









TYPICAL FOCALPOINT SECTION WITH OVERFLOW STRUCTURE

STRUCTURE DIA. (IN.)	DEBRIS CAPACITY (CU. FT.)	FILTERED FLOWRATE (CFS)	BYPASS FLOWRATE (CFS)
12	0.66	1.70	1.00
15	1.00	2.10	1.30
18	1.20	2.30	1.40
24	2.80	3.90	2.20
30	2.80	3.90	2.22







07/10/2023

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ENGINEER OF RECORD TO REVIEW, APPROVE AND ENDORSE FINAL SITE SPECIFIC DESIGN.

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SUMMARY

1

HE FOLLOWING GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS DESCRIBE THE COMPONENTS AND INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS FOR A VOLUME BASED HIGH PERFORMANCE MODULAR BIOFILTRATION SYSTEM (HPMBS) THAT UTILIZES PHYSICAL, CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL MECHANISMS OF A SOIL, PLANT AND MICROBE COMPLEX TO REMOVE POLLUTANTS TYPICALLY FOUND IN URBAN STORM WATER RUNOFF. THE MODULAR TREATMENT SYSTEM IN WHICH THE BIOLOGICALLY ACTIVE BIOFILTRATION MEDIA IS USED SHALL BE A COMPLETE, INTEGRATED SYSTEM DESIGNED TO BE PLACED IN SQUARE FOOT OR LINEAR FOOT INCREMENTS PER THE APPROVED DRAWINGS TO TREAT CONTAMINATED RUNOFF FROM IMPERVIOUS SURFACES.

THE HIGH PERFORMANCE MODULAR BIOFILTRATION SYSTEM (HPMBS) IS COMPRISED OF THE FOLLOWING COMPONENTS

- A. PLANT COMPONENT
 - 1. MANUFACTURER SHALL PROVIDE A REGIONALIZED LIST OF ACCEPTABLE PLANTS.
 - 2. PLANTS, AS SPECIFIED IN THE APPROVED DRAWINGS/MANUFACTURER'S PLANT LIST, SHALL BE INSTALLED AT THE TIME THE HPMBS IS COMMISSIONED FOR USE.
 - 3. PLANTS AND PLANTING ARE TYPICALLY INCLUDED IN LANDSCAPE CONTRACT
- B BIOFILTER COMPONENT

1. THIS COMPONENT EMPLOYS A HIGH PERFORMANCE CROSS-SECTION IN WHICH EACH ELEMENT IS HIGHLY DEPENDENT ON THE OTHERS TO MEET THE PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION FOR THE COMPLETE SYSTEM. IT IS IMPORTANT THAT THIS ENTIRE CROSS-SECTION BE PROVIDED AS A COMPLETE SYSTEM AND INSTALLED AS SUCH.

- 2. AS INDICATED IN THE APPROVED DRAWINGS. THE ELEMENTS OF THE BIOFILTER INCLUDE:
- A. A MULCH PROTECTIVE LAYER (IF SPECIFIED).
- AN ADVANCED HIGH INFILTRATION RATE BIOFILTRATION PLANTING MEDIA BED WHICH UTILIZES PHYSICAL, CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL MECHANISMS O THE SOIL, PLANT, AND MICROBE COMPLEX, TO REMOVE POLLUTANTS FOUND IN STORM WATER RUNOFF
- A SEPARATION LAYER WHICH UTILIZES THE CONCEPT OF 'BRIDGING' TO SEPARATE THE BIOFILTRATION MEDIA FROM THE UNDERDRAIN WITHOUT THE USE OF GEOTEXTILE FABRICS
- A WIDE APERTURE MESH LAYER UTILIZED TO PREVENT BRIDGING STONE FROM ENTERING THE UNDERDRAIN/STORAGE ELEMENT
- A MODULAR HIGH INFILTRATION RATE 'ELAT PIPE' STYLE UNDERDRAIN/STORAGE SYSTEM WHICH IS DESIGNED TO DIRECTLY INFILTRATE OR EXELL TRATE
- ATER THROUGH ITS SURFACE. THE MODULAR UNDERDRAIN MUST PROVIDE A MINIMUM OF 95% VOID SPACE
- C. ENERGY DISSIPATION COMPONENT
 - 1. AN ENERGY DISSIPATION COMPONENT IS TYPICALLY SPECIFIED TO SLOW AND SPREAD OUT WATER AS IT ENTERS THE SYSTEM. THIS COMPONENT IS DEPENDENT UPON THE DESIGN IN THE APPROVED DRAWINGS, BUT TYPICALLY CONSISTS OF A ROCK GABION, ROCK FILTER DAM OR DENSE VEGETATION ELEMENT, SUCH AS NATIVE GRASSES, EITHER SURROUNDING THE BIOFILTRATION COMPONENT OR LOCATED IMMEDIATEL
- D PRETREATMENT COMPONENT
 - 1 PRETREATMENT WHEN SPECIFIED IS TYPICALLY ACCOMPLISHED BY LOCATING THE BIOFIL TRATION COMPONENT DOWNSTREAM OF A SWALE CURB CUT/ROCK APRON, SEDIMENT FOREBAY, DEEP OR SHALLOW SUMP WATER QUALITY MANHOLE, ETC. THESE BMPS SHOULD TARGET TRAS AND DEBRIS AND MEDIUM TO COARSE SEDIMENT.
- OBSERVATION AND MAINTENANCE COMPONENT
- 1. AN OBSERVATION AND MAINTENANCE PORT SHALL BE INSTALLED PER THE APPROVED DRAWINGS TO PROVIDE FOR EASY INSPECTION OF THE UNDERDRAIN/STORAGE ELEMENT, AND CLEANOUT ACCESS IF NEEDED.
- EXTREME EVENT OVERFLOW (BY OTHERS)
 - I. AN EXTREME EVENT OVERFLOW SHOULD BE LOCATED EXTERNAL TO, BUT NEAR THE BIOFILTRATION ELEMENT TO PROVIDE BYPASS WHEN NEEDED. THIS MAY BE AN OVERLAND FLOW BYPASS STRUCTURE, BEEHIVE OVERFLOW GRATE STRUCTURE, OR EQUIVALENT THAT SERVES THE PURPOSE. IF A BEEHIVE OVERFLOW STRUCTURE IS UTILIZED IT SHOULD INCLUDE A REMOVABLE FILTER INSERT TO PROVIDE A MINIMUM OF 50% TSS REMOVAL AND CONTROL OF GROSS POLLUTANTS, TRASH AND FLOATABLES.
- II. QUALITY ASSURANCE AND PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

THE QUALITY AND COMPOSITION OF ALL SYSTEM COMPONENTS AND ALL OTHER APPURTENANCES AND THEIR ASSEMBLY PROCESS SHALL BE SUBJECT TO INSPECTION UPON DELIVERY OF THE SYSTEM TO THE WORK SITE.

INSTALLATION IS TO BE PERFORMED ONLY BY SKILLED WORK PEOPLE WITH SATISFACTORY RECORD OF PERFORMANCE ON EARTHWORKS. PIPE. CHAMBER, OR POND/LANDFILL CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS OF COMPARABLE SIZE AND QUALITY

- - 1. PLANTS MUST BE COMPATIBLE WITH THE HPMBS MEDIA AND THE ASSOCIATED HIGHLY VARIABLE HYDROLOGIC REGIME. PLANTS ARE TYPICALLY FACULTATIVE WITH FIBROUS ROOTS SYSTEMS SUCH AS NATIVE GRASSES AND SHRUBS.
 - 2 MANUFACTURER SHALL PROVIDE A REGIONALIZED LIST OF ACCEPTABLE PLANTS 3. ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL COMPLY WITH THE TYPE AND SIZE REQUIRED BY THE APPROVED DRAWINGS AND SHALL BE ALIVE AND FREE OF
- OBVIOUS SIGNS OF DISEASE. B. MULCH
- 1. MULCH, TYPICALLY DOUBLE SHREDDED HARDWOOD (NON-FLOATABLE), SHALL COMPLY WITH THE TYPE AND SIZE REQUIRED BY THE APPROVED DRAWINGS, AND SHALL BE SCREENED TO MINIMIZE FINES. ROCK MULCH IS AN ALTERNATIVE TO WOOD-BASED MULCH AND TYPICALLY CONSISTS OF CLEAN, ROUNDED RIVER ROCK (3-4" DIAM IN SIZE).
- C. BIOFILTRATION MEDIA
 - 1. BIOLOGICALLY ACTIVE BIOFILTRATION MEDIA SHALL BE VISUALLY INSPECTED TO ENSURE APPROPRIATE VOLUME, TEXTURE AND CONSISTENCY BIOLOGICALLI ACTIVE BIORILITATION MEDIA SINCLE BE VISUALLI INGECCIE I O LINGUE APPROVANIE VOLIME, LEA UNE AND CONSISTENCI WITH THE APPROVED DRAWINGS, AND MUST BEAR A BATCH NUMBER MARKING FROM THE MANUFACTURER WHICH CERTIFIES PERFORMANCE TESTING OF THE BATCH TO MEET OR EXCEED THE REQUIRED INFLITATION RATE (100 IN/HR). A THIRD-PARTY LABORATORY TEST MUST BE PROVIDED TO CERTIFY THE 100 IN/HR RATE.
 - 2. AT NO ADDITIONAL COST AND WITHIN THE FIRST YEAR FOLLOWING INSTALLATION, AUTHORIZED VALUE-ADDED RESELLER SHALL PROVIDE ONE SITE VISIT/MAINTENANCE TRAINING AT THE REQUEST OF OWNER OR OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE.
 - 3. POLLUTANT REMOVAL PERFORMANCE, COMPOSITION AND CHARACTERISTICS OF THE BIOFILTRATION MEDIA MUST MEET OR EXCEED THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM STANDARDS AS DEMONSTRATED BY TESTING ACCEPTABLE TO THE PROJECT ENGINEER:

Pollutant	Removal Efficiency						
TSS	91%						
Phosphorus	66%						
Nitrogen	48%						
Composition and Characteristics							
Sand - Fine	< 5%						
Sand – Medium	10% - 15%						
Sand – Coarse	15% - 25%						
Sand – Very Coarse	40% - 45%						
Gravel	10% - 20%						
Infiltration Rate	>100 inches per hour						
Peat Moss*	5% - 15%						
* Peat Moss	* Peat Moss Specification						
Listed by Organic Mat	erials Review Institute						
100% natural peat (no compos	ted, sludge, yard or leaf waste)						
Total Carl	bon >85%						
Carbon to Nitroger	n Ratio 15:1 to 23:1						
Lignin Conten	it 49% to 52%						
Humic Acid >18%							
pH 6.0	pH 6.0 to 7.0						
Moisture Conte	ent 30% to 50%						
95% to 100% pas	sing 2.0mm sieve						
> 80% passing	g 1.0mm sieve						

Value Surface Void Area > 85% Unit Weight 3.25 lbs/cf Service Temperature 14° to 167 Unconfined Crush Strength 32.48 psi Load Applied – Initial and Sustained 11.16 psi * Creep Sustained – After 180 Days 0.20 inches * Creep Sustained – After 180 Days 1.13% * Projected Creep - 40 years 1 72%

2. UNDERDRAIN/STORAGE COMPONENTS SHALL MEET OR EXCEED THE FOLLOWING CHARACTERISTICS:

G SEPARATION MESH

D UNDERDRAIN/STORAGE SYSTEM

RECYCLED MATERIALS

SEPARATION MESH SHALL BE COMPOSED OF HIGH-TENACITY MONOFILAMENT POLYPROPYLENE YARNS THAT ARE WOVEN TOGETHER TO PRODUCE AN OPEN MESH GEOTEXTILE WHICH SHALL BE INERT TO BIOLOGICAL DEGRADATION AND RESISTANT TO NATURALLY ENCOUNTERED CHEMICALS, ALKALIS AND ACIDS. THE MESH SHALL MEET OR EXCEED THE FOLLOWING CHARACTERISTICS

Properties	Tost Mothod	Unit	Min Avg Roll Value		
rioperdes	Test Wethou	Onic	MD	CD	
Tensile Strength	ASTM D4595	kN/m (lbs/ft)	21 (1440) 25.3 (173		
Creep Reduced Strength	ASTM D5262	kN/m (lbs/ft)	6.9 (471)	8.3 (566)	
Long Term Allowable Design Load	GRI GG-4	kN/m (lbs/ft)	5.9 (407)	7.2 (490)	
UV Resistance (at 500 hours)	-	% strength retained	90.00		
Aperture Size (machine direction)	-	mm (in)	2 (0.08)		
Aperture Size (cross machine direction)	-	mm (in)	2 (0.08)		
Mass/Unit Area	ASTM D5261	g/m2 (oz/yd2)	197	(5.8)	

FOCALPOINT SPECIFICATION

1 UNDERDRAIN/STORAGE COMPONENTS SHALL BE MANUFACTURED IN AN ISO CERTIFIED FACILITY AND BE MANUFACTURED FROM AT LEAST 90%

BRIDGING STONE

1. BRIDGING STONE SHALL BE 3/8" PEA GRAVEL, OR OTHER DIAMETER SIZED TO PREVENT MIGRATION OF FILTER MEDIA, AS SPECIFIED BY MANUEACTURES

2 STONE MUST BE WASHED AND FREE FROM SEDIMENT, SOIL AND CONTAMINANTS

III. DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- PROTECT ALL MATERIALS FROM DAMAGE DURING DELIVERY AND STORE UV SENSITIVE MATERIALS UNDER TARP TO PROTECT FROM SUNLIGHT
- B. BIOFILTRATION MEDIA SHALL BE SEGREGATED FROM ANY OTHER AGGREGATE MATERIALS AND SHALL BE PROTECTED AGAINST CONTAMINATION. INCLUDING CONTAMINATION FROM ANY STORMWATER RUNOFF FROM AREAS OF THE SITE WHICH ARE NOT STABILIZED.

IV. SUBMITTALS

- A PRODUCT DATA
- 1. SUBMIT MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCT DATA AND APPROVED INSTALLATION MANUAL AS WELL AS MANUFACTURER'S OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL FOR THE SYSTEM. IT WILL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE SYSTEM OWNER/OPERATOR OR THEIR CONTRACTOR TO ENSURE THE SYSTEM IS OPERATED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MAI B CERTIFICATION
- 1. MANUFACTURER SHALL SUBMIT A LETTER OF CERTIFICATION THAT THE COMPLETE SYSTEM MEETS OR EXCEEDS ALL TECHNICAL AND PACKAGINI REQUIREMENTS, BIOFILTRATION MEDIA PACKAGING MUST BEAR A BATCH NUMBER MARKING FROM THE MANUFACTURER WHICH MATCHES A LETTER FROM THE MANUFACTURER CERTIFYING PERFORMANCE TESTING OF THE BATCH TO MEET OR EXCEED THE REQUIRED INFILTRATION
- C. DRAWINGS
 - 1. MANUFACTURER SHALL PROVIDE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS INCLUDING DETAILS FOR CONSTRUCTION, MATERIALS, SPECIFICATIONS, AND PIPE CONNECTIONS. THESE DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS SHALL INDICATE THE HPMBS FILTER BED AREA (SQ. ET) AND CORRESPOND WITH AN APPROVED SET PLANS OR DRAINAGE/STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT STAMPED BY THE ENGINEER OF RECORD
- D. MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY
 - 1. MANUFACTURER SHALL PROVIDE A WARRANTY FOR ALL COMPONENTS OF THE HPMBS FOR A PERIOD OF ONE YEAR PROVIDED THE UNIT I INSTALLED, OPERATED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUAL. IMPROPER OPERATION, MAINTENANCE OR ACCIDENTAL OR ILLEGAL ACTIVITIES (I.E. DUMPING OF POLLUTANTS, VANDALISM, ETC.) WILL VOID THE WARRANTY
- E. DESIGN COMPUTATIONS

1. THE HPMBS MUST BE SIZED USING A VOLUME-BASED SIZING CRITERIA AND DEMONSTRATE, USING AN SCS STORMWATER MODELLING SOFTWARE/SPREADSHEET CALCULATOR THAT THE REQUIRED WATER QUALITY VOLUME (DEFINED BY THE ENGINEER OF RECORD) PASSES THROUGH THE HPMBS PRIOR TO ACTIVATION OF THE OVERFLOW DEVICE (SET NO HIGHER THAN TWELVE (2) INCHES ABOVE THE TOP ELEVATION OF THE HPMBS (TYPICALLY DEFINED AS TOP OF MULCH). DESIGN COMPUTATIONS MUST BE PROVIDED AS PART OF THE SUBMITTAL PROCESS. IF LOCAL REGULATIONS HAVE THE SYSTEM APPROVED BASED ON AN ALTERNATIVE SIZING CRITERION THE LARGER OF THE TWO COMPUTED SIZES WILL GOVERN

F. SUBSTITUTIONS

1 ANY PROPOSED EQUAL ALTERNATIVE PRODUCT SUBSTITUTION TO THIS SPECIFICATION MUST BE SUBMITTED FOR REVIEW AND APPROVED PRIOR TO BIO OPENING. REVIEW PACKAGE SHOULD INCLUDE THIRD PARTY REVIEWED PERFORMANCE DATA FOR BOTH FLOW RATE AND POLLUTANT REMOVAL OF BIOFILTRATION MEDIA. POLLUTANT REMOVAL DATA MUST FOLLOW SPECIFIED PROTOCOLS. ALL COMPONENTS MUST MEET OF EXCEED QUALITY ASSURANCE AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA INDICATED HEREIN.

V. PROJECT CONDITIONS

A REVIEW MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDED INSTALLATION PROCEDURES AND COORDINATE INSTALLATION WITH OTHER WORK AFFECTED. SLICH AS LEW INVOLVED TO LESS ACCOMMENDED INSTALLATION PROCEEDINGS AND COORDINATE INSTALLATION WITH OTHER WORK AFFECTED, DING, EXCAVATION, UTILITIES, CONSTRUCTION ACCESS AND EROSION CONTROL TO PREVENT ALL NON-INSTALLATION RELATED CONS FFIC OVER THE COMPLETED HPMBS.

- B. COLD WEATHER
 - 1. DO NOT USE FROZEN MATERIALS OR MATERIALS MIXED OR COATED WITH ICE OR FROST.
 - 2. DO NOT BUILD ON FROZEN GROUND OR WET, SATURATED OR MUDDY SUBGRADE
 - 3. CARE MUST BE TAKEN WHEN HANDLING PLASTICS WHEN AIR TEMPERATURE IS AT 40 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT OR BELOW AS PLASTIC BECOMES
- PROTECT PARTIALLY COMPLETED INSTALLATION AGAINST DAMAGE FROM OTHER CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC WHEN WORK IS IN PROGRESS AND INCLOSE TAKING COMPLETION OF BACKFILL BY ESTABLISHING A PERIMETER WITH HIGHLY VISIBLE CONSTRUCTION TAPE, FENCING, OR OTHER MEANS UNTIL CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE.
- D SOIL STABILIZATION OF THE SUBROLINDING SITE MUST BE COMPLETE BEFORE THE BIOFILITRATION SYSTEM CAN BE BROLIGHT ONLINE. SOIL STABLIZENTION OF THE SHOREMOTH STELEN BE COMPACED OR VEGETATED. TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL AND/OR SEMIENTATI PREVENTION MEASURES SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED TO REDUCE THE POSSIBILITY OF SEDIMENTS BEING TRANSPORTED INTO THE BIOFILTRA SYSTEM PRIOR TO FULL STABILIZATION OF THE SITE. SIGNIFICANT SEDIMENT LOADS CAN DAMAGE THE HPBMS AND LEAD TO FAILURE IF NOT PREVENTED OR REMEDIATED PROMPTLY.

VI. PRODUCTS

- A. ACCEPTABLE HPBMS
 - FOCALPOINT HIGH PERFORMANCE BIOFILTRATION SYSTEM
- ACCEPTABLE BEEHIVE OVERELOW GRATE STRUCTURE (OPTIONAL)
- BEEHIVE OVERFLOW GRATE STRUCTURE WITH REMOVABLE STORMSACK

- C. ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURER MANUFACTURER. CONVERGENT WATER TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
- (800) 711-5428 WWW CONVERGENTWATER COM
- D. AUTHORIZED VALUE ADDED RESELLER FERGUSON WATERWORKS (800) 448-3636 WWW.FERGUSON.COM
- VII. PACKAGING
- A. HPMBS IS ASSEMBLED ON SITE.
- B. MODULAR UNDERDRAIN/STORAGE UNIT IS SHIPPED FLAT AND MODULES ARE ASSEMBLED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
- ACCOMPANYING MANUFACTURER'S CERTIFICATION
- D. OTHER COMPONENTS ARE DELIVERED IN BULK OR SUPER SACKS
- VIII. EXECUTION
 - A. EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL 1. BASE OF EXCAVATION SHALL BE SMOOTH, LEVEL AND FREE OF LUMPS OR DEBRIS, AND COMPACTED UNLESS INFILTRATION OF STORM WATER
 - MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.
 - B. INSPECTION
 - A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHOULD BE CONSULTED FOR ADVICE.
 - INSTALLATION
- IX. CLEANUP AND PROTECTION DURING ONGOING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY A. PERFORM CLEANING DURING THE INSTALLATION AND UPON COMPLETION OF THE WORK.
- B. REMOVE FROM SITE ALL EXCESS MATERIALS, DEBRIS, AND EQUIPMENT. REPAIR ANY DAMAGE TO ADJACENT MATERIALS AND SURFACES RESULTING
- EXCESSIVE SEDIMENTATION, PARTICULARLY PRIOR TO ESTABLISHMENT OF PLANTS MAY DAMAGE THE HPM
- E. STRICTLY FOLLOW MANUFACTURER'S GUIDELINES WITH RESPECT TO PROTECTION OF THE HPMBS BETWEEN INSTALLATION AND COMMISSIONING

COMMISSIONING

- EXCESSIVE SEDIMENT/POLLUTANT LOADS INTO THE SYSTEM.
- ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED DRAWINGS AND PLACING MULCH IE SPECIFIED HORIZONTAL ROOT GROWTH THAT PLANTS NATURALLY PRODUCE.
- 3. STRICTLY FOLLOW MANUFACTURER'S PLANTING GUIDANCE.
- D. PLANTINGS SHALL BE WATERED-IN AT INSTALLATION AND TEMPORARY IRRIGATIONS SHALL BE PROVIDED. IF SPECIFIED.

XL USING THE HPMBS

- A MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS
- 2. EACH MAINTENANCE VISIT CONSISTS OF THE FOLLOWING: 2.1 COMPLETE SYSTEM INSPECTION

2.3. EVALUATION OF BIOFILTRATION MEDIA

2.8 LIPDATE AND STORE MAINTENANCE RECORDS

2.4. EVALUATION OF PLANT HEALTH

PERMITTED BY THE LOCALITY

XII. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C. BIOFILTRATION MEDIA IS DELIVERED IN ONE TON SUPER SACKS EACH LABELED WITH MANUFACTURER'S BATCH NUMBER AND/OR IN BULK WITH

INTO SUBGRADE IS DESIRED. A THIN LAYER (3") OF COMPACTED BASE MATERIAL IS RECOMMENDED TO ESTABLISH A LEVEL WORKING PLATFORM (MAY NOT BE NEEDED IN SANDY SOILS) IF THE BASE OF THE EXCAVATION IS PUMPING OR APPEARS EXCESSIVELY SOFT A GEOTECHNICA

2. MOST APPLICATIONS REQUIRE 8 OZ NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE OR EQUIVALENT NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE WITH A NOMINAL WEIGHT OF 8 OZ PER SOUARE VARD TO LINE THE EXCAVATION TO SEPARATE IN SITU SOLIS AND THE HPMIS, (APPLICATIONS REQUIRING WATER TO INFLITART THE IN SITU SUB-SOLIS SHOULD USE A BRIDGING STONE RATHER THAN GEOTEXTILE TO PROVIDE A SEPARATION LAYER BETWEEN THE HPMIS AND THE IN SITU SOLIS, GEOTEXTILE, WHEN UTILIZED, SHOULD BE FUNCED ON THE BOTTOM AND UP THE SIDES OF THE EXCAVATION. ABSOLUTELY NO GEOTEXTILES SHOULD BE USED IN THE WATER COLUMN. IF AN IMPERMEABLE LINER IS SPECIFIED, IT SHALL BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO

3. SPECIFIED BACKFILL MATERIAL MUST BE FREE FROM LUMPS, DEBRIS AND ANY SHARP OBJECTS THAT COULD PENETRATE THE GEOTEXTILE ATERIAL IS USED FOR BACKFILL ALONG THE SIDES OF THE SYSTEM AS INDICATED IN ENGINEERING DETAIL DRAY

1. EXAMINE PREPARED EXCAVATION FOR SMOOTHNESS, COMPACTION AND LEVEL, CHECK FOR PRESENCE OF HIGH WATER TABLE, WHICH MUST BE KEPT AT LEVELS BELOW THE BOTTOM OF THE UNDERDRAIN STRUCTURE AT ALL TIMES. IF THE BASE IS PUMPING OR APPEARS EXCESSIVELY SOF

2. INSTALLATION COMMENCEMENT CONSTITUTES ACCEPTANCE OF EXISTING CONDITIONS AND RESPONSIBILITY FOR SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE IF EXISTING CONDITIONS ARE FOUND TO BE UNSATISFACTORY, CONTACT PROJECT MANAGER OR ENGINEER FOR RESOLUTION PRIOR TO

C. IF SURROUNDING DRAINAGE AREA IS NOT FULLY STABILIZED, A PROTECTIVE COVERING OF GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SHOULD BE SECURELY PLACED TO PROTECT THE BIOFILTRATION MEDIA.

D. CONSTRUCTION PHASE EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS SHALL BE PLACED TO PROTECT THE INLET(S) TO THE BIOFILTRATION SYSTEM

A COMMISSIONING SHOULD ONLY BE CARRIED OUT ONCE THE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA IS FULLY STABILIZED. IE COMMISSIONING MUST BE CARRIED OUT SOONER, IT IS IMPERATIVE THAT APPROPRIATE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS BE PLACED TO PREVENT THE ENTRY OF

B. COMMISSIONING ENTAILS REMOVING THE PROTECTIVE COVERING FROM THE BIOFILTRATION MEDIA. PLANTING THE PLANT MATERIAL IN

1. DIG PLANTING HOLES THE DEPTH OF THE ROOT BALL AND TWO TO THREE TIMES AS WIDE AS THE ROOT BALL. WIDE HOLES ENCOURAGE

2. WITH TREES, YOU MUST ENSURE YOU ARE NOT PLANTING TOO DEEP. DON'T DIG HOLES DEEPER THAN ROOT BALLS. THE MEDIA SHOULD BE PLACED AT THE ROOT COLLAR, NOT ABOVE THE ROOT COLLAR. OTHERWISE THE STEM WILL BE VULNERABLE TO DISEASE.

COVER THE EXPOSED ROOT BALL TOP WITH MULCH. MULCH SHOULD NOT TOUCH THE PLANT BASE BECAUSE IT CAN HOLD TOO MUCH MOISTURE AND INVITE DISEASE AND INSECTS. EVENLY PLACE 3 INCHES OF DOUBLE-SHREDDED HARDWOOD MULCH (IF SPECIFIED) ON THE SURFACE OF THE

1. ANNUAL MAINTENANCE GENERALLY CONSISTS OF TWO (2) SCHEDULED VISITS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

2.2. REMOVAL OF FOREIGN DEBRIS, SILT, PLANT MATERIAL, TRASH AND MULCH (IF NEEDED)

2.5. INSPECTION OF UNDERDRAIN/STORAGE SYSTEM VIA OBSERVATION/MAINTENANCE PORT 2.6. PROPERLY DISPOSE OF ALL MAINTENANCE REFUSE ITEMS (TRASH. MULCH. ETC.)

2.7. TAKE PHOTOGRAPHS DOCUMENTING PLANT GROWTH AND GENERAL SYSTEM HEALTH

2.9. TO ENSURE LONG TERM PERFORMANCE OF THE HPMBS, CONTINUING ANNUAL MAINTENANCE SHOULD BE PERFORMED PER THE MANUFACTURER'S OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL.

3. IF SEDIMENT ACCUMULATES BEYOND AN ACCEPTABLE LEVEL IN THE UNDERDRAIN/STORAGE SYSTEM. IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO FLUSH TH UNDERDRAIN. THIS CAN BE DONE BY PUMPING WATER INTO THE OBSERVATION/MAINTENANCE PORT OR ADJACENT OVERFLOW STRUCTURE ALLOWING THE TURBULENT FLOWS THROUGH THE UNDERDRAIN TO RE-SUPERIOTHEFINE SEDMENTS. IF MULTIPLE OBSERVATION PORTS HAVE BEEN INSTALLED, WATER SHOULD BE PUMPED INTO BACH PORT TO MAXIMIZE FLUSHING EFFICIENCY.

SEDIMENT-LADEN WATER CAN BE PUMPED OUT AND EITHER CAPTURED FOR DISPOSAL OR FILTERED THROUGH A DIRTBAG FILTER BAG. IF

GIVEN THE INTEGRATED NATURE OF THE HPMBS, MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT WILL BE BASED NOT ON THE INDIVIDUAL COMPONENT PRICES, BUT ON THE SIZE OF THE BIOFILTRATION MEDIA BED. THE EXTERNAL DIMENSION AS INDICATED IN THE APPROVED PLANS AND EXECUTED IN THE INSTALLATION WILL BE MEASURED IN SQUARE FEET AND PAYMENT WILL BE MADE PER HPMBS SYSTEM.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT OF BEEHIVE OVERFLOW GRATE STRUCTURE WITH REMOVABLE FILTER INSERT WILL BE BASED ON PER UNIT PRICE



R-TANK^{XD} SPECIFICATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

A. Drawings, technical specification and general provisions of the Contract as modified herein apply to this section

1.02Description of Work Included

- A. Provide excavation and base preparation per geotechnical engineer's recommendations and/or as shown on the design drawings, to provide adequate support for project design loads and safety from excavation sidewall collapse. Excavations shall be in accordance with the owner's and OSHA requirements
- B. Provide and install R-Tank^{XD} system (hereafter called R-Tank) and all related products including fill materials, geotextiles, geogrids, inlet and outlet pipe with connections per the manufacturer's installation guidelines provided in this section
- C. Provide and construct the cover of the R-Tank system including; stone backfill, structural fill cover, and pavement section as specified.
- D Protect R-Tank system from construction traffic after installation until completion of all construction activity in the installation area

1.03Quality Control

- A. All materials shall be manufactured in ISO certified facilities.
- B. Installation Contractor shall demonstrate the following experience: 1. A minimum of three R-Tank or equivalent projects completed within 2 years; and,
 - 2. A minimum of 25,000 cubic feet of storage volume completed within 2 years.
 - 3. Contractor experience requirement may be waived if the manufacturer's representative provides on-site training and review during construction.
- C. Installation Personnel: Performed only by skilled workers with satisfactory record of performance on bulk earthworks, pipe, chamber, or pond/landfill construction projects of comparable size and quality
- D. Contractor must have manufacturer's representative available for site review if requested by Owner.

1.04Submittals

- A. Submit proposed R-Tank lavout drawings. Drawings shall include typical section details as well as the required base elevation of stone and tanks. minimum cover requirements and tank configuration B. Submit manufacturer's product data, including compressive strength and unit weight.
- C. Submit manufacturer's installation instructions.
- D. Submit R-Tank sample for review. Reviewed and accepted samples will be returned to the Contractor.
- E. Submit material certificates for geotextile, geogrid, base course and backfill materials
- F. Submit required experience and personnel requirements as specified in Section 1.03.
- G. Any proposed equal alternative product substitution to this specification must be submitted for review and approved prior to bid opening. Review package should include third party reviewed performance data that neets or exceeds criteria in Table 2.01 B.

1.05Delivery, Storage, and Handling

- A. Protect R-Tank and other materials from damage during delivery, and store UV sensitive materials under tarp to protect from sunlight when time from delivery to installation exceeds two weeks. Storage of materials should be on smooth surfaces, free from dirt, mud and debris.
- B Handling is to be performed with equipment appropriate to the materials and site conditions, and may include hand, handcart, forklifts, extension lifts, etc.
- C. Cold weather:
 - 1. Care must be taken when handling plastics when air temperature is 40 degrees or below as plastic becomes brittle.
 - 2. Do not use frozen materials or materials mixed or coated with ice or frost.
 - 3. Do not build on frozen ground or wet, saturated or muddy subgrade.

1.06 Preinstallation Conference

A. Prior to the start of the installation, a preinstallation conference shall occur with the representatives from the design team, the general contractor, the excavation contractor, the R-Tank installation contractor, and the manufacturer's representative

1.07Project Conditions

A. Coordinate installation for the R-Tank system with other on-site activities to eliminate all non-installation related construction traffic over the completed R-Tank system. No loads heavier than the design loads shall be allowed over the system, and in no case shall loads higher than a standard AASHTO HS20 (or HS25, depending on design criteria) load be allowed on the system at any time

- B. Protect adjacent work from damage during R-Tank system installation
- C. All pre-treatment systems to remove debris and heavy sediments must be in place and functional prior to operation of the R-Tank system. Additional pretreatment measures may be needed if unit is operational during
- construction due to increased sediment loads D. Contractor is responsible for any damage to the system during construction

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 R-Tank Units

A. R -Tank^{XD} - Injection molded plastic cells stacked to form a 90% void modular structure of predesigned height (custom for each project).

B. R-Tank^{XD} units shall meet the following Physical & Chemical Characteristics:

PROPERTY	DESCRIPTION	R-Tank ^{XD} VALUE
Void Area	Volume available for water storage	90%
Surface Void Area	Percentage of exterior available for infiltration	90%
Compressive Strength	ASTM D 2412 / ASTM F 2418	240.2 psi
HS-20 Minimum Cover	Cover required to support HS-20 loads	6"
HS-25 Minimum Cover	Cover required to support HS-25 loads	6"
Maximum Cover	Maximum allowable cover depth	< 16.7 feet
Unit Weight	Weight of plastic per cubic foot of tank	7.55 lbs / cf
Service Temperature	Safe temperature range for use	-14 – 185° F

C. Supplier: Ferguson Waterworks 2831 Cardwell Road Richmond, VA 23234 (T): 800-448-3636; (F): 804-743-7779 www.ferguson.com

2 02 Geosynthetics

- A. Geotextile. A geotextile envelope is required to prevent backfill material from entering the R-Tank modules
- 1. Standard Application: The standard geotextile shall be a minimum 8 oz per square yard nonwoven geotextile (ACF N080 or equivalent).
- 2. Infiltration Applications: When water must infiltrate/exfiltrate through the geotextile as a function of the system design, a woven monofilament (ACF M200 or equivalent) shall be used.
- B. Geogrid: When required by project plans, install geogrid (ACF BX12 or equivalent) to reinforce backfill above the R-Tank system.

2.03 Backfill & Cover Materials

- A. Bedding Materials: Stone (angular and smaller than 1.5" in diameter) or soil (GW. GP. SW. or SP as classified by the Unified Soil Classification System) shall be used below the R-Tank system (3" minimum) Material must be free from lumps, debris, and any sharp objects that could cut the geotextile. Material shall be within 3 percent of the optimum moisture content as determined by ASTM D698 at the time of installation. For infiltration applications bedding material shall be free draining.
- B Side and Top Backfill
- 1. Deep Applications (> 12" total cover): Free draining stone (angular and smaller than 1.5" in diameter) or soil (GW, GP, SW, or SP as classified by the Unified Soil Classification System) shall be used adjacent to (12" minimum) and above (for the first 12") the R-Tank system. Material must be free from lumps, debris and any sharp objects that could cut the geotextile. Material shall be within 3 percent of the optimum moisture content as determined by ASTM D698 at the time of installation.
- 2. Shallow Applications (< 12" total cover): Materials listed in section 2.03 B1 above may be used adjacent to the modules. Top backfill must be well graded aggregate (angular and smaller than 0.75" in diameter) or soil (GW or SW as classified by the Unified Soil Classification System). Material must be free from lumps, debris and any sharp objects that could cut the geotextile. Material shall be within 3 percent of the optimum moisture content as determined by ASTM D698 at the time of installation.
- C. Additional Cover Materials: Structural Fill shall consist of granular materials meeting the gradational requirements of SM, SP, SW, GM, GP or GW as classified by the Unified Soil Classification System. Structura fill shall have a maximum of 25 percent passing the No. 200 sieve, shall have a maximum clav content of 10 percent and a maximum Plasticity Index of 4. Material shall be within 3 percent of the optimum moisture content as determined by ASTM D698 at the time of installation

2.04 Other Materials

Utility Marker: Install metallic tape at corners of R-Tank system to mark the area for future utility detection

PART 3 - EXECUTION

- Assembly of R-Tank Units
- A. R-Tank^{XD} modules do not require on-site assembly prior to installation. See Section 3.04 below for details on installation
- 3.02 Layout and Excavation
- A. Installer shall stake out, excavate, and prepare the subgrade area to the required plan grades and dimensions, ensuring that the excavation is at least 2 feet greater than R-Tank dimensions in each direction allowing for installation of geotextile filter fabric, R-Tank modules, and free draining backfill materials.
- B. All excavations must be prepared with OSHA approved excavated sides and sufficient working space.
- C. Protect partially completed installation against damage from other construction traffic by establishing a perimeter with high visibility construction tape, fencing, barricades, or other means until construction is
- D. Base of the excavation shall be uniform, level, and free of lumps or debris and soft or vielding subgrade areas. A minimum 2.000 pounds per square foot bearing capacity is required. 1. Standard Applications: Compact subgrade to a minimum of 95% of Standard Proctor (ASTM D698) density or as required by the Owner's enginee 2. Infiltration Applications: Subgrade shall be prepared in accordance with the contract documents. Compaction of subgrade should not be performed in infiltration applications.
- E. Unsuitable Soils or Conditions: All questions about the base of the excavation shall be directed to the owner's engineer, who will approve the subgrade conditions prior to placement of stone. The owner's engineer shall determine the required bearing capacity of the R-Tank subgrade: however in no case shall a bearing capacity of less than 2.000 pounds per square foot be provided.
- 1. If unsuitable soils are encountered at the subgrade or if the subgrade is pumping or appears excessively soft, repair the area in accordance with contract documents and/or as directed by the owner's engineer.
- 2. If indications of the water table are observed during excavation, the engineer shall be contacted to provide recommendations. 3. Do not start installation of the R-Tank system until unsatisfactory subgrade conditions are corrected and the subgrade conditions are accepted by the owner's engineer.

3.03 Preparation of Base

- A. Place a thin layer (3" unless otherwise specified) of bedding material (Section 2.03 A), over the subgrade to establish a level working platform for the R-Tank modules. Level to within 1/2" (+/- 1/2") or as shown on the plans. Native subgrade soils or other materials may be used if determined to meet the requirements of 2.03 A and are accepted by the owner's engineer. 1. Standard Applications: Static roll or otherwise compact bedding materials until they are firm and unvielding
- 2. Infiltration Applications: Bedding materials shall be prepared in accordance with the contract documents.
- B. Outline the footprint of the R-Tank system on the excavation floor using spray paint or chalk line to ensure a 12" perimeter is available around the R-Tank system for proper installation and compaction of backfill.

3.04 Installation of the R-Tank^{XD}

- A. Where a geotextile wrap is specified on the stone base, cut strips to length and install in excavation, removing wrinkles so material lays flat. Overlap geotextile a minimum 12" or as recommended by manufacturer. B. Where an impervious liner (for containment) is specified, install the liner per manufacturer's recommendations and the contract documents. The R-Tank units shall be separated from impervious liner by a
- non-woven geotextile fabric installed accordance with Section 3.04A.
- evenly. No vertical connection between layers is required. It is advisable to use a string line to form square corners and straight edges along the perimeter of the R-Tank system. The panels are to be oriented as per the design drawing (19.68" x 23.62") with required depth as shown on plans
- D. Wrap the R-Tank top and sides in specified geotextile. Cut strips of geotextile so that it will cover the sides and top, encapsulating the entire system to prevent backfill entry into the system. Overlap geotextile 12" or as recommended by manufacturer. Take great care to avoid damage to geotextile (and, if specified, impervious liner) during placement.
- E. Identify locations of inlet, outlet and any other penetrations of the geotextile (and optional liner). These connections should be installed flush (butted up to the R-Tank) and the geotextile fabric shall be cut to enable hydraulic continuity between the connections and the R-Tank units. These connections shall be secured using pipe boots with stainless steel pipe clamps. Support pipe in trenches during backfill operations to prevent pipe from settling and damaging the geotextile, impervious liner (if specified) or pipe. Connecting pipes at 90 degree angles facilitates construction, unless otherwise specified. Ensure end of pipe is installed snug against R-Tank system.
- F. Install Inspection and Maintenance Ports in locations noted on plans. At a minimum one maintenance port shall be installed within 10' of each inlet & outlet connection, and with a maximum spacing of one maintenance port for every 2,500 square feet. Install all ports as noted in the R-Tank Installation Guide.
- G. If required, install ventilation pipes and vents as specified on drawings to provide ventilation for proper hydraulic performance. The number of pipes and vents will depend on the size of the system. Vents are often installed using a 90 degree elbow with PVC pipe into a landscaped area with 'U" bend or venting bollard to inhibit the ingress of debris. A ground level concrete or steel cover can be used.

3.05 Backfilling of the R-Tank Units

- A. Backfill and fill with recommended materials as follows
 - 1. Place freely draining backfill materials (Section 2.03 B) around the perimeter in lifts with a maximum thickness of 12". Each lift shall be placed around the entire perimeter such that each lift is no more than 24" higher than the side backfill along any other location on the perimeter of the R-Tank system. No fill shall be placed over top of tanks until the side backfill has been completed.
- 2. Each lift shall be compacted at the specified moisture content to a minimum of 95% of the Standard Proctor Density or until no further densification is observed (for self-compacting stone materials). The side lifts must be compacted with walk behind compaction equipment. Even when "self-compacting" backfill materials are selected, a walk behind vibratory compactor must be used 3. Take care to ensure that the compaction process does not allow the machinery to come into contact with the modules due to the potential for damage to the geotextile and R-Tank units
- 4. No compaction equipment is permissible to operate directly on the R-Tank modules.
- 5 Top Backfill
- a. Deep Applications (> 12" total cover): Install a 12" (or as shown on plans) lift of freely draining material (Section 2.03 B1) over the R-Tank^{XD} Units, maintaining 12" between equipment tracks and R-Tank System. Lightly compact using a walk-behind trench roller. Alternately, a roller (maximum gross vehicle weight of 6 tons) may be used. Roller must remain in static mode until a minimum of 24" of cover has been placed over the modules. Sheep foot rollers should not be used.
- b. Shallow Applications (< 12" total cover): Install top backfill (Section 2.03 B2) in accordance with plans using an LGP skid steer or dozer (rubber tracks preferred). Lightly compact using a walk-behind trench roller. Alternately, a roller (maximum gross vehicle weight of 6 tons) may be used in static mode only.
- 6. If required, install a geogrid as shown on plans, Geogrid shall extend a minimum of 3 feet beyond the limits of the excavation wall. 7. Following placement and compaction of the initial cover, subsequent lifts of structural fill (Section 2.03 C) shall be placed at the specified moisture content and compacted to a minimum of 95% of the Standard
- Proctor Density and shall cover the entire footprint of the R-Tank system. During placement of fill above the system, unless otherwise specified, a uniform elevation of fill shall be maintained to within 12" across the footprint of the R-Tank system. Do not exceed maximum cover depths listed in Table 2.01 B.
- 8. Place additional layers of geotextile and/or geogrid at elevations as specified in the design details. Each layer of geosynthetic reinforcement placed above the R-Tank system shall extend a minimum of 3 feet beyond the limits of the excavation wall.
- B. Only low pressure tire or track vehicles shall be operated over the R-Tank system during construction. No machinery should drive on top of the tank until a minimum of 18" of backfill and compaction is achieved. Dump Trucks and Pans shall not be operated within the R-Tank system footprint at any time. Where necessary the heavy equipment should unload in an area adjacent to the R-Tank system and the material should be moved over the system with tracked equipment
- C. Ensure that all unrelated construction traffic is kept away from the limits of excavation until the project is complete and final surface materials are in place. No non-installation related loading should be allowed over the R-Tank system until the final design section has been constructed (including pavement).
- D. Place surfacing materials, such as groundcovers (no large trees), or paving materials over the structure with care to avoid displacement of cover fill and damage to surrounding areas E. Backfill depth over R-Tank system must be within the limitations shown in the table in Section 2.01 B. If the total backfill depth does not comply with this table, contact engineer or manufacturer's representative for assistance

PART 4 - USING THE SYSTEM

- 4.01 Maintenance Requirements
 - A. A routine maintenance effort is required to ensure proper performance of the R-Tank system. The Maintenance program should be focused on pretreatment systems. Ensuring these structures are clean and functioning properly will reduce the risk of contamination of the R-Tank system and stormwater released from the site. Pre-treatment systems shall be inspected yearly, or as directed by the regulatory agency and by the manufacturer (for proprietary systems). Maintain as needed using acceptable practices or following manufacturer's guidelines (for proprietary systems).
 - B. Inspection and/or Maintenance Ports in the R-Tank system will need to be inspected for accumulation of sediments at least quarterly through the first year of operation and at least yearly thereafter. This is done by removing the cap of the port and using a measuring device long enough to reach the bottom of the R-Tank system and stiff enough to push through the loose sediments, allowing a depth measurement.
- C. If sediment has accumulated to the level noted in the R-Tank Maintenance Guide or beyond a level acceptable to the Owner's engineer, the R-Tank system should be flushed.
- D. A flushing event consists of pumping water into the Maintenance Port and/or adjacent structure, allowing the turbulent flows through the R-Tank system to re-suspend the fine sediments. If multiple Maintenance Ports have been installed, water should be pumped into each port to maximize flushing efficiency. Sediment-laden water can be filtered through a Dirtbag or approved equivalent if permitted by the locality.

C. Install R-Tank^{XD} Units in lavers in accordance with the design drawings. R-Tank^{XD} pieces on each laver should be connected to all other pieces on that laver. Lavers should stack on too of each preceding laver







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ALL DIMENSIONS IN ft unless otherwise	NOTED	SRP Y-MU-40	
GUIDE RAIL LAYOUT		DRAWING NO. RWY-01	
		SHEET NO.	
BEACON, NEW YORK 12508 (845) 833-3000 www.hveapc.com	() Ed	ast of Hudson Watershed Corporation	





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A. THE PRIMARY PURPOSE OF A SILT FENCE OR SEDIMENT FILTER LOG IS TO INTERCEPT SEDIMENT LADEN RUNOFF BY IMPOUNDING WATER BEHIND THE FENCE OR LOG SO THAT SEDIMENT FALLS OUT OF SUSPENSION.

B. IDENTIFY ONSITE AND OFFSITE RESOURCES THAT NEED TO BE PROTECTED USING THE SILT FENCE OR SEDIMENT FILTER LOG (E.G. WETLANDS, PONDS, WATERWAYS OR ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE AREAS). SILT FENCE OR SEDIMENT FILTER LOGS ARE TYPICALLY USED WITH EROSION OR SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES, SUCH AS MULCH AND/OR ROLLED EROSION CONTROL

SILT FENCE OR SEDIMENT FILTER LOGS SHALL NOT BE USED IN OR ACROSS A FLOWING CHANNEL, OR AREAS OF CONCENTRATED FLOW. DO NOT USE SILT FENCE OR SEDIMENT FILTER LOGS AS A PERIMETER CONTROL, TO DEFINE PROPERTY LINES, OR TO DELINEATE A RESOURCE.

1. SILT FENCE OR SEDIMENT FILTER LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED ON A LINE OF EQUAL ELEVATION (CONTOUR). IT MAY BE INSTALLED AT INTERMEDIATE POINTS UP SLOPES AS WELL AS AT THE BOTTOM.

2. FOR LOCATIONS THAT WARRANT PLACEMENT OF SILT FENCE OR SEDIMENT FILTER LOCS AT THE BASE OF SLOPES, SILT FENCE OR SEDIMENT FILTER LOCS SHALL BE PLACED A MINIMUM OF 10 FEET FROM THE TOE OF THE SLOPE, TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE AREA FOR SEDIMENT STORAGE AND FACILITATE MAINTENANCE OF THE SEDIMENT

3. THE ENDS OF A ROW OF SILT FENCE OR SEDIMENT FILTER LOGS SHALL BE ANGLED UP SLOPE TO PREVENT CHANNELIZED FLOW FROM BEING CONVEYED PAST THE ENDS OF THE FENCE. A SECTION OF SILT FENCE OR SEDIMENT FILTER LOGS SHOULD NOT EXCEED 100 FEET IN LENGTH.

4. WOOD POSTS FOR SILT FENCE SHALL HAVE A CROSS-SECTION AREA OF 3.5 SQUARE INCHES OR STEEL POSTS SHALL BE "T" OR "U" SHAPE AND 1.33 POUNDS/FEET OMINIMUM FOR STEEL. SPACING FOR THE PROVIDED SILT FENCE POSTS SHALL BE AS DESIGNATED ON THE DEPARTMENT APPROVED LIST FOR SILT FENCE. THE LENGTH OF SILT FENCE POSTS SHALL BE AO INCHES. WOOD POSTS FOR SEDMENT FILTER LOGS SHALL BE NOMINAL 2*2. THE LENGTH OF FILTER LOG POSTS SHALL BE 16" GREATER THAN THE DIAMETER OF THE LOG.

THE BOTTOM EDGE OF SILT FENCE SHALL BE BURIED A MINIMUM OF 6" BELOW GROUND. THE FENCE SHALL BE INSTALLED WITH THE POSTS ON THE DOWNSLOPE SIDE OF THE FABRIC.

WHERE ENDS OF GEOTEXTILE FABRIC COME TOGETHER, THEY SHALL BE OVERLAPPED AND FOLDED AND STAPLED TO PREVENT SEDIMENT BYPASS, OR THE END POSTS OF TWO SECTIONS SHALL BE WRAPPED AS SHOWN IN THE DETAIL FOR SILT FENCE END WRAPPING.

7. SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN ACCUMULATION REACHES ONE-HALF OF THE ABOVE GROUND HEIGHT OR WHEN BULGES DEVELOP IN THE FABRIC. SEDIMENT SHALL BE DISPOSED OF AS UNSUITABLE MATERIAL.

8. THE FOLLOWING ARE MAXIMUM SLOPE LENGTHS (DISTANCE BETWEEN ROWS) FOR SILT FENCE INSTALLATIONS

AXIMUM SLOPE LENGTH (FEET)									
SS	STANDARD++	REINFORCED***							
10:1	125	250							
5:1	100	150							
6:1	60	80							
2:1	40	70							
	20	30							

• FOR SLOPES LESS THAN 5% SILT FENCE IS NOT REQUIRED UNLESS IN SENSITIVE AREAS OR HIGHLY ERODIBLE SOILS.

•• STANDARD SILT FENCE IS FABRIC ROLLS STAPLED TO WOODEN POSTS DRIVEN 18 INCHES INTO THE GROUND.

••• REINFORCED SILT FENCE IS FABRIC PLACED AGAINST WELDED WIRE MESH WITH ANCHORED STEEL POSTS DRIVEN 18 INCHES INTO THE GROUND.

INSTALLATION OF SILT FENCE OR SEDIMENT LOG, INCLUDING EXCAVATION, BACKFILL, AND COMPACTION OF SOIL SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE UNIT PRICE BID FOR ITEM.

10. SEDIMENT FILTER LOG POSTS SHALL BE SPACED NO MORE THAN 10 FEET APART. ENDS OF LOGS SHALL BE OVERLAPPED BY 24 INCHES AND STAKED SIDE BY SIDE. THE MAXIMUM SLOPE LENGTH (DISTANCE BETWEEN ROWS) SHALL NOT EXCEED THE FOLLOWING LIMITS:

G MAX SLOPE LENGTH (FEET)								
	SLOPE %							
	10	20	25	33	50			
5	125	65	50	40	25			
)	150	70	55	45	30			
5	200	130	100	60	35			

MEASURES SHALL BE INSPECTED ONCE EVERY SEVEN CALENDAR DAYS, AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT AND DAILY DURING PROLONGED RAINFALL.

2. SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN THE ACCUMULATION REACHES ONE-HALF OF THE MEASURED HEIGHT.

3. DAMAGED FILTER LOGS WILL BE REPAIRED IN A MANNER REQUIRED BY THE MANUFACTURER OR REPLACED WITHIN 24 HOURS

5. BIODEGRADEABLE FILTER LOGS SHALL BE REPLACED AFTER 6 MONTHS: PHOTODEGRADEABLE FILTER LOGS AFTER ONE YEAR. POLYPROPYLENE FILTER LOGS SHALL BE REPLACED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

6. COST OF ALL MAINTENANCE/AND OR REPLACEMENT DUE TO DAMAGE AND DEGREDATION WILL BE INCLUDED IN THE UNIT BID PRICE ITEM 209.2301

	ALL DIMENSIONS IN ^{††} UNLESS OTHERWISE NOT	ED SRP Y-MU-40
	EROSION CONTROL DETAILS	DRAWING NO. ECD-01 SHEET NO.
•	BEACON, NEW YORK 12508 (845) 833-3600 www.hveapc.com	East of Hudson Watershed Corporation



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GENERAL SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES:

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO PERFORM ALL CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS IN A MANNER SO AS TO MINIMIZE SOL EROSION AND ENSURE SEDIMENT CONTROL. EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE ITEMS WHICH MINIMIZE THE EROSION OF SOLL. SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES ARE ITEMS WHICH KEP SEDIMENT FROM LEAVING THE PROJECT SITE. EFFECTIVE SOL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL CAN BE ACCOMPLISHED BY LIMITING THE AREA OF UNPROTECTED SOLS. PROTECTED IS DEFINED AS HAVING TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT SOLL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES IN PLACE. PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES ALONE ARE NOT CONSIDERED ADEQUATE PROTECTION.
- 2. TEMPORARY SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE MAINTAINED AS PER DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS. THE COST OF MAINTAINING AND REMOVING TEMPORARY SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE BID PRICE OF THE ITEM USED. ALL TEMPORARY SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSPECTED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT A MINIMUM ONCE EVERY SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS AND AFTER EACH RAINFALL OF ONE-HALF INCH OR MORE IN A 24 HOUR PERIOD.
- PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AND VEGETATION PROTECTION FENCE SHALL BE PLACED PRIOR TO STARTING CLEARING AND GRUBBING OPERATIONS. THESE MEASURES SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL ALL DISTURBED AREAS ARE PERMANENTLY PROTECTED WITH EROSION CONTROL MEASURES. 3.
- 4. TEMPORARY STOCKPILES OF SOIL SHALL BE PROTECTED AS PER THE SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN AND DETAILS, AT A MINIMUM TEMPORARY STOCKPILES SHALL BE RINGED WITH SILT FENCE. STOCKPILES AND AREA OF STOCKPILES LEFT INACTIVE FOR LONGER THAN 14 DAYS SHALL HAVE TEMPORARY MULCH, OR TEMPORARY SEED AND MULCH APPLIED, OR BE COVERED IN A MANNER That will prevent erosion. Any measures used to cover stockpiles shall BE SECURED TO MAINTAIN THEIR EFFECTIVENESS.
- ANY ADDITIONAL SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES USED TO SUPPLEMENT THE PLANS SHALL BE PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS CONTAINED IN THE "NEW YORK GUIDELINES FOR URBAN EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL", LATEST EDITION, ADDITIONAL SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES MAY BE REQUIRED AS PER SECTION 107-12 OF THE STANDARD 5.
- 6. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF ALL ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS ISSUED FOR THIS PROJECT. THESE PLANS REFLECT THE PROVISIONS AND REQUIREMENTS OF SAID PERMIT(S). PERMIT(S) WILL BE AVAILABLE FROM THE ENCIMEER-IN-CHARGE (E.I.C.) PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 7. ALL NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS SHALL BE TAKEN TO PREVENT DIRECT OR INDIRECT CONTAMINATION OF ALL WATER BODIES (INCLUDING WETLANDS) BY SILT, SEDIMENT, FUELS, SOLVENTS, LUBRICANTS, EPOXY COATINGS, CONCRETE LEACHATE, SLURRY OR ANY OTHER POLLUTANT ASSOCIATED WITH CONSTRUCTION AND CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES, DURING CONSTRUCTION, NO WET OR FRESH CONCRETE OR LEACHATE OR SLURRY SHALL BE ALLOWED TO ESCAPE DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY INTO ANY WATER BODIES (INCLUDING WETLANDS), NOR SHALL WASHINGS FROM CONCRETE TRUCKS, MIXERS, OR OTHER DEVICES BE ALLOWED TO ESCAPE DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY INTO ANY WATER BODIES (INCLUDING WETLANDS).
- 8. ANY DEBRIS OR EXCESS MATERIALS FROM CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY AND COMPLETELY REMOVED FROM THE STREAM BED AND WITHIN 50° OF THE WATERS EDGE OF ALL WATER BODIES (INCLUDING WETLANDS) AND SHALL BE DISPOSED OF AWAY FROM WETLANDS, WATER COURSES, OR OTHER BODIES OF WATER
- 9. ALL DREDGED AND EXCAVATED MATERIAL SHALL BE DISPOSED OF AND BE PROTECTED SO THAT IT CANNOT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY RE-ENTER ANY WATER BODY OR WETLAND AREA. ALL DEWATERING OPERATIONS INVOLVING TURBID WATER SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED BY PUMPING TO A VEGETATED AREA GNOT INCLUDING WETLANDS) OR TO A SEDIMENT TRAP, OR A MANUFACTURED SEDIMENT CONTROL SYSTEM. DEWATERING OPERATIONS OF TURBID WATER SHALL NOT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY DISCHARGE TO ANY WATER BODIES (INCLUDING WETLANDS) UNLESS THE WATER BEING DISCHARGED IS AS FREE AND CLEAR OF SEDIMENT AS THE ADJACENT STREAM OR WATER BODY. LOCATIONS AND DESIGNS NOT SHOWN ON THE PLANS SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ELIC. AND THE REGIONAL CONSTRUCTION ENVIRONMENTAL COORDINATOR. ENVIRONMENTAL COORDINATOR.

EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PROJECT STAGING

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO PERFORM ALL CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS IN A MANNER THAT MINIMIZES SOIL EROSION AND PREVENTS SEDIMENTATION ON LANDS ADJACENT TO OR AFFECTED BY THE WORK, AND TAKE MEASURES TO MAINTAIN WATER QUALITY OF RECEIVING WATER BODIES (INCLUDING WETLANDS).
- 2. DISTURBED IS DEFINED AS WORK THAT RESULTS IN SOIL EXPOSURE.
- 3. STABILIZED IS DEFINED AS HAVING TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES IN PLACE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, EROSION 2. EXCAVATE FOR R-TANK RETROFIT. CONTROL MEASURES THAT COVER EXPOSED SOIL TO MINIMIZE THE SOIL FROM ERODING. PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES ALONE ARE NOT CONSIDERED 3. MODIFY EXISTING DRAINAGE/INSTALL PROPOSED DRAINAGE. ADEQUATE STABILIZATION.
- 4. PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES ON A SECTION OF THE PROJECT, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT A PLAN SHOWING THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE, INCLUDING THE AMOUNT OF AREA TO BE DISTURBED, AN EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN THAT SUPPLEMENTS THE CONTRACT'S EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN, AND A PROGRESS SCHEDULE FOR THE ACCOMPLISHMENT OF TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL WORK FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL BY THE ENCINEER-IN-CHARGE, THE CONTRACTOR'S EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN SHALL INCLUDE MEASURES THAT MINIMIZE EROSION AND CONTROL SEDIMENT FROM DISTURBED AREAS, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR STORAGE AND DISPOSAL AREAS, HAUL ROADS AND CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES, BORROW AREAS, AND DISPOSAL AREAS WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY. THE CONTRACTOR'S EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN SHALL BE PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH DEPARTMENT SPECIFICATIONS AND SHE STATE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, LATEST EDITION. FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, LATEST EDITION.

ANTICIPATED SEQUENCE

- INSTALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES/STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES PRIOR TO BEGINNING WORK AT LOCATIONS SHOWN IN CONTRACT PLANS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. BEFORE CONSTRUCTION BEGINS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE THAT THESE MEASURES HAVE BEEN INSTALLED AND ARE FUNCTIONING PROPERLY, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL CONTROL DURING ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION UNTIL FINAL STABILIZATION. 1.

- 4. PROVIDE INLET PROTECTION TO DRAINAGE STRUCTURES WITH DISTURBED CONTRIBUTING AREAS.
- 5. CONTINUE EXCAVATION FOR PRACTICE AS NEEDED.
- 6. INSTALL R-TANKS.
- 7. GRADE AND COVER TO EXISTING CONDITIONS WITH SEED, AND MULCH.
- UPON INITIAL DISTURBANCE AT ANY LOCATION, AREAS SHOULD BE WORKED TO COMPLETED CONDITION/PERMANENT STABILIZATION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.
- 9. UPON FINAL STABILIZATION OF SITE AS DEFINED BY THE SPDES GENERAL PERMIT, REMOVE BY HAND ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES, SEED AND MULCH DISTURBED AREAS AS A RESULT OF REMOVAL OF TEMPORARY PRACTICES.

ITEM	NUMBER
209.1	00101
209.1	00102

L. SCHILLING										
NAGER										
JOB MA	AFFIX SEAL: ON:	ALTERED BY: ON:]							
I T Z CERAL D				DATE				I		
В. Г				DATE	DESCRIPTION	AFFROVED	FAST OF HUDSON WATERSHED CORPORATION	ALL DIMENSIONS IN ⁴⁴ UNLESS OTHERWISE	NOTED	
/ISOR							STORMWATER RETROFIT PROJECT	EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL	NOTES	DRAWING NO. ECN-1
SUPER					REVISIONS					SHEET NO.
DESIGN			IT IS A T TO ALTER Shall St	VIOLATI RAN IT TAMP TH	ON OF LAW FOR ANY PERSON, UNLESS THEY ARE ACTING UNDER THE D EM IN ANY WAY, IF AN ITEM BEARING THE STAMP OF A LICENSED PRO HE DOCUMENT AND INCLUDE THE NOTATION "ALTERED BY" FOLLOWED B	DIRECTION OF OFESSIONAL BY THEIR SIG	A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER, ARCHITECT, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT, OR LAND SURVEYOR, Is altered, the altering engineer, architect, landscape architect, or land surveyor Nature, the date of such alteration, and a specific description of the alteration.	BEACON, NEW YORK 12508 (845) 838-3600 www.tweapc.com	0	East of Hudson Watershed Corporation

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EXPOSED SOIL CRITERIA (FOR TEMPORARILY EXPOSED SOIL AREAS)						
CRITERIA	REQUIRED ACTION						
PRIOR TO ANY ANTICIPATED PRECIPITATION OR AOBE	TEMPORARY MULCH (ITEM 209.100101)						
NO WORK ON EXPOSED SOIL AREA(S) FOR 7 OR MORE CONSECUTIVE DAYS	TEMPORARY MULCH (ITEM 209.100101)						
NO WORK ON EXPOSED SOIL AREA(S) For 14 or more consecutive days	PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL (ITEM 610.1402) AS SPECIFIED, AND TURF ESTABLISHING (ITEM 610.1601) AND 209 ITEMS AS SHOWN ON THE TYPICAL SECTIONS						
NOTES:							
1. ALL AREAS SHALL BE BROUGHT TO FINAL GRADE AND TRIMMED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. 2. MAINTENANCE OF MULCHED AREAS SHALL INCLUDE RE-MULCHING OF AREAS IN WHICH SOIL BECOMES EXPOSED TO VIEW. ANY AREAS THAT BECOME SETTLED OR GULLIED DURING MULCHING OPERATIONS SHALL BE DE CRADED							
 MAINTENANCE OF TEMPORARY SEE(ESTABLISH A SATISFACTORY STAN FOR RE-SEEDING. 	DED AREAS SHALL INCLUDE RE-SEEDING AS NEEDED TO ID OF GRASS. THERE SHALL BE NO ADDITIONAL PAYMENT						
4. THE USE OF TEMPORARY SEED, (ITE EFFECTIVE EROSION CONTROL MET AFTER MARCH 31.	EM 209.100102), OR TEMPORARY SEED & MULCH, AS AN HOD MUST BE APPLIED PRIOR TO OCTOBER 15 AND						
5. DEPENDING ON WEATHER CONDITION TEMPORARY SEED. WATERING SHA 610-3.10 OF THE STANDARD SPEC BE MADE. COST TO BE CONSIDERE ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL LIFE OF THE CONTRACT. THERE FROSION CONTROL MEASINES.	NS. WATERING MAY BE NEEDED TO ESTABLISH IL BE APPLIED AS SPECIFIED IN SUB-SECTION IFICATIONS. NO ADDITIONAL PAYMENT FOR WATER WILL D INCIDENTAL TO VARIOUS EROSION CONTROL ITEMS. . MEASURES SHALL BE MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT THE SHALL BE NO ADDITIONAL PAYMENT MAINTENANCE OF						

T	ABLE OF ADDITIONAL EROSION CONTROL ITEMS ADDITIONAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT BUT NOT SHOWN ON PLANS	
	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY
	MULCH - TEMPORARY	250 SY
	SEED - TEMPORARY	250 SY

NOTES

ADDITIONAL QUANTITIES OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL ITEMS IN ADDITION TO THE ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE PLANS ARE PROVIDED FOR USE IN AREAS IN NEED OF EROSION CONTROL THAT WERE UNFORSEEN DURING THE DESIGN OF THE PLANS. LOCATIONS SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE ENGINEER-IN-CHARGE.



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NOTE:

CONTRACTOR SHOULD PLANT LIVE CUTTINGS USING TWO ROWS ALONG EACH BANK USING TRIANGULAR SPACING, 3 FEET ON CENTER

TYPICAL LIVE STAKE INSTALLATION SPACING

INSTALLATION NOTES:

- 1. LIVE CUTTINGS SHALL RANGE FROM $\prime _{2}^{\ast}$ to 2" in diameter and be from 1' to 4' in length.
- 2. LIVE STAKES SHALL RANGE FROM 1" TO 4" IN DIAMETER AND BE FROM 5' TO 6' LENGTH.
- 3. LIVE CUTTINGS/LIVE STAKES SHALL BE CUT TO A POINT ON THE BASAL END FOR INSERTION IN THE GROUND.
- 4. USE A DEAD BLOW HAMMER TO DRIVE STAKES INTO THE GROUND. (HAMMER HEAD FILLED WITH SHOT OR SAND.) A DIBBLE, IRON BAR, OR SIMILAR TOOL SHALL BE USED TO MAKE A PILOT HOLE TO PREVENT DAMAGING THE MATERIAL DURING INSTALLATION.
- 5. LIVE CUTTINGS SHALL BE INSERTED BY HAND INTO PILOT HOLES.
- 6. WHEN POSSIBLE, TAMP SOIL AROUND LIVE CUTTING/LIVE STAKES.
- 7. ANY LIVE CUTTING/LIVE STAKE THAT IS DAMAGED SHALL BE LEFT IN PLACE
- 8. AND SUPPLEMENTED WITH AN INTACT LIVE CUTTING/LIVE STAKE.
- 10. CARE SHALL BE TAKEN NOT TO DAMAGE THE LIVE CUTTINGS/LIVE STAKES DURING INSTALLATION. THOSE DAMAGED SHALL BE LEFT IN PLACE AND SUPPLEMENTED WITH AN INTACT LIVE CUTTING/LIVE STAKE.
- 11. THE LENGTHS OF LIVE CUTTINGS/LIVE STAKES DEPENDS UPON THE APPLICATION. THE LENGTH SHALL EXTEND THROUGH THE SURFACE OF THE STONEFILL. AT LEAST HALF THE LENGTH SHALL BE INSERTED IN TO THE SOIL, BELOW THE STONE FILL.
- 12. A PILOT HOLE IS REQUIRED TO ENSURE THAT THE LIVE CUTTING/LIVE STAKE IS NOT DAMAGED WHEN DRIVEN THROUGH THE STONE FILLING. ACCESS SHALL BE MADE THROUGH THE USE OF A DIBBLE BAR, OR SIMILAR TOOL TO WORK AN OPENING THROUGH THE ROCK LAYER.
- 13. MINIMUM 2" TO 4" AND TWO LIVE BUDS OF THE LIVE CUTTING/LIVE STAKE SHALL BE EXPOSED ABOVE THE STONE FILLING.

ALL DIMENSIONS IN ft UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED		SRP Y-MU-40	
STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAIL	S	DRAWING NO. SMD-1	
		SHEET NO.	
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