date, expressed in kWh
    - 2. System Availability percentage
    - 3. Performance Index Measure
    - 4. Operation and Maintenance Records
    - 5. Safety, Accidents and Environmental Reporting
    - 6. Proposal of Recommended Actions
    - 7. Photographs of the System and Premises, dated within 30 days of anniversary period.
  - B. Preventative Maintenance, Inspections & Testing:
    - 1. Array
      - a) Inspect PV modules for damage, discoloration or delamination
      - b) Inspect mounting system for damage or corrosion
    - 2. Inverter
      - a) Torque checks on critical electrical terminations
      - b) Clean all filters and fans
      - c) Inspect inverter pad and container
    - 3. Electrical Balance of System (BOS)
      - a) Inspect ground braids, electrodes and conductors for damage
      - b) Perform thermo-graphic analysis of combiner boxes, inverters, transformers, and conductor connections to buses, breakers or disconnects
    - 4. Premises Conditions
      - a) Inspect drainage conditions
      - b) Inspect site for array shading which may diminish efficiency of the System (i.e. vegetation, construction, etc.)
      - c) Inspect System for fire hazards
      - d) Inspect safety conditions and proper signage
    - 5. Maintenance Reporting
      - a) Record results of all inspections
      - b) Take photographs of any damage or defects identified
      - c) Inform Customer and warranty providers of all deficiencies identified
      - d) Provide Customer with recommendations for corrective actions

# <u>Description of System Services that Contractor will provide on an AS-NEEDED basis at an</u> additional cost:

- I. Corrective Maintenance, including:
  - A. Module cleaning, to include surface washing of all modules with pressure washing settings not to exceed 1,500 PSI. Contractor will provide before and after photographs of System.
  - B. On-site troubleshooting & diagnostics of all system components (service included at no additional cost for systems under Contractor Warranty)
  - C. Inverter and Data Acquisition System resets: (service included at no additional cost for systems under Contractor Warranty):
    - 1. Remote resets (if capability enabled and connection available)
    - 2. On-site resets
  - D. Processing of warranty claims on behalf of Customer and verification of replaced equipment (service included at no additional cost for systems under Contractor Warranty)
  - E. Management of repair and replacement for equipment out of warranty (service included at no additional cost for systems under Contractor Warranty).
  - F. Ongoing warranty support and representation of Customer's interest with System equipment manufacturers (service included at no additional cost for systems under Contractor Warranty).
  - G. All repair and replacement services beyond the installation and workmanship warranty as outlined in Section 3.1.
  - H. Repair and replacement of equipment covered by the Manufacturer's warranties as listed in Attachment D.

If the system is performing at or above 100% of the expected system production for the prior six month period, Contractor may elect to forgo the scheduled semi-annual site inspection, maintenance and testing.

# **Ecogy Kitchawan Solar Project Decommissioning Plan**

#### 1. Executive Summary:

As stated in the Yorktown Solar Code, a decommissioning plan for the solar energy system shall be submitted by the applicant. Below is a full report of Ecogy's decommissioning plan for the Kitchawan Solar Project, including costs and timeline.

This report includes an analysis of the estimated decommissioning costs broken down by system components, as well as a description of the associated time required to perform the decommissioning tasks. In addition, we describe each component's salvage value, the time required to decommission and remove the solar energy system and any ancillary structures, and the time required to repair any damage caused to the property on which the solar energy system is located by the removal of the system. Future costs projected in the model escalate 2% annually due to estimated inflation over the next 25 years.

It is worth noting that Ecogy has agreed separately with the Kitchawan Farm to decommission and remove the system at a faster schedule than required by the Town of Yorktown. This includes removal within 120 days of the end of our term or else significant liquidated damages are assessed onto Ecogy.

# 2. Methodology

Throughout this report, assumptions are based on current market values, assessments of labor costs, and our professional development experience. Table 2 below shows the proposed ground mount solar system's technical specifications as submitted with this application.

### 2.1 Proposed PV System Details

Table 1. Kitchawan Solar Project Technical Details

Proposed Solar System Technical Details		
AC System Size 2,000 kW AC		
Racking Type	Ground Mounted	

Component	Туре	Quantity	Warranty
PV Module	TBD		30-Year Linear Power Output Warranty

Inverter	SolarEdge SolarEdge P860 Optimizer		15-Year Standard Warranty Extendable to 20 Years w/ Inverter Replacement Fund incorporated into proforma
Transformer	Utility Owned	1	Utility is responsible for maintenance and replacement.
Racking System	TBD	1	25-Year Warranty

# 2.2 Solar PV Decommissioning Tasks and Costs

Through Ecogy's decade of experience and additional research, we have created a list of solar system equipment and its associated decommissioning tasks and timelines. This list forms the basis of Ecogy's decommissioning plan and outlines the steps Ecogy would take to remove the solar system from the property. The equipment and steps are as follows:

- 1. Modules: The modules' frame and surface would be mechanically separated. The glass and aluminum frames would be sold as recycled material.
  - 2. Inverters: Inverters would be properly disposed of at an electronic waste facility.
  - 3. Racking: Racking would be consolidated and sold as recycled scrap steel.
  - 4. Wiring: All wiring would be disconnected and sold as recycled insulated cable.
- 5. Foundations: Foundations would be broken up on site and either removed or recycled as ABC material. Remediation on site would restore the site to its original condition per our agreement with the Kitchawan Farm.
- 6. Power Poles: Grid connection wiring and utility owned transformer would be removed or kept depending on preference of the Landowner.

To estimate the associated costs for major tasks needed to decommission a PV system, Ecogy used the NYSERDA "Decommissioning Solar Panel Systems; Information for local governments and landowners on the decommissioning of large-scale solar panel systems - 2016", which provides estimates of potential decommissioning costs for a ground-mounted 2,000 kW solar panel system over 20-years. It is estimated that many components could be salvaged to offset the labor cost. This analysis is shown in Table 2 below. Ecogy has revised this analysis to incorporate the 25-year Term as afforded by the Value of Distributed Energy Resources Term.

Ecogy analyzed the decommissioning costs and salvage values with a 2.5% escalator over the lifetime of the solar system of 25 years due to inflation and to correspond with NYSERDA's guidance. Ecogy has determined decommissioning costs to be approximately \$50,119.10 but a

\$49,129.52 salvage value would offset this cost. Lastly, decommissioning would take approximately 4-10 weeks.

Table 2: Summary of Cost Assumptions for Proposed Solar PV System

Component	Est. Cost for NYSERDA 2,000 kW System	Est. Salvage Value	Est. Net Cost of Decommissioning	Est. Timeline
Remove Rack Wiring	\$2,459.00	\$4,500.00	(\$2,041.00)	1-5 Days
Remove Panels	\$2,450.00	\$8,500.00	(\$6,050.00)	5-10 Days
Dismantle Racks	\$12,350.00	\$10,000.00	\$2,350.00	5-10 Days
Remove Electrical Equipment	\$1,850.00	\$3,500.00	(\$1,650.00)	5-10 Days
Breakup and Remove Concrete Pads	\$1,500.00	\$0.00	\$1,500.00	1-5 Days
Remove Racks	\$7,800.00	\$0.00	\$7,800.00	1-5 Days
Remove Cable	\$6,500.00	\$0.00	\$6,500.00	1-5 Days
Remove Power Poles	\$13,850.00	\$0.00	\$13,850.00	5-10 Days
Remove Fence	\$4,950.00	\$0.00	\$4,950.00	1-3 Days
Grading	\$4,000.00	\$0.00	\$4,000.00	5-10 Days
Seed Disturbed Areas	\$250.00	\$0.00	\$250.00	1-3 Days
Truck to Recycling Center	\$2,250.00	\$0.00	\$2,250.00	1-5 Days
Current Total Cost	\$60,200	\$26,500.00	\$33,709.00	32-81 Days

Table 4: 25 Year Decommissioning Plan

	25 Year Decommissioning Plan with 2.5% Annual Inflation				
Year	Est. Decommissioning Cost	Value of Salvage Material	Net Cost of Decommissioning		
0	\$60,200.00	\$26,500.00	\$33,700.00		
1	\$61,705.00	\$27,162.50	\$34,542.50		
2	\$62,939.10	\$27,841.56	\$35,097.54		
3	\$64,197.88	\$28,537.60	\$35,660.28		
4	\$65,481.84	\$29,251.04	\$36,230.80		
5	\$66,791.48	\$29,982.32	\$36,809.16		

6	\$68,127.31	\$30,731.88	\$37,395.43
7	\$69,489.85	\$31,500.17	\$37,989.68
8	\$70,879.65	\$32,287.68	\$38,591.97
9	\$72,297.24	\$33,094.87	\$39,202.37
10	\$73,743.19	\$33,922.24	\$39,820.95
11	\$75,218.05	\$34,770.30	\$40,447.75
12	\$76,722.41	\$35,639.55	\$41,082.86
13	\$78,256.86	\$36,530.54	\$41,726.32
14	\$79,822.00	\$37,443.81	\$42,378.19
15	\$81,418.44	\$38,379.90	\$43,038.54
16	\$83,046.81	\$39,339.40	\$43,707.41
17	\$84,707.74	\$40,322.88	\$44,384.86
18	\$86,401.90	\$41,330.96	\$45,070.94
19	\$88,129.93	\$42,364.23	\$45,765.70
20	\$89,892.53	\$43,423.34	\$46,469.20
21	\$91,690.38	\$44,508.92	\$47,181.47
22	\$93,524.19	\$45,621.64	\$47,902.55
23	\$95,394.68	\$46,762.18	\$48,632.49
24	\$97,302.57	\$47,931.24	\$49,371.33
25	\$99,248.62	\$49,129.52	\$50,119.10

# KITCHAWAN GROUND MOUNT PV SYSTEM

2,670.3 KW-DC SOLAR PV SYSTEM 716 KITCHAWAN ROAD OSSINING, NEW YORK 10562

#### SCOPE OF WORK:

TO INSTALL A GROUND MOUNTED SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC (PV) SYSTEM.
THE POWER GENERATED BY THE PV SYSTEM WILL BE INTERCONNECTED WITH THE UTILITY GRID

THE PV SYSTEM DOES NOT INCLUDE STORAGE BATTERIES

#### **CODES & STANDARDS:**

2017 NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE 2015 INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODE 2018 INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE

#### LOT INFORMATION:

11 +/- ACRES
PARCEL ID # 70.06-1-2 & 70.06-1-3
ZONING DISTRICT - R1-200 - ONE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL

#### **RECORD OWNER:**

VAN BRUNT COCHRAN, LLC 716 KITCHAWAN ROAD OSSINING, NY 10562

#### **RECORD APPPLICANT:**

ECOGY NEW YORK XIII, LLC 315 FLATBUSH AVENUE #393 BROOKLYN, NEW YORK 11217

#### SYSTEM SUMMARY:

2670.3 kW DC 2000.0 kW-AC

TILT ANGLE = 20 ° AZIMUTH = 190 °

#### **EQUIPMENT:**

MODULE:

(5,934) LONGI 450W MODULES

INVERTER:

SOLAREDGE 100K-US INVERTER

RACKING:

RBI SOLAR

DAS:

ECOGY ECONODE

#### UTILITY:

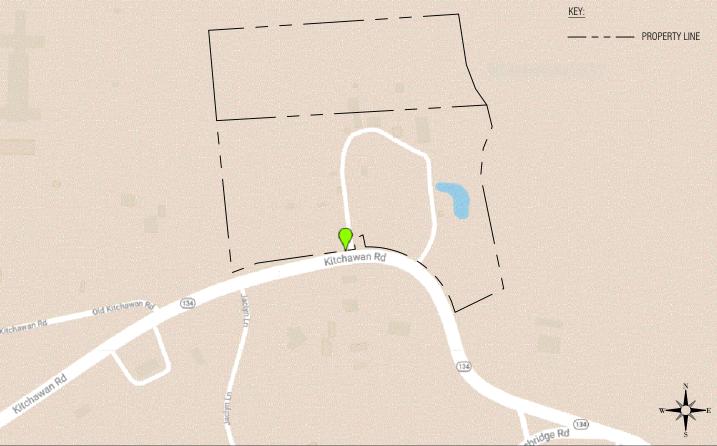
CON ED

# DRAWING LIST DWG. NO. DRAWING TITLE G-001 TITLE SHEET PV-101 SITE PLAN PV-101.1 PARTIAL SITE PLAN PV-200 GROUND MOUNT ELEVATION PV-507 MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

REVIEW PLAN SET ISSUE DATE: 09/24/2021

#### LOCATION MAP

SCALE: NTS





SCALE: NTS



ECOGY ENERGY

ECOGY ENERGY 315 FLATBUSH AVENUE, SUITE 393 BROOKLYN, NY 11217 projectmanagement@ecogyenergy.com

(718)-304-0945 Ecogy New York XI LLC

KITCHAWAN

2670.3 kW-DC PV SYSTEM GROUND MOUNT

Project Site:

716 KITCHAWAN ROAD, OSSINING, NY, 10562

Account No: xxxxx New Service Case #: xxxxx

AAAA

Е				RE-ISSUE DATE 9/24/2021	REVISION DESCRIPTION
					-

Professional Stamp

SHEET NAME:

TITLE SHEET

JECT NUMBER:	DRAWI
	DQ
DATE:	D
7/28/21	_
EET NUMBER:	(-

G-001

#### UTILITY EQUIPMENT KEY:

- NEW UTILITY OWNED 2000 kVA TXFMR
  13.2 KV WYE PRIMARY, 480 V WYE SECONDARY
- (2) UTILITY OWNED RECLOSER POLE AND DISCONNECT
- ③ EXISTING UTILITY POLE #W.55

#### **CUSTOMER EQUIPMENT KEY:**

- AC DISCONNECT SWITCH (PV SYSTEM)
  SOLAREDGE INVERTERS
  AC COMBINER PANEL
  PV SYSTEM UTILITY METER
  DAS
- (NEW) CUSTOMER OWNED RISER POLE WITH UTILITY SUPPLIED KYLE SWITCH TO BE INSTALLED BY CUSTOMER

#### NOTE

- 1. MEADOW SEED MIXTURE TO BE PLANTED BETWEEN PV ARRAY ROWS
- 2. FENCING AROUND THE ARRAY WILL BE WILDLIFE FRIENDLY

#### SYMBOLS LEGEND:



EXISTING UTILITY POLE

PROPOSED UTILITY POLE

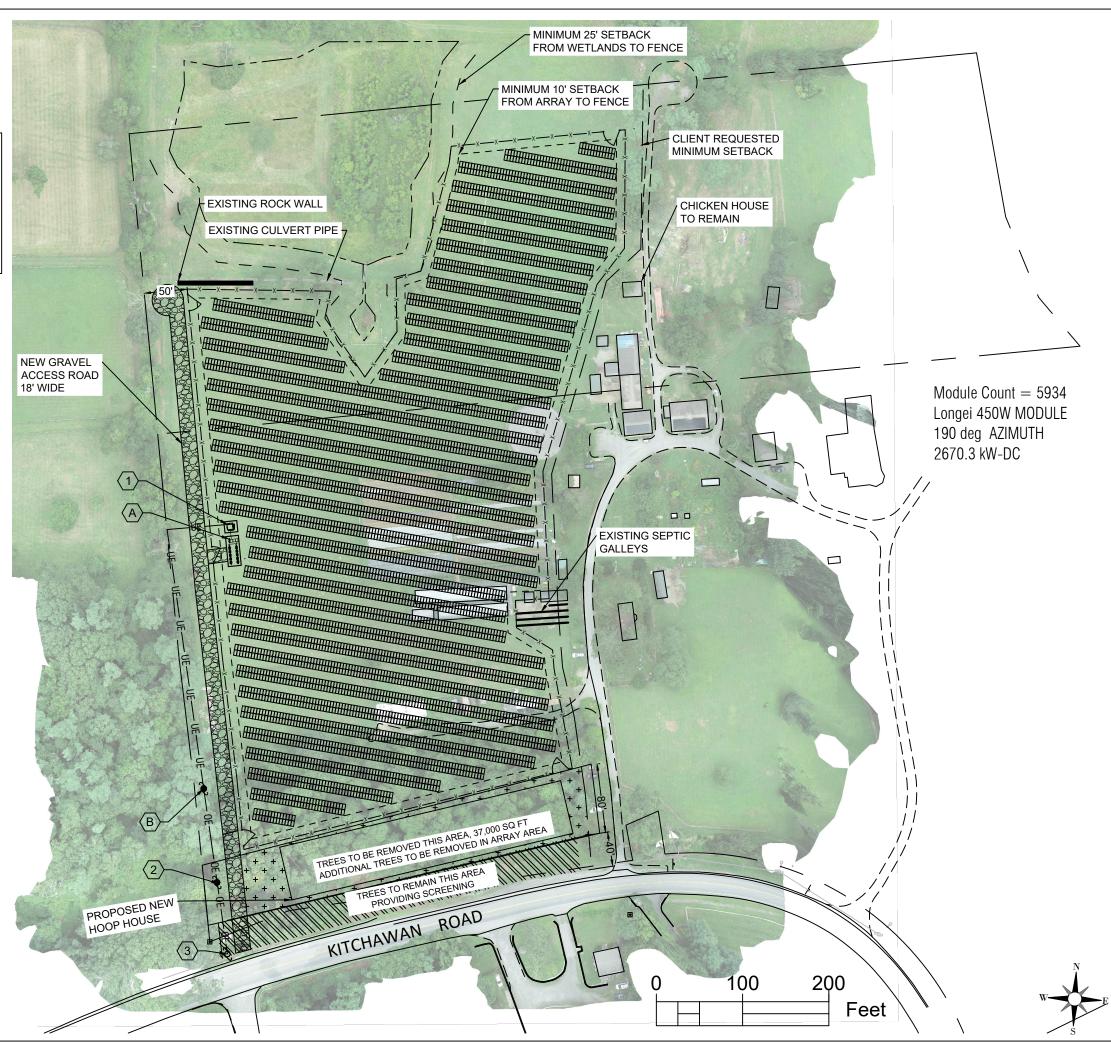
#### LINETYPE LEGEND:

APPROXIMATE PROPERTY LINE
PROPERTY LINE SETBACK
PROPOSED CHAINLINK FENCE
OUE OVERHEAD ELECTRIC

— · · · — APPROXIMATE WETLAND BOUNDARY GIS

UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC

- - - - 10' ARRAY SETBACK





ECOGY ENERGY 315 FLATBUSH AVENUE, SUITE 393 BROOKLYN, NY 11217 projectmanagement@ecogyenergy.com (718)-304-0945

#### Ecogy New York XI LLC

#### Project Name: KITCHAWAN

2670.3 kW-DC PV SYSTEM

GROUND MOUNT

Project Site:

716 KITCHAWAN ROAD, OSSINING, NY, 10562

Account No: xxxxx New Service Case #:

×	XX				
			DOP	908	ВУ
			9/24/2021	1/8/2021	DATE
			ED ACCESS ROAD	ARRAY LAYOUT AND MISC NOTES	REVISION DESCRIPTION

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PREIMINA

SHEET NAM

#### SITE PLAN

PROJECT NUMBER:	SCG	CHECKED BY
DATE: 07/28/21	DWG. I	NUMBER:
SHEET NUMBER: X of X	PV-	100

#### **UTILITY EQUIPMENT KEY:**

- NEW UTILITY OWNED 2000 kVA TXFMR 13.2 KV WYE PRIMARY, 480 V WYE SECONDARY
- UTILITY OWNED RECLOSER POLE AND DISCONNECT
- 3 **EXISTING UTILITY POLE #W.55**

#### **CUSTOMER EQUIPMENT KEY:**

- AC DISCONNECT SWITCH (PV SYSTEM) SOLAREDGE INVERTERS AC COMBINER PANEL PV SYSTEM UTILITY METER
- (NEW) CUSTOMER OWNED RISER POLE WITH UTILITY SUPPLIED KYLE SWITCH TO BE INSTALLED BY CUSTOMER

- 1. MEADOW SEED MIXTURE TO BE PLANTED **BETWEEN PV ARRAY ROWS**
- 2. FENCING AROUND THE ARRAY WILL BE WILDLIFE FRIENDLY

#### SYMBOLS LEGEND:



**EXISTING UTILITY POLE** 

PROPOSED UTILITY POLE

#### LINETYPE LEGEND:

APPROXIMATE PROPERTY LINE PROPERTY LINE SETBACK PROPOSED CHAINLINK FENCE OVERHEAD ELECTRIC UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC APPROXIMATE WETLAND BOUNDARY GIS 10' ARRAY SETBACK





**ECOGY ENERGY** 315 FLATBUSH AVENUE. SUITE 393 BROOKLYN, NY 11217 projectmanagement@ecogyenergy.com (718)-304-0945

#### **Ecogy New York XI LLC**

#### Project Name **KITCHAWAN**

2670.3 kW-DC PV SYSTEM GROUND MOUNT

716 KITCHAWAN ROAD. OSSINING, NY, 10562

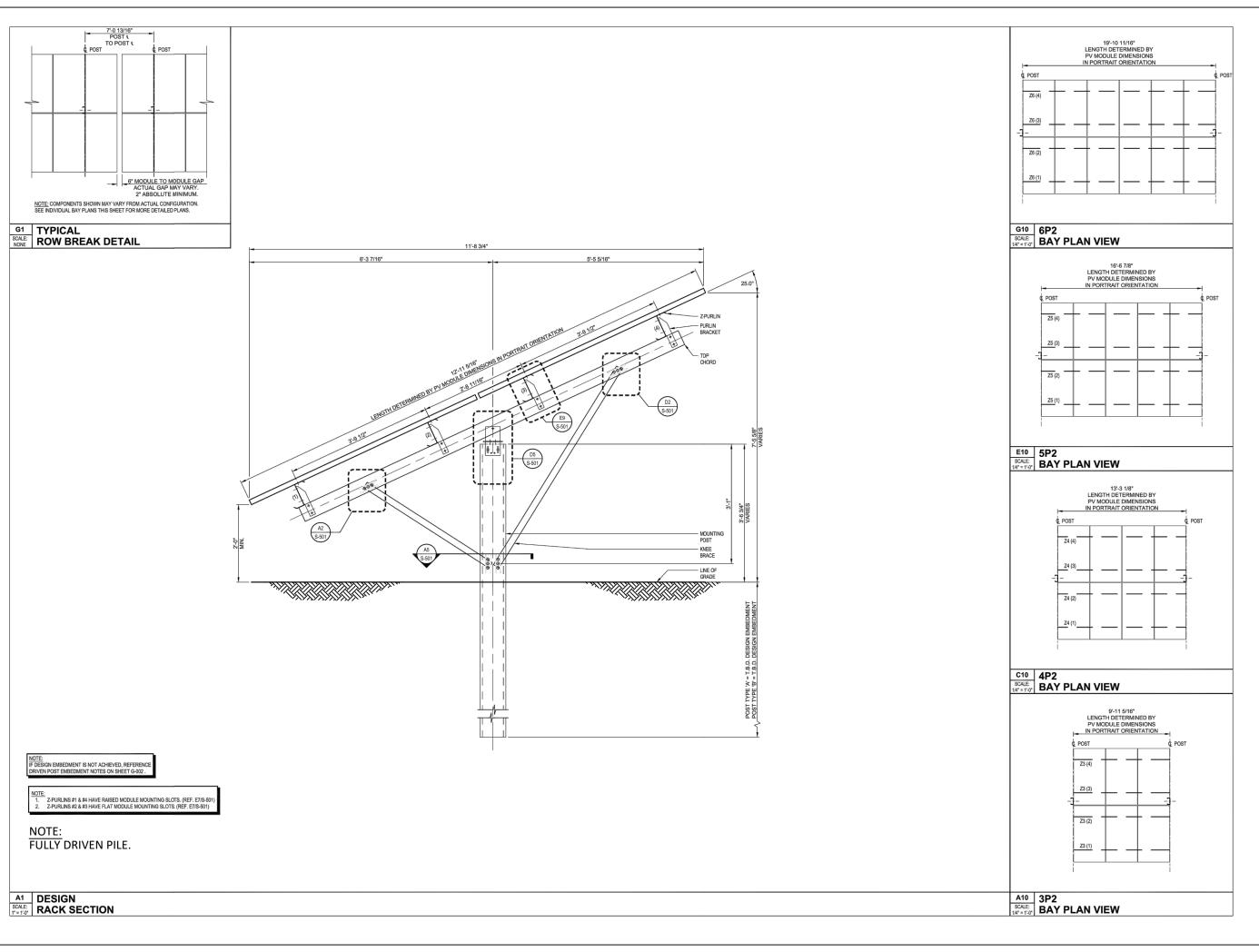
Account No: xxxxx New Service Case #: XXX

ХХХ					
				DQP	ВУ
				9/24/2021 DQP	DATE
				UPDATED ACCESS ROAD	REVISION DESCRIPTION
				_	#
fess	ional	Sta	mp		

**PARTIAL** 

SITE PLAN

07/28/21 PV-100.1





ECOGY ENERGY 315 FLATBUSH AVENUE, SUITE 393 BROOKLYN, NY 11217 projectmanagement@ecogyenergy.com (718)-304-0945

Ecogy New York XI LLC

Project Name: KITCHAWAN

2670.3 kW-DC PV SYSTEM GROUND MOUNT

Project Site:

716 KITCHAWAN ROAD, OSSINING, NY, 10562

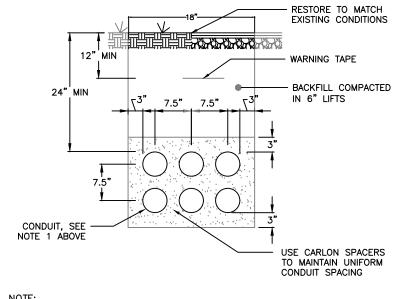
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					REVISION DESCRIPTION
					#

Professional Stamp

**GROUND MOUNT ELEVATION** 

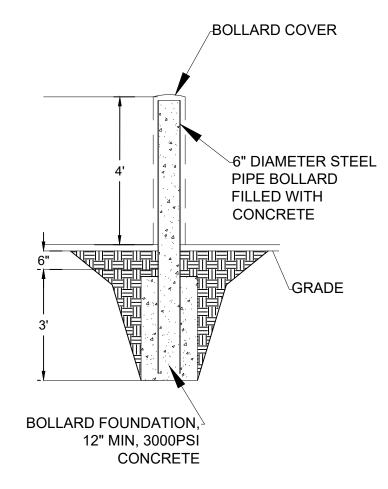
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	DQP	
DATE:	DWG.	NUMBER:
07/28/21		
SHEET NUMBER:	1 D\/_	200
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- ALL UNDEGROUND CONDUIT SHALL BE PVC AND TRANSITION TO RMC FOR ELBOW. RMC ELBOW DOES NOT NEED TO BE BONDED IF ANY PART OF THE ELBOW IS 18" DEEP (NEC 250.86
- EXCEPTION 3)

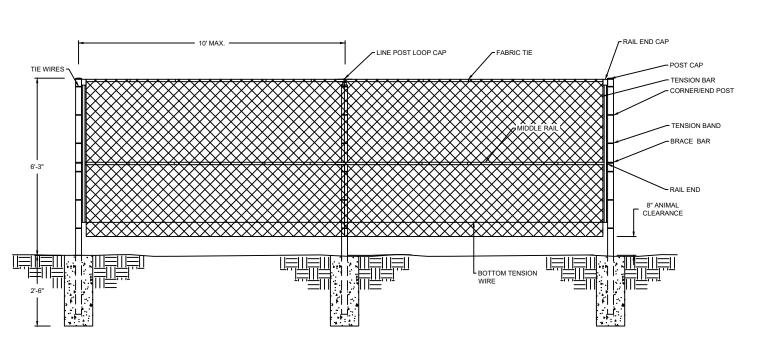
  2. UNDER ROADS AND PARKING AREAS ENCASEMENT SHALL BE 3000 PSI CONCRETE. UNDER GRASSY AREAS ENCASEMENT SHALL
- 3. COORDINATE WITH DIG SAFE AND LOCAL UTILITIES PRIOR TO **EXCAVATING**

#### TRENCH DETAIL



#### **BOLLARD DETAIL**

N.T.S.



#### PERIMETER FENCE DETAIL

FENCING TO BE ANIMAL FRIENDLY WITH AN 8" MIN.
 CLEARANCE FROM BOTTOM OF FENCE TO THE GROUND.



ECOGY ENERGY 315 FLATBUSH AVENUE, SUITE 393 BROOKLYN, NY 11217 projectmanagement@ecogyenergy.com (718)-304-0945

#### Ecogy New York XI LLC Project Name:

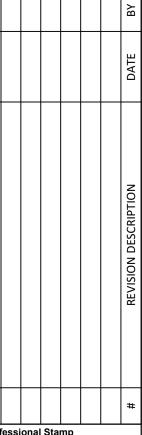
#### KITCHAWAN

2670.3 kW-DC PV SYSTEM GROUND MOUNT

Project Site:

716 KITCHAWAN ROAD, OSSINING, NY, 10562

Account No: xxxxx New Service Case #: XXXXX

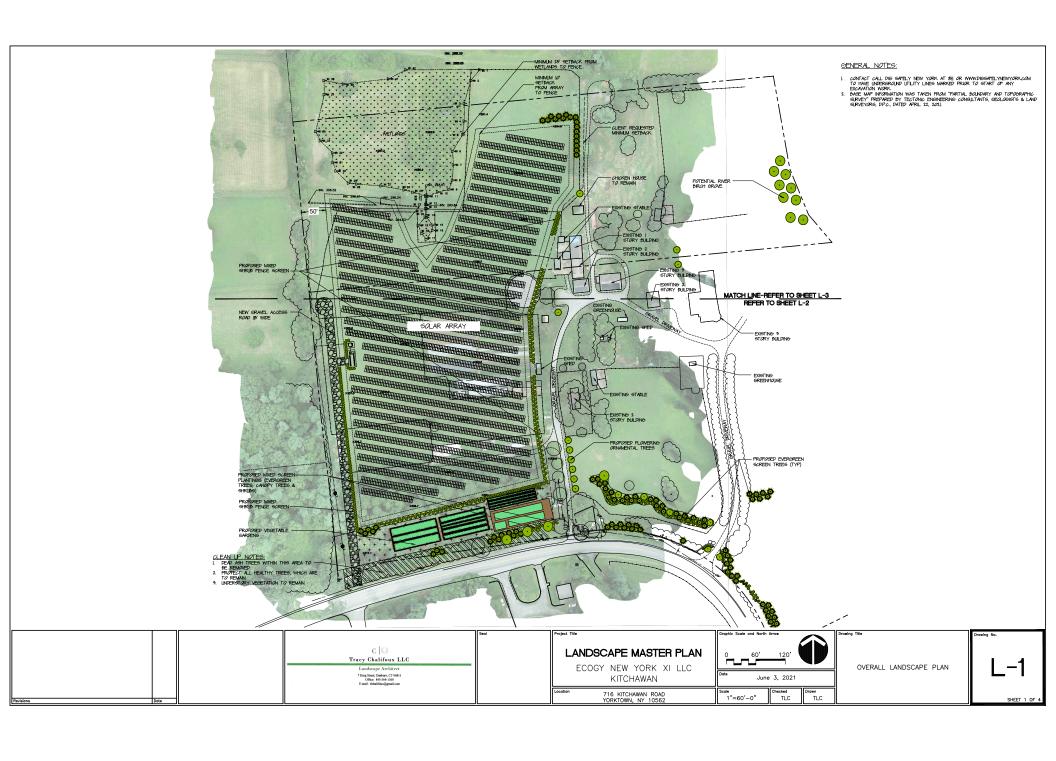


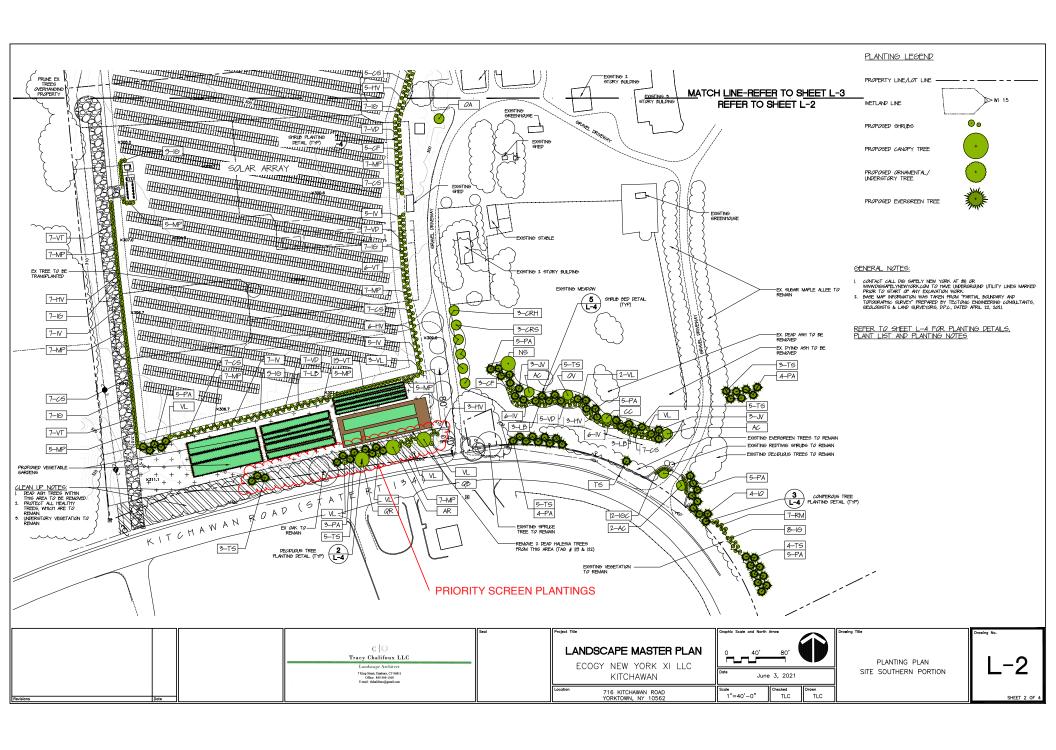
**Professional Stamp** 

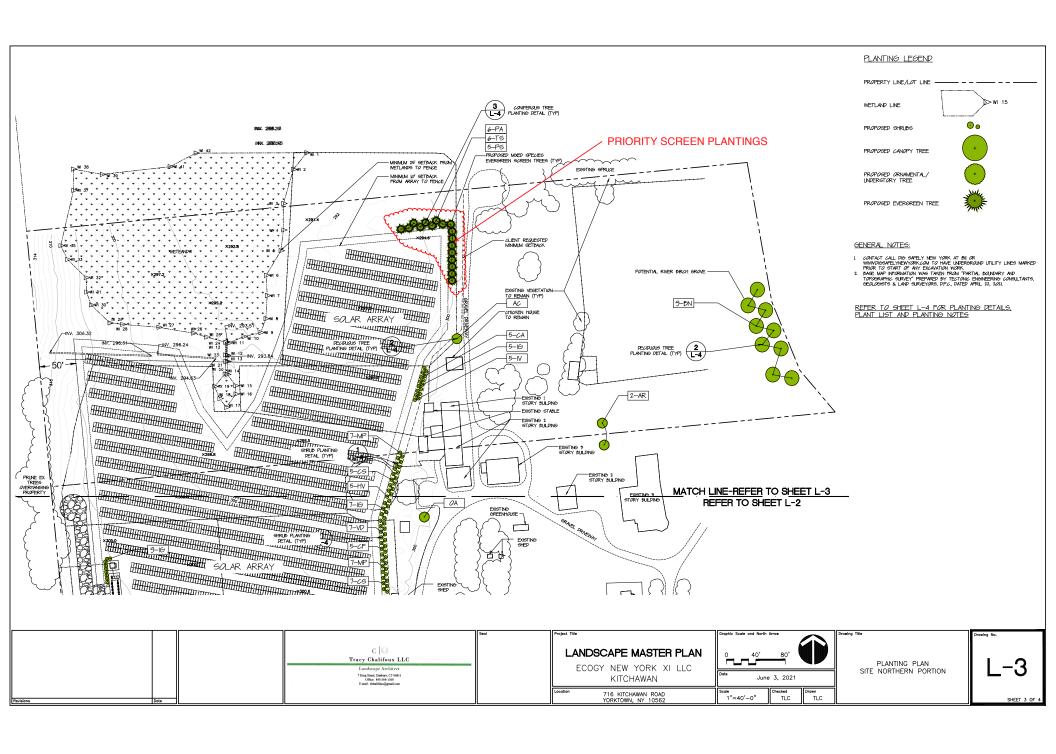
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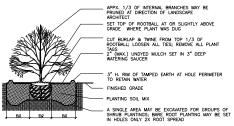
MISC. MECHANICAL **DFTAILS** 

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	DQP	
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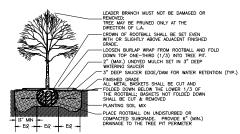






NOTE: FOR ALL CONTAINER GROWN PLANTS, REMOVE FROM CONTAINER JUST PRIOR TO PLANTING AND MAKE VERTICAL INCISIONS ALONG THE SURFACE OF THE ROOTBALL WITH SHARP INSTRUMENT. CUIT THROUGH CIRCULAR ROOTS AND GENTLY COMB OUT ROOTS.

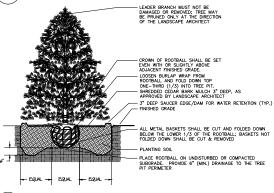
#### SHRUB PLANTING DETAIL L-4 NOT TO SCALE



#### 2 DECIDUOUS TREE PLANTING DETAIL

L-4

NOT TO SCALE



3 CONIFEROUS TREE PLANTING DETAIL

- FINISH GRADE - APPROVED SEED MIXTURE SCARIFIED AND PREPARED SUBGRADE

TOPSOIL AND SEED DETAIL L-4 NOT TO SCALE

FINISH GRADE — 3" THICK WOOD CHIP MULCH APPLY 'PREEN' OR EQUAL 20" PLANTING MIX FOR SHRUBS SCARIFIED AND PREPARED

5 SECTION THROUGH SHRUB BED DETAIL NOT TO SCALE

QUANTITY	SYMBOL	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE	NOTES	SPACING
REES						
3	AR	Acer rubrum 'Autumn Flame'	Autumn Flame Red Maple	2"-2 1/2"cal.	Full, Heavy, Matching	
5	AC	Amelanchier canadensis	Shadblow Serviceberry	8'-10' ht.	Full, Heavy, Multi-stem, B&B	
9	BN	Betula nigra 'Heritage'	Heritage River Birch	8'-10' ht.	Full, Heavy, Matching, Clumps	25° O.C.
1	CC	Cercis canadensis	Eastern Redbud	8'-10' ht.	Full, Heavy, Multi-stem, B&B	
3	CRH	Cornus rutgersensis 'Hyperion'	Hyperion Dogwood	2"-2 1/2"cal.	Full, Heavy, Matching, Specimen, B&B	20° O.C.
3	CRS	Cornus rutgersensis 'Stellar Pink'	Stellar Pink Dogwood	2"-2 1/2"cal.	Full, Heavy, Matching, Specimen, B&B	20° O.C.
4	10	Hex opaca	American Holly	8'-9 ht.	Full, Heavy, Specimen, B&B	
6	JV	Juniperus virginiana	Eastern Red Cedar	8'-10' ht.	Full, Heavy, Specimen, B&B	
1	NS	Nyssa sylvatica 'Wildfire'	Wildfire Sourwood	2"-2 1/2" cal.	Full, Heavy, Specimen, B&B	
1	ov	Ostrya virginiana	American Hophornbeam	2"-2 1/2" cal.	Full, Heavy, Specimen, B&B	
1	OA	Oxydendrum arboreum	Sourwood	8'-10' ht.	Full, Heavy, Specimen, B&B	
30	PA	Picea abies	Norway Spruce	8'-10' ht.	Full, Heavy, Specimen, B&B	9' O.C.
12	PA	Picea abies	Norway Spruce	12'-14' ht.	Full, Heavy, Specimen, B&B	12' O.C.
5	PS	Pinus strobus	White Pine	8'-10' ht.	Full, Heavy, Specimen, B&B	9' O.C.
1	QB	Quercus bicolor	Swamp White Oak	2"-2 1/2"cal.	Full, Heavy, Specimen, B&B	
1	QR	Quercus rubra	Red Oak	2"-2 1/2"cal.	Full, Heavy, Specimen, B&B	
37	TS	Thuja standishii	Green Giant Arborvitae	8'-10' ht.	Full, Heavy, Specimen, B&B	10° O.C.

SHRUBS						
8	CF	Calycanthus floridus	Common Sweetshrub	3'-3 1/2' ht.	Full, Heavy, Container	5' O.C.
5	CA	Clethra alnifolia	Sweet Pepperbush	3'-3 1/2' ht.	Full, Heavy, Container	6' O.C.
40	CS	Cornus sericea 'Baileyi'	Redtwig Dogwood	3'-3 1/2' ht.	Full, Heavy, Container	6' O.C.
24	HV	Hamamelis virginiana	Witchhazel	3'-3 1/2' ht.	Full, Heavy, Container	6' O.C.
59	IG	Hex glabra	Inkberry	3'-3 1/2' ht.	Full, Heavy, Matching, Container	6' O.C.
12	IGC	Ilex glabra 'Shamrock'	Shamrock Inkberry	3'-3 1/2' ht.	Full, Heavy, Matching, Container	6' O.C.
41	IV	Ilex verticillata 'Winter Red'	Winter Red Winterberry	3'-3 1/2' ht.	Full, Heavy, Container	6' O.C.
13	LB	Lindera benzoin	Spicebush	3'-3 1/2' ht.	Full, Heavy, Container	6' O.C.
69	MP	Myrica pensylvanica	Bayberry	3'-3 1/2' ht.	Full, Heavy, Matching, Container	6' O.C.
7	RM	Rhododendron maximum	Rosebay Rhododendron	3'-3 1/2' ht.	B & B, Full, Heavy	6' O.C.
26	VD	Viburnum dentatum	Arrowwood Viburnum	3'-3 1/2' ht.	Full, Heavy, Container	6' O.C.
11	VL	Viburnum lentago	Nannyberry	3'-3 1/2' ht.	Full, Heavy, Container	
39	VT	Viburnum trilobum 'Wentworth'	Wentworth Viburnum	3'-3 1/2' ht.	Full, Heavy, Container	5' O.C.

Note: Provide 3" of shredded bark mulch in all planting beds

#### PLANTING NOTES:

- CONTACT CALL DIG SAFELY NEW YORK AT BIJ OR WINNINGSAFELYNEWYORK COM TO HAVE UNDERGROUND UTLITY LINES MARKED PRIOR TO START OF ANY DICANATION WORK. DAME LAW PROGRAMATION WIS TAKEN FROM PRICING LINED ADDREY AND TOPOGRAPHIC SPRIEY PREPARED BY TECTANIC DISONEUT ALLAND SURVEYORS, DP.C.

- WERESCADE UTILITY LINES INVESTED FOR THE TOTAL TRANSPORT WORK.

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- DIRECTORIAD HISPINAZO MUCH (NAS-POPE). LANGUARE CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE MUCH SAMELE OF UNBESCHE EXCITIENT FOR REVERY PICKET TO MATULATION MERGE EVANIOR HISPINAZO PROVIDE TO MUCH SHOULD A CONTRACTOR. TO PROVIDE HISPINAZO MERCENTE PROVIDE TO MUCH SHOULD A CONTRACTOR MUCH SHOULD A CONTRACTOR. A CONTRACTOR MUCH SHOULD A CONTRACTOR MUCH SHOULD SHOULD

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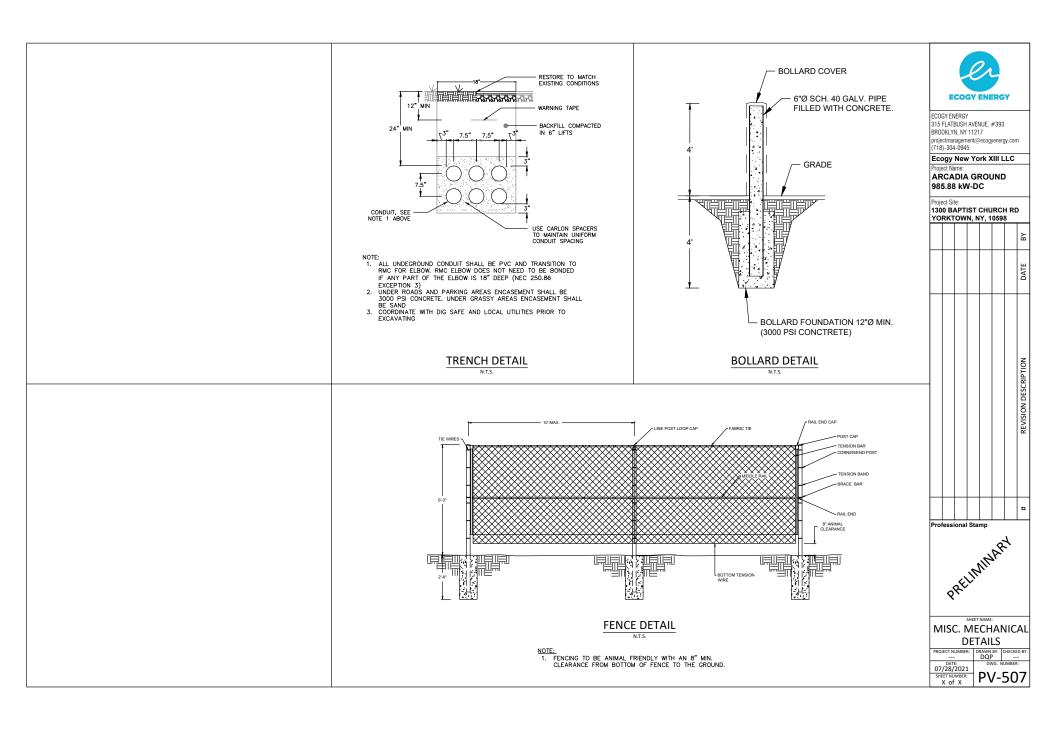
ANY PLANT MATERIAL WHICH IS DISCUSSED, DISTRESSED, PLAD, OR RELECTED (PRICE OR SPORTAGE).

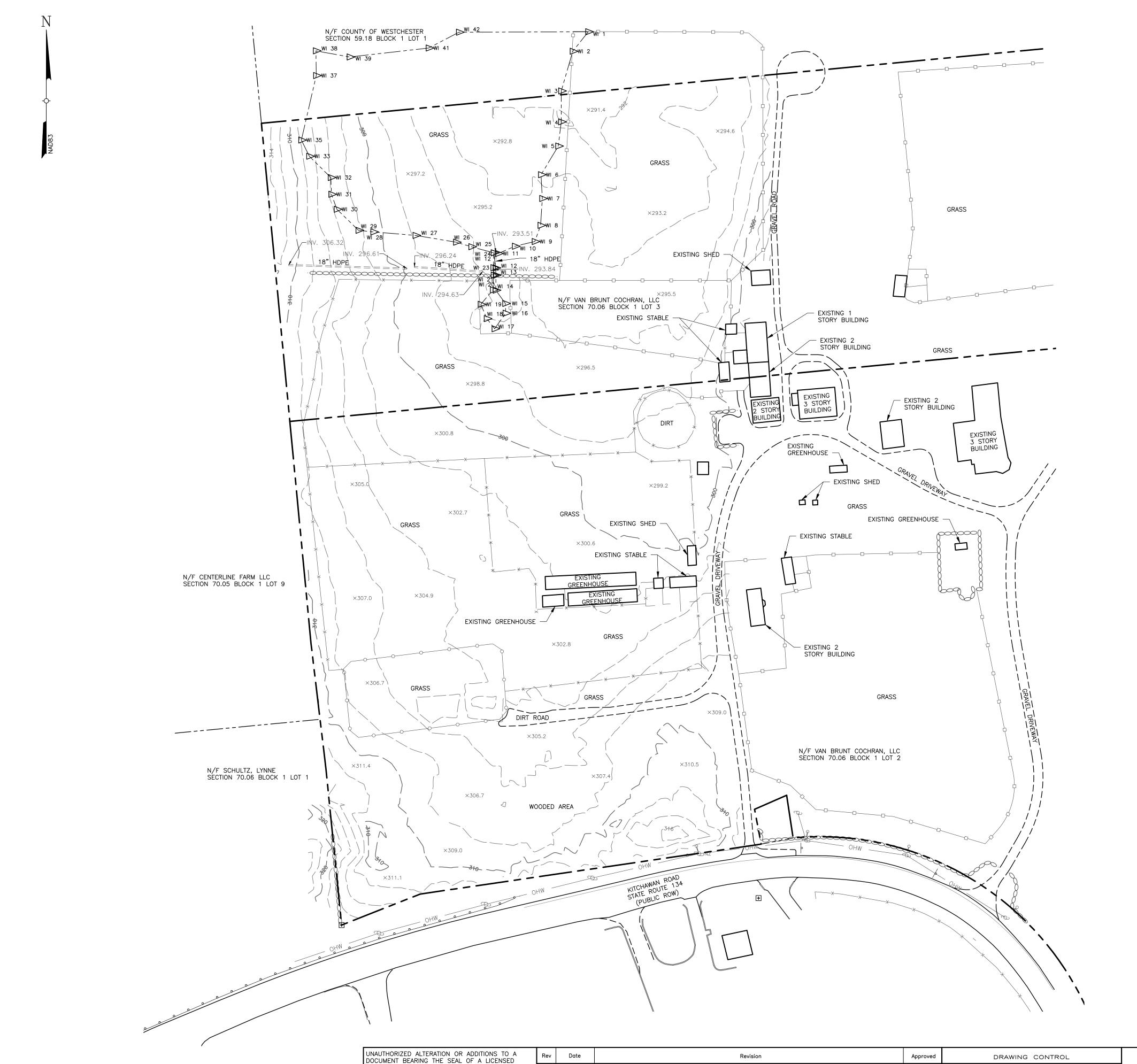
AND THAT MATERIAL WHICH IS DISCUSSED, DISTRESSED, PLAD, OR RELECTED (PRICE OR SPORTAGE).

WITH MATERIAL OF THE SAME SPECIES, QUANTITY, AND SIZE AND MEETING ALL PLANT LIST

SECEPTATIONS.

CO LANDSCAPE MASTER PLAN Tracy Chalifoux LLC PLANTING DETAILS. PLANT LIST ECOGY NEW YORK XI LLC & PLANTING NOTES 7 King Street, Danbury, CT 06811 Office: 845-364-1360 E-mail: tichalifoxys@amail.com June 3, 2021 KITCHAWAN 716 KITCHAWAN ROAD TLC TLC AS SHOWN SHEET 4 OF





0 02/04/21 ISSUED

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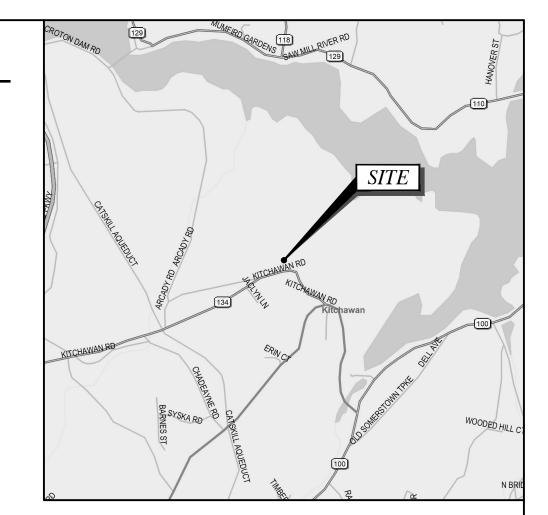
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VIOLATION OF SECTION 7209 SUBSECTION 2 OF THE

### **LEGEND**

PROPERTY LINE ADJOINING PROPERTY LINE --- --- EASEMENT LINE ----- INDEX CONTOUR LINE — — — CONTOUR LINE STOCKADE FENCE WROUGHT IRON FENCE CURB LINE ---- EDGE OF GRAVEL EDGE OF PAVEMENT EDGE OF WATER/SWALE ∞ ° ° ° ° GUIDE RAIL PAINTED TRAFFIC LINES —— - - — — — EDGE OF WETLANDS · STONE WALL STRUCTURE GUY ANCHOR UTILITY POLE SIGN WETLAND FLAG MONUMENT FOUND



### LOCATION MAP

SCALE: 1" = 2000'

## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. PLANIMETRIC AND TOPOGRAPHY FEATURES, SHOWN HEREON, BASED ON AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY AND DELINEATED USING PHOTOGRAMMETRIC METHODS BY TECTONIC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, GEOLOGISTS & LAND SURVEYORS, D.P.C. COMPLETED ON 12/15/2020.
- 2. VERTICAL DATUM: NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM 1988.
- 3. MERIDIAN AND COORDINATES REFER TO NEW YORK STATE PLANE, NAD 83, NEW YORK EAST ZONE AND ARE BASED ON GPS OBSERVATIONS.
- 4. ANGLES OR BEARINGS SHOWN HEREON ARE FORMATTED IN DEGREES, MINUTES, AND SECONDS. DISTANCES OR ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE IN U.S. SURVEY FEET, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- REFERENCES:
  - (A) MAP ENTITLED: "SURVEY OF VAN BRUNT ESTATE" AS FILED IN THE WESTCHESTER COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE ON 06/18/53 AS MAP #8136.
  - (B) MAP ENTITLED: "SURVEY OF A PORTION OF VAN BRUNT ESTATE" AS FILED IN THE WESTCHESTER COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE ON 06/18/53 AS MAP #8137.
  - (C) MAP ENTITLED: "SURVEY OF A PORTION OF VAN BRUNT ESTATE" AS FILED IN THE WESTCHESTER COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE ON 06/18/53 AS

(D) MAP ENTITLED: "SURVEY OF PROPERTY PREPARED FOR THE COUNTY OF

- WESTCHESTER" AS FILED IN THE WESTCHESTER COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE ON 10/16/89 AS MAP #23918.
- 6. AREA OF SUBJECT PARCEL BLOCK 70.06, BLOCK 1, LOT 2: 14.848± ACRES OR 646,764 SQUARE FEET.
- 7. AREA OF SUBJECT PARCEL BLOCK 70.06, BLOCK 1, LOT 3: 8.125± ACRES OR 353,922 SQUARE FEET.
- 8. THIS SURVEY IS SUBJECT TO A COMPLETE AND UP TO DATE ABSTRACT OF TITLE. COVENANTS, EASEMENTS, GRANTS AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY NOT VISIBLE AND NOT REFERENCED ARE NOT SHOWN. TECTONIC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, GEOLOGISTS & LAND SURVEYORS, D.P.C. SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR THE DISTURBANCE TO ANYONE'S RIGHT TO THE USE OF THE PROPERTY OR THE DISTURBANCE OF ANY UTILITIES NOT SHOWN OR REFERENCED ON THIS SURVEY
- 9. UNDERGROUND IMPROVEMENTS IF ANY AND NOT VISIBLE AT THE TIME OF THE SURVEY, HAVE NOT BEEN LOCATED IN THE FIELD OR SHOWN HEREON.
- 10. LOCATIONS OF ALL UTILITIES AND SUBSTRUCTURES ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY BASED ON SURFACE EVIDENCE AND EXISTING PLANS. THE INFORMATION GIVEN ON THE SURVEY PERTAINING TO UTILITIES AND SUBSTRUCTURES IS NOT CERTIFIED TO ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS. CONSULT WITH THE APPROPRIATE COMPANY OR AGENCY BEFORE DESIGNING OR CONSTRUCTING IMPROVEMENTS. TECTONIC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, GEOLOGISTS & LAND SURVEYORS, D.P.C. WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY DAMAGE SUBSEQUENTLY CAUSED TO PERSONNEL, STRUCTURES, OR UTILITIES.
- 11. THIS SURVEY PLAT IS FOR SITE PLAN/ENGINEERING PURPOSES ONLY AND IS NOT INTENDED TO BE USED FOR THE TRANSFER OF TITLE.
- 12. THE SUBJECT PROPERTY FALLS WITHIN FLOOD ZONE "X" AS PER THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FOR THE TOWN OF YORKTOWN, COUNTY OF WESTCHESTER, STATE OF NEW YORK, COMMUNITY PANEL NO #36119C0131F, EFFECTIVE DATE OF 09/28/07. THIS DETERMINATION IS BASED ON SCALED MAP LOCATION AND GRAPHIC PLOTTING.
- 13. THE PROPERTY LINES SHOWN HEREON ARE APPROXIMATE AND FOR ORIENTATION PURPOSE ONLY AND THEY DO NOT REPRESENT A PROPERTY/BOUNDARY OPINION BY THE LAND SURVEYOR.
- 14. WETLAND FLAGS SHOWN AS DELINEATED BY TECTONIC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, GEOLOGISTS & LAND SURVEYORS, D.P.C. ON 12/15/20, AND FIELD SURVEYED BY TECTONIC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, GEOLOGISTS & LAND SURVEYORS, D.P.C. ON 12/15/20.
- 15. NOT ALL IMPROVEMENTS ON THE PARCEL BEING SURVEYED ARE SHOWN

**Tectonic Engineering Consultants, Geologists** & Land Surveyors, D.P.C.

www.tectonicengineering.com

70 Pleasant Hill Road

Mountainville, NY 10953

P.O. Box 37

Phone: (845) 534-5959

(800) 829-6531

Ryan Dembeck

Comment

Approval

Construction

Released by

JAY M. KIMLER, P.L.S. 50695

PARTIAL BOUNDARY AND TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY ECOGY NEW YORK XI LLC KITCHAWAN 716 KITCHAWAN ROAD

YORKTOWN, NY 10562

10734.KITCHAWAN| SU-101

02/04/21

# **Fiore Subdivision**

# Site Design Consultants

Civil Engineers • Land Planners

October 28, 2021

Mr. Richard Fon, Chairman Members of the Yorktown Planning Board 1974 Commerce Street – Room 202 Yorktown Heights, NY 10598 RECEIVED
PLANNING DEPARTMENT

OCT 2 8 2021

TOWN OF YORKTOWN

Re: Fiore

Two-lot Subdivision 2797 Carr Court

Dear Chairman Fon and Members of the Planning Board:

Regarding the above captioned, the Re-approval is about to expire on November 13, 2021, and we are therefore requesting a First 90-Day Time Extension of the Subdivision Resolution #21-11.

Please place this project on the next Planning Board Agenda for review and approval.

With thanks for your continuing courtesy and consideration.

Yours Truly

oseph C. Riina, P.E.

/cm /Enc./ sdc 08-41



# Ricciardella

Civil Engineers • Land Planners

October 26, 2021

Mr. Richard Fon, Chairman Members of the Yorktown Planning Board 1974 Commerce Street Yorktown Heights, NY 10598

RECEIVED
PLANNING DEPARTMENT

OCT 2 6 2021

Re: Ricciardella Estates LLC

702 Saw Mill River Road

TOWN OF YORKTOWN

Dear Chairman Fon and Members of the Yorktown Planning Board:

On behalf of our client, Ricciardella Estates LLC, we are respectfully requesting a one-year time extension of Resolution #20-22 on this approval.

Please place this on the next Planning Board Agenda for discussion.

With thanks for your continuing courtesy and consideration.

Yours Truly

Joseph C. Rima, P.E.

Cc: Ricciardella Estates

JCR / cm / sdc 08-08

